

FSSR1 Venturi Scrubber Unit

OPERATOR'S MANUAL



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1. Introduction

The scrubber is a Venturi scrubber designed to recirculate water to remove fumes from a gas stream. The primary design of the scrubber is the removal of fumes from a furnace installation however, it can be used for a wide variety of applications.

Absorption of fumes is achieved in the spray venturi contact with scrubbing liquor recirculated by a sump pump from the column sump tank.

A General Layout Drawing of the unit is included in the documentation manual.

2. Installation

The scrubbing unit should be sited on a level surface. It is recommended the base frame be through bolted to the floor.

The gas inlet and outlet are of plain spigot arrangement, the connecting flexible duct should be secured with jubilee type clamps.

The scrubber should be connected to a water supply. The connection is a $\frac{1}{2}$ " BSP female threaded connection as labelled, **i** is generally recommended an isolation valve be fitted in the water supply to the scrubber.

The drain connection may be connected to a suitable drain. This is not essential as liquid should not be discharged during normal operation.

The pump should be connected to a single phase 240V supply. DO NOT RUN DRY.

3. Start-Up

Following installation or a shut-down period the integrity of the scrubber unit should be visually checked.

The position of valves should be as follows: Drain Valve : Closed

Sampling Valve : Closed Recirculation Valve : Open

The water supply can then be turned on to the scrubber and allowed to come up to level. The scrubber is fitted internally with a ball float valve, this will maintain the correct liquid level in the scrubber.

Once the liquid level has reached operating level the pump can be switched on and the system inspected for leaks.

NOTE: DO NOT OPERATE THE PUMP WITH NO WATER. RUNNING THE PUMP DRY WILL CAUSE SIGNIFICANT DAMAGE.

Having ensured there no leaks, the unit is ready for normal operation.

4. Normal Operation

Note:

Prior to operators carrying out any work on this unit, they must be advised of the hazardous nature of the chemicals involved and the emergency procedures to be followed in case of personal exposure.

The sump should be filled with the appropriate scrubbing solution. The unit is designed for using fresh water, however caustic soda may be added through the level gauge to improve scrubbing performance (normally a 5% Caustic Soda solution). The level in the sump will fall slightly due to the water in the pipework but will be made up automatically, this is normal and the operating level should be noted.

The scrubber is now ready for use. The air stream containing the fume to be removed can be vented through the scrubber.

Over a period of time the recirculation liquid will suffer evaporative losses, the operating level will be maintained by the automatic addition of water.

As the scrubber absorbs and neutralises fumes, the scrubbing solution will become contaminated or, if added, chemical in the scrubbing solution will be used up. The fluid should be checked on a regular basis to maintain the optimum efficiency of the unit. As necessary, scrubbing liquor can be bled to drain from the drain valve, being made up automatically with fresh water, or more caustic added. Continuous addition of more caustic will cause salt build-up and possible crystallisation causing damage, it is therefore recommended to occasionally drain down the scrubber and refill with fresh water.

5. Shut-Down

If the scrubber is to be shut-down for inspection, cleaning, or for any other reason the sump should be flushed with fresh water several times to remove any chemical residues.

The make-up water should be isolated and the sump drained through the drain valve. The pump should not be allowed to run dry.

The lid of the scrubber can then be removed and any remaining deposited solids removed.

6. Maintenance

Other than the maintenance of the pump, refer to appendix 2, the scrubber will need little regular maintenance.

The internal assembly is simple and strip down for inspection straight forward.

- Turn off and drain the scrubber tank.
- Remove the recirculation pipe by splitting the unions at the venturi and above the pump.
- Unbolt the two pairs of metal flanges and remove the venturi.
- Unbolt the tank lid and lift out.
- Lift out the upper mist eliminator grid and eliminator pad.
- Re-assembly is reverse of removal carefully ease the inlet pipe through the eliminator pad.

The unit should be regularly checked for leaks and these should be rectified immediately.

Inspect the internals on an regular basis to check for any damage or deterioration.

Should the spray nozzle become blocked it is removed by unbolting the flanges above and below the venturi, disconnecting the recirculation pipe and removing the venturi assembly. The nozzle is unscrewed using a box or basin spanner from the lower end of the venturi throat.

7. Recommended Spares

For 2 years operation we would recommend the following spare parts are kept;

- a) Demister Pad
- b) Pump
- c) Float Valve

Miscellaneous gaskets and fastenings

8. Additional Notes – Following Site Inspection June 07.

Usage of the scrubber is currently un-quantified so inspection and testing routines should be more frequent until appropriate routines are established. It was noted during the site inspection that large quantities of solids were being deposited in the scrubber and it may be solid deposition rather than chemical levels that determine flushing cycles.

The scrubber is mainly designed to deal with HCL gas which is easily water soluble. Precise control of chemical concentrations and levels is not required. HCL dissolved in fresh water turns it acidic, the more acidic the recirculation liquor in the scrubber the less efficient it will be at the removal of HCl. Addition of alkali caustic soda reacts with the HCL in the liquor to lengthen the time the scrubber remains efficient. Continuous addition of more caustic will cause salt build-up and blocking of the scrubber, the scrubber content should be drained and refilled with fresh solution to prevent this. Monitoring of the state of the liquor can be simply carried out using litmus paper or equivalent.

The caustic solution concentration is not critical, we would recommend below 15% and state 5% as a nominal value.

