RosemountTM 1057

Three-Input Intelligent Analyzer





Essential Instructions

Read this page before proceeding

Your instrument purchase from Emerson is one of the finest available for your particular application. These instruments have been designed, and tested to meet many national and international standards. Experience indicates that its performance is directly related to the quality of the installation and knowledge of the user in operating and maintaining the instrument. To ensure their continued operation to the design specifications, personnel should read this manual thoroughly before proceeding with installation, commissioning, operation, and maintenance of this instrument. If this equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by it against hazards august be impaired.

- Failure to follow the proper instructions august cause any one of the following situations to occur: Loss of life; personal injury; property damage; damage to this instrument; and warranty invalidation.
- Ensure that you have received the correct model and options from your purchase order. Verify that this manual covers your model and options. If not, call 1-800-854-8257 or 949-757-8500 to request correct manual.
- For clarification of instructions, contact your Rosemount representative.
- Follow all warnings, cautions, and instructions marked on and supplied with the product.
- Use only qualified personnel to install, operate, update, program and maintain the product.
- Educate your personnel in the proper installation, operation, and maintenance of the product.
- Install equipment as specified in the Installation section of this manual. Follow appropriate local and national codes. Only connect the product to electrical sources specified in this manual.
- Use only factory documented components for repair. Tampering or unauthorized substitution of parts and procedures can affect the performance and cause unsafe operation of your process.
- All instrument enclosures must be closed and protective covers must be in place unless qualified personnel are performing maintenance.

WARNING



RISK OF ELECTRICAL SHOCK

- Equipment protected throughout by double insulation.
- Installation and servicing of this product august expose personnel to dangerous voltages.
- Main power wired to separate power source must be disconnected before servicing.
- Do not operate or energize instrument with case open!
- Signal wiring connected in this box must be rated at least 240 V for European mains operation.
- Non-metallic cable strain reliefs do not provide grounding between conduit connections! Use grounding type bushings and jumper wires.
- Unused cable conduit entries must be securely sealed by non-flammable closures to provide enclosure integrity in compliance with personal safety and environmental protection requirements. Unused conduit openings must be sealed with Type 4X or IP66 conduit plugs to maintain the ingress protection rating (Type 4X)
- Electrical installation must be in accordance with the National Electrical Code (ANSI/NFPA-70) and/or any other applicable national or local codes.
- Operate only with front panel fastened and in place.
- Safety and performance require that this instrument be connected and properly grounded through a three-wire power source.
- Proper use and configuration is the responsibility of the user.

Essential Instructions

Quick Start Guide

- 1. Refer to Section 2 for mechanical installation instructions.
- 2. Wire sensor(s) to the signal boards. See Section 3 for wiring instructions. Refer to the sensor instruction sheet for additional details. Make current output, alarm relay and power connections.
- 3. Once connections are secured and verified, close panel and apply power to the analyzer.

WARNING



RISK OF ELECTRICAL SHOCK

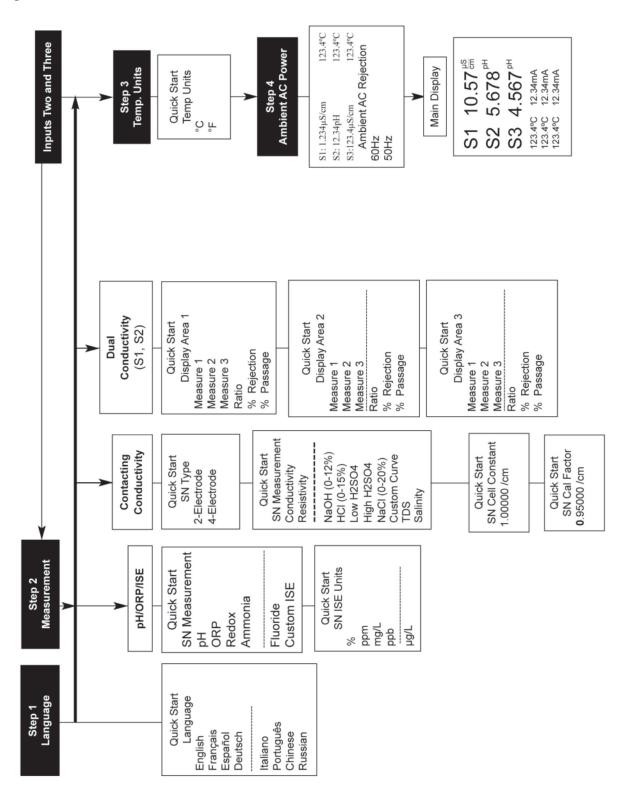
Electrical installation must be in accordance with the National Electrical Code (ANSI/NFPA-70) and/or any other applicable national or local codes.

- 4. When the analyzer is powered up for the first time, **Quick Start** screens appear. Quick Start operating tips are as follows:
 - a. A backlit field shows the position of the cursor.
 - b. To move the cursor left or right, use the keys to the left or right of the **ENTER** key. To scroll up or down or to increase or decrease the value of a digit use the keys above and below the **ENTER** key . Use the left or right keys to move the decimal point.
 - c. Press **ENTER** to store a setting. Press **EXIT** to leave without storing changes. Pressing EXIT during Quick Start returns the display to the initial start-up screen (select language).
- 5. Complete the steps as shown in the Quick Start Guide flow diagram, Figure A.
- 6. After the last step, the main display appears. The outputs are assigned to default values.
- 7. To change output, and temperature-related settings, go to the main menu and choose **Program**. Follow the prompts. For a general guide to the **Program** menu, see the Quick Reference Guide, Figure B.
- 8. To return the analyzer to the default settings, choose **Reset Analyzer** under the **Program** menu.

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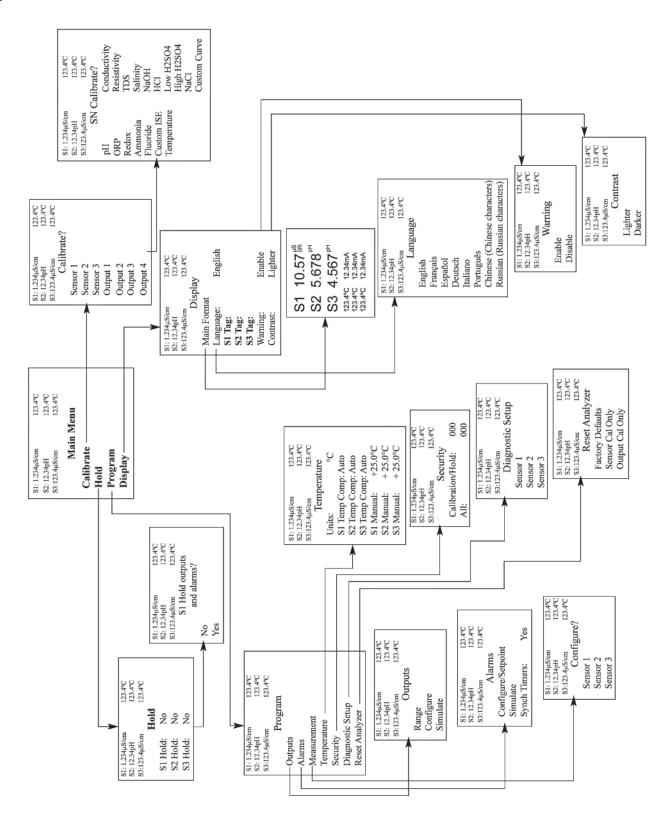
Figure A. Quick Start Guide



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Quick Reference Guide

Figure B. Model 1057 Menu Tree



Quick Reference Guide v

About This Document

This manual contains instructions for installation and operation of the Model 1057 Three-Input Intelligent Analyzer. The following list provides notes concerning all revisions of this document.

Rev. Level	Date	Notes
Α	01/09	This is the initial release of the product manual. The manual has been reformatted to reflect the Emerson documentation style and updated to reflect any changes in the product offering.
В	10/09	Russian language added. UL Approval added.
C	01/10	CSA Class I, Div 2 Non-incendive harardous area approval added.
D	04/17	Updated Address and Emerson Logo. Also, updated CE declaration.

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Section 1: Description and Specification

- Multi-parameter instrument up to three inputs. Choose pH/ORP/ISE or contacting conductivity/resistivity in any combination.
- Large display large easy-to-read process measurements.
- Easy to install modular boards, removable connectors, easy to wire power, sensors, an outputs.
- Intuitive menu screens with advanced diagnostics and help screens.
- SMART Enabled compatible with SMART pH sensors.
- Eight menu languages.
- Four analog outputs.
- UL and CSA approved.

1.1 Features and Applications

The Model 1057 analyzer offers three sensor inputs and four current outputs thus reducing the cost per loop and saving panel space. The pH signal input board supports pH, ORP, and Ion-Selective Electrode measurements. The conductivity signal input board supports contacting conductivity, resistivity, total dissolved solids, salinity and percent concentration curves for special applications. The modular design allows signal input boards to be field replaced making configuration changes easy. Conveniently, live process values are always displayed during programming and calibration routines. Standard features include isolated inputs, eight embedded local languages, four 4-20mA current outputs, four alarm relays and removable connectors for power and current outputs.

Quick Start Programming: Exclusive quick start screens appear the first time the Model 1057 is powered. The instrument auto-recognizes each measurement board and prompts the user to configure each sensor loop in a few quick steps for immediate deployment.

Menus: Menu screens for calibrating and programming are simple and intuitive. Plain language prompts and help screens quide the user through these procedures.

4-Electrode Conductivity: For applications requiring wide range conductivity measurements, use Rosemount Model 410VP **PUR-SENSE** 4-electrode sensor. It is not affected by fouling and is supported by the same contacting conductivity signal board as traditional 2-electrode sensors.

Three Sensor Inputs: The Model 1057 accepts one, two or three isolated inputs. Inputs are isolated from other signal sources and earth ground.

Four Current Outputs: Four 0/4-20 mA current outputs are electrically isolated. Outputs are fully scalable and can be programmed to linear or logrithmic modes. Output dampening can be enabled with time constants from 0 to 999 seconds.

Enclosure: The instrument fits standard ½ DIN panel cutouts. The versatile enclosure design supports panel-mount, pipe-mount, and surface/wall-mount installations.

Smart pH Sensors: Avoid buffer calibrations in the field. Use Rosemount SMART pH sensors to automatically calibrate the measurement loop when connected to Model 1057. Choose from a complete range of SMART pH sensors suited to most applications.

Security Access Codes: Two levels of security access are available. Program one access code for routine calibration and hold of current outputs; program another access code for all menus and functions.

Diagnostics: The analyzer continuously monitors itself and the sensor(s) for problematic conditions. The display flashes fault and/or warning when these conditions occur.

Diagnostics
Faults
Warnings
Sensor 1
Sensor 2
Sensor 3
Out 1: 12.05 mA
Out 2: 12.05 mA
Out 3: 12.05 mA
Out 4: 12.05 mA
1057PPC03AN
Instr SW VER: 3.12
AC Freq. Used: 60Hz

Information about each condition is quickly accessible by pressing **DIAG** on the keypad. User help screens are displayed for most fault and warning conditions to assist in troubleshooting.

Display: The high-contrast LCD provides live measurement readouts in large digits and shows up to six additional process variables or diagnostic parameters. The display is back-lit and the format can be customized to meet user requirements.

Local Languages: Rosemount extends its worldwide reach by offering eight local languages – English, French, German, Italian, Spanish, Portuguese, Chinese and Russian. Every unit includes user programming menus; calibration routines; faults and warnings; and user help screens in all eight lan quages. The displayed language can be easily set and changed using the menus.

1.2 Specifications - General

Enclosure: Polycarbonate. Type: CSA 4X (IP65).

Dimensions: Overall 155 x 155 x 131mm (6.10 x 6.10 x 5.15 in.). Cutout: 1/2 DIN 139mm x 139mm (5.45 x 5.45 in.)

Minimum depth for panel mount insatllations 101.6 mm (4.0 in).

Conduit Openings: Accepts 1/2" or PG13.5 conduit fitings

Display: Monochromatic graphic liquid crystal display. 128 x 96 pixel display resolution.

Backlit. Active

display area: 58 x 78mm (2.3 x 3.0 in.).

Ambient Temperature and Humidity: 0 to 55 °C (32 to 131 °F). RH 5 to 95% (non-condensing)

Storage Temperature Effect: -20 to 60 °C (-4 to 140 °F)

Power: Code 02: 20 to 30 Vdc. 15 W.

Code 03: 84 to 265 Vac, 47.5 to 65.0 Hz, switching. 15 W.

Equipment protected by double insulation

Hazardous Location Approvals:

Options for CSA: 02, 03, 20, 21, 22, 24, 25, 26, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35, 36, 38, 40, 41, 42, 44, 45, 46, 48, UL

• -LR 34186

Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, & D Class II, Division 2, Groups E, F, & G

Class III

T4 Tamb= 55 °C (applies to all classes)

Type 4X, IP66

Non-Incendive Field Wiring (NIFW) may be used when installed per drawing 1400680. The 'C' and 'US' indicators adjacent to the CSA Mark signify that the product has been evaluated to the applicable CSA and ANSI/UL Standards, for use in Canada and the U.S. respectively.

Evaluated to CSA Standard 22.2 No. 0-10, 0.4-04, 25-1996, 94- M1991, 142-M1987, 213-M1987, 60529-2005/2015. ANSI/IEC 60529-2004/2011. ANSI/ISA 12.12.01:2007. UL No. 50, 11th Ed., 508,17th Ed.

