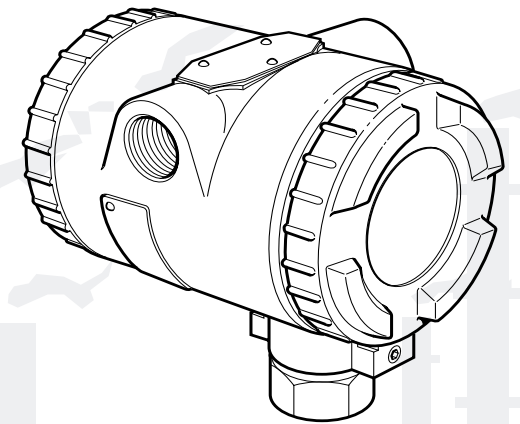


*RTX 1000A Series*  
**Analog Pressure Transmitter**

**User manual**



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### **Trademarks**

All product names are trademarks of their respective companies.

## Safety

To use this equipment safely, you must use the data and procedures in these publications:

- The "Calibration data and instructions" for the equipment
- The applicable CSA or FM Approvals 'Control Drawing' (Hazardous or Classified areas only)
- This user manual

These publications contain instructions to operate the equipment and maintain it in a safe condition. To prevent damage or injury:

- Obey all warnings and cautions
- Use the equipment only for the specified applications
- Operate the equipment only in the specified limits.

To install and use the equipment, use only approved engineers who have the necessary skills and qualifications.

### **Hazardous (Classified) areas**

Some versions of this equipment are certified for use in hazardous (classified) areas. For these versions, GE Druck supplies 'Control Drawings' with additional installation data. The 'Control Drawings' are:

- CSA 'Control Drawing' - KA337
- FM Approvals 'Control Drawing' - KA253

# RTX 1000A Series User Manual

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## ABBREVIATIONS

The abbreviations in this publication are as follows:

*Note: Abbreviations are the same in the singular and plural.*

a	absolute pressure
A/D	analog to digital
AWG	American wire gauge
CSA	Canadian Standards Association
D/A	digital to analog
DAC	digital to analog convertor
DC	direct current
DIN	Deutsche Industrie Norm
DIP	dual inline package
DPM	digital pressure module
°C	degrees Celsius
°F	degrees Fahrenheit
EEPROM	electrically erasable programmable read-only memory
EMC	electromagnetic compatibility
FM	Factory Mutual Approvals
FS	full-scale
g	gauge pressure
in	inch (")
inH <sub>2</sub> O	inches of water
IS	intrinsically safe
kg	kilogram
lb	pound
lbf.ft	pound-force feet
LCD	liquid crystal display
LDV	lower display value
LRV	lower range value

## ABBREVIATIONS (continued)

m	meter
mA	milliampere
max	maximum
mbar	millibar
$\mu$ F	microfarads
mH	millihenry
min	minimum/minute
mm	millimeter
MSDS	materials specification data sheet
MWP	maximum working pressure
PCB	printed circuit board
psi	pound-force per square inch
PTFE	polytetrafluoroethylene
PV	primary variable
RFI	radio frequency interference
RH	relative humidity
RTX	rangeable transmitter
s	seconds
sg	specific gravity
UDV	upper display value
URL	upper range limit
URV	upper range value
V	volt
$\Omega$	ohm
W	watt

# RTX 1000A Series User Manual

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## 1 DESCRIPTION

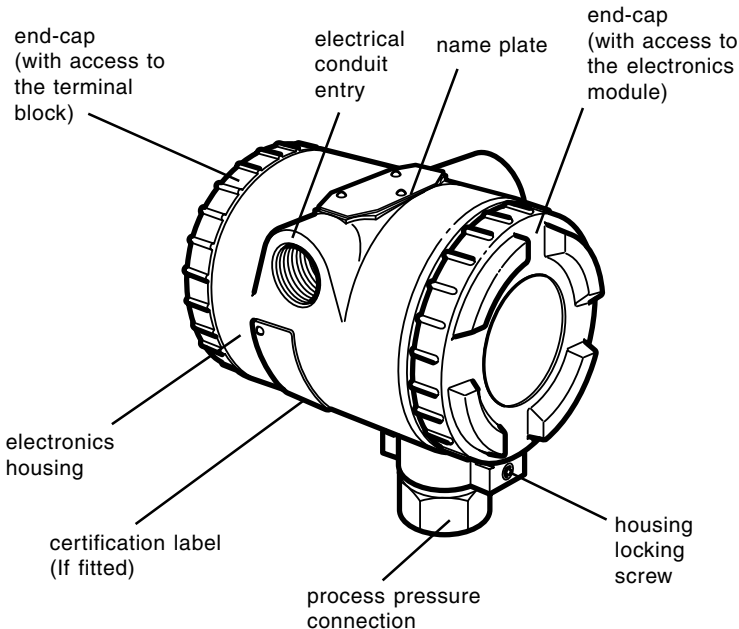
### 1.1 Introduction

The GE Druck RTX 1000A series is a process pressure transmitter that measures the pressure of liquid, gas or vapor and gives an analog output proportional to the applied pressure. The transmitter is available in a compact and lightweight metal housing with facilities for direct mounting to pipeline installations. The type of housing is specified in the order.

To adjust the transmitter operation, there are push-buttons and switches on the electronics module

### 1.2 About the Electronics Housing (Figure 1-1)

The electronics housing contains a digital pressure module (DPM), electronics module, connecting cables and the terminal block.



