

Instruction Manual

ULTRASONIC FLOWMETER M-Flow

TYPE: FLR (Flow transmitter) FLS (Detector) FLY (Signal cable)



PREFACE

We thank you very much for purchasing Fuji's ultrasonic flowmeter.

The instruction manual concerns the installation, operation, checkup and maintenance of the Flow transmitter (FLR) and Detector (FLS) of ultrasonic flowmeter. Read it carefully before operation.

- Before using, be sure to read this instruction manual carefully to ensure correct installation, operation and maintenance of the flowmeter. Note that incorrect handling may lead to trouble or personal injury.
- The specifications of this flowmeter are subject to change for improvement without prior notice.
- Do not attempt to modify the flowmeter without permission. Fuji is not responsible for any trouble caused by modification without permission. If it becomes necessary to modify the flowmeter, contact our office in advance.
- This instruction manual should always be kept on hand by the operator.
- After reading, be sure to keep this manual in a place where it can easily be seen by the operator.
- Make sure that this manual is presented to the end user.
- If the instruction manual has been lost, request another one (with charge) to our local business office.

Manufacturer:	Fuji Electric Instruments Co., Ltd.
Type:	Shown on nameplate of Flowmeter
Date of manufacture:	Shown on nameplate of Flowmeter
Product nationality:	Japan

NOTICE

- It is srictly prohibited to reproduce any part or the whole of this instruction manual.
- The contents of this manual may be changed without prior notice.

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SAFETY PRECAUTION

Before using, read the following safety precaution to ensure correct handling of the flowmeter.

• The following items are important for safe operation and must be fully observed. These items are classified into "DANGER" and "CAUTION".

Warning & Symbol	Meaning
	Incorrect handling may lead to a risk of death or heavy injury.
	Incorrect handling may lead to a risk of medium or light injury, or to a risk of physical damage.

- The items noted under "A CAUTION" may also result in serious trouble depending on circumstances.
- All the items are important and must be fully observed.

	Caution on Installation and Piping
	• This product has not an explosion-proof structure. Do not use it in a place with explosive gases, otherwise, it can result in serious accidents such as explosion, fire, etc.
⚠ CAUTION	 The unit should be installed in a place conforming with the installation requirements noted in this instruction manual. Installation in an improper location may lead to a risk of electric shocks, fire, malfunction, etc. The unit should be installed as noted in the manual. Improper installation will cause falling, trouble or malfunction of the unit. During installation, make sure that the inside of the unit is free from cable chips and other foreign objects to prevent fire, trouble, malfunction, etc. The items under "Caution on Installation" noted in the manual must be fully observed; careless installation may result in trouble or malfunction of the unit.

Caution on Wiring	
AUTION	 When performing wiring termination to prevent output trouble caused by moisture, dew condensation or water leak, follow "Section 3.3 Flow transmitter wiring" described in this manual Before performing the wiring work, be sure to turn OFF the main power to prevent electric shocks. Do not perform wiring work outdoors in rainy days to prevent insulation deterioration and dew condensation; otherwise, it can result in trouble, malfunction, etc. Be sure to connect a power source of correct rating. Connection of a power source of incorrect rating may lead to a risk of fire. The unit must be earthed as specified to prevent electric shocks or malfunction. The analog output signal cable should be wired as far away as possible from high-voltage lines to prevent entry of noise signals as it will cause malfunction of the unit. To prevent malfunction of the unit, the analog output signal cable and power cable should be wired using separate conduits.

	Caution on Maintenance/Inspection
⚠ CAUTION	 The unit should be inspected everyday to always obtain good results of measurements. When measuring the insulation resistance between the power/output terminal and the case, follow "Section 5.2.3 How to measure the insulation resistance" described in this manual. If the fuse is blown, detect and eliminate the cause, and then replace the fuse with a spare. if there are no spares, replace the fuse with the one specified in this manual (that must be prepared by customer). Use of a fuse other than specified or its short-circuit may cause an electric shock or fire. The fuse should be replaced according to "Section 5.3 How to replace the fuse" described in this manual.

CAUTION ON INSTALLATION LOCATION

- (1) Sufficient space for daily inspection, wiring, etc.
- (2) A place not exposed to direct sunshine nor weathering.
- (3) Isolation from vibration, dust and moisture
- (4) A place not subjected to radiated heat from a heating furnace etc.
- (5) A place not subjected to corrosive atmosphere
- (6) A place not to be submerged
- (7) A place remote from electrical devices (motor, transformer, etc.) which generate electromagnetic induction noise, electrostatic noise, etc.
- (8) A place not subjected to excessive fluid pulsation (pump discharge side)
- (9) A place that provides enough place for the length of the straight pipe.
- (10)A place where ambient temperature and humidity are -20 to +50°C and 90% RH or less for flow transmitter (FLR), and -20 to +60°C and 90% RH or less for detector (FLS).

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1. OUTLINE OF PRODUCT

1.1. Outline

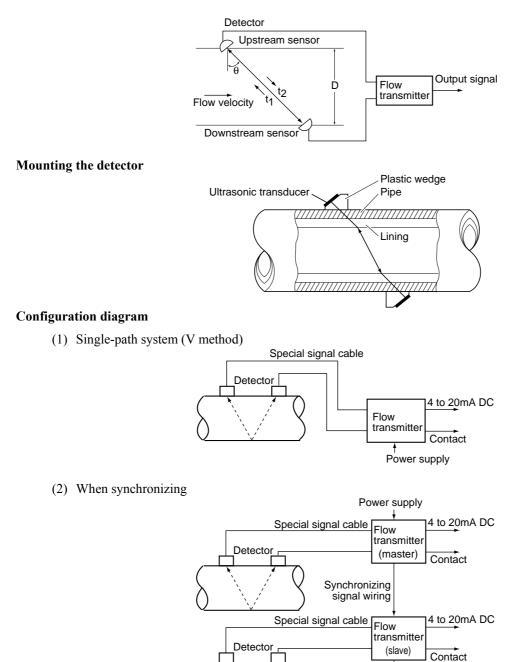
This instrument is a clamp-on ultrasonic flowmeter which carries out measurements according to the transit time method. Compact and lightweight design and easy handling have been drastically pursued, and building in machines and equipment is facilitated. This excellent cost performance flowmeter is usable for small to medium piping size of 25 to 225 mm.

1.1.1. Measuring principle

Measuring principle

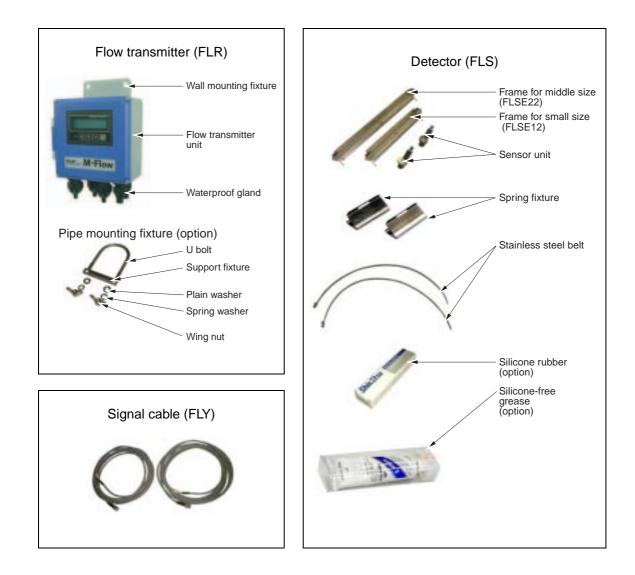
Ultrasonic pulses are propagated aslant from the upstream and downstream sides, and the time difference caused by the flow is detected to measure the flow rate.

Power supply



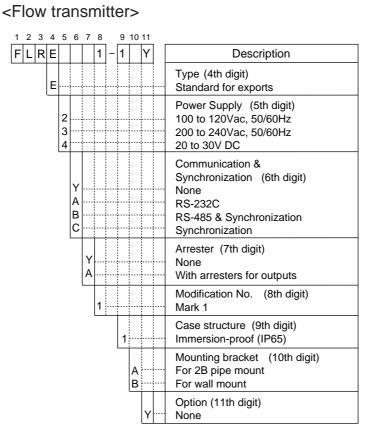
1.2. Checking the received products

Flow transmitter (FLR) Flow transmitter unit
(U bolt, support fixture, 2 wing nuts, 2 spring washers, 2 plain washers)Detector (FLS)
Frame 1 pc Sensor unit 1 set (2 pcs) Stainless steel belt FLSE22: 4 pcs. FLSE22: 4 pcs.)
Spring fixture2 pcs Silicone rubber or silicone-free compound (option)1 pc
 Signal cable (FLY: length designated) ·······1 set (2 pcs) Instruction manual ·······1 copy Belt tightening tool (option) ·······As ordered



1.3. Checking the type and specifications

The type and specifications of product are indicated on the specifications plate mounted on the flow transmitter and detector frame. Make sure the types are as ordered referring to the type diagrams given below.



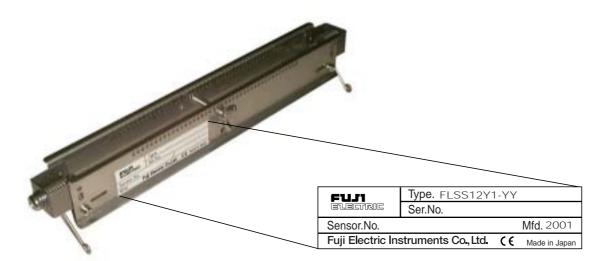


<Detector>

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	
FLSE 2 1 - YY	Description
E	Type (4th digit) Standard
1 2	Kind of detector (5th to 6th digit) Small size detector (for 25 to 100mm) Middle size detector (for 50 to 225mm)
Y A B	Acoustic coupler (7th digit) None Silicon rubber (fluid temperature: -20 to +100 deg.C) Silicon-free grease (fluid temperature: 0 to 60 deg.C)
1	Modification No. (8th digit) Mark 1
Y	Mounting method (9th digit) Standard (V-mount)
Y.	Option (10th digit) None

<Signal cable>

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	
F L Y 3 1	Description
3	Kind of cable (4th digit) Heat resisting cable with water-proof BNC
0 0 5 0 1 0 0 1 5 0 2 0 0 3 0	Cable length (5th to 7th digit) 5m (one pair) 10m (one pair) 15m (one pair) 20m (one pair) 30m (one pair)
1	Modification No. (8th digit) Mark 1



9 ~ _ 12 5 -...... - 11 FUJ M-Flow

1.4. Names and functions of each part

No.	Name	Description
1	Wiring connection port, large	For power cable, output cable
2	Wiring connection port, small	Wiring connection port for signal cable only
3	Indication and setting unit	Indicates and sets the flow rate, etc.
4	Received wave diagnostic indication	Indicates whether received wave is normal (green) or abnormal (red).
5	Escape key	Return to the next-higher layer or cancels the set status.
6	UP key	Selects items, numeric values and symbols.
7	Shift key	Moves the cursor and selects decimal place.
8	Entry key	Enters a selection or registers a setting.
9	LCD indication	Indicates the flow rate or setting.
10	Power terminals	Power cable are connected.
11	Input/output terminals	Special signal cable, analog output and DO output cables are connected.
12	Communication board terminals	Communication cable is connected (communication board is optional).
13	Fuse holder	Houses a fuse.
14	Relay	For DO2 output
15	Communication board	Mounted if communication synchronization is optionally designated.
16	Arrester board	Board for output mounted if arrester is optionally designated.
17	Frame	Fastens the sensor unit on pipe.
18	Sensor unit	Sends and receives an ultrasonic wave.
19	Stainless steel belt	Fastens the frame on pipe.
20	Spring fixture	Removes the play of stainless steel belt.
21	Scale	For reading the sensor mounting spacing
22	Fastening hole	For positioning and fastening the sensor units
23	Special signal cable	Transmits send/receive signals.

2. SELECTION OF INSTALLATION PLACE

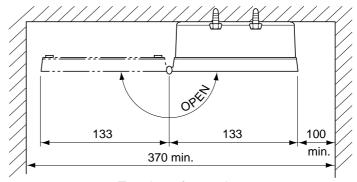
Select an installation place taking into account the following matters from the viewpoint of easiness of maintenance and checkup, instrument life and securing the reliability.