Ordinary Locations (only with UL ordering option):



Pollution Degree 2: Normally only non-conductive pollution occurs. Occasionally, however, a temporary conductivity caused by condensation must be expected.

Altitude: for use up to 2000 meter (6562 ft.)

RFI/EMI: EN 61326-1 **C (LVD:** EN 61010-1

Alarm Relays: Four alarm relays for process measurement(s) or temperature. Any relay can be configured as a fault alarm instead of a process alarm. Each relay can be configured independently and each can be programmed with interval timer settings.



Maximum Relay Current			
	Resistive		
28 Vdc	5.0 A		
115 Vac	5.0 A		
230 Vac	5.0 A		

Inputs: Up to three sensor inputs-electrically isolated.

Relays: Form C, SPDT, epoxy sealed

Inductive load: 1/8 HP motor (max.), 120/240 Vac

Inductive load: Four 4-20 mA or 0-20 mA isolated current outputs. Fully scalable. Max Load:

550 Ohms.

Current Output Accuracy: ±0.05 mA @25 °C

Terminal Connections Rating:

Power connector (3-leads): 24-12 AWG wire size. Signal board terminal blocks: 26-16 AWG wire size. Current output connectors (4-leads): 24-16 AWG wire size. Alarm relay terminal blocks: 24-12 AWG wire size

Weight/Shipping Weight: (rounded up to nearest lb or nearest 0.5 kg): 3 lbs/4 lbs (1.5 kg/2.0 kg)

1.3 Contacting Conductivity (Codes -20, -30 and -40)

Measures conductivity in the range 0 to 600,000 μ S/cm (600mS/cm). Measurement choices are conductivity, resistivity, total dissolved solids, salinity, and % concentration. The % concentration selection includes the choice of five common solutions (0-12% NaOH, 0-15% HCl, 0-20% NaCl, and 0-25% or 96-99.7% H₂SO₄). The conductivity concentration algorithms for these solutions are fully temperature compensated. Three temperature compensation options are available: manual slope (X%/°C), high purity water (dilute sodium chloride), and cation conductivity (dilute hydrochloric acid). Temperature compensation can be disabled, allowing the analyzer to display raw conductivity. For more information concerning the use and operation of the contacting conductivity sensors, refer to the product data sheets.

Note: When contacting conductivity sensors are used for sensor 1 and sensor 2, Model 1057 can derive an inferred pH value called pHCalc. pHCalc is calculated pH, not directly measured pH.

Note: Selected 4-electrode, high-range contacting conductivity sensors are compatible with Model 1056.

Input filter: time constant 1 - 999 seconds, default 2 seconds

Response time: 3 seconds to 100% of final reading

Salinity: Uses Practical Salinity Scale

Total Dissolved Solids: Calculated by multiplying conductivity at 25 °C by 0.65 **Recommended Sensors For Conductivity**

All Rosemount ENDURANCE Model 400 series conductivity sensors (Pt 1000 RTD) and **PUR-SENSE** Model 410 sensor.



ENDURANCE™ series of conductivity sensors

PUR-SENSE family 4-electrode sensors

Temperature Specifications:

Temperature range 0-200 °C Temperature Accuracy, Pt-1000, 0-50 °C ± 0.1 °C Temperature Accuracy, Pt-1000, Temp. > 50 °C ± 0.5 °C

Performance Specifications

Recommended Range - Contacting Conductivity

Cell Constant	0.01µS/cm	0.1µS/cm 	1.0µS/cm	10µS/cm	100µS/cm	1000µS/cm	10mS/cm	100mS/cm	1000mS/cm
0.01		0.01µS/cm to	200µS/cm			200μS/cm	to 6000µS/ci	n	
0.1	• • •	0.1μS/cm to 2000μS/cm 2000μS/cm to 60mS/cm							
1.0		1 μS/cm to 20mS/cm 20mS/cm to 600mS/cm				0mS/cm			
4-electrode	,		_		2 μS	/cm to 300mS/	cm		_

±0.6% of reading in recommended range +2 to -10% of reading outside high recommended range ±5% of reading outside low recommended range ±4% of reading in recommended range

1.4 pH/ORP/ISE (Codes -22, -32, and -42)

For use with any standard pH or ORP sensor. Measurement choices are pH, ORP, Redox, ammonia, fluoride or custom ISE. The automatic buffer recognition feature uses stored buffer values and their temperature curves for the most common buffer standards available worldwide. The analyzer will recognize the value of the buffer being measured and perform a self stabilization check on the sensor before completing the calibration. Manual or automatic temperature compensation is menu selectable. Change in pH due to process temperature can be compensated using a programmable temperature coefficient. For more information concerning the use and operation of the pH or ORP sensors, refer to the product data sheets.

Model 1057 can also derive an inferred pH value called pHCalc (calculated pH). pHCalc can be derived and displayed when two contacting conductivity sensors are used as sensor 1 and sensor 2.

Performance Specifications - Analyzer (pH Input)

Measurement Range [pH]: 0 to 14 pH

Accuracy: ±0.01 pH

Diagnostics: Glass impedance, reference impedance

Temperature coefficient: ±0.002pH/ °C

Solution temperature correction: Pure water, dilute base and custom.

Buffer recognition: NIST, DIN 19266, JIS 8802, and BSI.

Input filter: Time constant 1 - 999 seconds, default 4 seconds.

Response time: 5 seconds to 100%

Sensor Compatibility: Model 1057 is also compatible with SMART pH sensors from Rosemount. Choose from 14 SMART sensor models for a wide array of applications and process

conditions.

Performance Specifications - Analyzer (ORP Input)

Measurement Range [ORP]: -1500 to +1500 mV

Accuracy: ± 1 mV

Temperature coefficient: ±0.12mV / °C

Input filter: Time constant 1 - 999 seconds,

default 4 seconds.

Response time: 5 seconds to 100% of final reading

Recommended Sensors For ORP: All standard

ORP sensors.

Temperature Specifications:

Temperature range	0-150 °C
Temperature Accuracy, Pt-100, 0-50 °C	± 0.5 °C
Temperature Accuracy, Temp. > 50 °C	± 1 °C



Fourteen SMART sensor models include PERpH-X, TUpH and general purpose pH sensor families.

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April 2017

Section 2: Installation

2.1 Unpacking and Inspection

Inspect the shipping container. If it is damaged, contact the shipper immediately for instructions. Save the box. If there is no apparent damage, unpack the container. Be sure all items shown on the packing list are present. If items are missing, notify Rosemount immediately.

2.2 Installation

2.2.1 General Information

- 1. Although the analyzer is suitable for outdoor use, do not install it in direct sunlight or in areas of extreme temperatures.
- 2. Install the analyzer in an area where vibration and electromagnetic and radio frequency interference are minimized or absent.
- 3. Keep the analyzer and sensor wiring at least one foot from high voltage conductors. Be sure there is easy access to the analyzer.
- 4. The analyzer is suitable for panel mounting (Figure 2-1) or Wall and pipe mounting (Figure 2-2).

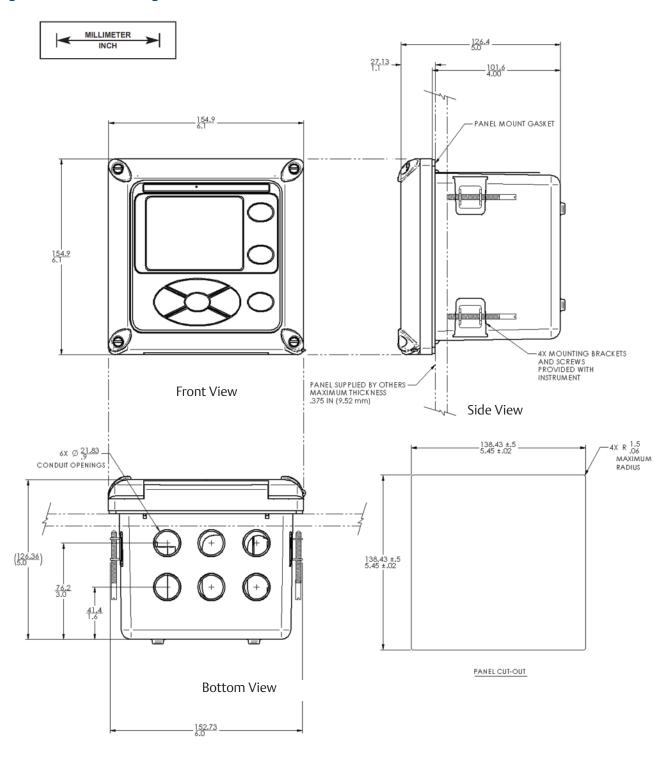
A WARNING



RISK OF ELECTRICAL SHOCK

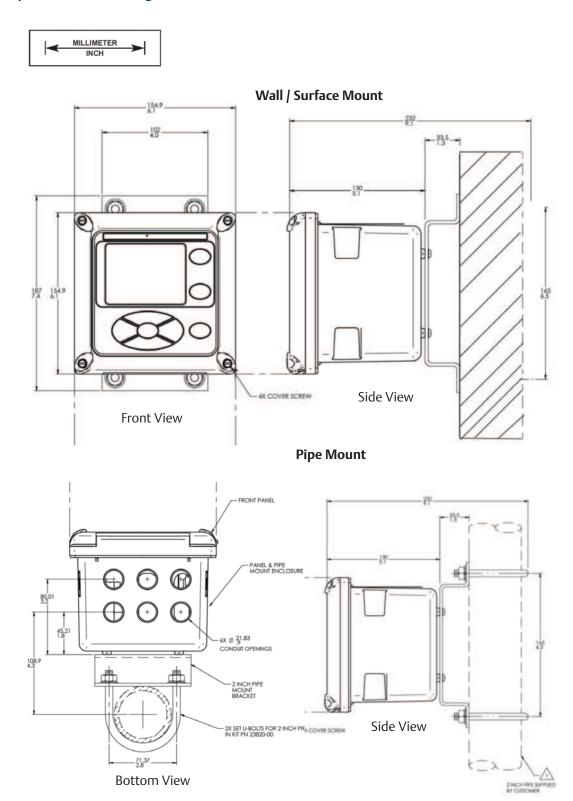
Electrical installation must be in accordance with the National Electrical Code (ANSI/NFPA-70) and/or an other applicable national or local codes.

Figure 2-1 Panel Mounting Dimensions



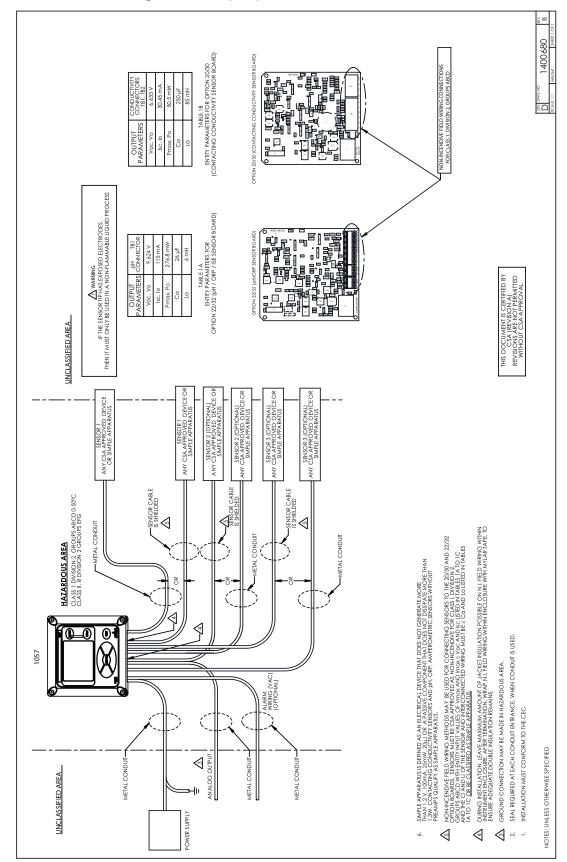
The front panel is hinged at the bottom. The panel swings down for easy access to the wiring locations. Panel mounting seal integrity (4/4X) for outdoor applications is the responsibility of the end user.

Figure 2-2 Pipe and Wall Mounting Dimensions



The front panel is hinged at the bottom. The panel swings down for easy access to the wiring locations.

Figure 2-3 Non Incendive Field Wiring Installation (CSA)



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Section 3: Wiring

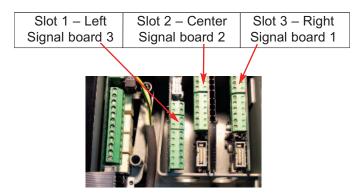
3.1 General

The Model 1057 is easy to wire. It includes removable connectors and slide-out signal input boards.

3.1.1 Removable Connectors and Signal Input Boards

Model 1057 uses removable signal input boards and communication boards for ease of wiring and installation. Each of the signal input boards can be partially or completely removed from the enclosure for wiring. The Model 1057 has three slots for placement of up to three signal input boards and one communication board.

Figure 3-1 Model 1057 Signal Input Boards



Note: If the UL option code has been ordered, a plastic insulator shield surrounds the entire power supply board (AC power supply only). The protective insulator shield does not appear in this photo.

3.1.2 Signal Input Boards

Slots 1, 2 and 3 are for signal input measurement boards. Wire the sensor leads to the measurement board following the lead locations marked on the board. After wiring the sensor leads to the signal board, carefully slide the wired board fully into the enclosure slot and take up the excess sensor cable through the cable gland. Tighten the cable gland nut to secure the cable and ensure a sealed enclosure.