**Figure 1-1 General view**

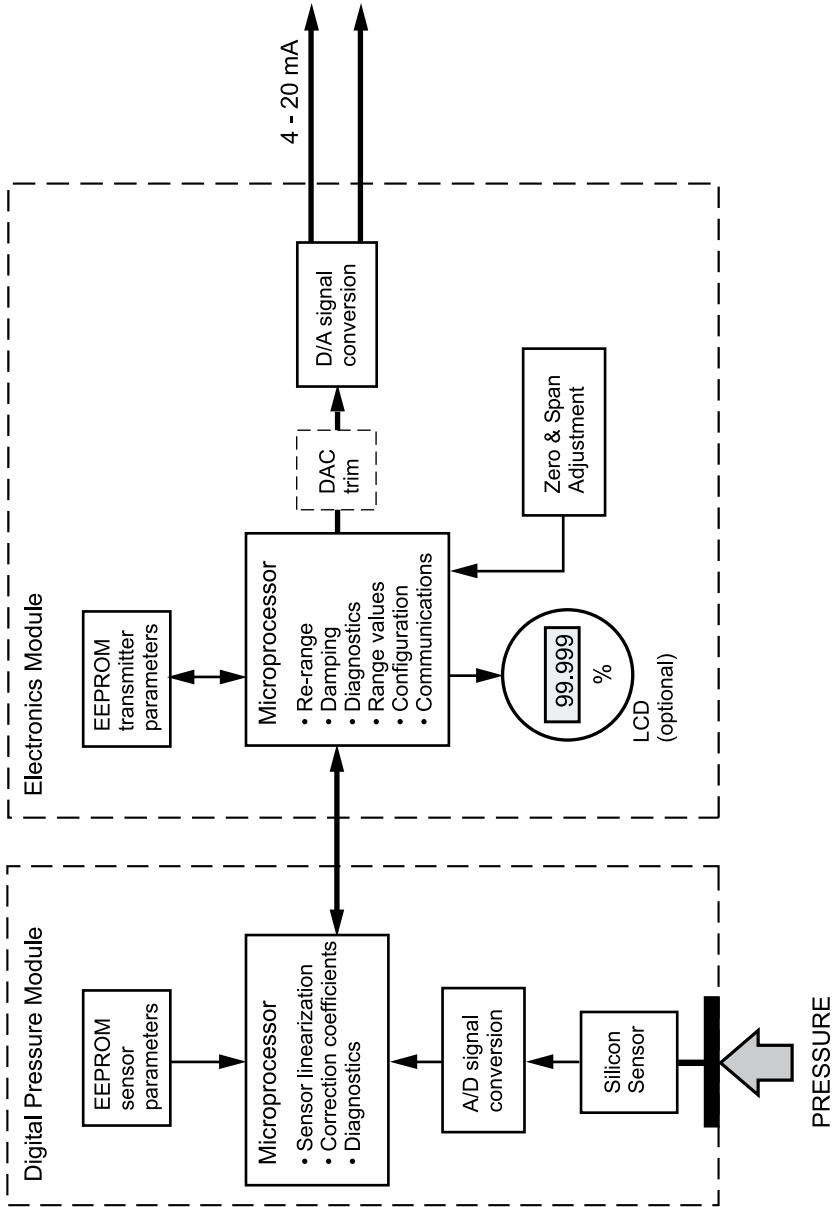


Figure 1-2 Transmitter schematic diagram

## **Digital Pressure Module (DPM) - (Figure 1-2)**

The sensing element in the DPM is constructed from a micro-machined silicon diaphragm assembly bonded to a stainless steel or Hastelloy body. A Hastelloy isolation diaphragm and silicone fluid isolates the sensing element from the process media.

The sensor piezo-resistors, diffused into the surface of the silicon diaphragm, produce a signal in response to applied pressure. The accuracy of the sensor element is enhanced by measuring the residual errors over its operating temperature and pressure range and applying digital compensation in the transmitter electronics.

## **Electronics Module (Figure 1-2)**

The electronics module uses microprocessor technology to give a compact circuit with the minimum of components. The module produces an extremely stable signal unaffected by changes in ambient temperature.

An optional LCD shows a value proportional to the measured pressure. Unless an alternative configuration is specified in the order, the factory configuration shows the pressure value as a percentage of the calibrated span. To change the configuration, refer to section 4.

## **1.3 Identification Codes (Table 1-1)**

Table 1-1 shows the identification codes for the transmitter. Before you install the transmitter, use this table to make sure that the data on the transmitter is correct.

# RTX 1000A Series User Manual

**Table 1-1 Identification codes**

RTX 10		Base Model Number			
Code	Diaphragm	Process Wetted Body		Fill Fluid	
00	Hastelloy C *	316 stainless steel *		Silicone oil	
10	Hastelloy C	Hastelloy C		Silicone oil	
20	Inconel 625*	Inconel 625*		Silicone oil	
Code		Output			
A		4 - 20 mA			
Code	Max Span	Min Span	Notes		
04	0 - 10 psi	0 - 1.0 psi	Gauge or absolute		
07	0 - 30 psi	0 - 3.0 psi	Gauge or absolute		
10	0 - 100 psi	0 - 10 psi	Gauge or absolute		
13	0 - 300 psi	0 - 30 psi	Gauge or absolute		
16	0 - 1,000 psi	0 - 100 psi	Gauge or absolute		
18	0 - 3,000 psi	0 - 300 psi	Sealed gauge or absolute		
22	0 - 10,000 psi	0 - 1000 psi	Sealed gauge or absolute		
24	0 - 20,000 psi**	0 - 2000 psi	Sealed gauge or absolute		
Code	Type				
A	Absolute				
G	Gauge ( <i>sealed gauge for ranges above 1,000 psi</i> )				
Code	Process Connection				
1	G½ female				
2	½-14 NPT female				
3	G½ male to BS EN 837-1 (DIN 16288)				
4	½ NPT male				
5	9/16" tube Autoclave Engineers medium pressure, SF562CX20 female***				
Code	Electrical Entry				
N	½-14 NPT female (via adaptor)				
Code	Electronics Housing	End-caps			
0	Aluminum alloy	Aluminum alloy			
S	Stainless steel	Nickel plated aluminum bronze			
Code	Approvals				
0	Safe area				
F	FM & CSA IS / Explosionproof / Division 2				
Code	Options				
0	None				
LA	Digital indicator				
B	Bracket mounting				
T	DIN 3.1B material certificate				

**Example identification code**

RTX10 - 00 - A - 07 - G - 2 - N - 0 - 0 - 0

\* Only available with range code 24, process connection code 5. Not available with CSA or FM approval.

\*\* Range code 24 (0-20,000 psi) only applies to RTX 1020 models.

\*\*\* Process connection code 5 (autoclave fitting) only applies to range code 24.