- (1) A place where ambient temperature and humidity are -20 to +50°C and 90% RH or less for flow transmitter (FLR), and -20 to +60°C and 90% RH or less for detector (FLS).
- (2) A place not exposed to direct sunshine nor weathering.
- (3) Sufficient space for daily inspection, wiring, etc.
- (4) A place not subjected to radiated heat from a heating furnace, etc.
- (5) A place not subjected to corrosive atmosphere.
- (6) A place not to be submerged.
- (7) A place free from excessive vibration, dust, dirt and moisture.

2.1. Flow transmitter

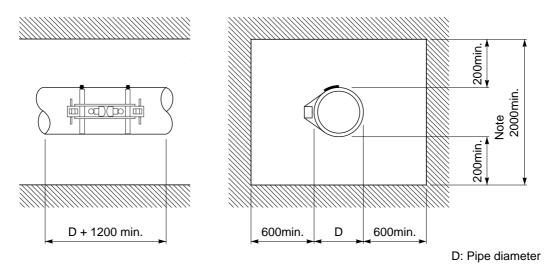
Secure at least 100 mm of space between the flow transmitter and nearby wall. Also secure a space of opening the front cover for maintenance. Secure a cable wiring space under the case.



Top view of mounting

2.2. Detector

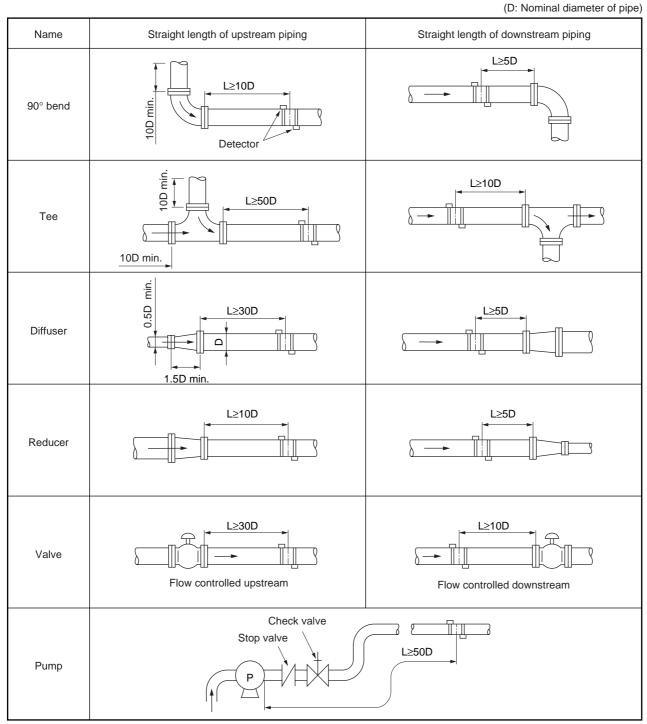
The measuring accuracy is considerably affected by the detector mounting place, i.e., status of piping for measuring a flow rate. Select a place which clears the condition in section 2.2.1. (Length of straight pipe). Also, sufficiently secure a space for installation and maintenance referring to the following diagram.



Necessary space for detector mounting place

2.2.1. Length of straight pipe

The length of upstream and downstream straight pipe of the ultrasonic detector should be long enough to ensure accurate measurements.

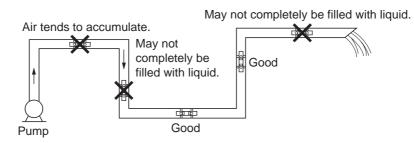


Note: Quoted from JEMIS-032

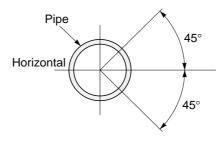
2.2.2. Mounting posture

The detector can be installed vertical, horizontal or at any posture provided that attention is paid to the following things.

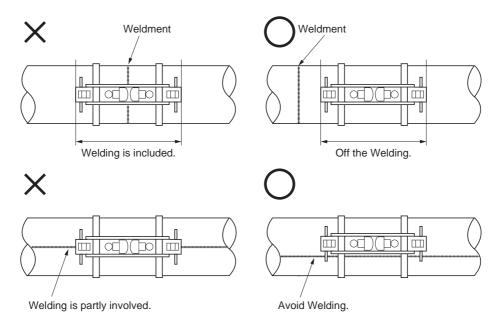
(1) The piping must completely be filled with fluid when it flows.



(2) In case of horizontal piping, mount the detector within ±45° from the horizontal plane. Otherwise, the measurement could be impossible if bubbles stay in the upper part of piping or if deposits are accumulated in the lower part of piping. In case of vertical piping, the detector may be mounted at any position on its periphery provided that the flow is upward.



(3) Do not mount the detector on a distorted part, flange or welding.



3. INSTALLATION AND PROCEDURE PRIOR TO RUNNING

3.1. Outline of installation procedure

- (1) Select the flow transmitter and detector installation places.
- (2) Install and wire the flow transmitter.
- (3) Turn on power.
- (4) Set the piping parameters, and calculate the sensor unit spacing (* if with parameter setting, check the sensor unit spacing).
- (5) Mount the frame on the piping to measure on.
- (6) Mount the sensor unit.
- (7) Set the measurement range (* unnecessary if with parameter setting and if measurement range is designated).
- (8) Adjust zero point.
- (9) Start a measurement.

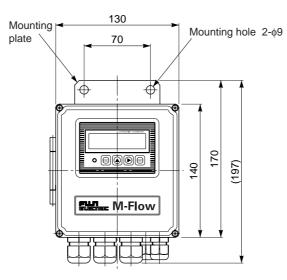
3.2. Installation of flow transmitter

The flow transmitter may be mounted on a wall or 2B pipe stand (option).

3.2.1. Wall mounting

For wall mounting, use two M8 bolts.

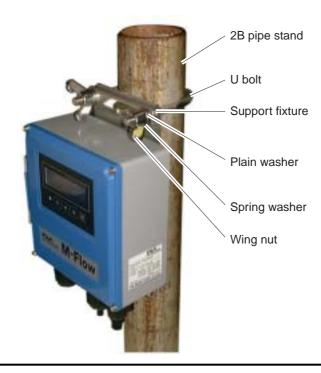
According to the mounting hole dimensions shown below, drill holes on the wall, and tighten M8 bolts.



3.2.2. 2B pipe stand mounting CAUTION

When mounting on 2B pipe, be sure to use a complete set of fixtures (U bolt, support fixture, plain washer, spring washer, wing nut) furnished if optionally designated. Tighten the wing nut by hand. If any support fixture is not used or if the altogether is excessively tightened by tool, the wall mounting fixture may be deformed, thereby breaking the resin case.

Mount the instrument on 2B pipe stand as illustrated below.



3.3. Flow transmitter wiring

3.3.1. Precautions in wiring



- (1) Use a special coaxial cable (FLY3) as a signal cable between the detector (FLS) and flow transmitter (FLR). Do not provide a junction of the signal cable midway.
- (2) Be sure to pass the signal cables through a metal conduit between the detector and flow transmitter. Upstream and downstream signal cables may be put in the same conduit but, to avoid an interference, do not put the power cable together.
- (3) For output signal, use a shield cable, where possible.
- (4) To avoid ingress of noise, do not put the cables together with heavy duty line or the like into the same duct.
- (5) If a ground wire is included in the power cable, connect it to ground as it is.
- (6) A power switch is not provided on the instrument and must be mounted separately.
- (7) Hermetically cover unused wiring ports by furnished caps.

3.3.2. Applied wiring

Use the following cables.

Ose the following edoles.	
• Power cable	: 3 or 2 core cabtyre cable.
	Nominal cross-sectional area 0.75 mm ² min.
	Finish outer diameter \emptyset 11 mm.
 Output signal cable 	: 2 or, as required, multiple core cabtyre cable.
	Finish outer diameter \emptyset 11 mm.
• Detector-flow transmitter cable	: Special signal cable by type designation (heat-resisting high-frequency coaxial cable
	having 50 Ω of characteristics impedance, provided on a side with waterproof BNC
	connector).
	Finish outer diameter \emptyset 5 mm.

3.3.3. Treatment of wiring ports

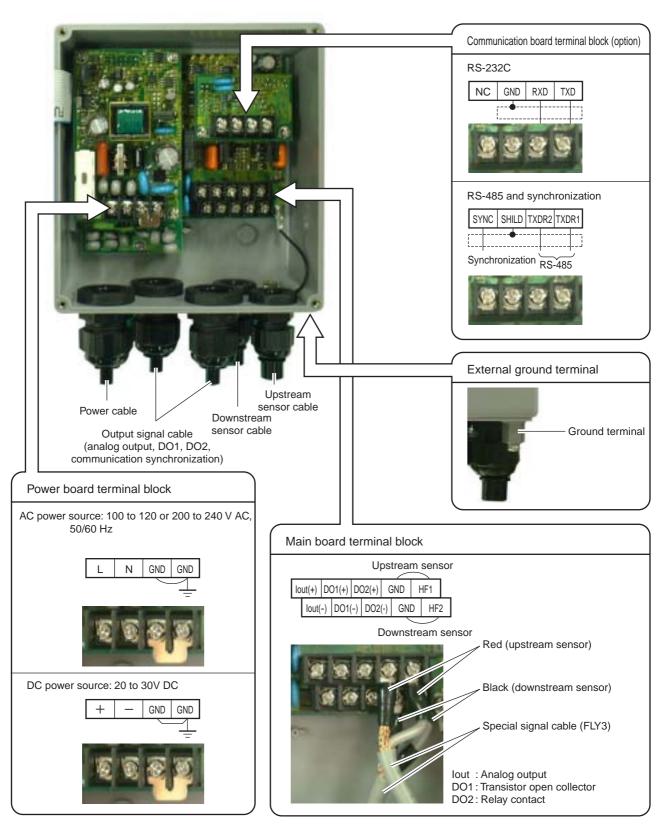
The outer case of flow transmitter is waterproof (IP65). However, if installed in a humid place, the wiring ports must be made airtight to avoid ingress of moisture, condensation, etc. Be sure to use the waterproof glands furnished with the instrument in order to ensure the waterproof means. Hermetically seal unused glands by furnished caps.



Do not install the instrument where there is a risk of inundation.

3.3.4. Wiring to each terminal

Refer to the following diagram for carrying out wiring.



Notes

- 1. All screws are M3 on the terminal block. Use crimp-style terminals for M3 and whose outer diameter is \emptyset 5.8 or smaller.
- 2. Be sure to connect to ground the power board terminal block or external ground terminal (class D ground).
- 3. For output signal, use multiple core cable as required.

3.4. Setting the piping parameters and calculating the sensor unit spacing

After installation and wiring of the flow transmitter (sensor unit may not be wired), turn on power, input the piping parameters below, and calculate the sensor unit installation spacing. (*When it is provided with parameter setting, the following parameters have already been input. Check the installation spacing in this case.)

Item	Input	Range or menu
	method	
Pipe outer diameter	Value	10 to 300mm
Pipe material	Menu	PVC, PVDF, PEEK, PP, CARBON STEEL, STAINLESS STEEL, COPEER,
		PIPE S.V (Note 1)
Pipe wall thickness	Value	0.1 to 100mm
Lining presence and	Menu	NO LINING, TAR EPOXY, MORTAR, RUBER, TEFLON, PYREXGLASS,
material selection		LINING S.V (Note 1)
Lining thickness	Value	0.1 to 10mm
Fluid type	Selection	Water, sea water, FLUID S.V (Note 1)
Kinematic viscosity	Value	$0.00E-6m^2/s$ to 999.999E-6m ² /s (Note 1)

Note 1: In case of material or fluid not included in menus, input its sound velocity and kinematic viscosity of the fluid. The sound velocity can be inputted within the range of 1000 to 3700 m/s for piping or lining material, or 500 to 2500m/s for fluid. (Refer to section 6.6.)

The operating procedure is as follows (from measurement mode).

Note 2: If the parameter protection is set at "PROTECTION ON", change it to "PROTECTION OFF". If ID NO. is set at this time, ID NO. must be inputted.