Note: that signal input board 3 is inserted into slot 1. Board 3 is inverted in the slot to allow board components to face to the right. Board 3 uses a long ribbon cable to connect to the main PCB. Boards 1 and 2 use a split ribbon cable to connect both signal boards to a common connector on the main board.

3.1.3 Alarm Relays

Four alarm relays are supplied with the switching power supply (84 to 265 Vac, 03 order code) and the 24 Vdc power supply (20-30 Vdc, 02 order code). All relays can be used for process measurements or temperature. Any relay can be configured as a fault alarm instead of a process alarm. Each relay can be configured independently and each can be programmed as an interval timer, typically used to activate pumps or control valves. As process alarms, alarm logic (high or low activation or USP*) and deadband are user-programmable. Customer-defined failsafe operation is supported as a programmable menu function to allow all relays to be energized or not-energized as a default condition upon powering the analyzer. The USP alarm can be programmed to activate when the conductivity is within a user-selectable percentage of the limit. USP alarming is available only when a contacting conductivity measurement board is installed.

3.2 Preparing Conduit Openings

There are six conduit openings in all configurations of Model 1057. (Note that four plugs are provided upon shipment.)

Note: Use watertight fittings and hubs that comply with your requirements. Connect the conduit hub to the conduit before attaching the fitting to the analyzer.

3.3 Preparing Sensor Cable

The Model 1057 is intended for use with all Rosemount pH/ORP and contacting conductivity sensors. Refer to the sensor installation instructions for details on preparing sensor cables.

3.4 Power, Output and Sensor Connections

All field wiring must be rated for 75 °C or higher. Each instrument includes a printed label inside the enclosure stating this wiring requirement.

3.4.1 Power Wiring

Two Power Supplies are offered for Model 1057:

- a. 24 Vdc (20 30V) Power Supply (-02 ordering code)
- b. 84 265 Vac Switching Power Supply (-03 ordering code)

AC mains (115 or 230V) leads and 24 Vdc leads are wired to the Power Supply board which is mounted vertically on the left side of the main enclosure cavity. Each lead location is clearly marked on the Power Supply board. Wire the power leads to the Power Supply board using the lead markings on the board.

Figure 3-2 24 Vdc Power Supply (-02 ordering code)



This power supply automatically detects DC power and accepts 20 Vdc to 30 Vdc inputs. Four programmable alarm relays are included.

Figure 3-3 Switching AC Power Supply (-03 ordering code)



This power supply automatically detects AC line conditions and switches to the proper line voltage and line frequency.

Four programmable alarm relays are included.

3.4.2 Current Output Wiring

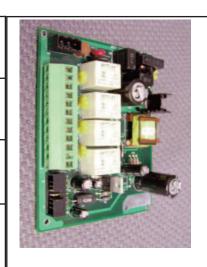
All instruments are shipped with four 4-20 mA current outputs. Wiring locations for the outputs are on the main board which is mounted on the hinged door of the instrument. Wire the output leads to the correct position on the Main board connectors using the lead markings (+/positive, -/negative) on the board. Male mating connectors are provided with each unit. Use a 3/32" wide standard blade screwdriver.

3.4.3 Alarm Relay Wiring

Four alarm relays are supplied with the switching power supply (84 to 265 Vac, -03 order code) and the 24 Vdc power supply (20-30 Vdc, -02 order code). Wire the relay leads on each of the independent relays to the correct position on the power supply board using the printed lead markings (NO/Normally Open, NC/Normally Closed, or Com/Common) on the board.

Figure 3-4 24 Vdc Power Supply (-02 ordering code)

NO1	
COM1	RELAY 1
NC1	
NO2	
COM2	RELAY 2
NC2	
NO3	
COM3	RELAY 3
NC3	
NO4	
COM4	RELAY 4
NC4	







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Electrical installation must be in accordance with the National Electrical Code (ANSI/NFPA-70) and/or an other applicable national or local codes.

3.4.4 Sensor Wiring to Signal Boards

Wire the correct sensor leads to the measurement board using the lead locations marked directly on the board. After wiring the sensor leads to the signal board, carefully slide the wired board fully into the enclosure slot and take up the excess sensor cable through the cable gland.

For best EMI/RFI protection use shielded output signal cable enclosed in an earth-grounded metal conduit. Connect the shield to earth ground. AC wiring should be 14 gauge or greater. Provide a switch or breaker to disconnect the analyzer from the main power supply. Install the switch or break er near the analyzer and label it as the disconnecting device for the analyzer.

Keep sensor and output signal wiring separate from power wiring. Do not run sensor and power wiring in the same conduit or close together in a cable tray.

3.4.5 Signal Board Wiring

Figure 3-5 Contacting Conductivity Signal Board and Sensor Cable Leads

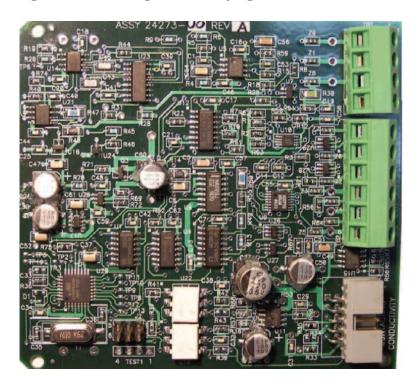




Figure 3-6 pH/ORP/ISE Signal Board and Sensor Cable Leads



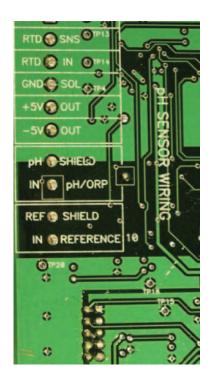


Figure 3-7 Power Wiring for Model 1057 84-265 Vac Power Supply (-03 ordering code)

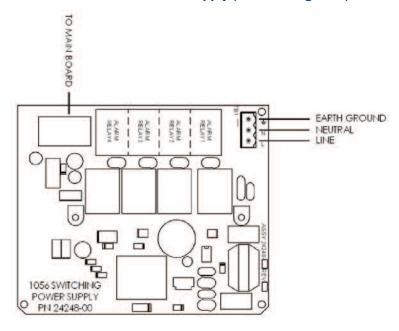
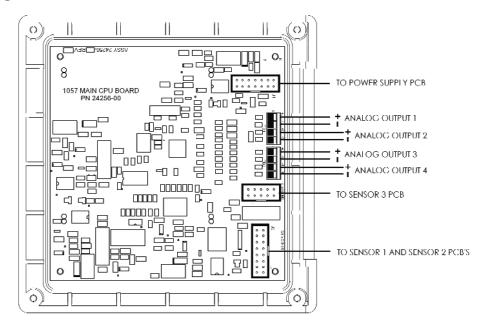
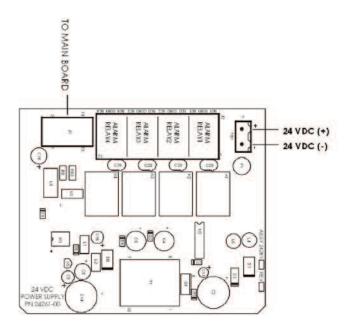


Figure 3-8 Output Wiring for Model 1057 Main PCB



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Figure 3-9 Power Wiring for Model 1057 24 Vdc Power Supply (-02 ordering code)



Section 4: Display and Operation

4.1 User Interface

The Model 1057 has a large display which shows three live measurement readouts in large digits and up to six additional process variables or diagnostic parameters concurrently. The display is back-lit and the format can be customized to meet user requirements. The intuitive menu system allows access to Calibration, Hold (of current outputs), Programming, and Display functions by pressing the **MENU** button. In addition, a dedicated **DIAGNOSTIC** button is available to provide access to useful operational information on installed sensor(s) and any problematic conditions that might occur. The display flashes Fault and/or Warning when these conditions occur. Help screens are displayed for most fault and warning conditions to guide the user in troubleshooting. During calibration and programming, key presses cause different dis plays to appear. The displays are self-explanatory and guide the user step-by-step through the procedure.



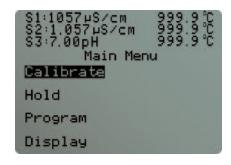
4.2 Instrument Keypad

There are four function keys and four selection keys on the instrument keypad.

Function Keys

The **MENU** key is used to access menus for programming and calibrating the instrument. Four top-level menu items appear when pressing the **MENU** key:

- Calibrate Calibrate attached sensors and analog outputs.
- Hold Suspend current outputs.
- **Program** Program outputs, measurement, temperature, security and reset.
- Display Program display format, language, warnings, and contrast.



Pressing **MENU** always causes the main menu screen to appear. Pressing **MENU** followed by **EXIT** causes the main display to appear.

Pressing the **DIAG** key displays active Faults and Warnings, and provides detailed instrument information and sensor diagnostics including: faults, warnings, sensor 1, 2 and 3 information, current outputs live values, model configuration string e.g. 1057PPC03AN, Instrument Software version, and AC frequency. Pressing **ENTER** on Sensor 1 or Sensor 2 provides useful diagnostics and information (as applicable): measurement, sensor type, raw signal value, cell constant, zero offset and temperature. Offset, selected measurement range, cable resistance, temperature sensor resistance, signal board software version.

The **ENTER** key - Pressing **ENTER** stores numbers and settings and moves the display to the next screen.

The **EXIT** key - Pressing **EXIT** returns to the previous screen without storing changes.

Selection Keys

Surrounding the **ENTER** key, four selection keys – up, down, right and left, move the cursor to all areas of the screen while using the menus.

Selection keys are used to:

- 1. Select items on the menu screens
- 2. Scroll up and down the menu lists.
- 3. Enter or edit numeric values.
- 4. Move the cursor to the right or left
- 5. Select measurement units during operations



4.3 Main Display

The Model 1057 displays one, two or three primary measurement values, up to six secondary measurement values, a fault and warning banner, alarm relay flags.

4.3.1 Process Measurements

Three process variables are displayed if three signal boards are installed. One process variable and process temperature is displayed if one signal board is installed with one sensor. The upper display area shows the **Sensor 1** process reading. The center display area shows the **Sensor 2** process reading. For dual conductivity, the display areas can be assigned to different process variables as follows:

4.3.2 Secondary Values

Up to six secondary values are shown in six display quadrants at the bottom of the screen. All four secondary value positions can be programmed by the user to any display parameter available.

Possible secondary values include:

Process variables for display - examples
Measure 1
Measure 2
Measure 3
% Reject
% Pass
Ratio
Blank
pH Calc

Displayable Secondary Values				
Slope 1, 2, 3	Output 1 mA			
Ref Off 1, 2, 3	Output 2 mA			
Gl Imp 1, 2, 3	Output 3 mA			
Ref Imp 1, 2, 3	Output 4 mA			
Raw 1, 2, 3	Output 1 %			
mV Input 1, 2, 3	Output 2 %			
Temp 1, 2, 3	Output 3 %			
Man Temp 1, 2, 3	Output 4 %			
Measure 1, 2, 3	Blank			

4.3.3 Fault and Warning Banner

If the analyzer detects a problem with itself or the sensor the word **Fault** or **Warning** will appear at the bottom of the display. A fault requires immediate attention. A warning indicates a problematic condition or an impending failure. For troubleshooting assitance, press **Diag**.

4.3.4 Formatting the Main Display

The main display screen can be programmed to show primary process variables, secondary process variables and diagnostics.

4.3.4 Formatting the Main Display

The main display screen can be programmed to show primary process variables, secondary process variables and diagnostics.

- 1. Press **MENU**.
- 2. Scroll down to **Display**. Press **ENTER**.
- 3. **Main Format** is highlighted. Press **ENTER**.
- 4. The **Sensor 1** process value is highlighted in reverse video. Press the selection keys to navigate down to the screen sections that you wish to program. Press **ENTER**.
- 5. Choose the desired display parameter or diagnostic for each of the four display sections in the lower screen.
- 6. Continue to navigate and program all desired screen sections. Press **MENU** and **EXIT**. The screen returns to the main display.

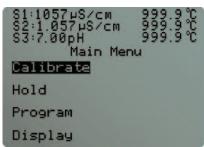
For single sensor configurations, the default display shows the live process measurement in the upper display area and temperature in the center display area. The user can select to disable the display of temperature in the center display area using the **Main Format** function. See Figure 4-1 to guide you through programming the main display to select process parameters and diagnostics of your choice.

For dual sensor configurations, the default display shows **Sensor 1** live process measurement in the display area one and **Sensor 2** live process measurement temperature in the display area two. See Figure 4-1 to guide you through programming the main display to select process parameters and diagnostics of your choice.

4.4 Menu System

Model 1057 uses a scroll and select menu system. Pressing the **MENU** key at any time opens the top-level menu including Calibrate, Hold, Program and Display functions.

To find a menu item, scroll with the up and down keys until the item is highlighted. Continue to scroll and select menu items until the desired function is chosen. To select the item, press **ENTER**. To return to a previous menu level or to enable the main live display, press the EXIT key repeatedly. To return immediately to the main display from any menu level, simply press **MENU** then **EXIT**.