## 2 TECHNICAL DATA

### 2.1 Pressure Ranges

The transmitter is supplied in one of the standard (zero based) ranges or it can be calibrated to any acceptable intermediate span. Refer to table 1-1.

The transmitter label shows the factory calibrated range and the maximum working pressure (MWP). The upper range limit (URL) = MWP.

### 2.2 Environment Data

Service ..... Liquid, gas or vapor  
 Pollution Degree ..... 2  
 Installation (over-voltage) Category ..... II

#### Temperature

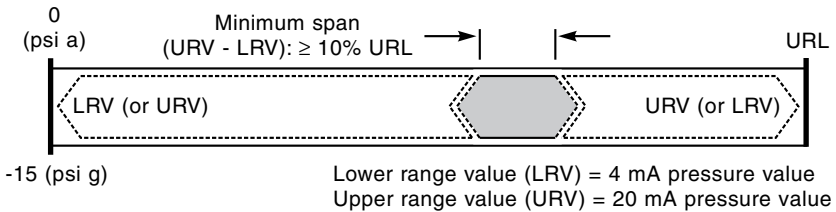
ambient (Not CSA or FM approved) ..... -40°F to +185°F (- 40°C to +85°C)  
 (LCD Option) ..... -4°F to +158°F (- 20°C to +70°C )  
 ambient (CSA or FM approved) ..... minimum: -40°F (- 40°C)  
 ..... maximum: Refer to the product approval label.  
 process ..... -40°F to +248°F (- 40°C to +120°C)  
 compensated ..... -40°F to +185°F (- 40°C to +85°C)

#### Humidity limit

..... 0 - 100% RH

### 2.3 Performance Data

#### Range adjustment



**Figure 2-1 Range limits**

Figure 2-1 shows the limits for range adjustment. For example:

**Span:** The minimum span available for a 30 psi device is 3 psi (10:1 down-ranging).

# RTX 1000A Series User Manual

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**Zero offset:** A 30 psi (MWP) gauge device can give 4 to 20 mA in the range -15 psi to 30 psi. For example: If the span is 3 psi, 4 to 20 mA is available anywhere in the range up to a maximum zero offset of 27 psi (calibrated range = 27 to 30 psi).

## Accuracy

0.15% of calibrated span. This includes non-linearity, hysteresis and repeatability.

## Long term stability

At standard reference conditions, the maximum change in calibration is not more than 0.2% URL in a five year period.

## Time response

Update rate (Compensated pressure reading) ..... 100 ms

Damping (DIP switch selection) ..... 0.1 or 1 s to reach 63% of final value

## Temperature effects

-40°F to -4°F (-40°C to -20°C): ..... 0.5% URL +1% span

-4°F to +122°F (-20°C to +50°C): ..... 0.25% URL +0.75% span

+122°F to +185°F (+50°C to +85°C): ..... 0.5% URL +1% span

## Mounting position effect

Negligible effect. For ranges below 10 psi, you can adjust the 'g' offset effect with the zero offset control.

## Error conditions (NAMUR NE 43 compliant)

Failure mode (< 3.6 or > 21 mA) ..... DIP Switch selected mode  
(This function is always in operation)

- Under range (DIP switch 2 off) ..... 3.8 mA minimum

- Over range (DIP switch 2 on) ..... 20.5 mA maximum

An optional LCD shows the applicable alarm data. If the pressure is not in the upper or lower range limits, the pressure value on the display will flash.

## Turn-on time

..... 2 seconds

## Electronics housing

Material ..... Aluminum alloy with polyester powder coating

or ..... Stainless steel with nickel plated aluminum bronze end-caps

Environmental protection ..... NEMA 4X

## Overpressure

These pressure values will not degrade performance:

- ..... 6 x URL for 10 psi range
- ..... 4 x URL (2,000 psi max) for ranges: 30 psi to 1,000 psi
- ..... 2 x URL (13,000 psi max) for ranges: 3,000 psi to 10,000 psi
- ..... 30,000 psi for 20,000 psi range

## Pressure containment

These pressures may damage the sensor but there is no leakage of the process media.

- ..... 10 x URL for 10 psi range
- ..... 6 x URL (3,000 psi max) for ranges: 30 psi to 1,000 psi gauge
- ..... 3,000 psi for ranges up to 1,000 psi absolute
- ... 20,000 psi for ranges: 3,000 psi to 10,000 psi sealed gauge and absolute
- ..... 30,500 psi for 20,000 psi range

## Process media

A liquid, gas or vapor compatible with a fully welded assembly that includes:

- A Hastelloy C276 diaphragm, and a body that is made of either 316 stainless steel or Hastelloy C276. Complies with NACE MR-01-75.
- Inconel 625 (20,000 psi range, range code 24 only).

## Sensor fill fluid

- ..... Silicone oil

## Output current

(two wire configuration) ..... 4 - 20 mA

The output is proportional to the calibrated pressure range.

## Supply voltage (at the terminals)

Safe area ..... 12 to 35 V DC

Hazardous area ..... Refer to the applicable "Control Drawing".

# RTX 1000A Series User Manual

## 2.4 Physical Data

### Electrical/Process connections

..... Refer to table 1-1

### Dimensions

..... Refer to figure 2-2, 2-3

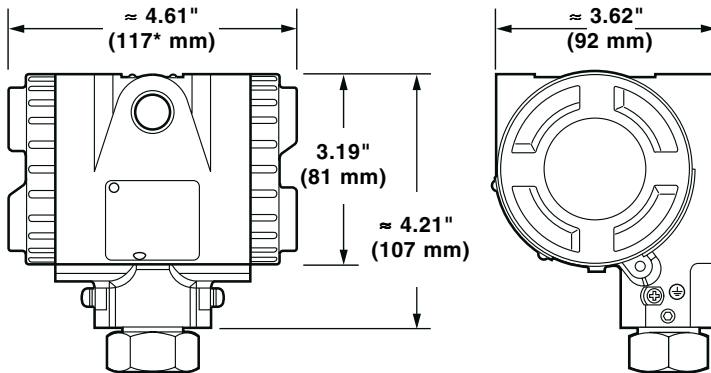
### Weight (without options)