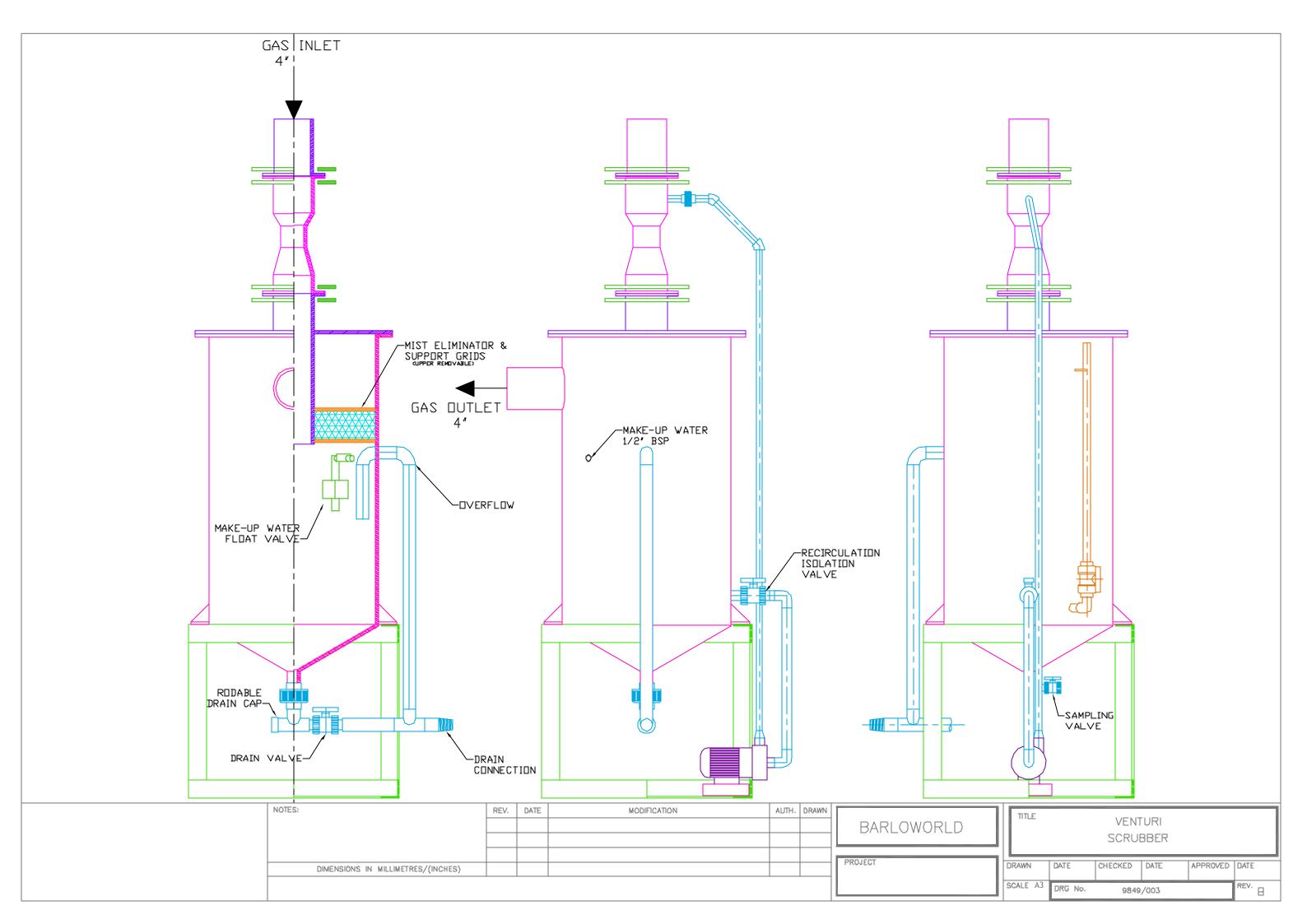
Caustic soda reacted with HCL gives common salt, provided the pH is neutral the scrubber liquor should be fit to dispose down the drain, however this takes no account of any other by-products of the furnace. This should be determined by chemical testing.

The problem of scaling due to hard water was raised. Caustic solution will exacerbate this problem. However the scrubbing system is resistant to chemical attack so can be descaled using a mild acid solution (or allowing the scrubber liquor to become acidic).

For the purposes of cleaning, the inside of the scrubber can be pressure washed. The mist eliminator pad should be gently manipulated to aid solid break up and then pressure washed.

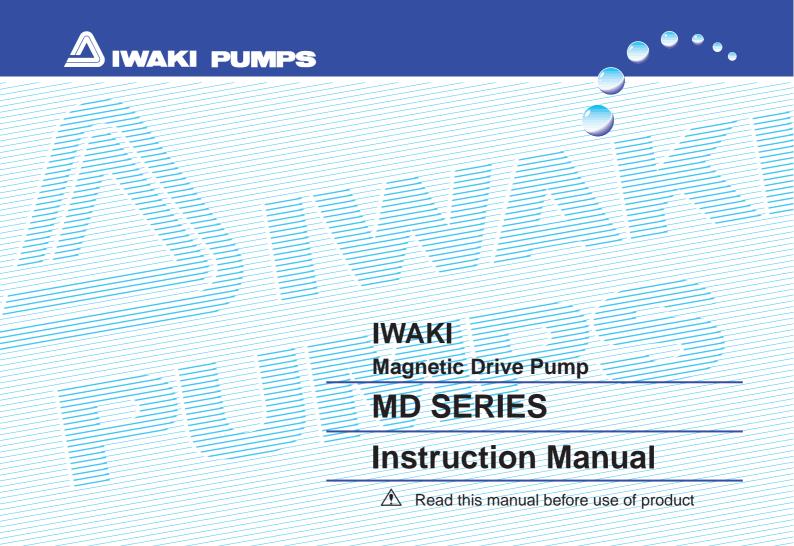
Appendix 1

Scrubber Layout



Appendix 2

Operating and Maintenance Instructions for Pump



Thank you for having selected the Iwaki Magnetic Drive Pump MD series. This manual deals with the correct handling and operation procedures and troubleshooting methods for the pump. To make maximum use of the pump and to ensure safe, long operation, please read this manual carefully prior to operating the pump. Pay special attention to the "Warning" and "Caution" sections as they relate to matters of safety and proper usage of the pump.

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Important Instruction

For the Safe and Correct Handling of the Pump

- Read the "Safety Instructions" sections carefully to prevent accidents involving your customers or other personnel and to avoid damage or loss of other assets. Always follow the instructions and advice found in these sections.
- Observe and abide by the instructions described in this manual.
 These instructions are very important for protecting pump users from dangerous conditions and situations related with the use of the pump system.
- The symbols relate to the following meanings described below:

| Warning | Nonobservance or misapplication of the contents of the "Warning" section could lead to a serious accident, including death or injury. |
|---------|--|
| Caution | Nonobservance or misapplication of the contents of the "Caution" section could lead to serious physical injury to the user or serious damage to the product. |

Types of Symbols



Indicates that "Warning" or "Caution" must be exercised. Inside this triangle, a concrete and practical image provided as a warning or caution message is depicted.



Indicates a prohibited action or procedure. Inside or near this circle, a concrete and practical image of the activity to be avoided is depicted.



Indicates an important action or procedure which must be performed or carried out without fail. Failure to follow the instructions herein can lead to malfunction or damage to the pump.

1. Safety Instruction

Marning

Turn off the power supply.

Working without disconnecting the power supply may cause an electrical shock. Before engaging upon any working procedures involving the pump, make sure to turn the power supply switch off and to stop the pump and other related devices



Electrical Shock

Terminate operation.

When you detect or become aware of a dangerous sign or abnormal condition during operation, terminate the operation immediately and start it from the beginning again.



For specified application only.

The use of a pump in an application other than those clearly specified may result in injury or damage to the pump. Use the pump strictly in accordance with the pump specifications and application range.



Prohibited

No remodelina.

Never remodel a pump. Otherwise, a serious accident may result. Iwaki will not be responsible for any accident or damage of any kind which is caused by the user remodeling the pump without first obtaining permission or instructions from Iwaki.



No Remodeling

Wear protectors.

If you touch or come in contact with any type of hazardous chemical liquid, including but not limited to chemicals, you may experience a serious injury. Wear protective gear (protective mask, gloves, etc.) during the pump operation.



Wear protective gear

\land Caution

Qualified operators only.

The pump operator and pump operation supervisor must not allow any operators who have little or no knowledge of the pump to run or operate the pump. Pump operators must have a sound knowledge of the pump and its operation.



Prohibite

Specified power only.