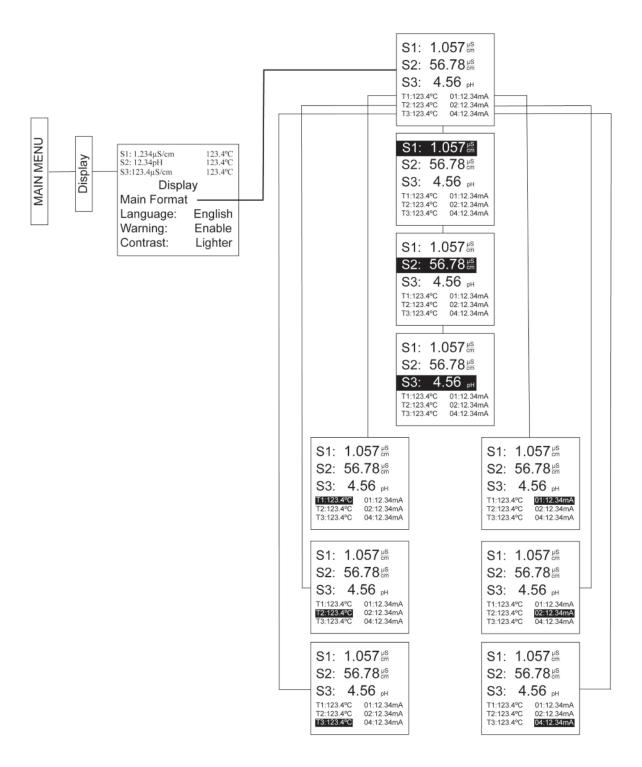
The selection keys have the following functions:

- The Up key (above ENTER) increments numerical values, moves the decimal place one place to the right, or selects units of measurement.
- The **Down** key (below ENTER) decrements numerical values, moves the decimal place one place to the left, or selects units of measurement
- The Left key (left of ENTER) moves the cursor to the left.
- The **Right** key (right of ENTER) moves the cursor to the right.

To access desired menu functions, use the Quick Reference Figure B. During all menu displays (except main display format and Quick Start), the live process measurements and secondary measurement values are displayed in the top two lines of the upper display area. This conveniently allows display of the live values during important calibration and programming operations.

Menu screens will time out after two minutes and return to the main live display.

Figure 4-1 Configuring the Main Display



Section 5: Programming the Analyzer - Basics

5.1 General

This section describes the following programming functions:

- Changing the measurement type, measurement units and temperature units.
- Choose temperature units and manual or automatic temperature compensation mode
- Configure and assign values to the current outputs
- Set a security code for two levels of security access
- Accessing menu functions using a security code
- Enabling and disabling Hold mode for current outputs
- Choosing the frequency of the AC power (needed for optimum noise rejection)
- Resetting all factory defaults, calibration data only, or current output settings only

5.2 Changing the Startup Settings

5.2.1 Purpose

To change the measurement type, measurement units, or temperature units that were initially entered in Quick Start, choose the Reset Analyzer function (Section 5.8) or access the Program menus for sensor 1, 2 or 3 (Section 6). The following choices for specific measurement type, measurement units are available for each sensor measurement board.

Table 5-1 Measurments and measurement units

Signal board	Available measurements	Measurements units:
pH/ORP (-22, -32, -42)	pH, ORP, Redox, Ammonia, Fluoride, Custom ISE	pH, mV (ORP) %, ppm, mg/L, ppb, μg/L, (ISE)
Contacting conductivity (-20, -30, -40)		μS/cm, mS/cm, S/cm % (concentration)
Temperature (all)	Temperature	°C, °F

5.2.2 Procedure

Follow the Reset Analyzer procedure (Section 5.8) to reconfigure the analyzer to display new measurements or measurement units. To change the specific measurement or measurement units for each signal board type, refer to the Program menu for the appropriate measurement (Section 6).

5.3 Choosing Temperature Units and Automatic/Manual Temperature Compensation

5.3.1 Purpose

Most liquid analytical measurements (except ORP) require temperature compensation. The Model 1057 performs temperature compensation automatically by applying internal temperature correction algorithms. Temperature correction can also be turned off. If temperature correction is off, the Model 1057 uses the temperature entered by the user in all temperature correction calculations.

 S1: 1.234μS/cm
 123.4°C

 S2: 12.34pH
 123.4°C

 S3:123.4μS/cm
 123.4°C

 Temperature
 123.4°C

 Units:
 °C

 S1 Temp Comp:
 Auto

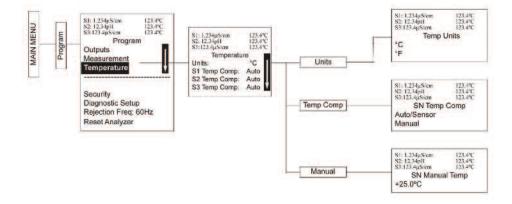
 S2 Temp Comp:
 Auto

 S3 Temp Comp:
 Auto

5.3.2 Procedure

Follow the menu screens in Figure 5-1 to select automatic or manual temp compensation, set the manual reference temperature, and to program temperature units as °C or °F.

Figure 5-1 Choosing Temperature Units and Manual Auto Temp Compensation



5.4 Configuring and Ranging The Current Outputs

5.4.1 Purpose

The Model 1057 accepts inputs from three sensors and has four analog current outputs. Ranging the outputs means assigning values to the low (0 or 4 mA) and high (20 mA) outputs. This section provides a guide for configuring and ranging the outputs. Always configure the outputs first.

5.4.2 Definitions

- 1. Current ouputs The analyzer provides a continuous output current (4-20 mA or 0-20 mA) directly proportional to the process variable or temperature. The low and high current outputs can be set to any value.
- 2. Assigning outputs Assign a measurement to outputs 1, 2, 3, or 4.
- 3. Dampen Output dampening smooths out noisy readings. It also increases the response time of the output. Output dampening does not affect the response time of the display.
- 4. Mode The current output can be made directly proportional to the displayed value (linear mode) or directly proportional to the common logarithm of the displayed value (log mode).

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5.4.3 Procedure - Configure Outputs

Under the Program/Outputs menu, the adjacent screen appears to allow configuration of the outputs. Follow the menu screens in Figure 5-2 to configure the outputs.

S1: 1.234µS/cm 123.4°C S2: 12.34pH 123.4°C \$3:123.4µS/cm 123.4°C Output M Configure Assign: S1 Meas 4-20mA Range: Scale: Linear Dampening: 0sec Fault Mode: Fixed Fault Value: 21.00mA

5.4.4 Procedure - Assigning Measurements the Low and High Current Outputs

The adjacent screen appears when entering the **Assign** function under Program/Output/Configure. These screens allow you to assign a measurement, process value, or temperature input to each output. Follow the menu screens in Figure 5-2 to assign measurements to the outputs.

5.4.5 Procedure - Ranging the Current Outputs

The adjacent screen appears under Program/Output/Range. Enter a value for 4mA and 20mA (or 0 mA and 20 mA) for each output. Follow the menu screens in Figure 5-2 to assign values to the outputs.

S1: 1.234μS/cm 123.4°C S2: 12.34pH 123.4°C S3:123.4μS/cm 123.4°C OutputM Assign S1 Measurement S1 Temperature S2 Measurement S2 Temperature

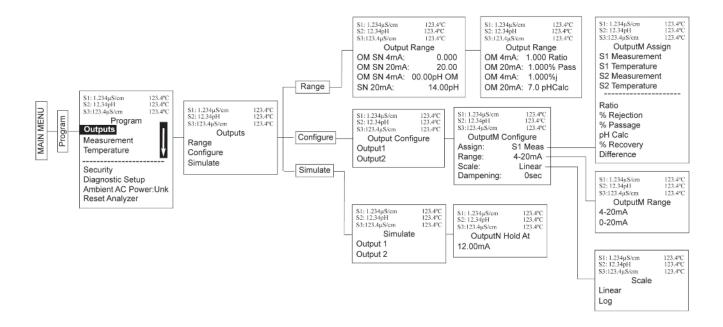
S1: 1.234μS/cm 123.4°C S2: 12.34pH 123.4°C S3:123.4μS/cm 123.4°C

S3 Measurement

S3 Temperature

Output Range
OM SN 4mA: 0.000μS/cm
OM SN 20mA: 20.00μS/cm
OM SN 4mA: 00.00pH
OM SN 20mA: 14.00pH

Figure 5-2 Configuring and Ranging the Current Outputs



5.5 Setting a Security Code

5.5.1 Purpose

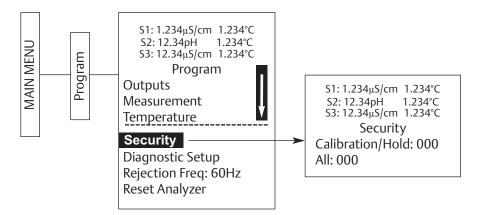
The security codes prevent accidental or unwanted changes to program settings, displays, and calibration. Model 1057 has two levels of security code to control access and use of the instrument to different types of users. The two levels of security are:

- **All** This is the supervisory security level. It allows access to all menu functions, including Programming, Calibration, Hold and Display.
- **Calibration/Hold** This is the operator or technician level menu. It allows access to only calbration and Hold of the current outputs.

5.5.2 Procedure

- 1. Press **MENU**. The main menu screen appears. Choose **Program**.
- 2. Scroll down to **Security**. Select **Security**.
- 3. The security entry screen appears. Enter a three digit security code for each of the desired security levels. The security code takes effect two minutes after the last key stroke. Record the security code(s) for future access and communication to operators or technicians as needed.
- 4. The display returns to the security menu screen. Press **EXIT** to return to the previous screen. To return to the main display, press **MENU** followed by **EXIT**. Figure 5-3 displays the security code screens.

Figure 5-3 Setting a Security Code



5.6 Security Access

5.6.1 How the Security Code Works

When entering the correct access code for the Calibration/Hold security level, the Calibration and Hold menus are accessible. This allows operators or technicians to perform routine maintenance. This security level does not allow access to the Program or Display menus.

When entering the correct access code for all security level, the user has access to all menu functions, including Programming, Calibration, Hold and Display.

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5.6.2 Procedure

 If a security code has been programmed, selecting the Calibrate, Hold, Program or Display top menu items causes the security access screen to appear.

S1: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C Security Code **0**00

- 2. Enter the three-digit security code for the appropriate security level.
- 3. If the entry is correct, the appropriate menu screen appears. If the entry is incorrect, the **Invalid Code** screen appears. The **Security Code** screen reappears after 2 seconds.

5.7 Using Hold

5.7.1 Purpose

The analyzer output is always proportional to measured value. To prevent improper operation of systems or pumps that are controlled directly by the current output, place the analyzer in hold before removing the sensor for calibration and maintenance. Be sure to remove the analyzer from hold once calibration is complete. During hold, both outputs remain at the last value. Once in hold, all current outputs remain on Hold indefinitely.

5.7.2 Using the Hold Function

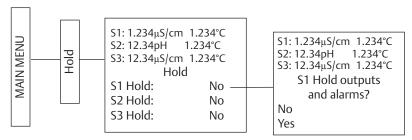
To hold the outputs,

- 1. Press **MENU**. The main menu screen appears. Choose **Hold**.
- 2. The **Hold Outputs and Alarms** screen appears. Choose Yes to place the analyzer in hold. Choose No to take the analyzer out of hold.

Note: There are no alarm relays with this configuration. Current outputs are included with all configurations.

3. The **Hold** screen appears and remains on indefinitely until **Hold** is disabled.

Figure 5-4 Using Hold



5.8 Resetting the Factory Default Settings

5.8.1 Purpose

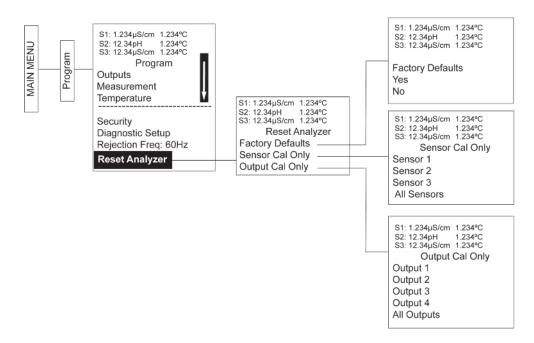
This section describes how to restore factory calibration and default values. The process also clears all fault messages and returns the display to the first Quick Start screen. The Model 1057 offers three options for resetting factory defaults.

- Reset all settings to factory defaults
- Reset sensor calibration data only
- Reset output calibration only

5.8.2 Procedure

To reset to factory defaults, reset calibration data only or reset analog outputs only, follow the Reset Analyzer flow diagram (Figure 5-5).

Figure 5-5 Resetting Factory Default Settings



5.9 Programming Alarm Relays

5.9.1 Purpose

The Model 1057 24 Vdc (02 order code) and the AC switching power supply (03 order code) provide four alarm relays for process measurement or temperature. Each alarm can be configured as a fault alarm instead of a process alarm. Also, each relay can be programmed independently and each can be programmed as an interval timer. This section describes how to configure alarm relays, simulate relay activation, and synchronize timers for the four alarm relays. This section provides details to program the following alarm features:

Table 5-2 Programming alarm relays

Section	Alarm Relay Feature	Default	Description
5.9.2	Enter setpoint	100.0uS/cm	Enter alarm trigger value
5.9.3	Assign measurement	S1 Measure	Select alarm assignment
5.9.4	Set relay logic	High	Program relay to activate at High or Low reading
5.9.5	Deadband	0.00uS/cm	Program the change in process value after the relay deactivates
5.9.6	USP safety	0%↓	Program percentage of the limit to activate the alarm
5.9.7	Normal state	Open	Program relay default condition as open or closed for failsafe operation
5.9.8	Interval time	24.0 hr	Time in hours between relay activations
5.9.9	On-Time	10 min	Enter the time in seconds that the relay is activated.
5.9.10	Recover time	60 sec	Enter time after the relay deactivation for process recovery
5.9.11	Hold while active	S1	Holds current outputs during relay activation
5.9.12	Simulate		Manually simulate alarms to confirm relay operation
5.9.13	Synchronize timers	Yes	Control the timing of two or more relay timers set as Interval timers

Under the **Program/Alarms** menu, the adjacent screen appears to allow s1:1.234μs/cm 1.234c 1.234c configuration of the alarm relays. Follow the menu screens in Figure 5-2 to configure the outputs.