Keying	LCD indication/comment
\bigcirc key pressed 3 times.	1st line: [MEASURE SETUP].
ENT key pressed.	1st line: [SYSTEM UNIT].
\bigtriangleup key pressed 3 times.	1st line: [PIPE PARAMETER].
ENT key pressed.	1st line: [OUTER DIAMETER]. 2nd line: [60.00 mm]. * As selected currently.
ENT key pressed.	Cursor blinks on 2nd line.
\bigtriangleup and \bigotimes key pressed.	Input the outer diameter of a measurement pipe. As necessary, check the piping data in section 6.6.
	\bigcirc : Selects a numeric. \bigcirc : Shifts the place.
ENT pressed to enter.	Registered after [**COMPLETE**] is indicated about 1 second on 2nd line.
key pressed.	1st line: [PIPE MATERIAL]. 2nd line: [PVC] * As selected currently.
ENT key pressed.	Cursor blinks on 2nd line.
key pressed to select.	Select the pipe material from menus. If there is no corresponding menu, input the sound velocity of pipe material on sound velocity input screen whose menu is located at the last. As necessary, see piping data in section 6.6.
ENT key pressed to enter.	Registered after [**COMPLETE**] is indicated about 1 second on 2nd line.
key pressed.	1st line: [WALL THICKNESS]. 2nd line: [4.50mm] * As selected currently.
ENT key pressed.	Cursor blinks on 2nd line.
\bigtriangleup and \Join key pressed.	Input the wall thickness of a measurement pipe. As necessary, check the piping data in section 6.6. \lefteq: \lefteq: \lefteq: Selects a numeric.
ENT key pressed to enter.	Registered after [**COMPLETE**] is indicated about 1 second on 2nd line.

Keying	LCD indication/comment
\bigwedge key pressed.	1st line: [LINING MATERIAL]. 2nd line: [NO LINING]. * As selected currently.
	If pipe is not lined, press \bigtriangleup key to go to selection of next fluid to be measured.
ENT key pressed.	Cursor blinks on 2nd line.
key pressed to select.	Select the lining material from menus. If there is no corresponding menu, input the sound velocity of lining material on sound velocity input screen whose menu is located at the last. As necessary, see lining data in section 6.6.
ENT key pressed to enter.	Registered after [**COMPLETE**] is indicated about 1 second on 2nd line.
key pressed.	1st line: [LINING THICKNESS]. 2nd line: [2.00 mm]. * As selected currently. Note: Not indicated if lining material is set at [NO LINING].
ENT key pressed.	Cursor blinks on 2nd line.
\bigtriangleup and \Join key pressed.	Input the lining thickness. \bigcirc : Selects a numeric. \bigcirc : Shifts the place.
ENT key pressed to enter.	Registered after [**COMPLETE**] is indicated about 1 second on 2nd line.
key pressed.	1st line: [KIND OF FULID]. 2nd line: [WATER]. * As selected currently.
ENT key pressed.	Cursor blinks on 2nd line.
key pressed to select.	Select [WATER] or [SEA WATER]. In case of other fluid, input the sound velocity of fluid on sound velocity input screen whose menu is located at the last. As necessary, see piping data in section 6.6.
ENT key pressed to enter.	Registered after [**COMPLETE**] is indicated about 1 second on 2nd line.
key pressed.	1st line: [KINEMATIC VISCO]. 2nd line: [1.0038E-6m2/s]. * As selected currently. Kinematic viscosity of water is factory set. If fluid to be measured is other than water, input the kinematic viscosity referring to piping data in section 6.6.
ENT key pressed.	Cursor blinks on 2nd line.
\bigtriangleup and \Join key pressed.	Input the kinematic viscosity. \bigcirc : Selects a numeric. \bigcirc : Shifts the place.
ENT key pressed to enter.	Registered after [**COMPLETE**] is indicated about 1 second on 2nd line.
key pressed twice.	1st line: [SENSOR TYPE]. 2nd line: [FLS_12]. * As selected currently.
ENT key pressed.	Cursor blinks on 2nd line.
key pressed.	Select [FLS_12] or [FLS_22].
ENT key pressed to enter.	Registered after [**COMPLETE**] is indicated about 1 second on 2nd line.
ESC key pressed.	1st line: [PIPE PARAMETER]. 2nd line: [S= 16 (48mm)] (*). * Sensor unit spacing calculated by above setting is indicated for sensor unit spacing at detector installation.
ESC key pressed.	1st line: [MEASURE SETUP]
key pressed twice.	Measurement mode is resumed.

3.5. Installation of detector

3.5.1. Outline of detector installation procedure

- (1) Treat the surface to mount on the detector.
- (2) Mount the frame.
- (3) Mount the sensor unit.

3.5.2. How to treat the mounting surface

By thinner, sandpaper, etc., eliminate rust, pitch, convex and concave from the pipe surface to mount on the detector by the frame length to occupy.

Note: 1. If jute is wound on the pipe, peel off the jute over the entire periphery by frame length (L) + 200 mm beforehand.

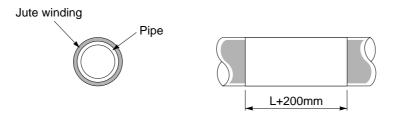


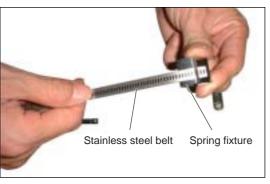
Fig. 3-1 L: Frame length (FLSE1: 240 mm, FLSE2: 360 mm)

3.5.3. How to mount the frame



Mount the frame carefully not to cut your fingers with stainless steel belt.

(1) Pass the spring fixture on the stainless steel belt as shown in Fig. 3-2.





(2) Pass the stainless steel belt through 2 belt holes on the frame as shown in Fig. 3-3.

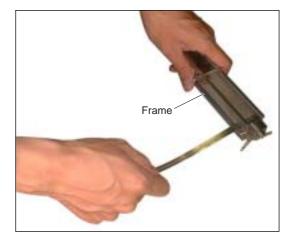


Fig. 3-3

(3) Make sure the obtained status is as shown in Fig. 3-4.



Fig. 3-4

(4) As shown in Fig. 3-5, apply the frame on the pipe section subjected to a surface treatment.



Fig. 3-5

(5) Temporarily tighten the first stainless steel belt on the pipe as shown in Fig. 3-6.



Fig. 3-6

(6) Adjust the frame so as to be in parallel with the pipe, put the spring fixture to the side of the frame as shown in Fig. 3-7, and tighten the stainless steel belt so that the frame will tightly be fitted.

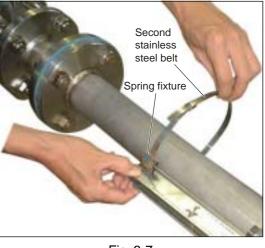
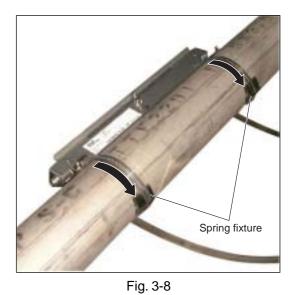


Fig. 3-7

(7) After tightening both stainless steel belts, slide the spring fixture to the opposite to the frame as shown in Fig. 3-8.



Note: When removing the frame set to the piping and set it to a different position, use new stainless steel belts.

Mounting on pipe whose diameter is 150A or larger As shown in Fig. 3-9, connect 2 stainless steel belts.



Fig. 3-9

Tightening tool

Use of an optional tool (Fig. 3-10) facilitates tightening the stainless steel belt (Fig. 3-11).



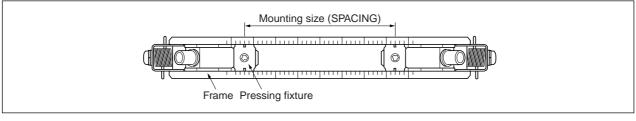
Fig. 3-10



Fig. 3-11

3.5.4. How to mount the sensor unit

(1) Mount both sensor units spaced at the SPACING value [S= $\frac{**}{}$] (number of graduations on frame) indicated after setting the piping parameters.





- (2) Before mounting the sensor unit into the frame, sufficiently apply silicone filler (or silicone-free grease ^{Note}) over the entire transmission surface of the sensor unit, taking care not to introduce bubbles (Fig. 3-13).
 - Note) When using silicon-free grease, pay attention to the fluid temperature range. The fluid temperature range is shown below.

Silicon rubber: -20 to 100°C

Silicon-free grease: 0 to 60°C

When using silicon-free grease, reapply it on the transmission surface of the sensor unit approximately once every 6 months. (Silicon rubber need not be reapplied.)



Fig. 3-13

(3) Then insert the sensor unit into the frame, align the slit provided on the pressing fixture of the sensor unit with graduations located on the frame top surface (see Fig. 3-14), and press the sensor unit until the fixture claws are engaged with the frame side square holes. Mount both sensor units so as to be roughly symmetrical with respect to the frame (see Fig. 3-15).

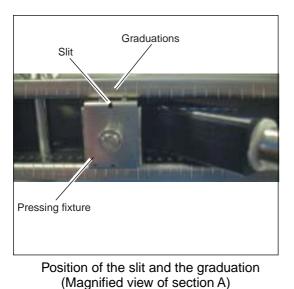
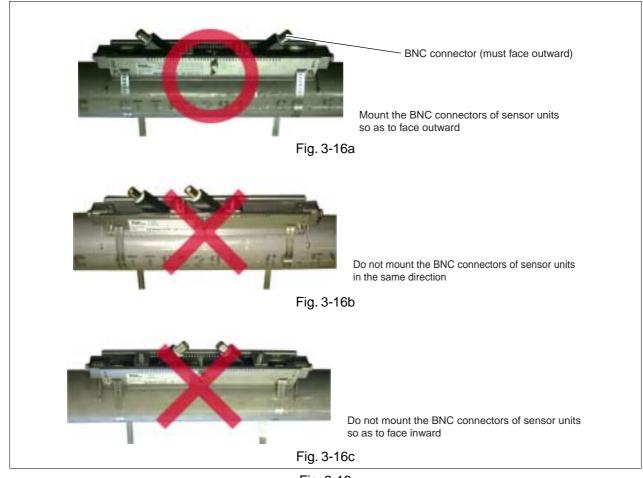


Fig. 3-14

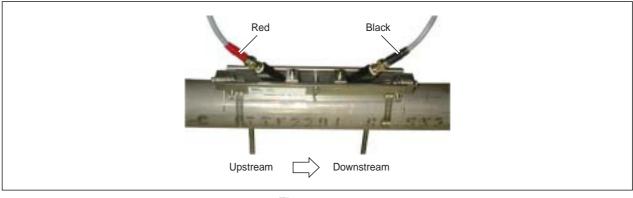


Fig. 3-15

Mount the sensor units so that their BNC connectors will face outward (Fig. 3-16a). If at least one is mounted opposite, the measurement is impossible (Fig. 3-16b, c). The pressing fixture claws must completely be engaged with square holes provided on sides of the frame. Otherwise, the sensor and pipe will not correctly get in contact with each other, whereby the measurement will be impossible.



- Fig. 3-16
- (4) Engage the signal line with BNC connectors of the sensor units. At this time, do not mistake the upstream and downstream sides for each other. Engage the red BNC connector upstream, and the black BNC connector downstream (see Fig. 3-17).





(5) After connecting the signal line, make sure the red LED on the flow transmitter has turned green. It takes about 10 seconds until the color changes to green.

The green color indicates the received signal is normal. The red color indicates the received signal is abnormal. If the LED remains red and does not turn green, examine the **sensor installation status** (sensor spacing, sensor orientation, claw engagement, etc.) and **parameter settings, and check whether the piping is filled with fluid**.



Fig. 3-18

3.5.5. How to remove the sensor unit

If the sensor unit has to be detached from the frame such as after mistaking the space between the sensor units, proceed as follows.

- (1) Loosen the wind bolt located at the middle of frame by 3 to 4 turns (Fig. 3-19).
- Note 1: Do not loosen the wing bolt completely.