Do not operate the pump on voltage which is not specified on the nameplate. Failure to do so may result in damage or fire. Only the specified power level is to be applied.



Prohibited

Do not wet or dampen.

If the motor or wiring cable becomes wet or dampened with the operating liquid by mistake, this may result in a fire or cause an electrical shock. Install the motor and wiring cable in positions which are not likely to become wet or dampened with any liquid.



Prohibited

Ventilate.

Poisoning may result during an operation which involves toxic or odorous liquid. Ventilate the operating site sufficiently.



Caution

Spill-out accident.

Protective measures should be taken against any accidental spill-out or leakage of the operating liquid as a result of unexpected damage on the pump or the related piping.



Caution

Caution

Operating site must be free of water and humidity.

The pump is not designed to be water-proof or dust-proof. The use of the pump in places where water splashes or humidity is high may result in an electrical shock or short circuit.



Do not damage power cable.

Do not scratch, damage, process, or pull the power cable forcibly. An extra load onto the cable, such as heating the cable or placing something heavy on the cable, may damage the cable and finally cause a fire or an electrical shock.



Do not cover the motor.

Running a covered motor may accumulate heat inside the motor and cause a fire or a mechanical failure. Ventilate the motor sufficiently.



Arrange grounding.

Do not operate the pump without connecting the grounding wire. Otherwise, an electrical shock may result. Make sure the grounding wire is connected with the grounding termina1



Groundina

Install an earth leakage breaker (option).

The operation of a pump without using an earth leakage breaker may cause an electrical shock. Please purchase an optional leakage breaker and install in the system.



Caution

Power cable cannot be replaced.

Never use a damaged or affected power cable. Otherwise, a fire or an electrical shock may result. Handle the power cable carefully, as it cannot to be replaced by a new cable. (The complete motor must be replaced in that circumstance.)



Limited operating site and storage.

Do not install or store the pump in the following places:

- * Places where a flammable gas or material is used or stored.
- * Places where the ambient temperature is extremely high (40°C or higher) or extremely low (0°C or lower).



Do not drain the liquid in the site.

The liquid discharged out of the pump, including a hazardous chemical liquid, must be drained into a special container. Never drain such liquid directly onto the floor in or near the operation site.



Prohibited

Disposal of used pump.

Disposal of used or damaged pumps must be done in accordance with the relevant local laws and regulations. (Consult a licensed industrial waste products disposing company.)



Countermeasure for static electricity.

When low electric conductivity liquid such as ultra-pure water and flour inactive liquid(e.g.Fluorinert™) are handled, the static electricity may be generated in pump, which may cause static discharge and break down of pump. Take countermeasure to avoid and remove static electricity.



2. Unpacking and Inspection

After unpacking the product, check the following points.

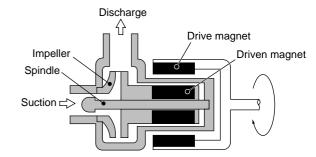
- [1] Do the model, flow and head indicated on the nameplate correspond with your order?
- [2] Has the pump or any part of it been damaged as a result of accident or handling during shipment?



If you find any discrepancy, please contact your dealer.

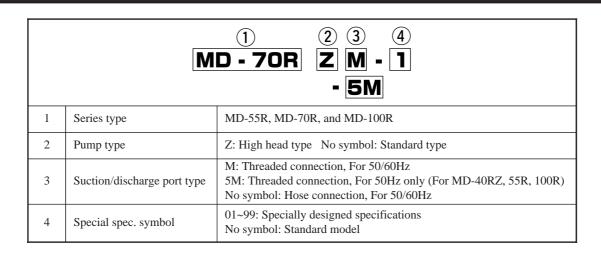
3. Operating Principle

The centrifugal pump is driven by pair of magnets which are incorporated in the impeller and motor shaft. The sealless pump structure eliminates shaft seals such as conventional mechanical seals because the pump chamber is shielded by the casings and the impeller is operated by the magnets. The combined coupling torque of the drive magnet and impeller magnet gives sufficient driving power against the motor torque.



4. Identification Codes

| | ① MD - 20R | 2 3 4 5 6 7 X M - 220 E N 01 |
|---|-----------------------------|---|
| 1 | Series type | MD-15R, MD-20R, MD-30R, MD-40R, MD-55R |
| 2 | Pump type | X: High flow rate type Z: High head type No symbol: Standard type |
| 3 | Suction/discharge port type | M: Threaded connection No symbol: Hose connection |
| 4 | Power source voltage | 220: 220/240V(50/60Hz) 230: 230V (50/60Hz) |
| 5 | O ring material | E: EPDM No symbol: FKM |
| 6 | Motor type | N: New type motor |
| 7 | Special spec. symbol | 01~99: Specially designed specifications No symbol: Standard model |



5. Specifications

50/60Hz

| Madal | Port siz | ze (mm) | Threaded | connection | Max. flow rate | Max. head | Max. specific | Motor | | Mass |
|--------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------|----------------------|--------------------------|------------------|------|
| Model | Suction port | Discharge port | Suction/ Discharge | Union (see P13) | (<i>l</i> /min) | (m) | gravity of liquid | Power source voltage (V) | Rated output (W) | (kg) |
| MD-15R(M) | 14 | 14 | G 3/4 | 13 | 16/19 | 2.4/3.4 | 1.3 | | 10 | 1.6 |
| MD-20R(M) | 18 | 18 | G 3/4 | 16 | 27/31 | 3.1/4.3 | 1.1 | | | |
| MD-20RX(M) | 26 | 26 | G1 | 20 | 46/52 | 1.8/2.5 | 1.3 | | 20 | 2.0 |
| MD-20RZ(M) | 18 | 18 | G 3/4 | 13 | 10/11 | 4.9/6.9 | 1.1 | | | |
| MD-30R(M) | 20 | 20 | G 3/4 | 16 | 32/38 | 3.8/5.4 | 1.3 | | | |
| MD-30RX(M) | 26 | 26 | G1 | 20 | 62/72 | 2.9/4.1 | 1.1 | | 45 | 4.0 |
| MD-30RZ(M) | 18 | 18 | G 3/4 | 13 | 15/17 | 8/11 | 1.0 | 220/240 Single-phase | | |
| MD-40R(M) | 20 | 20 | G 3/4 | 16 | 45/52 | 4.6/6.5 | 1.1 | | | |
| MD-40RX(M) | 26 | 26 | G1 | 20 | 75/85 | 3.3/4.7 | 1.1 | | 65 | 3.9 |
| MD-40RZ(M) | 20 | 20 | C 2/4 | 16 | 22/22 | 10/13.5 | 1.0 | | 05 | 3.9 |
| MD-40RZ-5(M) | 20 | 20 | G 3/4 | 16 | 11/ – | 11.5/ – | 1.0 | | | |
| MD-55R(M) | 26 | 26 | G1 | 20 | 60/70 | 5.6/8.2 | 1.2 | | 90 | 5.4 |
| MD-55R-5(M) | | 20 | <u> </u> | 20 | 70/ — | 8.2/ — | 1.2 | | 90 | 0.4 |