Aluminum housing .....  $\approx$  2.51 lb (1.14 kg)

Stainless steel housing .....  $\approx$  5.95 lb (2.7 kg)

### Options

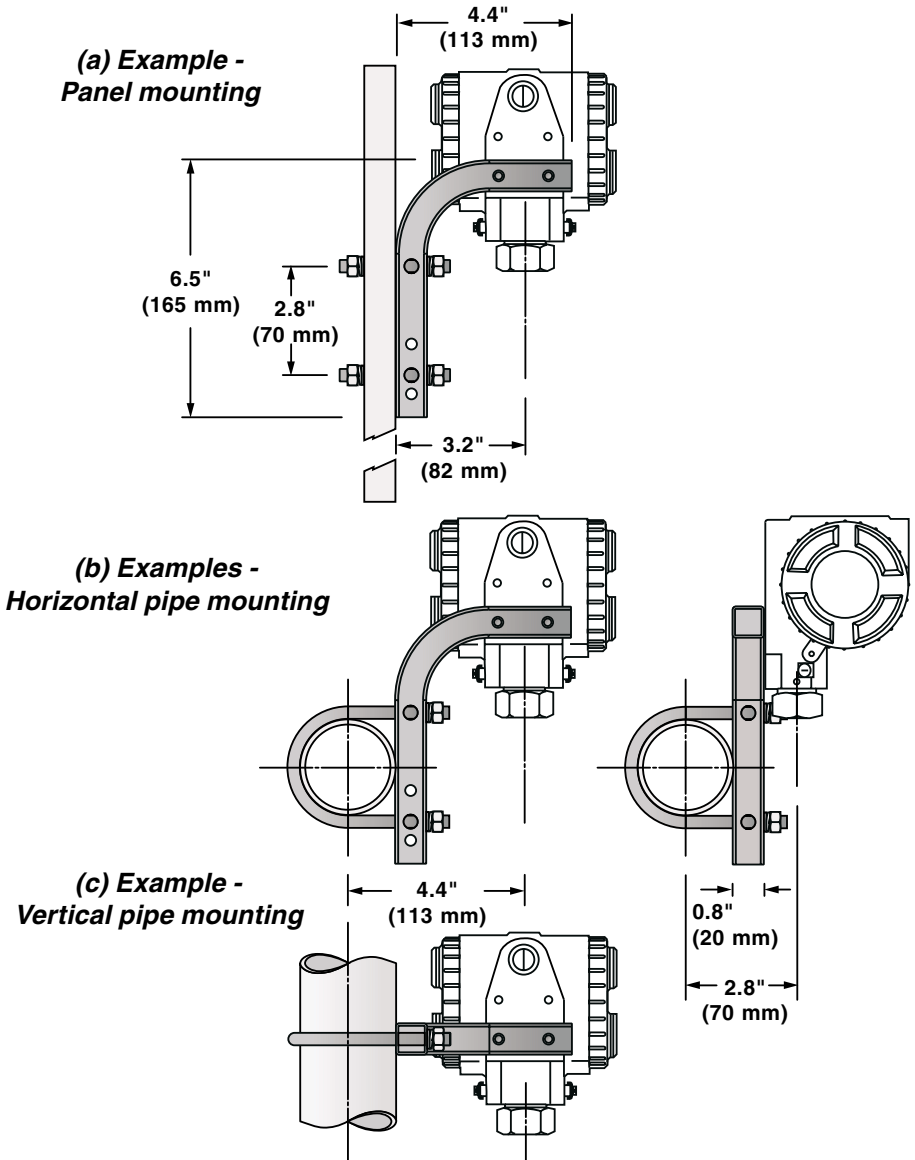
- Digital indicator: polarity sign + 5 digits
  - Aluminum option ..... Add  $\approx$  0.35 lb (0.16 kg)
  - Stainless steel option ..... Add  $\approx$  0.66 lb (0.3 kg)
- Mounting bracket/bolts (stainless steel)
- Material traceability for pressure containment parts to EN10204 3.1B



\*LCD indicator option: 5.43" (138 mm)

Dimensions in inches (millimeters) - illustration not to scale

**Figure 2-2 Dimensions (Transmitter)**



Dimensions in inches (millimeters) - illustration not to scale

**Figure 2-3 Dimensions (Optional mounting bracket)**

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## 3 INSTALLATION

*Note: If the equipment is certified for use in a hazardous (classified) area, refer to the applicable "Control Drawing" for additional data.*

### 3.1 Introduction

The following procedures detail the correct installation of the unit.

Use qualified plant installation personnel and follow good engineering practice at all times.

#### **WARNINGS:**

- 1. OBSERVE APPROPRIATE LOCAL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS.**
- 2. BEFORE INSTALLATION, EXAMINE ALL FITTINGS AND EQUIPMENT FOR DAMAGE AND MAKE SURE THAT ALL EQUIPMENT IS TO THE CORRECT PRESSURE RATING.**
- 3. USE THE IDENTIFICATION CODE ON THE TRANSMITTER TO MAKE SURE THAT IT HAS THE CORRECT SPECIFICATION FOR THE INSTALLATION (REFER TO TABLE 1-1).**

### 3.2 Special Tools and Equipment

The following special tools and equipment are required.