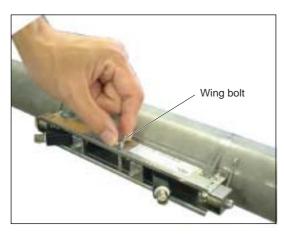


Fig. 3-19

- (2) By hand, hold the frame near the pressing fixture for a sensor unit to remove.Press the resin section which stands out of the frame of sensor unit just enough to open the frame a little (about 1 mm). At this time, the claws of sensor unit fixture are disengaged from the frame (Fig. 3-20).
- Note 2: Do not open the frame excessively. Otherwise, it may deform, and an accurate measurement could be impossible or the sensor unit could not be installed.

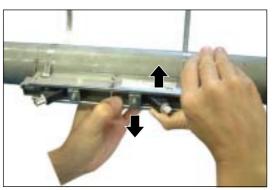


Fig. 3-20

(3) Likewise, disengage the opposite claws of the sensor unit pressing fixture from the frame (Fig. 3-21).



Fig. 3-21

(4) Making sure claws have been disengaged from both sides, and pull out the sensor unit from the frame (Fig. 3-22).

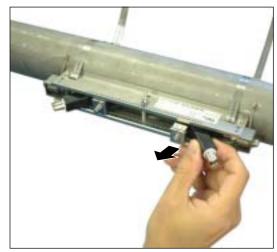


Fig. 3-22

- (5) In the same procedure, remove the other sensor unit also.
- Note 3: After removing both sensor units, tighten the loosened wing bolt as before.

3.6. Setting the range and total pulse output

The range is set in the following procedure.

According to a selected range value, an analog output (4-20 mA DC) is delivered. A pulse is outputted every time the integrated value attains a pulse value.

(Note: Must be carried out after setting the piping parameters in Section 3.4.)

(1) Selecting a unit system: Metric or inch system

Note: Factory set at "Metric system". If you retains it as it is, go to (2) below. Proceed to the following from the measurement mode.

Keying	LCD indication/comment			
\bigwedge key pressed 3 times.	1st line: [MEASURE SETUP].			
ENT key pressed.	1st line: [SYSTEM UNIT]. 2nd line: [METRIC]. * As selected currently.			
ENT key pressed.	2nd line blinks.			
key pressed.	Select a unit system out of metric system: [METRIC] and inch system: [ENGLISH].			
ENT key pressed.	Registered after [**COMPLETE**] is displayed about 1 sec on 2nd line.			

(2) Selecting a flow rate unit: L/s, m3/h or other flow rate unit.

Follows the operation from (1) above.

Keying	LCD indication/comment
\bigtriangleup key pressed 1 times.	1st line: [FLOW UNIT], 2nd line: [L/s] * As selected currently.
ENT key pressed.	2nd line blinks.
\bigtriangleup key pressed.	Repeatedly until a desired flow rate unit is selected.
ENT key pressed.	Registered after [**COMPLETE**] is displayed about 1 sec on 2nd line.

(3) Selecting a total unit: mL, L, m3, or other total unit.

* Must be selected when total indication or total pulse output is used. Follows the operation from (2) above.

Keying	LCD indication/comment
\bigtriangleup key pressed 1 times.	1st line: [TOTAL UNIT], 2nd line: [mL] * As selected currently.
ENT key pressed.	2nd line blinks.
\bigtriangleup key pressed.	Repeatedly until a desired total unit is selected.
ENT key pressed.	Registered after [**COMPLETE**] is displayed about 1 sec on 2nd line.
ESC key pressed.	1st line: [MEASURE SETUP]
\bigwedge key pressed twice.	Resumes the measurement mode.

* Carrying out the operation in (1) to (3) above completes setting of the unit system, flow rate unit and total unit.

(4) Setting the range: To full scale. Proceed to the following from the measurement mode.

Keying	LCD indication/comment
\bigtriangleup key pressed twice.	1st line: [OUTPUT SETUP].
ENT key pressed.	1st line: [ZERO ADJUST].
\bigwedge key pressed 4 times.	1st line: [RANGE]. 2nd line: [FLOW RATE].
ENT key pressed.	2nd line blinks.
ENT key pressed to enter.	1st line: [FLOW SPAN-1]. 2nd line: [10.0 L/s]. * As selected currently.
ENT key pressed.	Cursor blinks on 2nd line.
	Until the range is set to a desired value. Setting is available from 0.3 to 10 m/s in terms of velocity. Operate \bigtriangleup to select a numeric or point, and \bigotimes to shift the place.
ENT key pressed.	Registered after [**COMPLETE**] is displayed about 1 sec on 2nd line.
ESC key pressed 3 times.	1st line [OUTPUT SETUP].
key pressed 3 times.	Resumes the measurement mode.

(5) Setting the total pulse and preset value, and starting the total

Set the pulse value, pulse width and preset value.

Then, reset the total value to a preset value (factory set at 0), and start a total.

Proceed to the following from the measurement mode.

Keying	LCD indication/comment
\bigtriangleup key pressed twice.	1st line: [OUTPUT SETUP]
ENT key pressed.	1st line: [ZERO ADJUST]
key pressed 4 times	1st line: [RANGE], 2nd line: [FLOW RATE]
ENT key pressed.	2nd line blinks
\bigtriangleup key pressed.	2nd line: [TOTAL]
ENT key pressed.	1st line: [TOTAL MODE], 2nd line [START]
key pressed.	1st line: [PULSE VALUE], 2nd line: [1mL] * As selected currently.
ENT key pressed.	Cursor blinks on 2nd line.
\bigtriangleup and \bigtriangledown key pressed for composing a pulse value.	Compose a desired pulse value. (See $4.5.6.1$) \bigcirc : Selects a numeric or decimal point. \bigcirc : Shifts the place.
ENT key pressed.	[**COMPLETE**] appears about 1 second on 2nd line, and then pulse value is registered.
key pressed.	1st line: [PULSE WIDTH]. 2nd line: [5.0 ms]. * As selected currently.
ENT key pressed.	Cursor blinks on 2nd line.
key pressed.	Select 5.0 ms, 10 ms, 50 ms, 100 ms or 200 ms. (See 4.5.6.1)
ENT key pressed.	[**COMPLETE**] appears about 1 second on 2nd line, and then pulse width is registered.
\bigwedge key pressed.	1st line: [TOTAL PRESET]. 2nd line: [0 mL]. * As selected currently.
ENT key pressed.	Cursor blinks.
\bigtriangleup and \Join key pressed.	Compose a desired preset value. \bigtriangleup : Selects a numeric or decimal point. \Join : Shifts the place.
ENT key pressed.	[**COMPLETE**] appears about 1 second on 2nd line, and then preset value is registered.
key pressed 3 times.	1st line: [TOTAL MODE]. 2nd line: [START]. * As selected currently.
ENT key pressed.	2nd line blinks.
key pressed.	2nd line: [RESET]. * Make sure beforehand total value can be reset.
ENT key pressed.	[**COMPLETE**] appears about 1 second on 2nd line, and then total value is reset. 2nd line: [STOP]. * Total stops.
ENT key pressed.	Cursor blinks on 2nd line.
key pressed twice.	2nd line: [START].
ENT key pressed.	[**COMPLETE**] appears about 1 second on 2nd line. 2nd line: [START]. * Total starts.
ESC key pressed 3 times.	1st line: [OUTPUT SETUP].
key pressed 3 times.	Measurement mode is resumed.

3.7. How to calibrate zero

Completely close the valves upstream and downstream the flow meter before calibrating zero.

Notes

- 1. If there is no valve or if the fluid flow cannot be stopped, select "CLEAR" when "ZERO ADJUST". In this case, the zero point may slightly be off.
- 2. If parameters are set at "PROTECTION ON", select "PROTECTION OFF" beforehand.
- 3. SET ZERO: Retains the current status as zero. CLEAR: Sets the calibration value for zero point to "0".

The following is the zero point adjustment procedure from measurement mode.

Keying	LCD indication/comment
\bigwedge key pressed twice.	1st line: [OUTPUT SETUP]
ENT key pressed.	1st line: [ZERO ADJUST]. 2nd line: [CLEAR]. * As selected currently.
ENT key pressed.	2nd line blinks.
key pressed.	2nd line: [SET ZERO].
ENT key pressed to register.	On 2nd line about 1 sec, [**COMPLETE**] is displayed, and zero calibration is performed (Note 4).
ESC key pressed.	1st line: [OUTPUT SETUP]
\bigtriangleup key pressed 3 times.	Measurement mode is resumed.

Note: 4. If [CLEAR] has been selected and executed at this time, a currently stored zero calibration value will be cleared to zero.

4. PARAMETERS

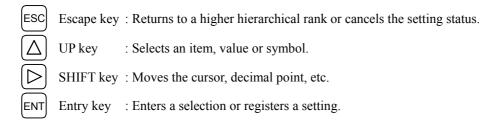
4.1. Description on display/setting section

The display/setting section is illustrated below.

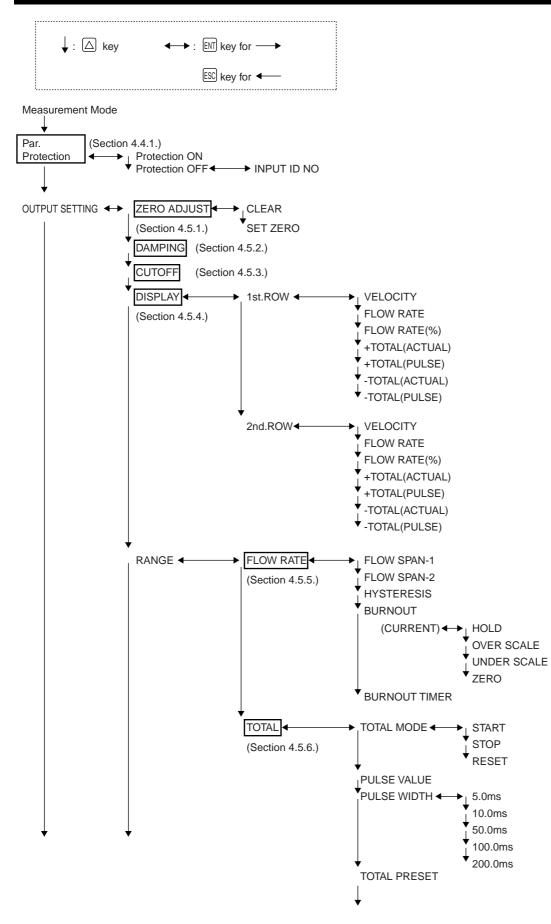
	UL TELASC		
	0.000 0.000	M/s L/s	
LED	ESC		

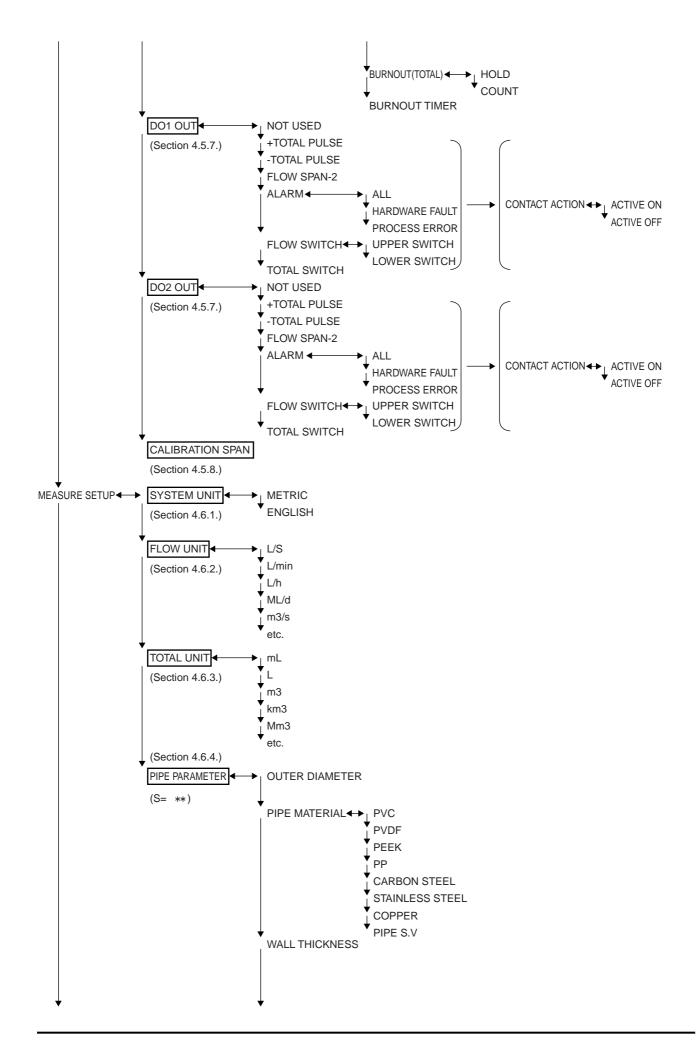
 LED display: Indicates whether the received wave is normal or not. (Green): Received wave is normal. (Red): Received wave is abnormal.