50/60Hz

| Model | Port siz | ze (mm) | Threaded | connection | Max. flow rate | Max. head | Max. specific | Motor | | Mass |
|--------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------|----------------------|--------------------------|------------------|------|
| Model | Suction port | Discharge port | Suction/ Discharge | Union (see P13) | (<i>l</i> /min) | (m) | gravity of liquid | Power source voltage (V) | Rated output (W) | (kg) |
| MD-70R(M) | 26 | 26 | G1 | 20 | 86/97 | 6.7/9.7 | 1.0 | 220/240 Single-phase | 150/180 | 6.0 |
| MD-70RZ(M) | 20 | 20 | G 3/4 | 16 | 40/43 | 14.3/20.3 | 1.0 | or 220/380 | 180/216 | 6.0 |
| MD-100R(M) | 26 | 26 | G1 | 20 | 120/135 | 8.6/11.9 | 1.2 | 3-phase 400/440 | 260/265 | 8.5 |
| MD-100R-5(M) | 20 | 20 | | 20 | 135/ – | 11.7/ – | 1.1 | 3-phase | 200/203 | 0.5 |

Note:

- 1. Pump performance data is based on pumping clean water at amb. temp.
- 2. The maximum flow rate is at 0 discharge head.
- Maximum viscosity of liquid: 0.03 Pa•s (for a specific gravity of 1.0)
- 4. Permissible liquid temperature: 0~80°C

(When IWAKI option union is used, the liquid temp. is limited to 0~55°C. Also, the permissible temperature may differ depending upon the type of liquid and operating conditions.)

The maximum specific gravity of the liquid is the value at max. flow rate.

The value varies depending on the flow rate, ambient temperature, viscosity of liquid, etc.

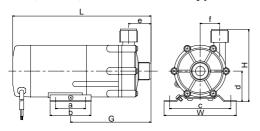
- Motor: Single-phase capacitor-run induction motor or 3phase induction motor.
 - * Built-in thermal protector

A thermal protector is built in the motor. The device automatically stops motor operation when the motor is overheated. (The motor starts again the operation when the temperature falls to normal.)

6. Outer Dimensions and Performance Curve

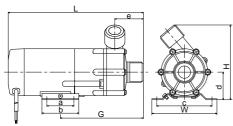
■ Outer dimensions

• MD-15RM, 20RM, 30RM and 40RM types



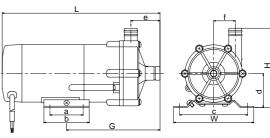
| Model | W | Н | L | а | b | С | d | е | f | G |
|---------|-----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|----|----|------|-----|
| MD-15RM | 95 | 114 | 179 | _ | 50 | 68 | 55 | 39 | 21.5 | 117 |
| MD-20RM | 85 | 116 | 203 | 30 | 50 | 68 | 55 | 33 | 28.5 | 126 |
| MD-30RM | 120 | 130 | 248 | 40 | 64 | 100 | 60 | 48 | 31 | 169 |
| MD-40RM | 120 | 130 | 250 | 40 | 64 | 100 | 60 | 48 | 31 | 169 |

• MD-20RXM, 30RXM and 40RXM types



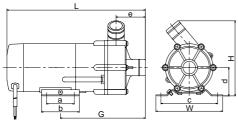
| Model | W | Н | L | а | b | С | d | е | G |
|----------|-----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|----|------|-----|
| MD-20RXM | 85 | 132 | 220 | 30 | 50 | 68 | 55 | 46.5 | 143 |
| MD-30RXM | 120 | 140 | 254 | 40 | 64 | 100 | 60 | 50 | 175 |
| MD-40RXM | 120 | 141 | 256 | 40 | 64 | 100 | 60 | 50 | 175 |

• MD-15R, 20R, 30R and 40R types



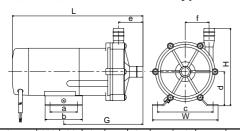
| Model | W | Н | L | а | b | С | d | е | f | G |
|--------|-----|-----|-------|----|----|-----|----|------|------|-------|
| MD-15R | 95 | 109 | 179.5 | _ | 50 | 68 | 55 | 39 | 21.5 | 117 |
| MD-20R | 85 | 115 | 208.5 | 30 | 50 | 68 | 55 | 38.5 | 28.5 | 131.5 |
| MD-30R | 120 | 130 | 248 | 40 | 64 | 100 | 60 | 48 | 31 | 169 |
| MD-40R | 120 | 130 | 250 | 40 | 64 | 100 | 60 | 48 | 31 | 169 |

• MD-20RX, 30RX, and 40RX types



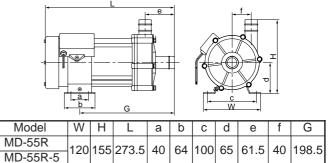
| Model | W | Н | L | а | b | С | d | е | G |
|---------|-----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|----|------|-----|
| MD-20RX | 85 | 132 | 220 | 30 | 50 | 68 | 55 | 46.5 | 143 |
| MD-30RX | 120 | 137 | 254 | 40 | 64 | 100 | 60 | 50 | 175 |
| MD-40RX | 120 | 137 | 256 | 40 | 64 | 100 | 60 | 50 | 175 |

• MD-20RZ, 30RZ, 40RZ and 40RZ-5 types

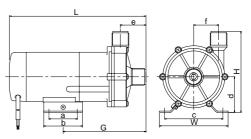


| Model | W | H | L | а | b | С | d | е | t | G |
|-----------|-----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|----|------|------|-----|
| MD-20RZ | | | 211 | | | | 55 | 39.5 | 38.5 | 134 |
| MD-30RZ | 120 | 130 | 230 | 40 | 64 | 100 | 60 | 39.3 | 30.3 | 152 |
| MD-40RZ | 120 | 150 | 241 | 40 | 64 | 100 | 60 | 38.5 | 44.5 | 160 |
| MD-40RZ-5 | 120 | 150 | 241 | 40 | 64 | 100 | 60 | 38.5 | 44.5 | 160 |

• MD-55R and 55R-5 types

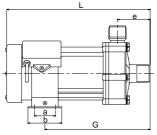


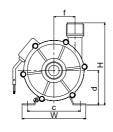
• MD-20RZM, 30RZM, 40RZM and 40RZ-5M types



| Model | W | Н | L | а | b | С | d | е | f | G |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|----|------|------|-----|
| MD-20RZM | 1 | | 211 | | | 68 | 55 | 39.5 | 38.5 | 134 |
| MD-30RZM | 120 | 130 | 230 | 40 | 64 | 100 | 60 | 39.3 | 30.5 | 152 |
| MD-40RZM | 120 | 150 | 241 | 40 | 64 | 100 | 60 | 38.5 | 44.5 | 160 |
| MD-40RZ-5M | 120 | 150 | 241 | 40 | 64 | 100 | 60 | 38.5 | 44.5 | 160 |