*Note: Equivalent substitutes can be used.*

#### **Special tools**

- Applicable torque wrench
- GE Druck UPS-II [to measure current output]
- Multimeter [to measure loop resistance]

#### **Materials**

- Piping - the necessary length and rating depends on the distances.
- Fittings to connect the above items including (but not limited to):
  - Pipe tee (steam or high temperature liquid)
  - Pipe fittings
- Pipe compound or Teflon tape (where local piping codes allow)
- Loctite PST sealant

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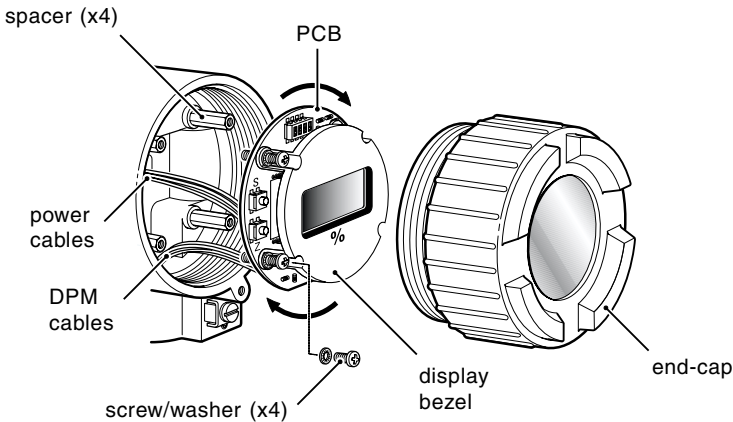
## 3.3 Location and Mounting (Figure 3-3)

Although designed to withstand harsh industrial environments, the transmitter should be located to minimize the following:

- Vibration
- Ambient temperature fluctuations
- Physical impact or shock

## 3.4 To Rotate the Display Thru 90° (Figure 3-1)

If applicable, use the following procedure to turn the optional display in the electronics housing.



**Figure 3-1 Display - Turn thru 90°**

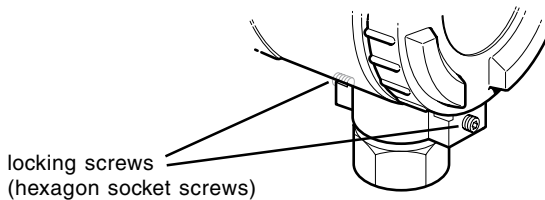
1. Isolate the power supply to the transmitter.
2. Remove the end-cap.
3. Loosen each screw/washer (x4).
4. Turn the PCB and the display bezel thru 90° until the screws align with the spacers again.
5. Tighten each screw/washer (x4) back in position, but make sure that there is not too much force on the cables, and that they are not caught.
6. Attach the end-cap.

### 3.5 To Rotate the Housing (Figure 3-2)

**CAUTION: Do not rotate the electronics housing on the transmitter more than 180 degrees relative to the pressure connection.**

Two locking screws (hexagon socket screws) lock the electronics housing to the sensor body. To rotate the housing, loosen both of the screws and rotate the housing. When the angle is correct, tighten the screws.

*Note: Do not remove the locking screws.*



**Figure 3-2 Housing locking screws**

### 3.6 Impulse Piping (Figure 3-3)

The purpose of arranging impulse piping for the specific application is to maintain a single phase of fluid in the piping and transmitter. Liquid applications should maintain a liquid state and allow any air or gas formation to travel up and away from the transmitter. Gas applications should allow the formation of liquids to drain down and away from the transmitter.

The pipe or tubing used for connection must be rated for continuous operation at the pipeline designed pressure and temperature. Threaded pipe fittings create voids (where air can be trapped) and increase the possibility of leaks. When installing the connecting tubing or impulse piping, the following apply:

- Horizontally installed impulse piping must slope at least 1" per foot (approximately 75 mm per meter). For liquid and steam applications the piping must slope down towards the transmitter. For gas applications the piping must slope down away from the transmitter.
- Impulse piping should be kept as short as possible and maintained at ambient temperature avoiding fluctuations and gradients.

## RTX 1000A Series User Manual

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- Installations outdoors for liquid or saturated gas service may require insulation and heat tracing to prevent freezing.
- For installations where the transmitter is more than 6 feet (1.8 m) from the tapping, the impulse piping must be supported to prevent sagging and vibration.
- Impulse piping must be located in protected areas or against walls or ceilings. If routed across a floor, protective coverings or kick plates must be used. High temperature piping or equipment should be avoided.
- Appropriate pipe sealing compound rated at the design piping temperature must be used on all threaded connections. When making threaded connections between stainless steel fittings, Loctite PST Sealant is recommended.

### 3.7 The Transmitter Pressure Connections

The recommended connection uses a two-valve manifold connected between the transmitter and the process pressure. Before connecting the transmitter remove the protection caps and carefully inspect the sealing face and threaded bore of the connection for damage.

#### **Liquid service connections (Figure 3-3a)**

Liquid measurement connections should be made to the side of the process line to avoid deposits of sediment. The transmitter should be mounted beside or below the connection so that gases vent into the process line.

#### **Gas service connections (Figure 3-3b)**

Gas measurement connections should be made to the top or side of the process line. The transmitter should be mounted beside or above the connection allowing any liquid to drain into the process line.

#### **Steam service connections (Figure 3-3c)**

Steam measurement connections should be made to the side of the process line. The transmitter should be mounted below the connection so that the piping remains filled with condensate. Live steam must not come into contact with the transmitter; to prevent this the lines should be filled with water or condensate.

