

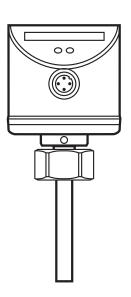


Operating instructions Flow monitors

UK

SI5003 SI0521





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# **Preliminary note**

- An instruction is indicated by "▶":
   Example: ▶ Check whether the unit operates correctly.
- A reaction to the action is indicated by ">": Example: > LED 9 lights.

# 1 Safety instructions

- Please read the product description prior to set-up of the unit. Ensure that the product is suitable for your application without any restrictions.
- The unit conforms to the relevant regulations and EC directives.
- Improper or non-intended use may lead to malfunctions of the unit or to unwanted effects in your application.
- That is why installation, electrical connection, set-up, operation and maintenance of the unit must only be carried out by qualified personnel authorised by the machine operator.

For units with cULus approval and the scope of validity cULus:

The device shall be supplied from an isolating transformer having a secondary Listed fuse rated as noted in the following table.

Overcurrent protection				
Control-circuit wire size		Maximum protective device rating		
AWG	(mm²)	Ampere		
26	(0.13)	1		
24	(0.20)	2		
22	(0.32)	3		
20	(0.52)	5		
18	(0.82)	7		
16	(1.3)	10		

## 2 Functions and features

## 2.1 Application area

The unit monitors the flow of liquid and gaseous media.

## 2.2 Operating principle flow monitoring

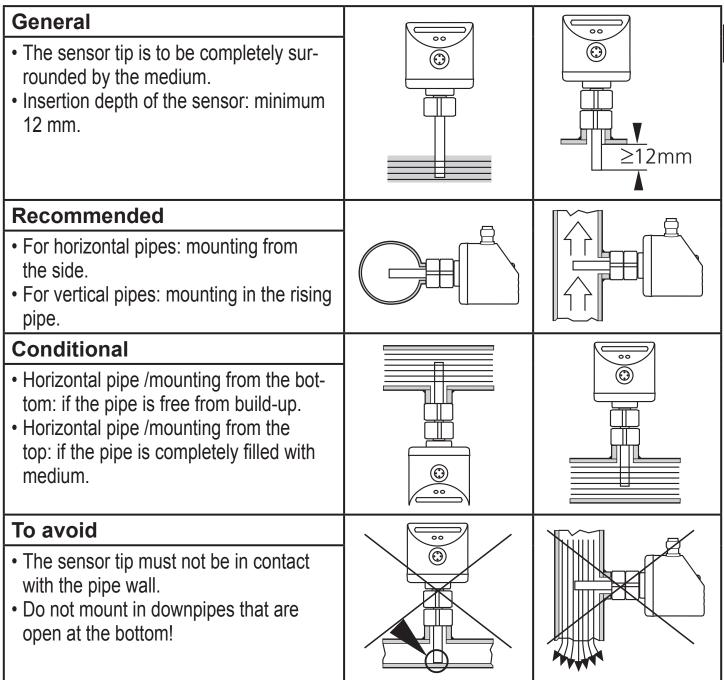
- The unit detects the flow speed to the calorimetric measuring principle and switches the outputs S1 and S2:
  - Output S1 closed if flow ≥ SP1, output S1 open if flow < SP1.
  - Output S2 closed if flow  $\geq$  SP2, output S2 open if flow < SP2 This applies to the unit on delivery: output = normally open. In case of need you can change the outputs to normally closed ( $\rightarrow$  7.2). It then applies: output open if flow  $\geq$  SP1 / SP2.
- If the flow speed increases, the switching status changes when the switch point is reached.
- If the flow speed falls again, the switching status changes if the value "SP minus hysteresis" is reached.
  - The hysteresis changes with the flow speed and it is essentially influenced by the set monitoring range.
  - It is 2...5 cm/s for the setting 5...100 cm/s (= factory setting), it increases with higher flow speeds.
- The typical response time of the unit is 1...10 s. It can be influenced by the setting of the switch point:
  - Low switch point = quick reaction with rising flow.
  - High switch point = quick reaction with falling flow.

#### 3 Installation

Using process adapters the unit can be adapted to different process connections.

- Adapters have to be ordered separately as accessories.
   A correct fit of the unit and ingress resistance of the connection are only ensured using ifm adapters.
- For small flow rates ifm adapter blocks are available.

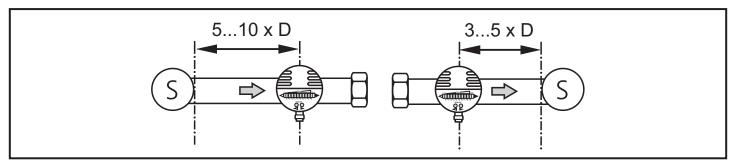
#### 3.1 Installation location



#### 3.2 Sources of interference in the pipe system

Components integrated in the pipes, bends, valves, reductions, etc. lead to turbulence of the medium. This affects the function of the unit.