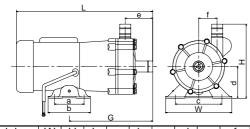
• MD-55RM and 55R-5M types





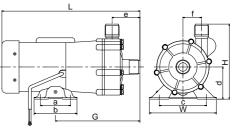
| Model | W | Н | L | а | b | С | d | е | f | G |
|-----------|-----|-----|-------|----|----|-----|----|------|----|-------|
| MD-55RM | 120 | 155 | 273.5 | 40 | 64 | 100 | 65 | 61.5 | 40 | 108 5 |
| MD-55R-5M | 120 | 155 | 273.5 | 40 | 04 | 100 | 03 | 01.5 | 40 | 190.5 |

• MD-70R, 70RZ, 100R and 100R-5 types



| Model | W | H | L | а | b | С | d | е | f | G |
|-----------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|----|------|-----|
| MD-70R | 130 | 155 | 258 | 40 | 60 | 110 | 65 | 53 | 43 | 179 |
| MD-70RZ | 130 | 165 | 247 | 40 | 00 | 110 | 05 | 42 | 47.5 | 168 |
| MD-100R | 156 | 175 | 322 | 70 | 100 | 110 | 75 | 65 | 43.5 | 107 |
| MD-100R-5 | 130 | 173 | 322 | 10 | 100 | 110 | 13 | 03 | 45.5 | 131 |

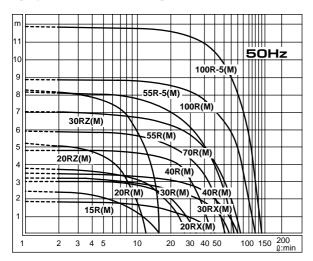
• MD-70RM, 70RZM, 100RM and 100R-5M types

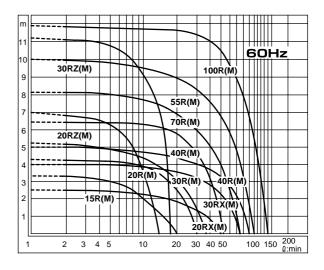


| Model | W | Н | L | а | b | С | d | е | f | G | | |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|------|-----|
| MD-70RM | 120 | 155 | 258 | 258 247 40 | 60 | 110 | 65 | 53 | 43 | 179 | | |
| MD-70RZM | 130 | 165 | 247 | | | | | 42 | 47.5 | 168 | | |
| MD-100RM | 150 | 156 | 156 | 175 | 222 | 70 | 100 | 110 | 75 | 65 | 43.5 | 107 |
| MD-100R-5M | 130 | 175 | 322 | 70 | 100 | 110 | 13 | US | 43.5 | 197 | | |

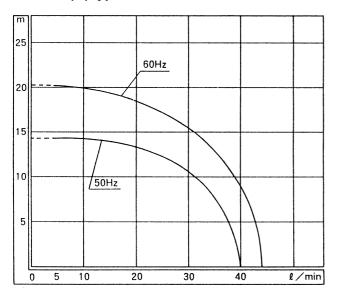
■ Standard Performance Curve

(Pumping clean water at room temperature)

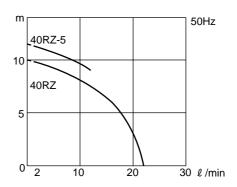


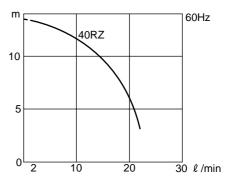


• MD-70RZ(M) types



• MD-40RZ(M) types





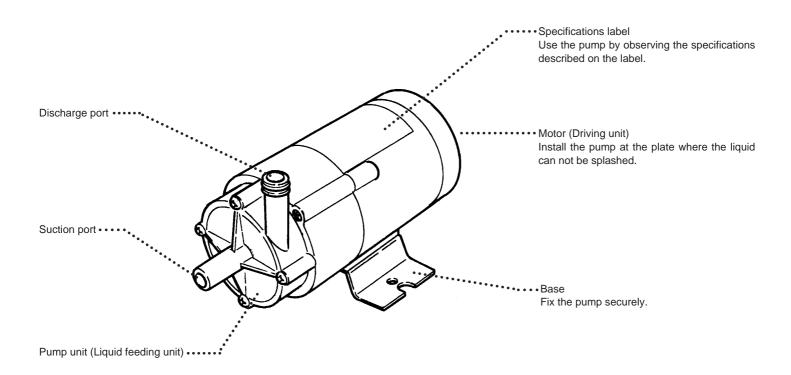
* MD-40RZ(M) makes water disturbing noise when used at discharge head lower than 6m at 50Hz and 7.5m at 60Hz

■ Special accessories

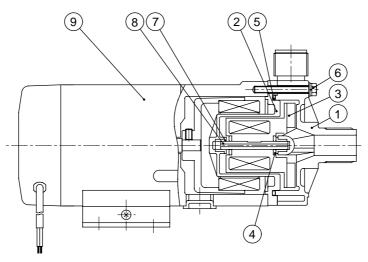
The following union insets are available as components fro piping.

| Model | Connecting port screw size | Applicable O-ring | Applicable union (Port diameter) | |
|-------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| MD-15RM | G3/4 | AS-568-016 | 13A | |
| MD-20RM | G3/4 | AS-568-017 | 16A | |
| MD-20RXM | G1 | AS-568-020 | 20A | |
| MD-20RZM | G3/4 | AS-568-016 | 13A | |
| MD-30RM | G3/4 | AS-568-017 | 16A | |
| MD-30RXM | G1 | AS-568-020 | 20A | |
| MD-30RZM | G3/4 | AS-568-016 | 13A | |
| MD-40RM | G3/4 | AS-568-017 | 16A | |
| MD-40RXM | G1 | AS-568-020 | 20A | |
| MD-40RZM | G3/4 | AS-568-017 | 16A | |
| MD-40RZ-5M | G3/4 | AS-300-017 | TOA | |
| MD-55RM | | | | |
| MD-55RM-5M | G1 | AS-568-020 | 20A | |
| MD-70RM | | | | |
| MD-70RZM | G3/4 | AS-568-017 | 16A | |
| MD-100RM | G1 | AS-568-020 | 20A | |
| MD-100RM-5M | g i | A3-300-020 | 20A | |

7. Main Parts and Label



8. Name of Parts



| No. | Parts Name | Q'ty | Material | | | |
|-----|--------------|------|----------------------|--|--|--|
| 1 | Front casing | 1 | | | | |
| 2 | Rear Casing | 1 | GFRPP (Note 1) | | | |
| 3 | Impeller | 1 | | | | |
| 4 | Thrust | 2 | Alumina ceramic | | | |
| 5 | O ring | 1 | FKM or EPDM (Note 2) | | | |

| No. | Parts Name | Q'ty | Material |
|-----|------------|-------|---|
| 6 | Screw | 4 ~ 6 | Stainless steel |
| 7 | Bearing | 2 | Fluororesin containing filler material (Note 3) |
| 8 | Spindle | 1 | Alumina ceramic |
| 9 | Motor | 1 | |

Note 1: The material of the impeller used in MD-70RZ, MD-100R and MD-100R-5 models is CFRPP.