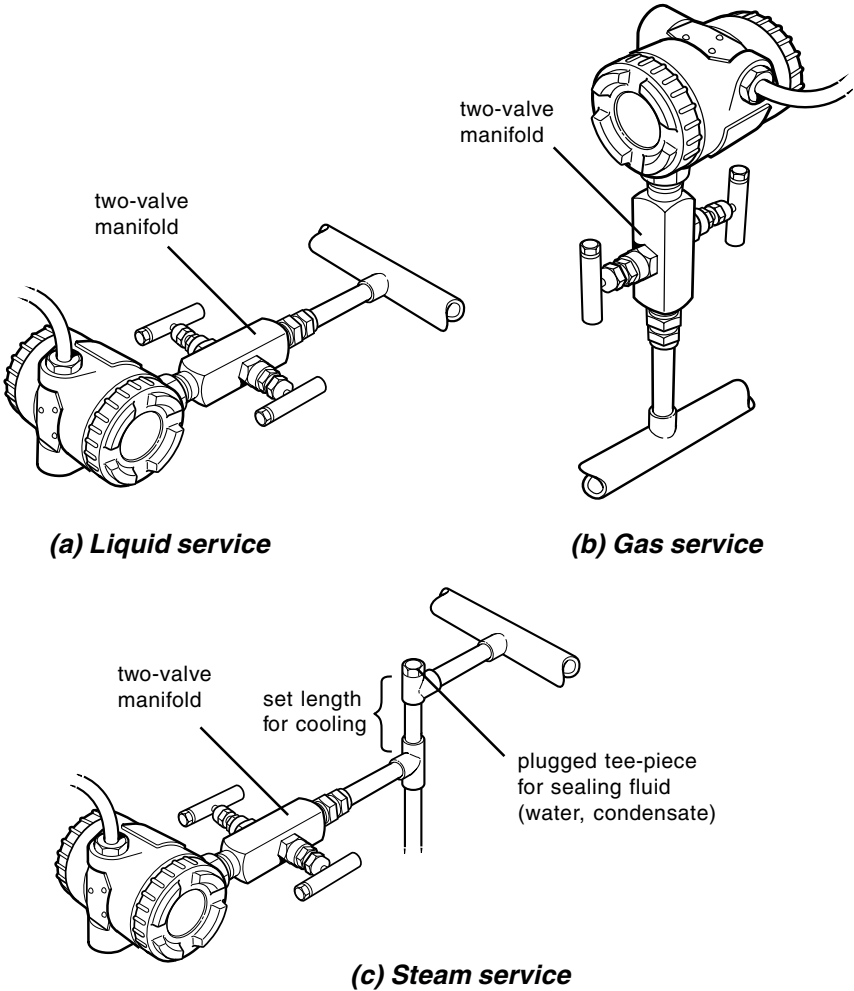


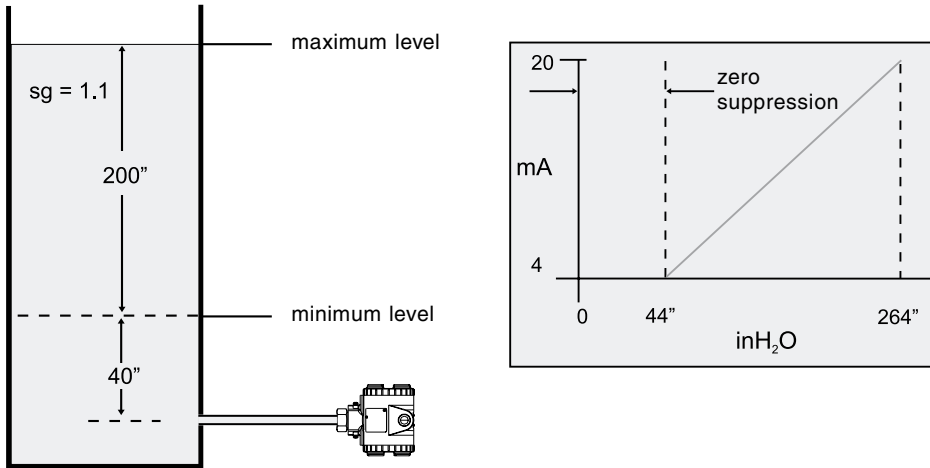
Figure 3-3 Piping arrangements

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## 3.8 Liquid Level Measurement (Figure 3-4)

Gauge pressure transmitters can be used to measure liquid level in an open or vented tank by measuring the hydrostatic pressure head. The head pressure can be calculated by multiplying the liquid height above the transmitter diaphragm by the specific gravity of the liquid.

The tank's volume and shape does not affect the head pressure. If the transmitter is mounted below the zero point (minimum level) of the measured range, zero suppression will be required.



**Figure 3-4 Open tank level measurement**

### Calculations

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Min. level} &= (40" \times 1.1) \text{ inH}_2\text{O} \\ &= 44" \text{ inH}_2\text{O} \\ \text{Max level} &= [(40 + 200) \times 1.1] \text{ inH}_2\text{O} \\ &= (240 \times 1.1) \text{ inH}_2\text{O} \\ &= 264 \text{ inH}_2\text{O} \\ \text{Range} &= 44 \text{ to } 264 \text{ inH}_2\text{O} \\ (\text{Span} &= 220 \text{ inH}_2\text{O}) \end{aligned}$$

## 3.9 Electrical Data

*Note: If the equipment is certified for use in a hazardous (classified) area, refer to the applicable "Control Drawing" for additional data.*

**WARNING: SWITCH OFF AND ISOLATE THE POWER SUPPLY BEFORE CONNECTING OR DISCONNECTING THE TRANSMITTER.**

### CAUTIONS:

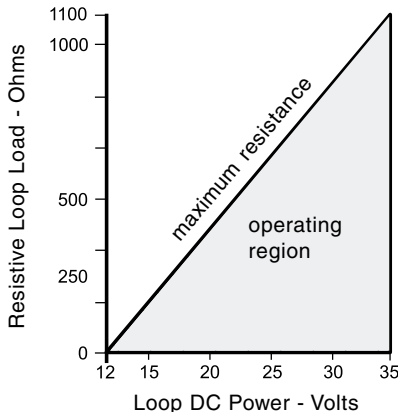
1. The transmitter uses DC power in a 2-wire system to control current through a resistive load.
2. Do not apply more than 35 Volts to the loop circuit. The transmitter may be damaged.

### General

The electrical installation must comply with local wiring codes and standards. To get the full performance from the transmitter, carefully choose the wiring scheme to be used and take care connecting the transmitter.

### Power and maximum load (Figure 3-5)

The total loop resistance must include the connection wire resistance.



**Figure 3-5 Power and load requirements**

# RTX 1000A Series User Manual

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## Wire selection (Table 3-1)

To get the best EMC performance, use shielded twisted pair cable for the field wiring.

- Select a wire gauge for the required total length so the transmitter operates within the load requirements.
- When using external power supplies, make sure the connection polarity allows current to flow into the +ve terminal and out of the -ve terminal. Refer to figure 3-7.