S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34^μS/cm 1.234°C

Alarms

Configure/Setpoint Simulate

Synchronize Timers: Yes

The adjacent screen appears to allow selection of a specific alarm relay. Select the desired alarm and press **ENTER**.

S1: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34 LS/cm 1.234 C

Configure/Setpoint

Alarm 1

Alarm 2

Alarm 3

Alarm 4

The adjacent screen appears next to allow complete programming of each alarm. Factory defaults are displayed as they would appear for an installed contacting conductivity board. **USP Safety** only appears if alarm logic is set to "USP". Interval timer, On Time, Recover Time, and Hold While Active only appear if the alarm is configured as an Interval timer.

S1: 1.234uS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34µS/cm 1.234°C AlarmM Settings Setpoint: 100.0uS/cm Assign: S1 Measure Hiah Logic: Deadband: 0.00uS/cm USP Safety: 0% 24.0 hr Interval time: On Time: 120 sec Recover time: 60 sec Hold while active: Sens1

5.9.2 **Procedure - Enter Setpoints**

Under the **Program/Alarms** menu, the adjacent screen appears to allow configuration of the alarm relays. Enter the desired value for the process measurement or temperature at which to activate an alarm event.

S1: 1.234uS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C Alarm1 S2 Setpoint +100.0uS/cm

5.9.3 Procedure - Assign Measurements

Under the Alarms Settings menu, the adjacent screen appears to allow assignment of the alarm relays. select an alarm assignment. Additional assignment choices are shown in Figure 5-2 depending on which measurement board(s) is installed.

S1: 1.234_uS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34^{\(\mu\)}S/cm 1.234^{\(\mu\)}C Alarm*M* Assign: S1 Measurement S1 Temperature

S2 Measurement S2 Temperature

S3 Measurement S3 Temperature

Interval Timer Fault

Off

5.9.4 Procedure - Set Relay Logic

Under the Alarms Settings menu, the adjacent screen appears to set the alarm logic. Select the desired relay logic to activate alarms at a **High** reading or a **Low** reading. USP safety only appears if a contacting High conductivity board is installed.

S1: 1.234µS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34_µS/cm 1.234°C

Alarm*M* Logic:

Low **USP**

5.9.5 Procedure - Deadband

Under the **Alarms Settings** menu, the adjacent screen appears to program the deadband as a measurement value. Enter the change in the process value needed after the relay deactivates to return to normal (and thereby +000.5uS/cm preventing repeated alarm activation).

S1: 1.234µS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34^μS/cm 1.234°C Alarm1 Deadband

5.9.6 Procedure - USP Safety

Under the **Alarms Settings** menu, the adjacent screen appears to program the USP alarm setting. Enter the percentage below the limit at which to activate the alarm.

S1: 1.234uS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34µS/cm 1.234°C Alarm1 USP Safety

Procedure - Normal State 5.9.7

The user can define failsafe condition in software by programming the alarm S1: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C default state to normally open or normally closed upon power up. To display this alarm configuration item, enter the **Expert** menus by holding down the **EXIT** key for six seconds while in the main display mode. Select **Yes** upon seeing the screen prompt: "Enable Expert Menu?" Under the Alarms **Settings** menu, the adjacent screen appears to set the normal state of the alarms. Select the alarm condition that is desired each time the analyzer is powering up.

S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34^uS/cm 1.234°C Alarm2 Normal State Open Closed

5.9.8 Procedure - Interval Time

Under the **Alarms Settings** menu, the adjacent screen appears to set the interval time. Enter the fixed time in hours between relay activations.

S1: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34µS/cm 1.234°C Alarm1 Interval Time 024.0 hrs

5.9.9 Procedure - On Time

Under the **Alarms Settings** menu, the adjacent screen appears to set the relay on time. Enter the time in seconds that the relay is activated.

S1: 1.234uS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34^μS/cm 1.234°C Alarm1 On-Time 00.00sec

5.9.10 Procedure - Recovery Time

Under the **Alarms Settings** menu, the adjacent screen appears to set the relay recovery time. Enter time after the relay deactivation for process recovery.

S1: 1.234uS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34µS/cm 1.234°C Alarm1 Recovery 060sec

Procedure - Hold While Active 5.9.11

Under the **Alarms Settings** menu, the adjacent screen appears to program the feature that holds the current outputs while alarms are active. Select to Sensor 1 hold the current outputs for Sensor 1, Sensor 2 or both sensors while the relay is activated.

S1: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34 LS/cm 1.234 C Alarm1 Hold while active

Sensor 3 Αll None

Sensor 2

Procedure - Simulate 5.9.12

Alarm relays can be manually set for the purposes of checking devices such as valves or pumps. Under the Alarms Settings menu, the adjacent screen appears to allow manual forced activation of the alarm relays. Select the desired alarm condition to simulate.

51: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C 52: 12.34pH 1.234°C 53: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C Simulate Alarm M Don't simulate De-energize Energize

Procedure - Synchronize 5.9.13

Under the **Alarms Settings** menu, the adjacent screen appears to allow synchronization of alarms that are set to interval timers. Select **Yes** or **No** S3: 12.34pH 1.234°C synchronization of alarms that are set to interval timers. Select **Yes** or **No** S3: 12.34µS/cm 1.234°C to synchronize two or more timers

S1: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C

Synchronize Timers

Yes No

Section 6: Programming Measurements

6.1 Programming Measurements - Introduction

The Model 1057 automatically recognizes each installed measurement board upon first power-up and each time the analyzer is powered. Completion of Quick Start screens upon first power up enable measurements, but additional steps may be required to program the analyzer for the desired measurement application. This section covers the following programming and configuration functions:

- 1. Selecting measurement type or sensor type (all sections)
- 2. Identifying the preamp location (pH see Section 6.2)
- 3. Enabling manual temperature correction and entering a reference temperature (all sections)
- 4. Enabling sample temperature correction and entering temperature correction slope (selected sections)
- 5. Defining measurement display resolution (pH)
- 6. Defining measurement display units (all sections)
- 7. Adjusting the input filter to control display and output reading variability or noise (all sections)
- 8. Selecting a measurement range (conductivity see Section 6.4)
- 9. Entering a cell constant for a contacting sensor (see Section 6.4)
- 10. Entering a temperature element/RTD offset or temperature slope (conductivity see Section 6.4)
- 11. Creating an application-specific concentration curve (conductivity see Section 6.4)

To fully configure the analyzer for each installed measurement board, you may use the following:

- 1. Reset analyzer function to reset factory defaults and configure the measurement board to the desired measurement. Follow the Reset Analyzer menu (Figure 5-5) to reconfigure the analyzer to display new measurements or measurement units.
- 2. Program menus to adjust any of the programmable configuration items. Use the following configuration and programming quidelines for the applicable measurement.

6.2 pH Measurement Programming

6.2.1 Description

This section describes how to configure the Model 1057 analyzer for pH measurements. The following programming and configuration functions are covered.

Table 6-1 pH measurement programming

Measure	Section	Menu Function	Default Settings	Description
рН	6.2.2	Measurement type	pН	Select pH, ORP, redox, ammonia, fluoride, custom ISE
	6.2.3	Preamp location	Analyzer	Identify preamp location
	6.2.4	Solution temperature correction	Off	Select Off, ultra-pure, high pH, custom
	6.2.5	Temp coefficient	(custom)	Enter the temp coefficient
	6.2.6	Resolution	0.01pH	Select 0.01pH or 0.1pH for pH display resolution
	6.2.7	Filter	4 seconds	Override the default input filter, enter 0-999 seconds
	6.2.8	Reference Z	Low	Select low or high reference impedance

A detailed flow diagram (Figure 6-1) for pH configuring is provided at the end of Section 6 to guide you through all basic configuration functions.

To configure the pH measurement board:

- 1. Press **MENU**
- 2. Scroll down to **Program**. Press **ENTER**.
- 3. Scroll down to **Measurement**. Press **ENTER**.
- 4. Select **Sensor 1** or **Sensor 2** corresponding to pH. Press **ENTER**.

The adjacent screen format appears (factory defaults are shown). To program any function, scroll to the desired item and press **ENTER**.

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{S1: } 1.234 \mu \text{S/cm} & 1.234 ^{\circ} \text{C} \\ \text{S2: } 12.34 \text{pH} & 1.234 ^{\circ} \text{C} \\ \text{S3: } 12.34 \mu \text{S/cm} & 1.234 ^{\circ} \text{C} \end{array}$

SN Configure
Measure: pH
Preamp: Analyzer
Sol'n Temp Corr: Off

T Coeff: -0.029pH/°C

Resolution: 0.01pH Filter: 4 sec Reference Z: Low

The following sub-sections provide you with the initial display screen that appears for each configuration function. Use the flow diagram for configuring pH/ORP measurements (Figure 6-1) at the end of this section and the Model 1057 live screen prompts for each function to complete configuration and programming.

6.2.2 Measurement

The display screen for selecting the **Measurement** is shown. The default value is displayed in bold type. Refer to configuring pH/ORP measurements flow diagram (Figure 6-1) to complete this function.

S1: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN Measurement

pH ORP

Redox Ammonia

Fluoride Custom ISE

Sensor/|Box

6.2.3 Preamp

The display screen for identifying the **Preamp** location is shown. The default value is displayed in bold type. Refer to configuring pH/ORP measurements flow diagram (Figure 6-1) to complete this function.

S1: 1.234µS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34µS/cm 1.234°C SN Preamp

6.2.4 Solution Temperature Correction

The display screen for selecting the **Solution Temperature Correction** algorithm is shown. The default value is displayed in bold type. Refer to configuring pH/ORP measurements flow diagram (Figure 6-1) to complete this function.

51: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C 52: 12.34pH 1.234°C 53: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN Sol'n Temp Corr.

Ultra Pure Water High pH Custom

6.2.5 Temperature Coefficient

The display screen for entering the custom **Solution Temperature Coefficient** is shown. The default value is displayed in bold type. Refer to configuring pH/ORP measurements flow diagram (Figure 6-1) to complete this function.

\$1: 1.234µ\$/cm 1.234°C \$2: 12.34pH 1.234°C \$3: 12.34µ\$/cm 1.234°C \$N Sol'n Temp Coeff. - 0.032pH/°C LIO-MAN-1057

6.2.6 Resolution

The display screen for selecting 0.01pH or 0.1pH for pH display **Resolution** is S3: 12.34µS/cm 1.234°C shown. The default value is displayed in bold type. Refer to configuring pH/ORP measurements flow diagram (Figure 6-1) to complete this function.

S1: 1.234µS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C SN Resolution 0.01pH 0.1pH

6.2.7 Filter

The display screen for entering the **Input filter** value in seconds is shown. S3: 12.34µS/cm 1.234°C The default value is displayed in bold type. Refer to configuring pH/ORP measurements flow diagram (Figure 6-1) to complete this function.

S1: 1.234_uS/cm 1.234°C 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH SN Input filter 04 sec

6.2.8 Reference Impedence

The display screen for selecting Low or High **Reference impedance (Z)** is shown. The default value is displayed in bold type. Refer to configuring pH/ORP measurements flow diagram (Figure 6-1) to complete this function.

S1: 1.234µS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34µS/cm 1.234°C SN Reference Z Low Hiah

6.3 **ORP Measurement Programming**

6.3.1 Description

The section describes how to configure the Model 1057 analyzer for ORP measurements. The following programming and configuration functions are covered:

Table 6-2 ORP measurement programming

Measure	Section	IN/Ionii Fiinction	Default Settings	Description				
ORP	6.3.2	Measurement type	pН	Select pH, ORP, redox, ammonia, fluoride, custom ISE				
	6.3.3	Preamp location	Analyzer	Identify preamp location				
	6.3.4	Filter	4 seconds	Override the default input filter, enter 0-999 seconds				
	6.3.5	Reference (Z)	Low	Select low or high reference impedance				

A detailed flow diagram (Figure 6-1) for configuring ORP measurements is provided at the end of Section 6 to guide you through all basic configuration functions.

To configure the ORP measurement board:

- 1. Press MENU.
- 2. Scroll down to **Program**. Press **ENTER**.
- 3. Scroll down to **Measurement**. Press **ENTER**.
- 4. Select **Sensor 1** or **Sensor 2** corresponding to ORP. Press **ENTER**.

The adjacent screen appears (factory defaults are shown). To program any displayed function, scroll to the desired item and press **ENTER**.

S1: 1.234µS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: $12.34\mu S/cm$ $1.234^{\circ}C$ SN Configure Measure: рΗ Preamp: Analyzer Flter: 4 sec Reference Z: Low

The following sub-sections provide you with the initial display screen that appears for each configuration function. Use the flow diagram (Figure 6-1) for configuring ORP measurements at the end of this section and the Model 1057 live screen prompts for each function to complete configuration and programming.