Recommendation: Adhere to the distances between sensor and sources of interference:

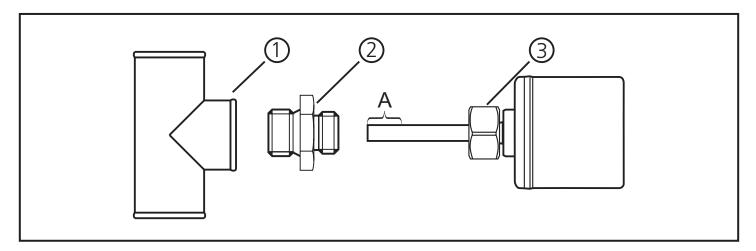


D = pipe diameter; S = sources of interference

### 3.3. Mounting operation



- ► Ensure that the system is free of pressure during installation.
- ► Ensure that no media can leak at the mounting location during installation.



- ► Grease the threads of the process connection (1), adapter (2) and nut (3). Note: The sensor tip (A) must not be in contact with grease.
- Screw the suitable adapter into the process connection.
- ► Place the flow monitor onto the adapter and tighten the nut. Tightening torque 25 Nm. Ensure that the unit is correctly oriented.

#### 4 Electrical connection

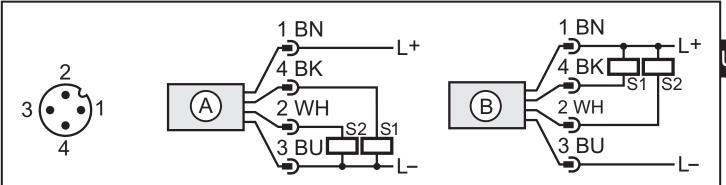


The unit must be connected by a qualified electrician.

The national and international regulations for the installation of electrical equipment must be adhered to.

Voltage supply to EN 50178, SELV, PELV.

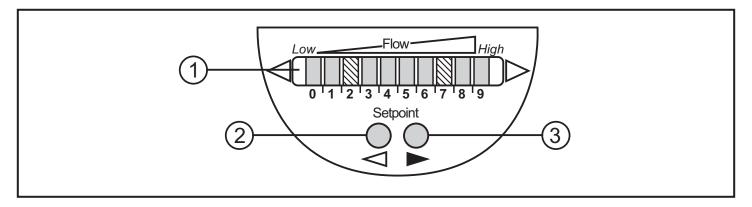
- ▶ Disconnect power.
- ► Connect the unit as follows:



A: SI5002; SI0521 (positive switching); B: SI5003 (negative switching) Core colours of ifm sockets:

1 = BN (brown), 2 = WH (white), 3 = BU (blue), 4 = BK (black)

# 5 Operating and display elements



#### 1: Operation display

- The green LEDs indicate the current flow (the LEDs 0 to 9 represent the range between no flow and maximum flow).
- Two LEDs indicate the position of the switch points (orange = output closed, red = output open).

## 2, 3: Setting buttons for adjustment and configuration

## 6 Set-up and settings for water

(For media other than water  $\rightarrow$  7.1: Low flow adjustment).

- ► Switch on the supply voltage.
- > All LEDs light and go out again step by step. During this time the outputs are closed (if configured as normally open). The unit is in the operating mode.
- ▶ Let the normal flow circulate in the installation.
- ► Check the display and determine further actions.

1	LowFlowHigh	<ul> <li>The factory setting is suitable for the application.</li> <li>▶ Adapt the switch points to your application if necessary (→ 6.2, 6.3).</li> </ul>
2	LowFlowHigh	Your normal flow is below the representation range of the display.  ► Carry out high flow adjustment (→ 6.1).  ► Adapt the switch points to your application if necessary (→ 6.2, 6.3).
3	LowFlow High 0 1 2 1 3 1 4 1 5 1 6 1 7 1 8 1 9	Your normal flow exceeds the representation range of the display (LED 9 flashes).  ► Carry out high flow adjustment (→ 6.1).  ► Adapt the switch points to your application if necessary (→ 6.2, 6.3).

You can restore the factory setting any time. ( $\rightarrow$  7.3).

## 6.1 High flow adjustment (optional)

The unit determines the existing flow as normal flow and adapts the display representation (all LEDs except the switch point LEDs light green).