Note 2: EPDM is option.

Note 3: The material of the bearing used in MD-20RZ, 30RZ, 40RZ and MD-70RZ is PPS.

9. Handling

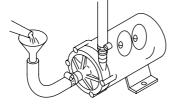
(1) Handle the pump carefully

Strong impacts caused by dropping the pump on the floor or striking it may result in damage or faulty performance.



(2) Priming water

Be sure to fill the pump unit with liquid as priming water before pump operation.



A Caution

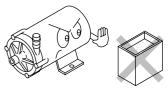
Operating the pump dry (operation without liquid) may cause seizure or wear of pump parts.

(3) Range of liquid temperature

 $0 \sim 80^{\circ} C$

The above range may differ depending on liquid. However, any liquid that freezes cannot be used. For details, contact Iwaki or your dealer.

(4) As there is a powerful magnet inside the pump unit, do not use any liquid that contains metallic substances such as iron, nickel, etc.



- (5) Do not operate the pump in the following places.
 - The pump unit is not designed to be dust and water-proof.
 - · Places exposed to rain and/or wind
 - \cdot Places where the temperature falls below 0°C
 - Places where corrosive gas (such as chlorine gas) is generated.
 - · Places exposed to splashing or dropping of water
 - · Places where the ambient temperature is 40°C or above
 - · Places where explosive.
- (6) The relative humidity should be 90% or below. Be careful not to allow dust and water inside the motor unit. The motor should not be splashed with water, otherwise it may short-circuit or burn.

- (7) Do not operate the pump with the following liquids.
 - For the compatibility to chemical liquid or any special liquid, contact IWAKI sales representative.
 - Liquids that significantly swell polypropylene
 - · Paraffinic hydrocarbons such as gasoline and kerosene
 - Halogenated hydrocarbons such as trichloroethylene and carbon tetrachloride
 - · Ether and low-grade ester
 - Slurry (Never use slurry, which wears out the pump bearing.)

(8) Keep the pump away from fire.

To prevent fire and explosions, do not place dangerous or inflammable substances near the pump.



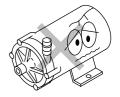
(9) Grounding

Be sure to connect the grounding cable (green/yellow). In addition, arrange an earth leakage breaker to prevent electrical shocks.



(10) If pump is damaged

Do not operate a damaged pump, otherwise there may happen the electricity leakage or electric shocks.



(11) Surface temperature

The surface temperature of the motor or the pump may be extremely high during the pump operation. Do not touch it directly.



(12) Sound generated by pump

The level of sound generated by the pump is shown in the table.

(dB)

| Model | Sound * Level | Model | Sound * Level |
|---------|------------------|---|------------------|
| MD-15R | 40 | MD-30RX MD-30RZ MD-40R MD-40RX | 60 |
| MD-20R | 45 | MD-40RZ | |
| MD-20RX | 50 | MD-55R | 55 |
| MD-20RZ | 30 | MD-70R | 70 |
| MD-30R | 55 | MD-100R | 75 |

^{*}When measured at a distance of 1m A scale

10. Installation, Piping and Wiring

10-1. Installation

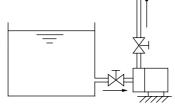
(1) Installation site

An installation site must be an ambient temperature of $0\sim40^{\circ}C$ and a relative humidity of lower than 90%. Install the pump at the place where the maintenance and inspection work can be done easily.

(2) Pump installation method

This pump is not the selfpriming pump. The pump shall be installed in a position lower than the liquid level of the suction tank.

Liquid level must be higher by 30 cm than the pump suction port level. If this distance is too short, the air may be sucked in the pump, which will cause abnormal wear of pump bearing.



(3) Direction of pump discharge port

The discharge port can be directed as desired. However, for efficient elimination of the air out of the pump chamber, it is recommended that the discharge port is directed upward.

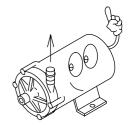


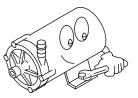
The base of the pump must be anchored firmly.

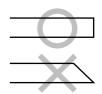
The pump must not be mounted in a vertical position.

(5) Hose preparation

The ends of the hoses should be cut flat before connecting them.







10-2. Piping

Piping instructions

- (1) To minimize the friction resistance, the shortest piping possible with the minimum number of bends should be utilized. Especially for suction piping, employ as larger and shorter hose as possible.
- (2) Use a corrosion-resistant vinyl hose that can endure the pressure made by the pump operation.

If the connection on the suction side is inadequate, air may be mixed in.

(3) Hose size

Select a hose in accordance with the diameter of the pump port. A reliable connection is not guaranteed if different size of hose is used.

As the hose on the suction side, in particular, tends to be crushed under the sucking force, the use of a braided hose is recommended. (In the case of hot liquid feeding, special attention must be paid in the selection of a hose.)

(4) Valve installation

Install valves close to the suction and discharge port.

- · Suction side valve: For easy removal or maintenance of the pump.
- · Discharge side valve: For adjustment of the discharge rate or head.

(5) Hose connection

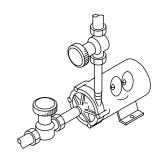
Press the hose end firmly against the discharge or suction port until it reaches the bottom of the port.

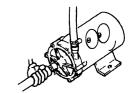
*Use a fastener (such as a hose band) to make the connection firm and free of liquid leakage.

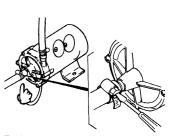
\triangle

Caution

Do not tighten the connection ports (suction and discharge) excessively as they are made of plastic resin and are easily damaged.







10-3. Wiring

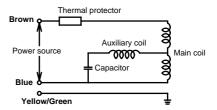
(1) Prior to wiring work, check the voltage specified on the nameplate.

Use specified wiring materials. (Observe the local regulations related with electrical work.) The connection diagram and the table showing the rated current and starting current for each model are presented below.

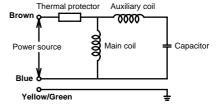
- (2) Do not fail to connect a ground wire (green/yellow).
- (3) The pump has no On/Off switch. It starts operation when power is supplied by connecting the power supply cable or other means.