6.3.2 Measurement

The display screen for selecting the **Measurement** is shown. The default value is displayed in bold type. Refer to configuring pH/ORP measurements flow diagram (Figure 6-1) to complete this function.

S1: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN Measurement pH

ORP Redox

Ammonia Fluoride Custom ISE

6.3.3 Preamp

The display screen for identifying the **Preamp** location is shown. The default value is displayed in bold type. Refer to configuring pH/ORP measurements flow diagram (Figure 6-1) to complete this function.

51: 1.234 μS/cm 1.234 °C 52: 12.34 μH 1.234 °C 53: 12.34 μS/cm 1.234 °C SN Preamp

Analyzer Sensor/|Box

6.3.4 Filter

The display screen for entering the **Input filter** value in seconds is shown. The default value is displayed in bold type. Refer to configuring pH/ORP measurements flow diagram (Figure 6-1) to complete this function.

S1: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN Input filter

04 sec

6.3.5 Reference Impedence

The display screen for Selecting Low or high **Reference impedance (Z)** is shown. The default value is displayed in bold type. Refer to configuring pH/ORP measurements flow diagram (Figure 6-1) to complete this function.

S1: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN Reference Z

Low High

6.4 Contacting Conductivity Measurement Programming

6.4.1 Description

The section describes how to configure the Model 1057 analyzer for conductivity measurements using contacting conductivity sensors. The following programming and configuration functions are covered.

Table 6-3 Contacting conductivity measurement programming

Measure	Section	Menu Function:	Default Settings	Description
Contacting	6.4.2	Туре	2- Electrode	Select 2-Electrode or 4-Electrode type sensors
Conductivity	6.4.3	Measure	Conductivity	Select Conductivity, Resistivity, TDS. Salinity or % conc
	6.4.4	Range	Auto	Select measurement Auto-range or specific range
	6.4.5	Cell K	1.00000/cm	Enter the cell Constant for the sensor
	6.4.6	RTD Offset	0.00°C	Enter the RTD Offset
	6.4.7	RTD Slope	0	Enter the RTD Slope
	6.4.8	Temp Comp	Slope	Select Temp Comp: Slope, Neutral Salt, Cation or Raw
	6.4.9	Slope	2.00%/°C	Enter the linear temperature coefficient
	6.4.10	Ref Temp	25.0 °C	Enter the Reference temp
	6.4.11	Filter	2 seconds	Override the default input filter, enter 0-999 seconds
	6.4.12	Custom	Setup	Enter 2-5 data points in ppm and μS/cm for custom curves
	6.4.13	Cal Factor	0.95000/cm	Enter the Cal Factor for 4-Electrode sensors from the sensor tag

A detailed flow diagram (Figure 6-2) for contacting conductivity programming is provided at the end of this section to guide you through all basic programming and configuration functions.

To configure the contacting conductivity measurement board:

- 1. Press MENU
- 2. Scroll down to **Program**. Press **ENTER**.
- 3. Scroll down to **Measurement**. Press **ENTER**.
- Select Sensor 1 or Sensor 2 corresponding to contacting conductivity. Press ENTER.

The adjacent screen appears (factory defaults are shown). To program any displayed function, scroll to the desired item and press **ENTER**.

S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34µS/cm 1.234°C SN Configure Type: 2-Electrode Cond Measure: Range: Auto Cell K: 1.00000/cm RTD Offset: 0.00°C RTD Slope: Temp Comp: Slope Slope: 2.00%/°C Ref Temp: 25.0°C Filter: 2 sec **Custom Setup**

S1: 1.234uS/cm 1.234°C

The following sub-sections provide you with the initial display screen that appears for each configuration function. Use the flow diagram for contacting conductivity programming at the end of this section and the Model 1057 live screen prompts for each function to complete configuration and programming.

6.4.2 Sensor Type

The display screen for selecting 2-Electrode or 4-Electrode **Type** sensors is shown. The default value is displayed in bold type. Refer to configuring contacting measurements flow diagram (Figure 6-2) to complete this function.

SN Type Sensors is SN Type Sensors is shown. The default value is displayed in bold type. Refer to configuring 2-Electrode 4-Electrode

S1: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN Type 2-Electrode 4-Electrode

S1: 1.234µS/cm 1.234°C

6.4.3 Measure

The display screen for selecting the **Measurement** is shown. The default value is displayed in bold type. Refer to configuring contacting measurements flow diagram (Figure 6-2) to complete this function.

S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C
S3: 12.34µS/cm 1.234°C
SN Measurement
Conductivity
Resistivity
TDS
Salinity
NaOH (0-12%)
HCI (0-15%)
Low H2SO4
High H2SO4
NaCl (0-20%)
Custom Curve

6.4.4 Range

The display screen for selecting **Range** (Auto or a specific range) is shown. S3: 12.34µS/cm 1.234°C The default value is displayed in bold type.

Note: Ranges are shown as conductance, not conductivity.

Refer to configuring contacting measurements flow diagram (Figure 6-2) to complete this function.

51: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C 52: 12.34pH 1.234°C 53: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN Range **Auto** 50 μS 500 μS 2000 μS 20 mS 600 mS Cell Constant

6.4.5

The display screen for entering a cell **Constant** for the sensor is shown. The default value is displayed in bold type. Refer to configuring contacting measurements flow diagram (Figure 6-2) to complete this function.

S1: 1.234µS/cm 1.234°C 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN Cell Constant 1.00000 /cm

RDT Offset 6.4.6

The display screen for entering the **RTD Offset** for the sensor is shown. The default value is displayed in bold type. Refer to configuring contacting measurements flow diagram (Figure 6-2) to complete this function.

S1: 1.234µS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34µS/cm 1.234°C SN RTD Offset **0**.00°C

6.4.7 RDT Slope

The display screen for entering the RTD Slope for the sensor is shown. S3: 12.34µS/cm 1.234°C The default value is displayed in bold type. Refer to configuring contacting measurements flow diagram (Figure 6-2) to complete this function.

S1: 1.234µS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C SN RTD Slope 2.00%/°C

Temp Comp 6.4.8

The display screen for selecting **Temperature Compensation** as Slope, Neutral Salt, Cation or Raw is shown. The default value is displayed in bold type. Refer to configuring contacting measurements flow diagram (Figure 6-2) to complete this function.

S1: 1.234µS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN Temp Comp Slope

Neutral Salt

Cation Raw

6.4.9 Slope

The display screen for entering the conductivity/temp **Slope** is shown. The default value is displayed in bold type. Refer to configuring contacting measurements flow diagram (Figure 6-2) to complete this function.

S1: 1.234µS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34µS/cm 1.234°C SN Slope 2.00 %/°C

6.4.10 Reference Temp

The display screen for entering the **Reference Temperature** is shown. The default value is displayed in bold type. Refer to configuring contacting measurements flow diagram (Figure 6-2) to complete this function.

S1: 1.234µS/cm 1.234°C 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH S3: 12.34µS/cm 1.234°C SN Ref Temp (25.0°C normal) +25.0°C

6.4.11 **Filter**

The display screen for entering **Input filter** value is shown in seconds. The default value is displayed in bold type. Refer to configuring contacting measurements flow diagram (Figure 6-2) to complete this function.

S1: 1.234µS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN Input filter

02 sec

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6.4.12 Custom Setup

The display screens for creating a **Custom Curve** for converting conductivity to concentration is shown. Refer to configuring contacting measurements flow diagram (Figure 6-2) to complete this function.

S1: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN Custom Curve Configure Enter Data Points Calculate Curve

When the custom curve data entry is complete, press **ENTER**. The display confirms the determination of a custom curve fit to the entered data by displaying this screen:

S1: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN Calculate Curve Custom curve fit completed. In Process Cal recommended.

If the custom curve fit is not completed or is unsuccessful, the adjacent screen appears and the screen returns to the beginning custom curve screen.

\$1: 1.234µ\$/cm 1.234°C \$2: 12.34pH 1.234°C \$3: 12.34µ\$/cm 1.234°C \$N Calculate Curve Failure

6.4.13 Cal Factor

Upon initial installation and power up, if 4-electrode was selected for the sensor type in the Quick Start menus, the user enters a **Cell Constant** and a **Cal Factor** using the instrument keypad. The cell constant is needed to convert measured conductance to conductivity as displayed on the analyzer screen. The **Cal Factor** entry is needed which increases the accuracy of the live conductivity readings, especially at low conductivity readings below 20uS/cm. Both the **Cell Constant** and the **Cal Factor** are printed on the tag attached to the 4-electrode sensor/cable.

The display screen for entering **Cal Factor** is shown. The default value is displayed in bold type. If necessary after initial installation and start-up, enter the **Cal Factor** as printed on the sensor tag.

S1: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN Cal Factor **0.95**000/cm

Figure 6-1 Configuring pH/ORP Measurements

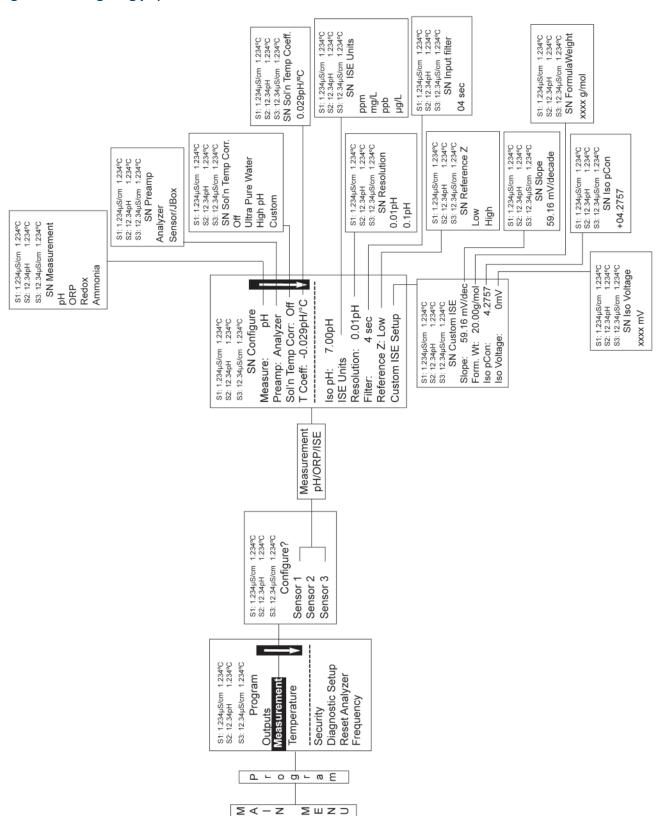
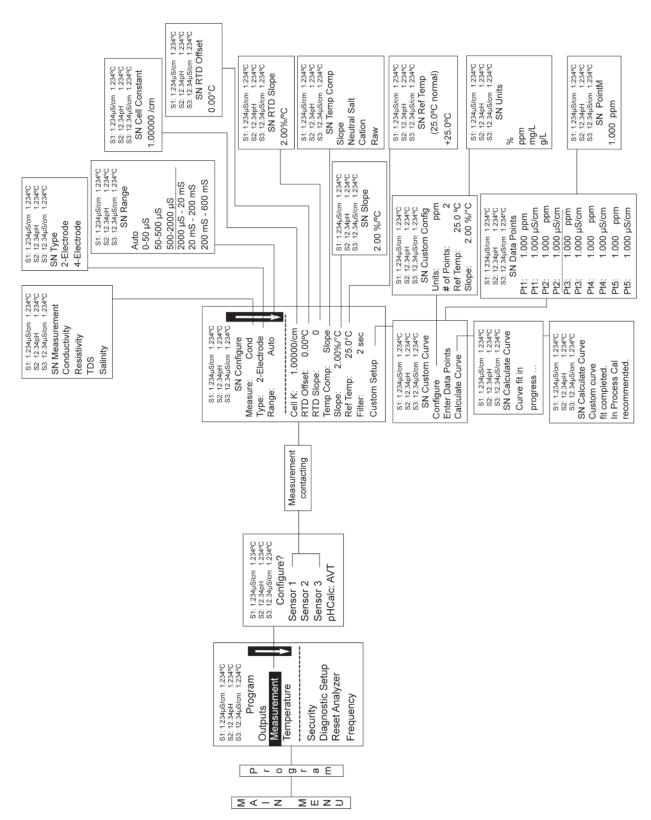


Figure 6-2 Configuring Contacting Measurements



7.1 Calibration - Introduction

Calibration is the process of adjusting or standardizing the analyzer to a lab test or a calibrated laboratory instrument, or standardizing to some known reference (such as a commercial buffer). The auto-recognition feature of the analyzer will enable the appropriate calibration screens to allow calibration for any single sensor configuration or dual sensor configuration of the analyzer. Completion of Quick Start upon first power up enables live measurements but does not ensure accurate readings in the lab or in process. Calibration should be performed with each attached sensor to ensure accurate, repeatable readings. This section covers the following programming and configuration functions:

- 1. Auto buffer cal for pH (pH Cal Section 7.2)
- 2. Manual buffer cal for pH (pH Cal Section 7.2)
- 3. Set calibration stabilization criteria for pH (pH Cal Section 7.2)
- 4. Standardization calibration (1-point) for pH, ORP and Redox (pH Cal Section 7.2 and 7.3)
- 5. Entering the cell constant of a conductivity sensor (Conductivity Cal Section 7.4 and 7.5)
- 6. Calibrating the sensor in a conductivity standard (Conductivity Cal Section 7.4 and 7.5)
- 7. Calibrating the analyzer to a laboratory instrument (Conductivity Cal Section 7.4)
- 8. Enter a manual reference temperature for temperature compensation of the process measurement

7.2 pH Calibration

7.2.1 Description

New sensors must be calibrated before use. Regular recalibration is also necessary. Use auto calibration instead of manual calibration. Auto calibration avoids common pitfalls and reduces errors. The analyzer recognizes the buffers and uses temperature-corrected pH values in the calibration. Once the Model 1057 successfully completes the calibration, it calculates and displays the calibration slope and offset. The slope is reported as the slope at 25 °C. This section describes how to calibrate the model 1057 with a ph sensor. the following calibration routines are covered.