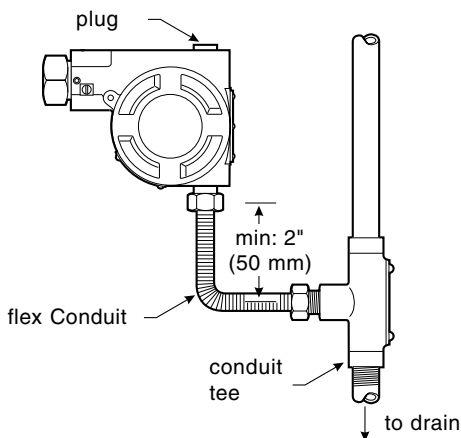
**Table 3-1 Wire resistance**

AWG	Wire Diameter		Loop Resistance	
	Inches	mm	Ohms/Foot	Ohms/Meter
16	0.0508	(1.291)	0.0082	0.0264
18	0.0403	(1.024)	0.0128	0.0418
20	0.0320	(0.812)	0.0204	0.0666
22	0.0254	(0.644)	0.0322	0.1060
24	0.0201	(0.511)	0.0514	0.1680

*Note: The typical values for resistance per length are doubled as the circuit is a direct current loop.*

## Electrical conduit (Figure 3-6)

Use electrical conduit in accordance with local wiring codes. The electronics housing has two threaded holes for electrical conduit connections. The configuration in figure 3-6 prevents moisture getting into the housing. If conduit is not used, use the correct cable gland/plugs to seal the housing.

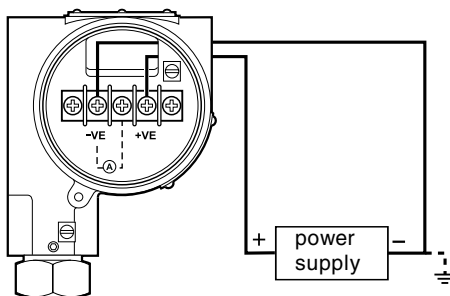


**Figure 3-6 Electrical conduit configuration**

## Electrical connections (Figure 3-7)

The transmitter is a 2-wire loop powered device. The marks +ve and -ve identify the polarity of the connection terminals.

A label in the transmitter shows how to use the third terminal to measure the output current from the transmitter. In hazardous (classified) areas, do not use this third terminal.



**Figure 3-7 Transmitter connections**

Because the transmitter circuit is isolated from the housing, one of the signal wires (+ve or -ve) can be earthed (grounded) if necessary.

## 3.10 System Checks

### Leak test

Before the system is filled and/or commissioned, do a leak test with compressed air (or other inert compressed gas) or water. The minimum test pressure must be equal to the normal operating pressure. The maximum pressure is the MWP.

- Apply pressure at a convenient point on the system.
- Apply an applicable leak test solution to the impulse piping, valves, transmitter connections and joints.
- Look for a continuous stream of bubbles.
- Bleed the system.
- Do all the necessary repairs, and test the system again.
- Return the system to the original configuration.

### Transmitter test

Connect the necessary instruments to monitor the pressure signal . If necessary, connect a milliammeter to measure the output from the transmitter.

- Apply power to the transmitter.
- Apply the applicable pressure.
- Monitor the pressure signal.

Refer to the 'Operation' section for the procedures to set up and operate the transmitter.

## 4 OPERATION

*Note: If the equipment is certified for use in a hazardous (classified) area, refer to the applicable "Control Drawing" for additional data.*

### 4.1 General

**CAUTION: DO NOT over-pressurize the system.**

#### Pressure ranges

The transmitter label shows the factory calibrated range and the maximum working pressure (MWP).

#### Start up procedure

When power is supplied to the transmitter, the output is set to the applicable alarm level (Refer to table 4-1). When the start up sequence is complete, the output changes to give the applicable process value.

During start up, the display (if applicable) shows these items:

1. the LCD test: -8.8.8.8.8
2. the software version (example: 1.00.00)

When the start up sequence is complete, the display shows a value proportional to the measured pressure.

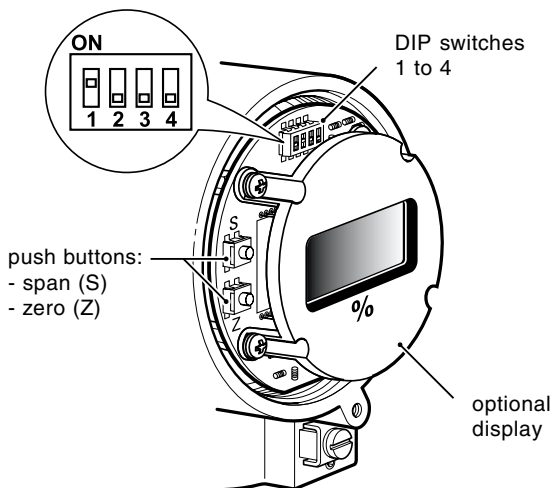
#### Alarm/Error conditions

Refer to the 'Maintenance' section.

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## 4.2 Manual Configuration Facilities (Figure 4-1)

The manual configuration facilities (DIP switches and push buttons) are in the electronics module. To get access to the electronics module, remove the end-cap (with access to the electronics module).



**Figure 4-1 Location of DIP switches and push buttons**

**Table 4-1 DIP switch operation**

DIP Switch	Function	Set ON	Set OFF
1	Write Protection	To prevent accidental changes to the EEPROM values.	1) To change the range values (zero and/or span). 2) To set up the display - if applicable.
2	Alarm level	To use the high NAMUR alarm (> 21 mA) when there is a transmitter failure.	To use the low NAMUR alarm (< 3.6 mA) when there is a transmitter failure.
3	Damping	To use the ON_Damping factor. Default = 1 s	To use the OFF_Damping factor. Default = 0.1 s
4	Push button operation	To change the range values (zero and/or span).	To set up the display - if applicable.



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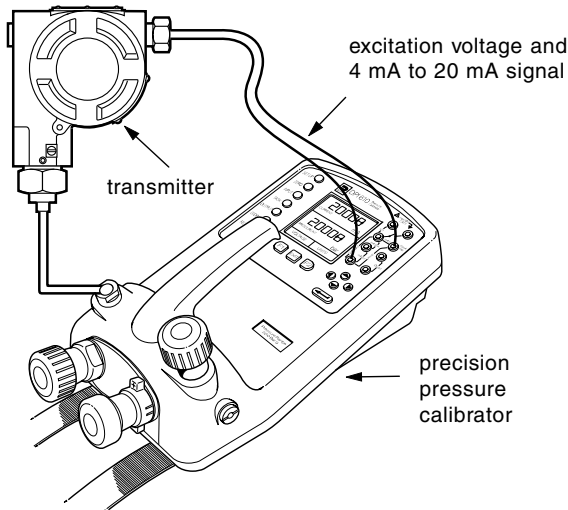
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## 4.4 Manual Configuration - Calibration (Figure 4-2)

To get accurate results, do the calibration in conditions where the pressure and temperature are stable.