■ Wiring diagram

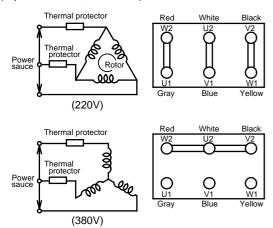
 MD-15R, 20R, 20RX, 20RZ, 30R, 30RX and 30RZ models (Single-phase capacitor run motor with thermal protector)



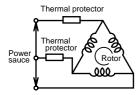
 MD-40R, 40RX, 40RZ, 40RZ-5, 55R, 55R-5, 70R, 70RZ, 100R and 100R-5 models (Single-phase capacitor run motor with thermal protector)



 MD-70R, 100R, 70RZ and 100R-5 models (3-phase motor, 220/380V)



 MD-70R, 100R, 70RZ and 100R-5 models (3-phase motor,400/440V)



■ Rated Current and Starting Current (50/60Hz)

| | Rated cu | irrent (50/60Hz | z) (Amp.) | Starting c | urrent (50/60H | z) (Amp.) |
|--------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Model | 220/240V (Single-phase) | 220/380V (3-phase) | 400/440V (3-phase) | 220/240V (Single-phase) | 220/380V (3-phase) | 400/440V (3-phase) |
| MD-15R(M) | 0.19 / 0.18 | | | 0.3 / 0.29 | | |
| MD-20R(M) | 0.24 / 0.28 | | | 0.4 / 0.4 | | |
| MD-20RX(M) | 0.24 / 0.29 | | | 0.4 / 0.4 | | |
| MD-20RZ(M) | 0.24 / 0.29 | | | 0.4 / 0.4 | | |
| MD-30R(M) | 0.4 / 0.5 | | | 1.2 / 1.25 | | |
| MD-30RX(M) | 0.4 / 0.5 | | | 1.2 / 1.25 | | |
| MD-30RZ(M) | 0.42 / 0.5 | | | 1.2 / 1.25 | | |
| MD-40R(M) | 0.52 / 0.7 | | | 1.1 / 1.0 | | |
| MD-40RX(M) | 0.46 / 0.58 | | | 1.1 / 1.0 | | |
| MD-40RZ(M) | 0.65 / 0.85 | | | 1.25 / 1.35 | | |
| MD-40RZ-5(M) | 0.65 / – | | | 1.25 / – | | |
| MD-55R(M) | 0.8 / 0.9 | | | 2.3 / 2.1 | | |
| MD-55R-5(M) | 1.0 / – | | | 2.3 / 2.1 | | |
| MD-70R(M) | 1.21 /1.64 / / 1.21 1.50 | 1.15 / 1.3 / / 0.69 | 0.39 / 0.46 / / 0.45 | 3.15 / 2.9 / / 3.55 3.2 | 3.9 / 3.8 / / 2.25 / 2.2 | 1.24 / 1.22 / / 2.27 1.25 |
| MD-70RZ(M) | 1.4 / 1.9 | 1.2 / 1.3 / / 0.8 | 0.6 / 0.7 | 3.15 / 2.95 / / 3.42 3.15 | 4.15 / 4.0 / / 2.45 2.4 | 2.15 / 2.05 / / 2.3 2.27 |
| MD-100R(M) | 1.93 /1.85 / / 1.93 1.83 | 1.18 / 1.17 / 0.69 0.87 | 0.62 / 0.6 / 0.58 | 3.8 / 3.6 / / 4.3 4.0 | 3.8 / 2.2 / 2.1 | 1.9 / 1.85 / / 2.2 2.1 |
| MD-100R-5(M) | 1.93 / 1.93 | 1.18 / 0.69 | 0.62 / 0.6 | 3.8 / 4.3 / - | 3.8 / - | 1.9 / - |

11. Operation

■ Operation instructions

⚠ Cautio

- Before operating the pump, confirm that the hoses connected with the discharge port and suction port are firmly fixed in position.
- Dry operation (operation without liquid in the pump) damages the pump. Be sure to fill the pump with priming liquid in advance.
- Do not keep on operating the pump with entirely or almost closed discharge or/and suction side valve(s).
- Do not open or close the suction or discharge side valve suddenly, otherwise the magnet coupling may be detached, disabling the rotation of the impeller. (Under such circumstances, turn off the power supply. When the motor stops rotating, the coupling will be connected.)

■ Operation

After the installation, piping and wiring processes are completed, operate the pump in accordance with the following steps.

| No. | Operation Step | Description (Points to be Checked) |
|-----|--|--|
| 1 | Check piping, wiring and voltage. | Check in accordance with the 'Hose connection' and 'Wiring' sections. Check the power supply voltage by referring to the information on the nameplate. |
| 2 | Open and close valves. | Fully open suction side valve.Fully close discharge side valve. |
| 3 | Check that pump chamber is filled with liquid. | • Fill pump chamber with priming water (feeding liquid). Carry out sufficient priming in case of suction lift method. |
| 4 | Supply power to pump | After steps 1 to 3 above, connect power supply to start pump. |

| No. | Operation Step | Description (Points to be Checked) |
|-----|---|---|
| 5 | Adjust discharge capacity & head to desired values. | Adjust discharge side valve gradually till desired discharge capacity and head are obtained. Do not open or close valves suddenly. Note: Do not keep discharge side valve closed for more than 1 minute. Note: Check that pump feeds liquid normally. If not, turn off power immediately and eliminate cause referring to 'Causes of Trouble and Troubleshooting' section (p.27). |
| 6 | Checkpoints during operation | Be careful to prevent foreign matter from entering pump. Foreign matter in pump may cause impeller to be locked, hindering liquid circulation. Motor itself continues to rotate even if impeller is locked. In such a case, turn off power supply at once. When earth leakage breaker is activated, turn off power supply at once and eliminate cause by referring to 'Causes of Trouble and Troubleshooting' section. |

■ Pump Stopping Procedure

| No. | Stopping Step | Description | | | | |
|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | Close discharge side valve. | Close discharge side valve gradually. Do not use electromagnetic valve for quick closing. | | | | |
| 2 | Turn off power supply. (Check stopping condition.) | Check that motor stops smoothly after power supply is disconnected. If not, pump should be inspected. (For details, contact Iwaki or your dealer.) | | | | |

■ How to store pump when it is out of use for a long time

Remove the liquid from the pump if it is to be stored for a long time. In addition, run it with water circulating for about 5 minutes every 3 months to prevent rust on the motor bearing.

Draining Method

⚠ Warning

- Before starting the draining procedure, turn off the power supply.
- Be sure to wear proper safety gear (gloves, protective shoes, etc.) during draining work. When chemical liquid is used, wear rubber gloves, goggles).

⚠ Caution —

- Pay special attention to the remaining liquid which may run out of the discharge port or the suction port when removing the hose.
 Pay attention not to allow the motor or electric parts to come into contact with the liquid.
- Never discharge hazardous or chemical liquid over the ground or floor in the plant. Instead, use a draining pan (or container).
 Observe each applicable local law or regulation for the handling or disposal of hazardous liquids.

Draining procedure:

- Turn off the power supply.
 (Make sure no other operator will turn on the power supply accidentally.)
- (2) Close the discharge and suction sides valves fully.
- (3) Remove the hoses connected with the discharge port and the suction port.

Position the draining pan below the pump unit in advance. Loosen the hose band and rotate the hose clockwise and counterclockwise slowly to completely pull the hose off of each port. (Liquid will run out when the hose is disconnected.)

- (4) Remove the screws on the pump base to detach the pump unit.
- (5) Direct the discharge port downward to drain the liquid into the draining pan.

Never discharge hazardous liquid, over the ground or the floor inside the plant. Use a draining pan (or container).