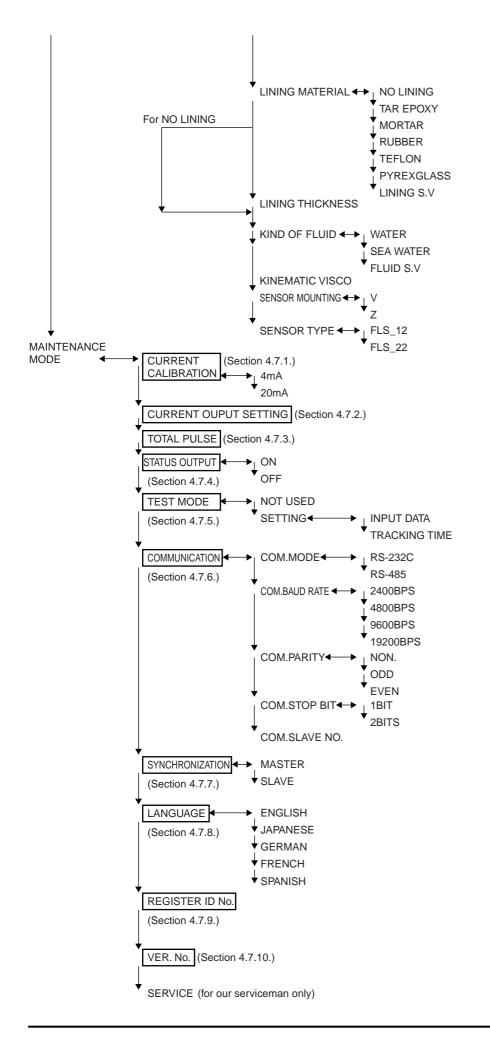
Set the parameter by setting switches.



4.2. Configuration of keys







4.3. Initial values of parameters

No.		Setting item	Settable range	Initial value	Settable value
1	Parameter protection		2 menus	PROTECTION	PROTECTION ON,
	_			ON	PROTECTION OFF
2	ID]	No.	0000 to 9999	0000	
3		Unit system	2 menus	Metric	Metric (metric system),
		F1 ('(10	m ³ /h	English (inch system)
4		Flow rate unit	12 menus	m ² /h	L/s L/min L/h ML/d m ³ /s m ³ /min m ³ /h Mm ³ /d BBL/s BBL/min
			(Metric system)		BBL/h MBBL/d
			12 menus	-	gal/s gal/min gal/h Mgal/d ft ³ /s
			(Inch system)		ft^3/min ft^3/h Mft^3/d BBL/s BBL/min
			()		BBL/h MBBL/d
5		Total unit	8 menus	m ³	mL L m ³ km ³ Mm ³ mBBL BBL
			(Metric system)		kBBL
	suo		10 menus		gal kgal ft ³ kft ³ Mft ³ mBBL BBL
	litic		(Inch system)	60.00	kBBL ACRE-in ACRE-ft
6	Measurement conditions	Pipe outer diameter	10.00 to 300mm	60.00mm	[mm, in]
7	it co	Pipe material	10 menus	PVC	PVC, PVDF, PEEK, PP, CARBON STEEL,
	ner		Sound velocity: 1000 to 3700 m/s.		STAINLESS STEEL, COPPER, other (sound velocity: [m/s, ft/s])
8	ırer	Wall thickness	0.1 to 50.00mm	4.50mm	[mm, in]
9	ası	Lining material	7 menus	No lining	No lining, tar epoxy, mortar, rubber, Teflon,
_	Me		Sound velocity: 1000	i to ining	Pyrexglass,
			to 3700m/s		other (sound velocity: [m/s, ft/s])
10		Lining thickness	0.01 to 50.00	-	[mm, in]
11		Fluid type	3 menus	Water	Water, sea water,
			Sound velocity:		other (Sound velocity: [m/s, ft/s])
			500 to 2500m/s		
12		Kinematic	0.0001 to 999.9999 ×10-6m ² /s	1.0038×10 -	$[\times 10-6m^2/s, ft^2/s]$
13		viscosity Sensor mounting	2 menus	6m ² /s	V, Z
15		method	2 menus	v	V, Z
14		Sensor type	2 menus	FLS_12	FLS_12, FLS_22
15		Zero adjustment	2 menus	Clear (unadjusted)	Set zero, clear (factory set at clear)
16		Damping	0 to 100sec	5sec	sec
17		Low flow rate	0 to 5 m/s in terms of	0.001L/s	[The unit selected at No. 4]
		cutting	flow velocity		
18		Display 1st line	7 menus	Flow velocity	Flow velocity, flow rate (ACTUAL),
		contents		(m/s)	flow rate (%), forward total,
					reverse total, forward total pulse,
	SUC	D' 1 4 1		00000 000	reverse total pulse
19	litic	Display 1st line		00000.000	(cmapping designed place)
	ond	decimal point position			(smear a desired place)
20	Output conditions	Display 2nd line	7 menus	Flow rate (m ³ /h)	Flow velocity, flow rate (ACTUAL),
20	ıtpı	contents	, 1101105		flow rate (%), forward total,
	Õ				reverse total, forward total pulse,
L					reverse total pulse
21		Display 2nd line		00000.000	
		decimal point			(smear a desired place)
		position			
L					

The following gives factory set values (except when parameter setting is specified).

No.		Setting item		Settable range	Initial value	Settable value
22		ut	Flow span-1	0.3 to 10 m/s in terms of flow velocity	10.0000m ³ /h	[The unit selected at No. 4]
23		Analog output	Flow span-2	0.3 to 10 m/s in terms of flow velocity	0.0000m ³ /h	[The unit selected at No. 4]
24		An	Hysteresis	0 to 10%	5.00%	%
25			Burnout	4 menus	Hold	Hold, upper limit, lower limit, zero
26			Burnout timer	0 to 100sec	10sec	sec
27			Total action	3 menus	Start	Start, stop, reset
28		put	Pulse value	0.00001 to 9999999	$1m^3$	[The unit selected at No. 5]
29		Total output	Total pulse width	5 menus	5msec	5, 10, 50, 100, 200msec
30		Tot	Burnout	2 menus	Hold	Hold, count
31			Burnout timer	0 to 100sec	10sec	sec
32	Output conditions		1 output type	 5 output contents menus. 3 alarm menus. Flow switch range 0 to 10 m/s in terms of flow velocity. Total switch range 0.000001 to 99999999 	NOT USED	□NOT USED □Flow direction □Alarm [all, hard, process] □Flow switches Upper limit [[The unit selected at No. 4]] Lower limit [[The unit selected at No. 4]] □Total switch [[The unit selected at No. 5]]
33			1 output action	2 menus		ON, OFF
34		DO	2 output type	 5 output contents menus. 3 alarm menus. Flow switch range 0 to 10 m/s in terms of flow velocity. Total switch range 0.000001 to 99999999 	NOT USED	□Unused □Flow direction □Alarm [all, hard, process] □Flow switches Upper limit [[The unit selected at No. 4]] Lower limit [[The unit selected at No. 4]] □Total switch [[The unit selected at No. 5]]
35		DO	output action	2 menus	1	ON, OFF
36			n calibration	0 to $\pm 200\%$	100.0%	%

4.4. Parameter protection

4.4.1. Parameter protection ON/OFF

Description

- Parameters can be protected so that the flow meter settings will not carelessly be changed.
- Parameters can be protected by setting the "ID No." (Note) in the maintenance mode. Note: 4 digits are factory set at "0000" (see Section 4.7.9).

Settable range : PROTECTION ON : Parameters cannot be changed. PROTECTION OFF : Parameters can be changed.

For concrete keying, refer to the following examples.

Typical operation	Change the parameter protection from ON to OFF (suppose	ID No. is "2234").
Keying order	Description	Indication
\bigcirc	Pressed in the measurement mode to indicate [PAR. PROTECTION].	PAR. PROTECTION PROTECTION ON
ENT V	Pressed to blink the 2nd line.	PAR. PROTECTION PROTECTION ON
\bigcirc	Pressed to indicate "PROTECTION OFF".	PAR. PROTECTION PROTECTION OFF
ENT V V	Pressed to indicate "INPUT ID NO.".	PAR. PROTECTION ** COMPLETE ** ↓ INPUT ID NO ****
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "0000" and blink the cursor. Note: If ID No. is "0000" (as factory set), press ENT key to release the parameter protection.	INPUT ID NO
${\bigtriangleup}{\triangleright}$	Pressed until ID No. [2234] is composed.	INPUT ID NO 223 <mark>4</mark>
ENT	Pressed.* If ID No. does not coincide, "INPUT ERROR!" appears, and the input screen is resumed.	ID NO INPUT ★★ COMPLETE ★★ ↓
	Parameter protection canceled	PAR. PROTECTION PROTECTION OFF

4.5. Output setup mode

4.5.1. Adjusting zero point

Description

• Zero point is calibrated.

Settable range

 CLEAR: Clears the zero point calibration value to "0". Used in case the flow cannot be stopped when calibrating the zero point. Note: 1. Where possible, stop the flow and carry out "SET ZERO" stated below. Otherwise, an error may slip in the zero point.
 SET ZERO: A point where "SET ZERO" is carried out is regarded as zero. Used for calibrating the zero point upon stopping the flow. Note: 2. The flow must completely be stopped. Otherwise, the flowing status is regarded as zero, thereby causing an error.

Typical operation	Completely fill the piping, close the upstream and downstream valves, and proceed to zero point calibration.		
Keying order	Description	Indication	
\bigtriangleup	Pressed twice to indicate "OUTPUT SETUP".	OUTPUT SETUP	
ENT V	Pressed twice to indicate "ZERO ADJUST" and blink the cursor.	ZERO ADJUST	
	Pressed to select "SET ZERO".	ZERO ADJUST SET ZERO	
ENT T	Pressed to execute "SET ZERO". * Be sure to completely stop the flow beforehand.	ZERO ADJUST ** COMPLETE ** ↓	
V V	Zero point calibrated	ZERO ADJUST SET ZERO	
ESC	Press \boxed{ESC} key once, and $\boxed{\bigtriangleup}$ key 3 times to resume the measurement mode.	0.000 m/s 0.000 m3/h	

4.5.2. Setting the damping

- DescriptionUsed for attenuating the variation of measured value.
 - A time constant is set (response time of about 63%).

Settable range: 0 to 100 sec in 1 sec steps.

Note: In case you set to 0 sec, response time become as below.

- System cycle: 0.2 sec
- Dead time: less than 0.2 sec
- Time constant: 0.1 sec

Typical operation	Change the damping from 5 to 20 sec.	
Keying order	Description	Indication
\bigcirc	Pressed twice to indicate "OUTPUT SETUP".	OUTPUT SETUP
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "ZERO ADJUST".	ZERO ADJUST SET ZERO
	Pressed to indicate "DAMPING".	DAMPING 5 sec
ENT V	Pressed to blink the cursor.	DAMPING 05 sec
	Operated to select "20".	DAMPING 02 <mark>0</mark> sec
ENT V	Pressed to register it.	DAMPING ★* COMPLETE **
	Damping registered	DAMPING 20 sec
ESC	Press \boxed{ESC} key once, and $\boxed{\bigtriangleup}$ key 3 times to resume the measurement mode.	0.000 m/s 0.000 m3/h

4.5.3. Setting the low flow rate cutting

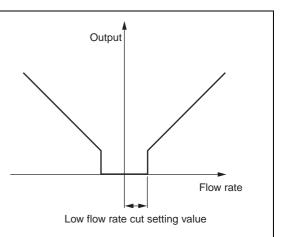
Description

- The output can be cut when the flow rate is too small.
- Effective for indication, analog output (4-20 mA) and total operation.