### Equipment

- A precision pressure calibrator such as the GE Druck DPI 605 or DPI 610/615. The accuracy of the supplied pressure must be better than  $\pm 0.075\%$ .
- In safe areas, a 12 to 35 Volt DC power supply (separate or part of another system)
- Fittings and tubing as required



**Figure 4-2 Calibration set-up for safe areas**

### Calibration ranges

Set any span value from 10 to 100% of the URL. Refer to the 'Technical Data' section.

### Calibration adjustment - Lower range value (LRV)

1. Set DIP switch 1 to OFF and DIP switch 4 to ON (Refer to table 4-1).
2. Supply the necessary pressure and let the pressure become stable.
3. Press the S and Z buttons together.  
The optional display shows CAL, then a pressure value that flashes.
4. *Option - Return to normal operation without change:*  
Wait 25 seconds or press S and Z together.  
*Option - Save the new LRV:*  
Press the Z button. The signal output is set to 4 mA and the optional display shows a pressure value that does not flash.  
*Note: If the value is not in the applicable range, the value is ignored and the optional display shows 'Error'.*
5. Set DIP switch 1 to ON (Refer to table 4-1).

### Calibration adjustment - Upper range value (URV)

To minimize measurement errors, do the LRV before the URV, then follow these steps:

- 1 - 3 As above.
4. *Option - Return to normal operation without change:*  
Wait 25 seconds or press S and Z together.  
*Option - Save the new URV:*  
Press the S button. The signal output is set to 20 mA and the optional display shows a pressure value that does not flash.  
*Note: If the value is not in the applicable range, the value is ignored and the optional display shows 'Error'.*
5. Set DIP switch 1 to ON (Refer to table 4-1).

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### 5 MAINTENANCE

*Note: If the equipment is certified for use in a hazardous (classified) area, refer to the applicable "Control Drawing" for additional data.*

#### 5.1 General

The transmitter contains no moving parts and requires a minimum of maintenance.

##### Visual inspection

- Inspect the transmitter for damage and corrosion. Any damage to the transmitter must be assessed. If the housing is no longer sealed against water and/or dust, the transmitter must be replaced.

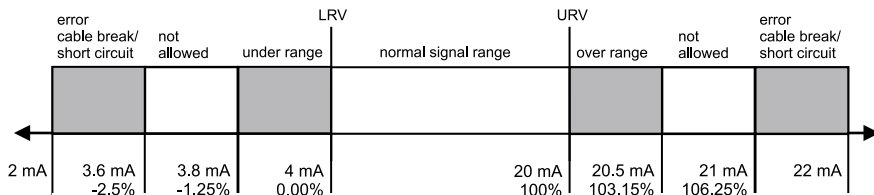
##### Cleaning

- Clean the transmitter case with a damp lint-free cloth and mild detergent.
- Corrosion must be removed and the area of corrosion cleaned and, if necessary, neutralized.
- If the product has been in contact with hazardous or toxic materials, obey all the applicable MSDS references and precautions when handling.

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## 5.2 Fault Finding (Figure 5-1)

If the measured pressure goes above URV or goes below LRV, the output signal will saturate at the following values:



**Figure 5-1 Fault finding from the output signal**

### Failure alarm indications (Table 5-1)

If there is a specified fault condition, the transmitter output changes to the specified NAMUR alarm level. The alarm level is set by the position of DIP switch 2 (refer to table 4-1).

If applicable, the optional display shows an alarm code to help identify the fault (AL xx). Table 5-1 shows some of the codes. If there are several fault conditions, the alarm code is the hexadecimal sum of all the applicable codes.

**Table 5-1 LCD alarm codes and error messages**

Code	Possible cause	To correct the error
AL 02	Too much positive or negative pressure.	Supply pressure in the specified limits for the device.
	DPM error	Power off, wait 25 seconds, then power on again.
AL 04	DPM data not received	Power off, wait 25 seconds, then power on again.
	LCD adjustment has loosened the DPM cable connection on the PCB.	Examine the DPM cable connection (Figure 3-1).
AL 08	LCD adjustment has loosened the DPM cable connection on the PCB.	Examine the DPM cable connection (Figure 3-1).
Error	Configuration error. The range is not in the specified limits for the device.	Refer to section 2 for the specified range limits.
Prot	Configuration error. DIP switch 1 set to ON (Write protect).	Set DIP switch 1 to OFF, then follow the procedures in Section 4.

If you cannot identify the code or the fault condition does not change, contact an approved service agent.

## Over/under range

If the measured pressure goes above or below the set range of the transmitter, the electronics module causes the transmitter output to change.

When the measured pressure is under range, the transmitter output continues below the 4.0 mA level until it reaches 3.8 mA (figure 5-1). When the measured pressure is over range, the transmitter output continues above the 20.0 mA level until it reaches 20.5 mA (figure 5-1).

If applicable, the optional display will also show a flashing pressure value.

## 5.3 Returned Goods Procedure

If the transmitter becomes unserviceable or requires calibration, it can be returned to the GE Druck Service Department.

Please contact our Service Department, either by 'phone or fax, to obtain a Returned Material Authorization (RMA) number. You will need to give the following information:

- Product (i.e. RTX 1000A)
- Pressure range
- Serial number
- Details of defect/work to be undertaken
- Calibration traceability requirements
- Operating conditions

## Safety Precautions

You must also tell us if the product has been in contact with hazardous or toxic materials. Please supply the applicable MSDS references and precautions to be taken when handling.

## Important Notice

Service or calibration by unauthorized sources will affect the warranty and may not guarantee further performance. If the equipment has "Hazardous (Classified) area" approval, the approval will also be invalid.

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