12. Causes of Trouble and Troubleshooting

| Trouble | Pump does not start. | Pumping is not done or insufficient. | Electric current is too high. | Excessive noise or vibration. | Liquid leaks. | |
|---|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Cause | Start. | | too mgm. | VIDIATION. | | Troubleshooting |
| Power is not supplied or wiring is faulty. | 0 | | 0 | | | Supply power or contact your dealer. |
| Motor is out of order (disconnected coil or capacitor failure). | 0 | | 0 | | | Contact your dealer. |
| There is residual air in the pump. | | 0 | | 0 | | Eliminate air completely. |
| Air is sucked in via suction port. | | 0 | | 0 | | Fasten hose tightly. |
| Pump is driven dry. | | | | | | Supply priming water to pump. |
| Specific gravity/viscosity of liquid is too high. | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | Use suitable type of pump. |
| Periphery of impeller magnet is in contact with rear casing. | \circ | 0 | 0 | 0 | | Contact your dealer. |
| Impeller is damaged. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | Contact your dealer. |
| Foreign matter adheres to impeller. | | 0 | 0 | 0 | | Contact your dealer. |
| O ring is damaged. | | | | | | Contact your dealer. |
| Loosened front casing fixing bolts. | | | | | | Tighten bolts. |

13. Maintenance/inspection and consumable parts

⚠ Warning

- Turn off power when works is done. Wear glove and safety shoes or so when you do maintenance works.
- When dangerous or chemical liquid is handled, you must be protected by rubber glove and goggle or so.

⚠ Caution

- When you remove hose from pump, pay attention to liquid inside pump going out from discharge and suction port. Pay attention for liquid not to splash on motor or electrical part. Motor is not dust and water proof construction.
- Dangerous or chemical liquid must not be drained directly on the ground but drained to receiving plate or vessel. Follow local laws or regulation for handling of dangerous liquid or chemicals.

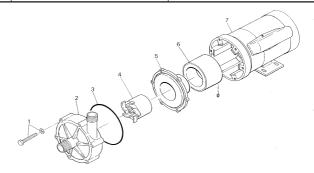
■ Maintenance and inspection

- When pump has been used for a long time, pump head tightening screws may have been loosened. Tighten screws with tightening torque not deforming plastic parts. When pump is stored for a long time, too, tighten screws before pump is used.
- Daily inspection
 Check operating conditions (vibration, noise) and also check electric current value and pump discharge capacity. As soon as you find any abnormality, turn off power and remove the cause referring to "Troubleshooting" on page 27.

■ Consumable parts

- Consumable parts shown below must be replaced within indicated replacement time. Replacement time shown below is based on pumping clear water at ambient temperature and it is influenced by characteristics and temperature of handled liquid and also influenced if liquid contains slurries (solid substance).
- Damage or loss caused by corrosion by liquid or wear by slurries are not guaranteed.
- Replace O ring every time when pump is disassembled regardless of replacement time shown below.

| No. | Parts | Replacement time | | |
|-----|-------------------|------------------|--|--|
| 2 | Front casing unit | | | |
| 3 | O ring | 10,000 hours | | |
| 4 | Impeller unit | | | |
| 5 | Rear casing unit | | | |
| 7 | Motor | | | |



14. Application of warranty

- During the warranty period, if failure or damage of product happens, despite of correct usage, because of manufacturer's wrong manufacturing, the failed or damaged parts are repaired free of charge by the manufacturer.
- Repair of failed or damaged product caused by the reasons mentioned as bellow and the replacement of consumable parts are done for payment.
 - a. Repair of product of which the warranty period is expired.
 - Repair of failed or damaged product which has been wrongly used or stocked.
 - c. Repair of failed or damaged product which is composed of parts not being certified by manufacturer.
 - d. Repair of failed or damaged product which had been repaired or modified by other person than manufacturer or his representative.
 - e. Repair of failed or damaged product which is caused by fire, natural disaster or force majeure.
- Manufacturer takes no responsibility for the failure or damage of the product which is manufactured according to the standard or material instructed by the purchaser or user.
- Materials used for the product are "manufacturer's recommendation" but are not guaranteed for the chemical attack/corrosion or fluid abrasion
- 5. Warranty is limited to repair of failed or damaged parts or product and manufacturer does not compensate for damage or loss of other equipment or facility or any expense caused by failure or damage of product.



()Country codes

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|---|-------------|--|-----------------------|------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| l | Australia | : IWAKI Pumps Australia Pty. Ltd. | TEL: (61)2 9899 2411 | FAX: 2 9899 2421 | Italy | : IWAKI Italia S.R.L. | TEL: (39)02 990 3931 | FAX: 02 990 42888 |
| ı | Singapore | : IWAKI Singapore Pte. Ltd. | TEL: (65)763 2744 | FAX:7632372 | Denmark | : IWAKI Pumper A/S | TEL: (45)48 24 2345 | FAX: 48 24 2346 |
| ı | Indonesia | : IWAKI Singapore (Indonesia Branch) | TEL: (62)21 690 6607 | FAX:21 690 6612 | Sweden | : IWAKI Sverige AB | TEL: (46)8 511 72900 | FAX:851172922 |
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| 1 | Taiwan | : IWAKI Pumps Taiwan Co., Ltd. | TEL: (886)2 8227 6900 | FAX:282276818 | Norway | : IWAKI Norge AS | TEL: (47)66 81 16 60 | FAX:66811661 |
| 1 | Thailand | : IWAKI (Thailand) Co.,Ltd. | TEL: (66)2 320 1303 | FAX:23222477 | France | : IWAKI France S.A. | TEL: (33)1 69 63 33 70 | FAX:164499273 |
| ١ | Hong Kong | g: IWAKI Pumps Co., Ltd. | TEL: (852)2 607 1168 | FAX:26071000 | U.K. | : IWAKI PUMPS (UK) LTD. | TEL: (44)1743 231363 | FAX: 1743 366507 |
| ١ | China | : IGFTZ IWAKI Engineering $\&$ Trading Co., Ltd. | TEL: (86)20 8435 0603 | FAX:20 8435 9181 | Switzerland | d: IWAKI (Schweiz) AG | TEL: (41)32 3235024 | FAX: 32 3226084 |
| 1 | China | : IWAKI Pumps Co., Ltd. (Beijing office) | TEL: (86)10 6442 7713 | FAX:10 6442 7712 | Austria | : IWAKI (Austria) GmbH | TEL: (43)2236 33469 | FAX: 2236 33469 |
| 1 | China | : IWAKI Pumps (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. | TEL: (86)21 6272 7502 | FAX:21 6272 6929 | Holland | : IWAKI Holland B.V. | TEL: (31)297 241121 | FAX: 297 273902 |
| 1 | Philippines | s: IWAKI Chemical Pumps Philippines, Inc. | TEL: (63)2 888 0245 | FAX:28433096 | Spain | : IWAKI Iberica Pumps, S.A. | TEL: (34)943 630030 | FAX:943628799 |
| ł | Korea | : IWAKI Korea Co.,Ltd. | TEL: (82)2 3474 0523 | FAX:234740221 | Belgium | : IWAKI Belgium n.v. | TEL: (32)1430 7007 | FAX: 1430 7008 |
| 1 | | | | | | | | |