- ▶ Let the normal flow circulate in the installation.
- ➤ Press the pushbutton ➤ and keep it pressed.
- > LED 9 lights, after approx. 5 s it flashes.
- ► Release the pushbutton.

The unit is now adapted to your flow conditions. It passes into the operating mode, the display should now show example 1.

Note: The adjustment affects the switch points: They are increased proportionally.

### 6.2 Change switch point SP1

- ▶ Briefly press the pushbutton <<.
- > The SP1-LED flashes red, the SP2-LED lights red.
- ▶ Press the pushbutton ✓ or ▶ as often as required. Each press of the pushbutton shifts the LED by one position in the indicated direction.

Note: If no pushbutton is pressed for 2 s, the unit returns to the operating mode with the newly set value.

## 6.3 Change switch point SP2

- ► Briefly press the pushbutton ►.
- > The SP2-LED flashes red, the SP1-LED lights red.
- ▶ Press the pushbutton ✓ or ▶ as often as required. Each press of the pushbutton shifts the LED by one position in the indicated direction.

Note: If no pushbutton is pressed for 2 s, the unit returns to the operating mode with the newly set value.

# 7 Additional settings (optional)

### 7.1 Low flow adjustment

If the unit is used in media other than water, you should additionally adapt the unit to the minimum flow.

Note: The following adjustment must only be carried out after the high flow adjustment.

- ▶ Let the minimum flow circulate in the installation or ensure flow standstill.
- ▶ Press the pushbutton ☐ and keep it pressed.
- > LED 0 lights, after approx. 5 s it flashes.
- ► Release the pushbutton. The unit adopts the new value and passes into the operating mode.

#### 7.2 Configure the switching outputs

The unit is delivered as normally open. In case of need you can change the outputs to normally closed (the changing applies to both outputs):

- ▶ Press the pushbutton ☐ for at least 15 s.
- > LED 0 lights, after approx. 5 s it flashes.
- > After 10 s the current setting is displayed: LEDs 5...9 light orange (= outputs normally open).

- > After approx. 15 s LEDs 0...4 flash orange.
- ► Release the pushbutton. The outputs are changed to normally closed operation For a new changeover repeat the operation.

# 7.3 Restore the factory setting (reset)

- ► Press the pushbutton ► for at least 15 s.
- > LED 9 lights, after approx. 5 s it flashes.
- > After approx. 15 s LEDs 0...9 flash orange.
- ▶ Release the pushbutton. All settings are reset to the factory setting:
  - operating area: 5 ... 100 cm/s for water
  - switch point SP1: LED 2 / switch point SP2: LED 7
  - output function: NO
  - unlocked.

#### 7.4 Lock / unlock the unit

The unit can be locked electronically to prevent unintentional settings.

- Press both setting pushbuttons simultaneously for at least 10 s in the operating mode.
- > The indication goes out, the unit locks or unlocks. On delivery: unlocked.

# 8 Error during adjustment

If no adjustment is possible, all LEDs flash red. The unit then passes into the operating mode with unchanged values.

#### Possible cause /aid:

Error during installation.	Read chapter 3 Installation. Check whether all requirements have been met.
The difference between maximum flow and minimum flow is too small.	Increase the flow difference and carry out the adjustment once again.
The sequence high flow /low flow adjustment was not adhered to.	Carry out the two adjustment operations again in the right sequence.

## 9 Operation

After every power on all LEDs light and go out again step by step (during this time the outputs are closed if configured as normally open). The unit is then ready for operation.

In case of power failure or interruption all settings remain.

Operating indicators				
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Green LED bar: Current flow within the representation range. Indication of the switch points (SP1 / SP2): - LED orange: output closed LED red: output open.			
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	LED 9 flashes: current flow above the representation range.			
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	LED 0 flashes: current flow far below the representation range.			
Interference indicators				
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Short circuit at the switching output S1. The operating indicator and 5 red LEDs on the left hand light alternately. If the short circuit has been rectified, the unit immediately passes into the normal operating state. The current operating state is displayed.			
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Short circuit at the switching output S2. The operating indicator and 5 red LEDs on the right hand light alternately. If the short circuit has been rectified, the unit immediately passes into the normal operating state. The current operating state is displayed.			
Display OFF (no LED lights):	Operating voltage too low (< 19 V) or failed. Ensure a correct voltage supply.			

### 10 Maintenance

Recommended maintenance:

- ► Check the sensor tip for build-up from time to time.
- ► Clean it using a soft cloth. Stubborn build-up (e.g. lime) can be removed using a common vinegar cleaning agent.

# 11 Scale drawing and technical data $\rightarrow www.ifm.com$ More information at www.ifm.com