Settable range: 0 to 5 [m/s] in terms of flow velocity (factory set at 0.001 [L/s]).

Notes

- 1. As required, set the low flow rate cut because the flow meter may read a flow rate when the fluid in the piping is moving on account of convection, etc. even if the valves are closed.
- 2. The flow rate unit is as selected by "FLOW UNIT" in "MEASURE SETUP" (see Section 4.6.2).



Typical operation	Set the low flow rate cut point to $0.5 \text{ [m}^3/\text{h]}$.	
Keying order	Description	Indication
\bigtriangleup	Pressed twice to indicate "OUTPUT SETUP".	OUTPUT SETUP
	Pressed to indicate "ZERO ADJUST".	ZERO ADJUST SET ZERO
\bigtriangleup	Pressed twice to indicate "CUTOFF".	CUTOFF 0.0010 m3/h
ENT	Pressed to blink the cursor.	CUTOFF 0000.0010 m3/h
	Operated to compose "0.5".	CUTOFF 0000.50 <mark>0</mark> 0 m3/h
	Pressed to register it.	CUTOFF ** COMPLETE **
▼ ▼ ▼	CUTOFF registered	↓ CUTOFF 0.500 m3/h
	Press \boxed{ESC} key once, and $\boxed{\bigtriangleup}$ key 3 times to resume the massurement mode	0.000 m/s 0.000 m3/h
	the measurement mode.	

Description	
• Flow velocity indication	
Selectable flow velocity units : m/s (if SYSTEM UNIT was set to METRIC)	
: ft/s (if SYSTEM UNIT was set to ENGLISH) (Section 4.6.1).	
Note: 1. The decimal point position is fixed.	
• Flow rate indication	
Selectable flow rate indications: Actual value reading, % reading.	
Note: 2. The indication unit is as selected by FLOW UNIT (Section 4.6.2).	
• Total indication	
Selectable total indications: Actual total value reading (forward/reverse flow), total pulse count (forward/rever	se
flow).	
Note: 3. When total unit is changed, perform "RESET". (Refer to item 4.5.6)	
Conversion of total memory contents due to unit change is not carried out.	
• How to validate the indication	
Set the DISPLAY setting mode to 1st. ROW (for indication on 1st line) or 2nd. ROW (for indication on 2nd line)	ne),
and further select indication contents.	

Typical operation	Set the LCD indication on 1st line to % reading.	
Keying order	Description	Indication
	Pressed twice to indicate "OUTPUT SETUP".	OUTPUT SETUP
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "ZERO ADJUST".	ZERO ADJUST CLEAR
\bigtriangleup	Pressed 3 times to indicate "DISPLAY".	DISPLAY 1ST. ROW
ENT	Pressed to blink the cursor.	DISPLAY 1ST. ROW
ENT	Pressed again to select "1st. ROW".	IST. ROW
	Pressed twice to select "FLOW RATE (%)".	IST. ROW FLOW RATE (%)
ENT V	Pressed to enter "FLOW RATE (%)" and indicate "1st. ROW DIGIT".	1ST. ROW DIGIT ****.**
	Pressed to shift the decimal point position to next place.	IST. ROW DIGIT *****.*
ENT V	Pressed to register it.	IST. ROW DIGIT ** COMPLETE **
v v v	FLOW RATE (%) indication validated	↓ 1ST. ROW FLOW RATE (%)
ESC	Press \boxed{ESC} key 2 times, and $\boxed{\bigtriangleup}$ key 3 times to resume the measurement mode	0.0 % 0.000 m3/h

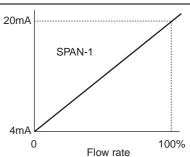
4.5.5. Setting the flow rate and flow velocity range

4.5.5.1. Setting the flow rate range (single range FLOW SPAN-1)

Description

•

- The range (full scale) of flow rate to measure is set.
 - * The analog output (4-20 mA) corresponds to the range setting.
- After changing the range, adjust zero point (see Section 4.5.1.).
 - Settable range: 0.3 to 10 [m/s] in terms of flow velocity in piping.
 - * Piping parameters and FLOW UNIT must be set beforehand.
 - * If a value beyond the settable range is inputted, "INPUT ERROR" appears and then last setting is resumed.
 - * If "piping parameters" or "FLOW UNIT" has been changed after setting the range, recommence the range setting.



Note: 1. The flow rate unit is as selected by "FLOW UNIT" in the "MEASURE SETUP" mode (see Section 4.6.2.).

Typical operation	Set the "FLOW SPAN-1" to 60 m ³ /h.		
	* Set the piping parameters and "FLOW UNIT" beforehand.		
Keying order	Description	Indication	
	Pressed twice to indicate "OUTPUT SETUP".	OUTPUT SETUP	
•			
ENT	Pressed to select the ZERO ADJUST mode.	ZERO ADJUST	
ENT		CLEAR	
$ \Delta $	Pressed 4 times to indicate "RANGE".	RANGE FLOW RATE	
		FLOW RATE	
	Pressed to blink the cursor.	RANGE	
ENT	Pressed to blink the cursor.	FLOW RATE	
▼			
	Pressed to indicate "FLOW SPAN-1".	FLOW SPAN-1	
ENT		0000010.0 m3/h	
▼			
	Pressed to blink the cursor.	FLOW SPAN-1	
ENI		0000010.0 m3/h	
ENT V			
	Pressed repeatedly until the cursor is positioned at "1".	FLOW SPAN-1	
		00000 <mark>1</mark> 0.0 m3/h	
	Pressed 5 times to select "6".	FLOW_SPAN-1	
	Note: To change the decimal point position, align the	00000 <mark>6</mark> 0.0 m3/h	
•	cursor with a place to change to and operate $\left \Delta \right $		
	key likewise.		
	Pressed to register it.	FLOW SPAN-1	
ENT		** COMPLETE **	
V V V V		↓	
	SPAN-1 registered	FLOW SPAN-1	
▼ ▼	orriver registered.	60.0 m3/h	
	Press $ ESC $ key 3 times and press $ \Delta $ key 3 times to	0.000 m/s 0.000 m3/h	
	resume the measurement mode.	0.000 m3/h	

4.5.5.2. Setting forward automatic 2 ranges

Description

- The function carries out a measurement while changing over the range according to the flow rate.
- The current output changes with the action range as illustrated on the right.
- The hysteresis can be set to between 0 and 10% of the smaller range.
- Upon setting DO1 or DO2 to "FLOW SPAN-2", a contact outputs "SPAN-2" action. Select [ACTIVE ON] or [ACTIVE OFF] separately (see Section 4.5.7.3.).
- After changing the range value, adjust zero point (see Section 4.5.1.).
- Settable range: 0.3 to 10 [m/s] in terms of flow velocity in piping for any of SPAN-1 and SPAN-2.
 * The <u>piping parameters</u> and <u>FLOW UNIT</u> must be set beforehand.
 - * If a value beyond the settable range is inputted, "INPUT ERROR" appears and then last setting is resumed.

20mA

4mA

SPAN-1

SPAN-2

Hysteresis

- * If "FLOW UNIT" has been changed after setting the range, recommence the range setting.
- * When FLOW SPAN-2 is not used (in the case of single range), set "0" to FLOW SPAN-2.

Typical operation	Set "FLOW SPAN-1" to 10 [m ³ /h], "FLOW SPAN-2" to 60 [m ³ /h], and "HYSTERESIS" to 7%.		
	* Set the piping parameters and "FLOW UNIT" beforehand		
Keying order	Description	Indication	
	Pressed twice to indicate "OUTPUT SETUP".	OUTPUT SETUP	
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "ZERO ADJUST".	ZERO ADJUST CLEAR	
	Pressed 4 times to indicate "RANGE".	RANGE FLOW RATE	
ENT V	Pressed to blink the cursor.	RANGE FLOW RATE	
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "FLOW SPAN-1".	FLOW SPAN-1 20.0000 m3/h	
ENT V	Pressed to blink the cursor on 2nd line.	FLOW SPAN-1 020.0000 m3/h	
	Pressed repeatedly until the cursor is positioned at "2".	FLOW SPAN-1 0020.0000 m3/h	
	Pressed repeatedly until "1" appears. Note: To change the decimal point position, align the cursor with a place to change to, and press	FLOW SPAN-1 00 1 0.0000 m3/h	
	key likewise.		
ENT V	Pressed to register it.	FLOW SPAN-1 ★* COMPLETE **	

Note: 1. The flow rate unit is as selected by "FLOW UNIT". <u>Before range setting, set the "FLOW UNIT"</u> (see Section 4.6.2.).

v v	FLOW SPAN-1 registered	FLOW SPAN-1 10.0000 m3/h
	Pressed to indicate "FLOW SPAN-2".	FLOW SAPN-2 0.0000 m3/h
ENT	Pressed to blink the cursor.	FLOW SAPN-2 0000.0000 m3/h
	Pressed twice to move the cursor.	FLOW SPAN-2 00 <mark>0</mark> 0.0000 m3/h
\checkmark	Pressed 6 times to select "6".	FLOW SPAN-2 0000.0000 m3/h
▼ ENT	Pressed to register it.	FLOW SPAN-2 ** COMPLETE **
▼ ▼ ▼	FLOW SPAN-2 registered	↓ FLOW SPAN-2
▼ (△)	Pressed to indicate "HYSTERESIS".	60.0000 m3/h HYSTERESIS 5.00 %
▼ ENT	Pressed to blink the cursor.	HYSTERESIS
	Pressed to move the cursor.	HYSTERESIS
\mathbf{V}	Pressed twice to select "7".	05.00 %
	Pressed to register it.	07.00 %
V V	HVSTEDESIS registered	** COMPLETE ** ↓
	HYSTERESIS registered	HYSTERESIS 7.00 % 0.000 m/s
scμ	Press ESC key 3 times, and press \bigtriangleup key 3 times to resume the measurement mode.	0.000 m3/h

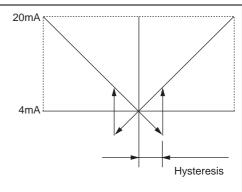
4.5.5.3. Setting forward/reverse automatic 2 ranges

Description

- The function measures the flow rate of either forward or reverse flow while changing over the range corresponding to the flow direction.
- The current output changes with the action range as illustrated on the right.
- The hysteresis can be set to between 0 and 10% of the <u>action</u> range.
- Upon setting DO1 or DO2 to "FLOW SPAN-2", a contact outputs "SPAN-2" action. Select [ACTIVE ON] or [ACTIVE OFF] separately (see Section 4.5.7.3.).
- After changing the range value, adjust zero point (see Section 4.5.1.).
- Settable range: ± 0.3 to 10 [m/s] in terms of flow velocity in piping for any of SPAN-1 and SPAN-2.
 - * The <u>piping parameters</u> and <u>FLOW UNIT</u> must be set beforehand.
 - * If a value beyond the settable range is inputted, "INPUT ERROR" appears and then last setting is resumed.
 - * If "FLOW UNIT" has been changed after setting the range, recommence the range setting.

Note: 1. The flow rate unit is as selected by "FLOW UNIT". <u>Before range setting, set the "FLOW UNIT"</u> (see Section 4.6.2.).