Table 7-1 pH calibration routines

Measure	Section	IIVIANII FIINCTION	Default Settings	Description
pН	7.2.2	Auto Calibration	pН	Two point buffer calibration with auto buffer recognition
	7.2.3	Manual Calibration	pН	Two point buffer calibration with manual buffer value entry
		Entering A Known Slope Value	рН	Slope calibration with manual entry of known slope value
	7.2.5	Standardization	рН	One point buffer calibration with manual buffer value entry

A detailed flow diagram is provided at the end of this section to guide you through the calibration routines.

To calibrate pH:

- 1. Press the **MENU** button
- Select Calibrate. Press ENTER.
- 3. Select **Sensor 1** or **Sensor 2** corresponding to pH. Press **ENTER**.

4. Select **pH**. Press **ENTER**.

The adjacent screen appears. To **Calibrate** pH or Temperature scroll to the desired item and press **ENTER**.

S1: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN Calibrate? pH Temperature

The following sub-sections show the initial display screen that appears for each calibration routine. Use the flow diagram (Figure 7-1) for pH calibration at the end of this section and the live screen prompts to complete calibration.

7.2.2 Auto Calibration - pH

This screen appears after selecting **pH cal.**

Note that pH auto calibration criteria can be changed.

The following criteria can be adjusted:

- Stabilization time (default 10 seconds)
- Stabilization pH value (default 0.02 pH)
- Type of Buffer used for AUTO CALIBRATION (default is Standard, non-commercial buffers).

The following commercial buffer tables are recognized by the analyzer:

- Standard (NIST plus pH7)
- DIN 19267
- Ingold
- Merck

The adjacent screen appears to allow adjustment of above criteria:

The adjacent screen appears if the **Auto Cal** is successful. The screen returns to the **pH Buffer Cal** menu.

The following screen appears if the **Auto Cal** is unsuccessful.

- 1. A **High Slope Error** generates the adjacent screen display:
- 2. A **Low Slope Error** generates the adjacent screen display:

S1: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN pH Cal Buffer Cal Standardize

Slope: 59.16mV/pH Offset: 600 mV

S1: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN Setup Stable Time: 10 sec Stable Delta: 0.02 pH

Buffer:

S1: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN pH Auto Cal Slope: 59.16 mV/pH Offset: 60 mV

Standard

S1: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN pH Auto Cal High Slope Error Calculated: 62.11 mV/pH Max: 62.00 mV/pH Press EXIT

51: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C 52: 12.34pH 1.234°C 53: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN pH Auto Cal Low Slope Error Calculated: 39.11mV/pH Min: 40.00 mV/pH Press EXIT

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> An **Offset Error** generates the adjacent screen display: 3.

S1: 1.234µS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34µS/cm 1.234°C SN pH Auto Cal Offset Error

Calculated: 61.22mV Max: 60.00mV Press EXIT

7.2.3 Manual Calibration - pH

New sensors must be calibrated before use. Regular recalibration is also necessary. Use manual calibration if non-standard buffers are being used; otherwise, use auto calibration. Auto calibration avoids common pitfalls and reduces errors.

The adjacent screen appears after selecting **pH Manual cal**.

S1: 1.234_uS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN pH Manual Cal Buffer 1 Buffer 2

Entering A Known Slope Value — pH 7.2.4

If the electrode slope is known from other measurements, it can be entered directly in the Model 1057 analyzer. The slope must be entered as the s3:12.34µS/cm 1.234°C Slope at 25 °C.

S1: 1.234µS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C SN pH Slope@25°C 59.16 mV/pH

7.2.5 Standardization — pH

The pH measured by the Model 1057 analyzer can be changed to match the reading from a second or referee instrument. The process of making the two S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C readings agree is called standardization. During standardization, the 53:12.34µS/cm 1.23°C difference between the two pH values is converted to the equivalent voltage. The voltage, called the reference offset, is added to all subsequent measured | 07.00pH cell voltages before they are converted to pH. If a standardized sensor is placed in a buffer solution, the measured pH will differ from the buffer pH by an amount equivalent to the standardization offset.

S1: 1.234uS/cm 1.234°C SN Enter Value

The following screen may appear if ORP Cal is unsuccessful.

An **Offset Error** generates the adjacent screen display:

If the ORP Cal is successful, the screen returns to the Cal sub-menu.

S1: 1.234µS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34µS/cm 1.234°C SN Standardize Offset Error Calculated: 96mV 60mV Max:

Press EXIT

7.3 ORP Calibration

7.3.1 Description

For process control, it is often important to make the measured ORP agree with the ORP of a standard solution. During calibration, the measured ORP is made equal to the ORP of a standard solution at a single point.

This section describes how to calibrate the model 1057 with ORP sensor. The following calibration routine is covered.

Table 7-2 ORP calibration routine

Measure	Section	Menu Function	Default Settings	Description
ORP	7.3.2	Standardization	ORP	One point buffer calibration with manual buffer value entry

A detailed flow diagram (Figure 7-2) is provided at the end of this section to guide you through the ORP calibration routines.

To calibrate ORP:

- 1. Press the **MENU** button
- 2. Select Calibrate. Press ENTER.
- 3. Select **Sensor 1** or **Sensor 2** corresponding to ORP. Press **ENTER**.
- 4. Select **ORP**. Press **ENTER**.

The adjacent screen appears. To calibrate ORP or Temperature, scroll to the desired item and press **ENTER**.

S1: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN Calibrate? ORP Temperature

The following sub-sections show the initial display screen that appears for each calibration routine. Use the flow diagram (Figure 7-2) for ORP calibration at the end of this section and the live screen prompts to complete calibration.

7.3.1 Standardization — ORP

For process control, it is often important to make the measured ORP agree with the ORP of a standard solution. During calibration, the measured ORP is made equal to the ORP of a standard solution at a single point.

The adjacent screen appears after selecting ORP calibration.

If the ORP Cal is successful, the screen returns to the Cal sub-menu.

S1: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN Enter Value +0600 mV

The adjacent screen appears if ORP Cal is unsuccessful.

51: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C 52: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN Standardize Offset Error Calculated: 61.22mV Max: 60.00mV Press EXIT

7.4 Contacting Conductivity Calibration

7.4.1 Description

This section describes how to calibrate a Model 1057 with Contacting Conductivity Sensor attached.

Placing A New Conductivity Sensor In Service

New conductivity sensors rarely need calibration. The cell constant printed on the label is sufficiently accurate for most applications.

Calibrating An In-Service Conductivity Sensor

After a conductivity sensor has been in service for a period of time, recalibration may be necessary. There are three ways to calibrate a sensor.

- 1. Use a standard instrument and sensor to measure the conductivity of the process stream. It is not necessary to remove the sensor from the process piping. The temperature correction used by the standard instrument may not exactly match the temperature correction used by the Model 1057. To avoid errors, turn off temperature correction in both the analyzer and the standard instrument.
- 2. Place the sensor in a solution of known conductivity and make the analyzer reading match the conductivity of the standard solution. Use this method if the sensor can be easily removed from the process piping and a standard is available. Be careful using standard solutions having conductivity less than $100~\mu\text{S/cm}$. Low conductivity standards are highly susceptible to atmospheric contamination. Avoid calibrating sensors with 0.01/cm cell constants against conductivity standards having conductivity greater than $100~\mu\text{S/cm}$. The resistance of these solutions may be too low for an accurate measurement. Calibrate sensors with 0.01/cm cell constant using method 3.
- 3. To calibrate a 0.01/cm sensor, check it against a standard instrument and 0.01/cm sensor while both sensors are measuring water having a conductivity between 5 and 10 μ S/cm. To avoid drift caused by absorption of atmospheric carbon dioxide, saturate the sample with air before making the measurements.

To ensure adequate flow past the sensor during calibration, take the sample downstream from the sensor. For best results, use a flow-through standard cell. If the process temperature is much different from ambient, keep connecting lines short and insulate the flow cell.

	Table 7-3	Contacting	conductivity	/ calibration	routines
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Measure	Section	Menu Function	Settings	Description
Contacting Conductivity	7.4.2	Cell K	1.00000/cm	Enter the cell Constant for the sensor
Conductivity	7.4.3	Zero Cal		Zero the analyzer with the sensor attached
	7.4.4	In Process Cal		Standardize the sensor to a known conductivity
	7.4.5	Meter Cal		Calibrate the analyzer to a lab conductivity instrument
	7.4.6	Cal Factor	0.95000/cm	Enter the Cal Factor for 4-Electrode sensors from the sensor tag

A detailed flow diagram (Figure 7-3) is provided at the end of this section to guide you through the calibration routines.

To calibrate contacting conductivity:

- 1. Press the **MENU** button
- 2. Select **Calibrate**. Press **ENTER**.
- 3. Select **Sensor 1** or **Sensor 2** corresponding to contacting conductivity. Press **ENTER**.

4. Select **Conductivity**. Press **ENTER**.

The adjacent screen appears. To calibrate **Conductivity** or **Temperature**, scroll to the desired item and press **ENTER**.

S1: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN Calibrate? Conductivity Temperature

The following sub-sections show the initial display screen that appears for each calibration routine. Use the flow diagram (Figure 7-3) for conductivity calibration at the end of this section and the live screen prompts for each routine to complete calibration.

The adjacent screen appears after selecting conductivity **Calibration**.

S1: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN Calibration Zero Cal In Process Cal Meter Cal Cell K: 1.00000/cm

7.4.2 Entering The Cell Constant

New conductivity sensors rarely need calibration. The cell constant printed on the label is sufficiently accurate for most applications. The cell constant should be entered:

- When the unit is installed for the first time
- When the probe is replaced

The display screen for entering **Cell Constant** for the sensor is shown. The default value is displayed in bold type.

51: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C 52: 12.34pH 1.234°C 53: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN Cell Constant 1.00000 /cm

7.4.3 Zeroing The Instrument

This procedure is used to compensate for small offsets to the conductivity signal that are present even when there is no conductivity to be measured. This procedure is affected by the length of extension cable and should always be repeated if any changes in extension cable or sensor have been made. Electrically connect the conductivity probe as it will actually be used and place the measuring portion of the probe in air. Be sure the probe is dry.

The adjacent screen appears after selecting **Zero Cal** from th conductivity calibration screen.

the S1: 1.234µS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34µS/cm 1.234°CSN Zero Cal In Air In Water

The adjacent screen appears if **Zero Cal** is successful. The screen returns to the conductivity Cal menu.

51: 1.234µS/cm 1.234°C 52: 12.34pH 1.234°C 53: 12.34µS/cm 1.234°C SN Zero Cal Sensor Zero Done

The adjacent screen appears if **Zero Cal** is unsuccessful.

S1: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN Zero Cal Sensor Zero Fail Offset too high

Press EXIT

7.4.4 Calibrating The Sensor In A Conductivity Standard (In Process Cal)

This procedure is used to calibrate the sensor and analyzer against a solution of known conductivity. This is done by submerging the probe in the sample of known conductivity, then adjusting the dis played value, if necessary, to correspond to the conductivity value of the sample. Turn temperature correction off and use the conductivity of the standard. Use a calibrated thermometer to measure temperature. The probe must be cleaned before performing this procedure.

The adjacent screen appears after selecting **In Process Cal** from the conductivity calibration screen.

51: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C 52: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN InProcess Cal Wait for stable reading.

The adjacent screen appears if **In Process Cal** is successful. The screen returns to the conductivity Cal menu.

S1: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN InProcess Cal Updated cell constant: 1.00135/cm

The adjacent screen may appear if **In Process Cal** is unsuccessful. The screen returns to the conductivity Cal menu.

51: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C 52: 12.34pH 1.234°C 53: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN InProcess Cal Calibration Error Press EXIT

7.4.5 Calibrating The Sensor To A Laboratory Instrument (Meter Cal)

This procedure is used to check and correct the conductivity reading of the Model 1057 using a laboratory conductivity instrument. This is done by submerging the conductivity probe in a bath and measuring the conductivity of a grab sample of the same bath water with a separate laboratory instrument. The Model 1057 reading is then adjusted to match the conductivity reading of the lab instrument.

The adjacent screen appears after selecting **Meter Cal** from the conductivity calibration screen

\$1: 1.234µS/cm 1.234°C \$2: 12.34pH 1.234°C \$3: 12.34µS/cm 1.234°C \$N Meter Cal Use precision resistors only

S1: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C

After pressing **ENTER**, the display shows the live value measured by the sensor.

SN Enter Value xx.xx kΩ

If the **Meter Cal** is successful the screen returns to the conductivity Cal menu.

S1: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C

The adjacent screen appears if **Meter Cal** is unsuccessful. The screen returns to the conductivity Cal menu.