Typical operation	Set "FLOW SPAN-1" to 20 [m ³ /h], "FLOW SPAN-2" to -10 [m ³ /h], and "HYSTERESIS" to 7%.		
	* Set the piping parameters and "FLOW UNIT" beforehand		
Keying order	Description	Indication	
\bigcirc	Pressed twice to indicate "OUTPUT SETUP".	OUTPUT SETUP	
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "ZERO ADJUST".	ZERO ADJUST CLEAR	
\bigtriangleup	Pressed 4 times to indicate "RANGE".	RANGE FLOW RATE	
ENT V	Pressed to blink the cursor.	RANGE FLOW RATE	
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "FLOW SPAN-1".	FLOW SPAN-1 50.0000 m3/h	
ENT V	Pressed to blink the cursor.	FLOW SPAN-1 0050.0000 m3/h	
\triangleright	Pressed repeatedly until the cursor is positioned at "5".	FLOW SPAN-1 00 <mark>5</mark> 0.0000 m3/h	
\frown	Pressed repeatedly until "2" appears. Note: To change the decimal point position, align the cursor with a place to change to, and press key likewise	FLOW SPAN-1 0020.0000 m3/h	
ENT V	Pressed to register it.	FLOW SPAN-1 <u>** COMPLETE **</u> ↓	



▼ ▼ ▼	FLOW SPAN-1 registered	FLOW SPAN-1 20.0000 m3/h
\bigtriangleup	Pressed to indicate "FLOW SPAN-2".	FLOW SAPN-2 0.0000 m3/h
	Pressed to blink the cursor.	FLOW SAPN-2 0000.0000 m3/h
\bigtriangleup	Pressed repeatedly until "-" appears on 1st place.	FLOW SPAN-2 000.0000 m3/h
	Pressed twice to move the cursor.	FLOW SPAN-2 -0 <mark>0</mark> 0.0000 m3/h
	Pressed to select "1".	FLOW SPAN-2 -0 <mark>1</mark> 0.0000 m3/h
	Pressed to register it.	FLOW SPAN-2 ** COMPLETE **
▼ ▼ ▼	FLOW SPAN-2 registered	↓ FLOW SPAN-2 –10.0000 m3/h
\bigtriangleup	Pressed to indicate "HYSTERESIS".	HYSTERESIS 5.00 %
	Pressed to blink the cursor.	HYSTERESIS 05.00 %
	Pressed to move the cursor.	HYSTERESIS 0 <mark>5</mark> .00 %
\bigtriangleup	Pressed twice to select "7".	HYSTERRSIS 07.00 %
	Pressed to register it.	HYSTERESIS ** COMPLETE **
▼ ▼ ▼	HYSTERESIS registered	↓ HYSTERESIS 7.00 %
	Press ESC key 3 times, and press \bigtriangleup key 3 times to resume the measurement mode.	0.000 m/s 0.000 m3/h

4.5.5.4. How to set analog output at error (BURNOUT)

Description

- Determine how to set the analog output when received wave error, etc. due to device error, accidental drain of piping or ingress of bubbles.
- Settable ranges
 - Analog output (4-20 mA) at error HOLD (factory set): Outputs a current intensity preceding the error. OVER SCALE: Outputs 23.2 mA. UNDER SCALE: Outputs 0.8 mA. ZERO: Outputs 4 mA.
 BUBNOUT TIMER (time from error detection to BUBNOUT procedure)
 - (2) BURNOUT TIMER (time from error detection to BURNOUT processing) 0 to 100 seconds (factory set at 10 sec).

Typical operation		
	Set the BURNOUT TIMER to "20 sec". * Set the piping parameters and "FLOW UNIT" beforehand.	
Keying order	Description	Indication
	Pressed twice to indicate "OUTPUT SETUP".	OUTPUT SETUP
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "ZERO ADJUST".	ZERO ADJUST CLEAR
	Pressed 4 times to indicate "RANGE".	RANGE FLOW RATE
ENT V	Pressed to blink the cursor.	RANGE FLOW RATE
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "FLOW SPAN-1".	FLOW SPAN-1 20.0000 m3/h
	Pressed 3 times to indicate the BURNOUT (CURRENT).	BURNOUT (CURRENT) HOLD
ENT V	Pressed to blink the 2nd line.	BURNOUT (CURRENT)
	Pressed to indicate "OVER SCALE".	BURNOUT (CURRENT) OVER SCALE
ENT V V	Pressed to register it.	BURNOUT (CURRENT) ** COMPLETE ** ↓
•	"OVER SCALE" registered	BURNOUT (CURRENT) OVER SCALE
	Pressed to indicate "BURNOUT TIMER".	BURNOUT TIMER 10 s
ENT V	Pressed to blink the cursor.	BURNOUT TIMER 010 s

\triangleright	Pressed to align the cursor with "1".	BURNOUT TIMER 0 <mark>1</mark> 0 s
\bigtriangleup	Pressed to select "2".	BURNOUT TIMER 0 <mark>2</mark> 0 s
ENT V	Pressed to register it.	BURNOUT TIMER ** COMPLETE **
* * *	"BURNOUT TIMER" registered	BURNOUT TIMER 20 s
	Press \boxed{ESC} key 3 times and press $\boxed{\bigtriangleup}$ key 3 times to resume the measurement mode.	0.000 m/s 0.000 m3/h

4.5.6. Setting the total

4.5.6.1. Setting the total pulse (pulse value, pulse width)

Description

- Set for total a process variable (flow rate) by total meter, etc. according to total pulse output.
- Pulse value: Total amount (volume) per pulse.
 A pulse is outputted when the total volume has attained an amount set by the pulse value, and adds to the total pulse count (in case of total pulse indication).
 Settable range: 0.000001 to 99999999.
 * Set the total write before setting the mulse ranks (as Section 4 (2)).
 - * Set the total unit before setting the pulse value (see Section 4.6.3.).
- Pulse width: Width of total pulse output.
 - Select a pulse width according to a corresponding total meter out of menus.

Settable range: 5 ms, 10 ms, 50 ms, 100 ms, 200 ms.

Note: If the output is through DO2 (relay contact), select 50 ms or longer (see Section 4.5.7.).

Restrictions in the setup Output of total pulses involves the following restrictions depending on the DO output port (DO1, DO2).

DO output port	Pulse output frequency range (at the time of full scale flow rate)	Pulse width
DO1: Transistor open collector	1 pulse per day to 100 pulses per second	5ms, 10ms, 50ms, 100ms, 200ms
DO2: Relay contact	1 pulse per day to 1 pulse per second	50ms, 100ms, 200ms

Furthermore, the maximum output frequency is restricted also by the setup of the pulse width. Therefore, set the pulse width and pulse value so that both of condition 1 and condition 2 indicated below are satisfied.

Correct motions may not occur, if any setup that does not satisfy both of condition 1 and condition 2 is made.

Condition 1:

$$\frac{1}{86400} \text{ [Hz]} \leq \frac{\text{FLOW SPAN-1}^{\text{Note 1}} \text{ [m}^3/\text{s]}}{\text{PULSE VALUE [m}^3]} \leq \frac{100 \text{ [Hz]}}{1 \text{ [Hz]}} \quad (\text{case of DO1})$$

Condition 2:

 $\frac{\text{FLOW SPAN-1}^{\text{Note 1}} [\text{m}^3/\text{s}]}{\text{PULSE VALUE [m^3]}} \le \frac{1000}{2 \times \text{PULSE WIDTH [ms]}}$

Note 1: The range of FLOW SPAN-1 or FLOW SPAN-2, whichever is larger, is the object in the case of 2-range setup.

Note 2: Restrictions in the maximum output frequency of each output port is also applied when the flow rate exceeds the set range. Therefore, if such a setup that the maximum frequency occurs at the time of 100% flow rate of the set range is made, there is a possibility where the total pulse output is incapable of following when the flow rate exceeds 100% and accurate total value cannot be obtained if over-range continues for a long time. If there are cases where the flow rate exceeds 100%, therefore, review the range and pulse value so that the maximum frequency will not exceed the restricted level.

Typical calculation

Calculate the range that permits setup of the pulse value under the range (FLOW SPAN-1) and pulse width indicated below.

When set values of the range (FLOW SPAN-1) and pulse width are as follows; FLOW SPAN-1: 36 [m³/h] (=0.01 [m³/s]), PULSE WIDTH: 50 [ms]

i) Case of DO1 output From condition 1,

PULSE VALUE \leq FLOW SPAN-1[m³/s] × 86400 [s] = 0.01 [m³/s] × 86400 [s] = 864 [m³]

From the above:

 $0.1 \text{ [L]} \leq \text{ PULSE VALUE } \leq 864 \text{ [m^3]} \cdots A$

From condition 2,

PULSE VALUE
$$\geq$$
 FLOW SPAN-1 [m³/s] $\times \frac{2 \times \text{PULSE WIDTH [ms]}}{1000} = 0.01 [m3/s] \times \frac{2 \times 50 [ms]}{1000}$
= 0.001 [m³] = 1 [L]B

The settable range of the pulse value that satisfies both of condition 1 and condition 2 is as follows from results of calculation A and B:

$$1 [L] \leq PULSE VALUE \leq 864 [m^3]$$

ii) Case of DO2 output From condition 1,

PULSE VALUE
$$\geq \frac{\text{FLOW SPAN-1} [m^3/s]}{1 [\text{Hz}]} = \frac{0.01 [m^3/s]}{1 [\text{Hz}]} = 0.01 [m^3] = 10 [\text{L}] \cdots \text{C}$$

Condition 2 is same as that of the case of DO1 output indicated above.

Therefore, the settable range of the pulse value is as follows from results of calculation B and C: $10 [L] \leq PULSE VALUE \leq 864 [m^3]$

Typical operation	Set the pulse value to 0.1 m^3 /pulse, and the pulse width to 5 * Set the total unit beforehand.	50 ms.
Keying order	Description	Indication
	Pressed twice to indicate "OUTPUT SETUP".	OUTPUT SETUP
ENT	Pressed to indicate "ZERO ADJUST".	ZERO ADJUST CLEAR
\bigtriangleup	Pressed 4 times to indicate "RANGE".	RANGE FLOW RATE
ENT V	Pressed to blink the cursor.	RANGE FLOW RATE
	Pressed to indicate "TOTAL" on 2nd line.	
ENT	Pressed to indicate "TOTAL MODE".	TOTAL MODE START
	Pressed to indicate "PULSE VALUE".	PULSE VALUE 1 m3
ENT V	Pressed to indicate the cursor.	PULSE VALUE 00000001 m3
	Pressed 7 times to move the cursor.	PULSE VALUE 0000000001 m3
	Pressed 9 times to indicate the decimal point.	PULSE VALUE 000000001 m3
ENT	Pressed to register.	PULSE VALUE ** COMPLETE **
V V V	"PULSE VALUE" registered	↓ PULSE VALUE 0.1 m3
\bigtriangleup	Pressed to indicate the PULSE WIDTH.	PULSE WIDTH 5.0 msec
ENT	Pressed to blink the cursor.	PULSE WIDTH 5.0 msec
	Pressed twice to select "50.0 msec".	PULSE WIDTH 50.0 msec
ENT V	Pressed to register it.	PULSE WIDTH ** COMPLETE **
V V V	"PULSE WIDTH" registered	PULSE WIDTH 50.0 msec
ESC	Press \boxed{ESC} key 3 times, and $\boxed{\bigtriangleup}$ key 3 times to resume the measurement mode.	0.000 m/s 0.000 m3/h

4.5.6.2. Setting the preset value

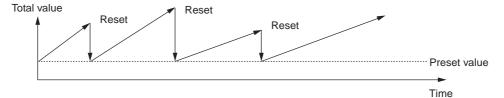
Description

• Preset value: Value which appears on the total counter when the total value has been reset. Settable range: 0 to 99999999

Notes

- 1. A resetting action simultaneously resets both forward total memory and reverse total memory.
- 2. Set the total unit beforehand in the MEASURE SETUP mode (see Section 4.6.3.).

Т



Typical operation	Set the preset value to 100 m ³ . * Set the total unit beforehand.	
Keying order	Description	Indication
	Pressed twice to indicate "OUTPUT SETUP".	OUTPUT SETUP
$\left(\bigtriangleup \right)$		
▼		
ENT	Pressed to indicate "ZERO ADJUST".	ZERO ADJUST
		CLEAR
\bigtriangleup	Pressed 4 times to indicate "RANGE".	RANGE
		FLOW RATE
• •	Pressed to blink the cursor.	RANGE
ENT		FLOW RATE
▼		
\bigcirc	Pressed to indicate "TOTAL" on 2nd line.	RANGE
		TOTAL
	Pressed to indicate "TOTAL MODE".	TOTAL MODE
ENT		START
\bigcirc	Pressed 3 times to indicate "TOTAL PRESET".	TOTAL PRESET
▼		0 110
FNT	Pressed to indicate the cursor.	TOTAL PRESET
ENT V		00000000 m3
	Pressed 6 times to move the cursor.	TOTAL PRESET
	* Note that input cannot be entered on the first digit (the	000000 0 00 m3
▼	leftmost digit).	
\bigcirc	Pressed to select "1".	TOTAL PRESET
\bigcirc		000000 <mark>1</mark> 00 m3
	Pressed to register it.	TOTAL PRESET
		** COMPLETE **
•		↓
▼ ▼	PRESET value registered	TOTAL PRESET
▼		100 m3
ESC	Press (ESC) key 3 times, and (Δ) key 3 times to	0.000 m/s 0.000 m3/h
	resume the measurement mode.	