S3: 12.34µS/cm 1.234°C SN Meter Cal Calibration Error Press EXIT

Cal Factor 7.4.6

Upon initial installation and power up, if 4-electrode was selected for the sensor type in the Quick Start menus, the user enters Cell Constant and Cal Factor using the instrument keypad. The cell constant is needed to convert measured conductance to conductivity as displayed on the analyzer screen. The Cal Factor entry is needed to increase the accuracy of the live conductivity readings, especially at low conductivity readings below 20 uS/cm. Both the **Cell Constant** and the **Cal Factor** are printed on the tag attached to the 4-electrode sensor/cable.

The display screen for entering **Cal Factor** is shown. The default value is displayed in bold type. If necessary after initial installation and start-up, enter the **Cal Factor** as printed on the sensor tag.

S1: 1.234uS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH S3: 12.34_μS/cm 1.234°C SN Cal Factor 0.95000 /cm

7.5 Calibrating Temperature

Description 7.5.1

Most liquid analytical measurements require temperature compensation (except ORP). The Model 1057 performs temperature compensation automatically by applying internal temperature correction algorithms. Temperature correction can also be turned off. If temperature correction is off, the Model 1057 uses the manual temperature entered by the user in all temperature correction calculations.

This section describes how to calibrate temperature in the model 1057 analyzer. the following calibration routine is covered.

Table 7-4 Temperature calibration routine

Measure	Section		Default Settings	Description
Temperature	7.5.2	Calibrate		Enter a manual reference temperature for temperature compensation of the process measurement

To calibrate temperature:

- Press the **MENU** button 1.
- 2. Select Calibrate. Press ENTER.
- Select **Sensor 1** or **Sensor 2** corresponding to the desired S2:12.34pH 1.234°C 3. measurement. Press ENTER.
- 4. Select **Temperature**. Press **ENTER**.

The adjacent screen appears.

The following sub-section provides you with the initial display screen that appears for temperature calibration. Use the flow diagram (Figure 7-4) for temperature calibration at the end of this section to complete calibration.

7.5.2 Calibration

The adjacent screen appears during **Temperature Cal**.

S1: 1.234μS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34μS/cm 1.234°C SN Calibrate Cal in progress. Please wait.

S1: 1.234µS/cm 1.234°C

S3: 12.34µS/cm 1.234°C

+025.0°C

SN Calibrate

If the sensor Temperature offset is greater than 5 °C from the default value, the adjacent screen appears. You may continue by selecting **Yes** or suspend this operation by selecting **No**. If the Temp Cal is successful, the screen returns to the Cal menu.

Note: To select automatic or manual temp compensation or to program temperature units as °C or °F, refer to Section 5.3 in this manual

S1: 1.234µS/cm 1.234°C S2: 12.34pH 1.234°C S3: 12.34µS/cm 1.234°C SN Temp Offset > 5°C Continue?

No

Figure 7-1 Calibrate pH

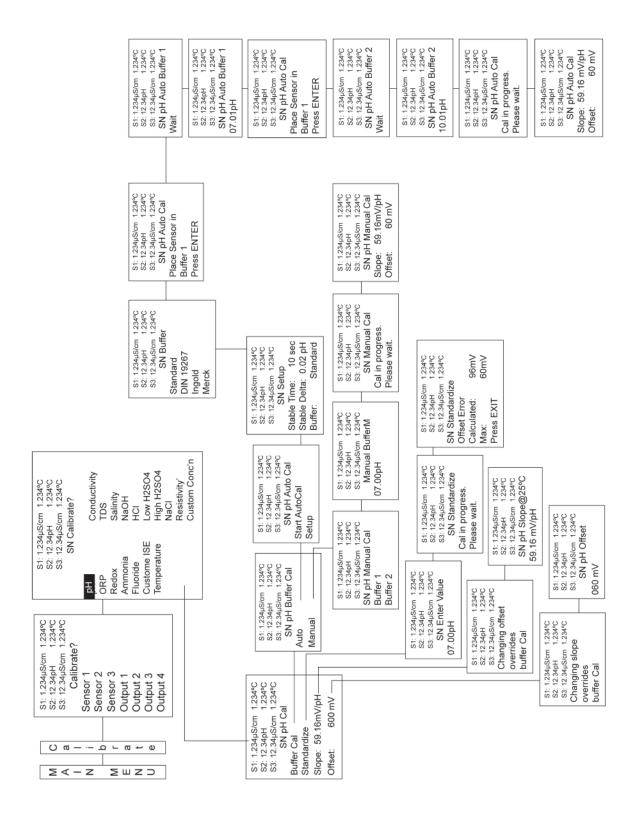


Figure 7-2 Calibrate ORP

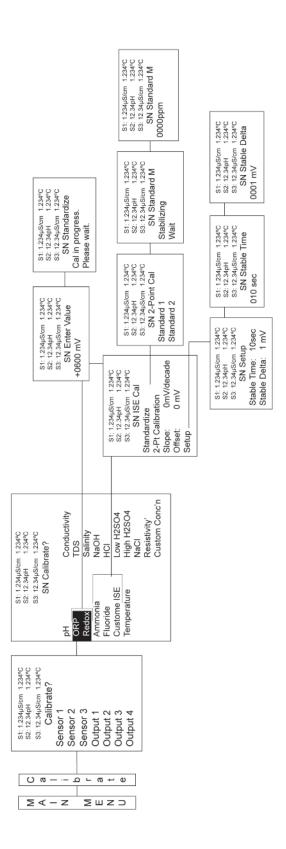


Figure 7-3 Calibrate Contacting Conductivity

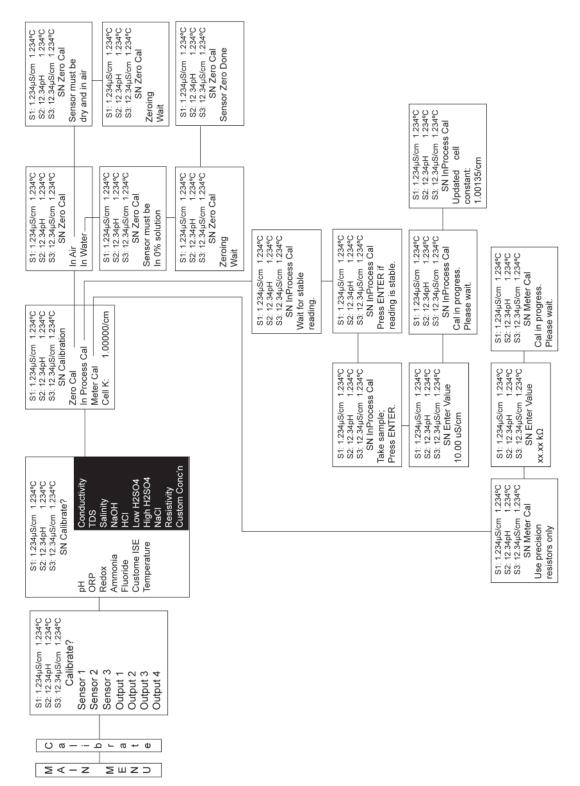
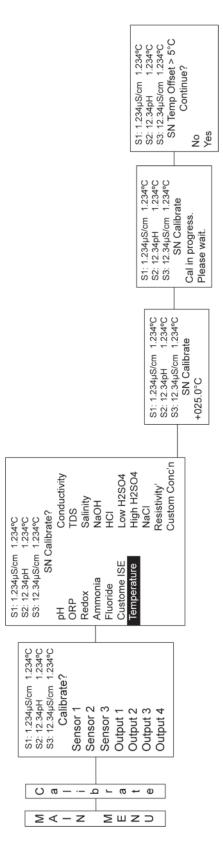


Figure 7-4 Calibrate Temperature



Section 8: Return of Material

8.1 General

To expedite the repair and return of instruments, proper communication between the customer and the factory is important. Before returning a product for repair, call 1-949-757-8500 for a Return Materials Authorization (RMA) number.

8.2 Warranty Repair

The following is the procedure for returning instruments still under warranty:

- 1. Call Emerson for authorization.
- 2. To verify warranty, supply the factory sales order number or the original purchase order number. In the case of individual parts or sub-assemblies, the serial number on the unit must be supplied.
- 3. Carefully package the materials and enclose your "Letter of Transmittal" (see Warranty). If possible, pack the materials in the same manner as they were received.
- 4. Send the package prepaid to:

Emerson
8200 Market Blvd.
Chanhassen, MN 55317
Attn: Factory Repair
RMA No. _____
Mark the package: Returned for Repair

IMPORTANT

Please see second section of "Return of Materials Request" form. Compliance with the OSHA requirements is mandatory for the safety of all personnel. MSDS forms and a certification that the instruments have been disinfected or detoxified are required.

8.3 Non-Warranty Repair

Model No. ____

The following is the procedure for returning for repair instruments that are no longer under warranty:

- 1. Call Emerson for authorization.
- 2. Supply the purchase order number, and make sure to provide the name and telephone number of the individual to be contacted should additional information be needed.
- 3. Do Steps 3 and 4 of Section 8.2.

Note: Consult the factory for additional information regarding service or repair.

WARRANTY

Seller warrants that the firmware will execute the programming instructions provided by Seller, and that the Goods manufactured or Services provided by Seller will be free from defects in materials or workmanship under normal use and care until the expiration of the applicable warranty period. Goods are warranted for twelve (12) months from the date of initial installation or eighteen (18) months from the date of shipment by Seller, whichever period expires first. Consumables, such as glass electrodes, membranes, liquid junctions, electrolyte, o-rings, catalytic beads, etc., and Services are warranted for a period of 90 days from the date of shipment or provision.

Products purchased by Seller from a third party for resale to Buyer ("Resale Products") shall carry only the warranty extended by the original manufacturer. Buyer agrees that Seller has no liability for Resale Products beyond making a reasonable commercial effort to arrange for procurement and shipping of the Resale Products.

If Buyer discovers any warranty defects and notifies Seller thereof in writing during the applicable warranty period, Seller shall, at its option, promptly correct any errors that are found by Seller in the firmware or Services, or repair or replace F.O.B. point of manufacture that portion of the Goods or firmware found by Seller to be defective, or refund the purchase price of the defective portion of the Goods/Services.

All replacements or repairs necessitated by inadequate maintenance, normal wear and usage, unsuitable power sources, unsuitable environmental conditions, accident, misuse, improper installation, modification, repair, storage or handling, or any other cause not the fault of Seller are not covered by this limited warranty, and shall be at Buyer's expense. Seller shall not be obligated to pay any costs or charges incurred by Buyer or any other party except as may be agreed upon in writing in advance by an authorized Seller representative. All costs of dismantling, reinstallation and freight and the time and expenses of Seller's personnel for site travel and diagnosis under this warranty clause shall be borne by Buyer unless accepted in writing by Seller.

Goods repaired and parts replaced during the warranty period shall be in warranty for the remainder of the original warranty period or ninety (90) days, whichever is longer. This limited warranty is the only warranty made by Seller and can be amended only in a writing signed by an authorized representative of Seller. Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Agreement, THERE ARE NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY OTHER MATTER WITH RESPECT TO ANY OF THE GOODS OR SERVICES.

RETURN OF MATERIAL

Material returned for repair, whether in or out of warranty, should be shipped prepaid to:

Emerson 8200 Market Blvd. Chanhassen, MN 55317

d:

Return for Repair		
Model		

The returned material should be accompanied by a letter of transmittal which should include the following information (make a copy of the "Return of Materials Request" found on the last page of the Manual and provide the following thereon):

- 1. Location type of service, and length of time of service of the device.
- 2. Description of the faulty operation of the device and the circumstances of the failure.
- 3. Name and telephone number of the person to contact if there are questions about the returned material.
- 4. Statement as to whether warranty or non-warranty service is requested.
- 5. Complete shipping instructions for return of the material.

Adherence to these procedures will expedite handling of the returned material and will prevent unnecessary additional charges for inspection and testing to determine the problem with the device.

If the material is returned for out-of-warranty repairs, a purchase order for repairs should be enclosed.

Note: Please see website for most recent Declaration.



EU Declaration of Conformity

(No. 1700904)

1057-AA-BB-CC-DD-EE

CE

This declaration is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer: Rosemount Inc., 8200 Market Blvd., Chanhassen, MN 55317 USA The product,

Rosemount Multi-Parameter Analyzer Model 1057-AA-BB-CC-DD-EE

Whe	re						
	is Power:		s Measurement 1:		is Measurement 2:		is Measurement 3:
01	115/230VAC, no relays	20	Contacting Conductivity	30	Contacting Conductivity	40	Contacting Conductivity
02	24 VDC, 4 alarm relays	22	pH/ORP/ISP	32	pH/ORP/ISP	42	pH/ORP/ISP
03	85-265VAC, 4 alarm relays			38	None	48	None
						EE i	is UL option:
							Blank if no selection
						UL	UL, Ordinary Location

to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with relevant Union harmonization legislation:

(2014/30/EU) EMC Directive

(2014/35/EU) Low Voltage Directive

Assumption of conformity is based on the application of the harmonized standards:

EN 61326-1:2006 Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use. EMC

requirements. General requirements

EN 61010-1:2010 Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory

use. General requirements

(Signature)

LJueman

Kim Freeman (Name printed) Director of Global Quality (Function name)

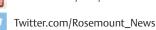
> March 28, 2017 (Date of issue)

CE marking was first affixed to this product in 2008

www.Emerson.com/RosemountLiquidAnalysis



Youtube.com/user/Rosemount



Analyticexpert.com



facebook.com/Rosemount

Emerson

8200 Market Blvd. Chanhassen, MN 55317, USA Tel +1 800 999 9307 Fax +1 952 949 7001

Liquid.CSC@Emerson.com

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