Description

- The total is started, stopped or reset.
- Settable range: START, STOP, RESET.
 - START: Carried out the total.
 - STOP: Stops the total.

RESET: Reset the total memory to the preset value.

Notes

- 1. A resetting action simultaneously resets both forward total memory and reverse total memory.
- 2. To start a total after resetting a total value, be sure to set the "START".

Typical operation	Reset the total value (preset value 0 m ³), and restart a total.	
Keying order	Description	Indication
\bigtriangleup	Pressed twice to indicate "OUTPUT SETUP".	0.00 m3/h + 127.26 m3 OUTPUT SETUP
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "ZERO ADJUST".	ZERO ADJUST CLEAR
\bigtriangleup	Pressed 4 times to indicate "RANGE".	RANGE FLOW RATE
	Pressed to blink the cursor.	RANGE FLOW RATE
\bigtriangleup	Pressed to indicate "TOTAL" on 2nd line.	RANGE TOTAL
	Pressed to indicate "TOTAL MODE".	TOTAL MODE START
ENT	Pressed to blink the cursor.	TOTAL MODE START
	Pressed twice to indicate "RESET".	TOTAL MODE RESET
ENT V	Pressed to execute "RESET". Note: After resetting, the total operation automatically stops . To resume a total, execute "START".	TOTAL MODE ** COMPLETE ** ↓
Ť Ť	RESET has ended	TOTAL MODE STOP
ENT V	Pressed to blink the cursor.	TOTAL MODE STOP
\bigtriangleup	Pressed twice to indicate "START".	TOTAL MODE START

ENT	Pressed to start a total operation.	TOTAL MODE ** COMPLETE **
V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	Total operation has started	↓ TOTAL MODE START
	Press \boxed{ESC} key 3 times, and $\boxed{\bigtriangleup}$ key 3 times to resume the measurement mode.	0.00 m3/h + 0.00 m3

4.5.6.4. Determining how to dispose of total at error (BURNOUT)

Description

BURNOUT(TOTAL)

- Determines how to dispose of the total when the measurement status is abnormal on account of an empty pipe interior or bubbles mixed in fluid (common to total indication and total pulse output).
- Settable range HOLD: Stops the total (as factory set).
 COUNT: Continues the total according to a flow rate marked immediately before the error occurrence.

BURNOUT TIMER

- Sets the time from error occurrence to error processing.
- Settable range: 0 to 100 sec (factory set at 10 sec). The total continues until the burnout timer is actuated.

Typical operation	Change the processing from "COUNT" to "HOLD", and change the burnout timer setting from 10 seconds to 15 seconds.	
Keying order	Description	Indication
\frown	Pressed twice to indicate "OUTPUT SETUP".	OUTPUT SETUP
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "ZERO ADJUST".	ZERO ADJUST CLEAR
\bigcirc	Pressed 4 times to indicate "RANGE".	RANGE FLOW RATE
ENT V	Pressed to blink the cursor.	RANGE FLOW RATE
\bigcirc	Pressed to indicate "TOTAL"" on 2nd line.	RANGE TOTAL
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "TOTAL MODE".	TOTAL MODE START
\bigtriangleup	Pressed 4 times to indicate "BURNOUT (TOTAL)".	BURNOUT (TOTAL) COUNT
ENT V	Pressed to blink the cursor.	BURNOUT (TOTAL)

\bigtriangleup	Pressed to indicate "HOLD".	BURNOUT (TOTAL) HOLD
ENT	Pressed to register "HOLD".	BURNOUT (TOTAL) ** COMPLETE **
V V V	"HOLD" registered	↓ BURNOUT (TOTAL) HOLD
\bigtriangleup	Pressed to indicate "BURNOUT TIMER".	BURNOUT TIMER 10 s
ENT	Pressed to blink the cursor.	BURNOUT TIMER 010 s
	Pressed twice to move the cursor.	BURNOUT TIMER 01 <mark>0</mark> s
	Pressed 5 times to select "5".	BURNOUT TIMER 01 <mark>5</mark> s
ENT	Pressed to register it.	BURNOUT TIMER ** COMPLETE **
V V V	"BURNOUT TIMER" registered	↓ BURNOUT TIMER 015 s
	Press \boxed{ESC} key 3 times, and $\boxed{\bigtriangleup}$ key 3 times to resume the measurement mode.	0.00 m3/h + 0.00 m3

4.5.7. Setting the DO output

Description Selects the output of total pulses and statuses (of alarm, flow switch, total switch, etc.).

Settable ranges (common to	DO1 and DO2)
NOT USED	: Do not use the contact output.
+TOTAL PULSE	: Output the forward total pulses.
-TOTAL PULSE	: Output the reverse total pulses.
FLOW SPAN-2	: Select a contact output at SPAN-2 measurement status (forward automatic 2 ranges,
	forward/reverse automatic 2 ranges).
ALARM	
HARDWARE	: Select a contact output at EEPROM error.
PROCESS	: Select a contact output when wave is not received or is unstable.
FLOW SWITCH	
UPPER SWITCH	: Select a contact output when flow rate is above the setting.
LOWER SWITCH	: Select a contact output when flow rate is below the setting.
TOTAL SWITCH	: Select a contact output when total value exceeds the setting.
CONTACT ACTION	
ACTIVE ON	: Normally OFF (DO1) or normally open (DO2).
ACTIVE OFF	: Normally ON (DO1) or normally closed (DO2).
Note: DO output specifi	cations
DO1	: Open collector, contact capacity 30 V DC, 0.1 A.
	When total pulse output is selected (See 4.5.6.1)
	1 pulse/day to 100 pulses/s (at full scale flow rate).
	Pulse width: 5, 10, 50, 100 or 200 ms.
DO2	: Relay contact, contact capacity 220 V AC/30 V DC, 1 A.
	Life 200,000 operations (under rated load), replaceable with socket.
	When total pulse output is selected (See 4.5.6.1)
	1 pulse/day to 1 pulse/s (at full scale flow rate).
	Pulse width: 50, 100 or 200 ms.
	the typical operation indicated below. Set the parameter protection to OFF beforehand
(Section 4.4.1).	

4.5.7.1. Invalidating the DO output

Description
Invalidates the DO1 OUT and/or DO2 OUT contact output.

Typical operation	Change the setting of DO1 from "+TOTAL PULSE" to "NO	DT USED".
Keying order	Description	Indication
\bigcirc	Pressed twice to select the OUTPUT SETUP mode.	OUTPUT SETUP
ENT V	Pressed to indicate ZERO ADJUST.	ZERO ADJUST CLEAR
\square	Pressed 5 times to indicate "DO1 OUT".	DO1 OUT
∠) ▼	* Pressing \bigtriangleup key again will select "DO2".	+TOTAL PULSE
ENT V	Pressed to blink the cursor.	DO1 OUT +TOTAL PULSE
\bigcirc	Pressed 6 times to indicate "NOT USED" on 2nd line.	DO1 OUT NOT USED
ENT T	Pressed to register "NOT USED".	DO1_OUT ** COMPLETE ** ↓
V V V	"NOT USED" registered	DO1 OUT NOT USED
	Press \boxed{ESC} key once, and $\boxed{\bigtriangleup}$ key 3 times to resume	0.000 m/s 0.000 m3/h
	the measurement mode.	

4.5.7.2. How to validate the total pulse output

Description

Validates the total pulse output for DO1 OUT and/or DO2 OUT.
 +TOTAL PULSE: Forward flow rate total pulse output.
 -TOTAL PULSE: Reverse flow rate total pulse output.
 Note: Referring to Section 4.5.6.1., set the pulse value, pulse width, etc.

Typical operation	Set the DO1 output to "+TOTAL PULSE", and the contact t	to Normally OFF.
Keying order	Description	Indication
\bigcirc	Pressed twice to select the OUTPUT SETUP mode.	OUTPUT SETUP
ENT V	Pressed to indicate ZERO ADJUST.	ZERO ADJUST CLEAR
\bigtriangleup	Pressed 5 times to indicate "DO1 OUT". * Pressing () key again will select "DO2".	DO1 OUT NOT USED
ENT V	Pressed to blink the cursor.	DO1 OUT NOT USED
\bigtriangleup	Pressed to indicate "+TOTAL PULSE" on 2nd line. Or, to select "-TOTAL PULSE", press \bigtriangleup key again.	DO1 OUT +TOTAL PULSE
ENT V	Pressed to register "+TOTAL PULSE".	DO1 OUT ** COMPLETE **
* * *	"+TOTAL PULSE" registered	STATUS OUT CONTACT ACTION
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "CONTACT ACTION".	CONTACT ACTION ACTIVE ON
ENT V V	 Pressed to register "ACTIVE ON" (normally OFF). * If it is desired to select Normally ON, press key. 	CONTACT ACTION <u>**</u> COMPLETE ** ↓
•	"ACTIVE ON" registered	STATUS OUT CONTACT ACTION
	Press \boxed{ESC} key twice, and \bigtriangleup key 3 times to resume	0.000 m/s 0.000 m3/h
	the measurement mode.	

4.5.7.3. How to validate outputting the FLOW SPAN-2

Description

• Select a contact output as DO1 and/or DO2 at FLOW SPAN-2 measurement status.

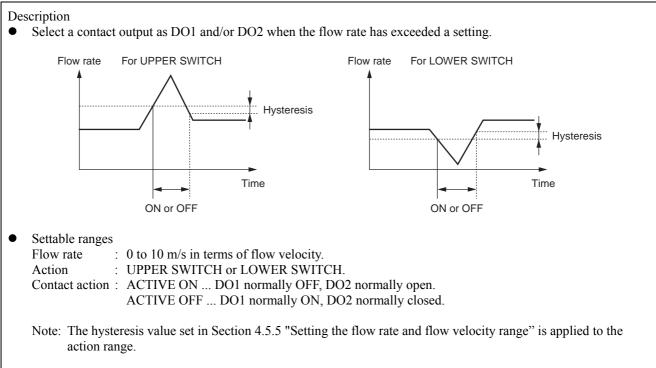
Typical operation	Set the DO1 output to "FLOW SPAN-2". Also set the con	tact to Normally OFF.
Keying order	Description	Indication
\bigtriangleup	Pressed twice to select the OUTPUT SETUP mode.	OUTPUT SETUP
ENT V	Pressed to indicate ZERO ADJUST.	ZERO ADJUST CLEAR
\bigcirc	Pressed 5 times to indicate "DO1 OUT". * Pressing \bigtriangleup key again will select "DO2".	DO1 OUT NOT USED
ENT V	Pressed to blink the cursor.	DO1 OUT NOT USED
\bigcirc	Pressed 3 times to indicate "FLOW SPAN-2" on 2nd line.	DO1 OUT FLOW SPAN-2
ENT V	Pressed to register "FLOW SPAN-2".	DO1_OUT <u>** COMPLETE **</u> ↓
v v v v	"FLOW SPAN-2" registered	STATUS OUT CONTACT ACTION
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "CONTACT ACTION".	CONTACT ACTION
ENT V	Pressed to register "ACTIVE ON" (normally OFF). *If it is desired to select Normally ON, press \bigtriangleup key.	CONTACT ACTION ** COMPLETE ** ↓
v	"ACTIVE ON" registered	STATUS OUT CONTACT ACTION
ESC	Press \boxed{ESC} key twice, and \bigtriangleup key 3 times to resume the measurement mode.	0.000 m/s 0.000 m3/h

4.5.7.4. How to validate the alarm output

 Description Select a contact our Settable range 	tput as DO1 and/or DO2 when received wave or EEPROM is abnormal.
ALL	: Select a contact output when EEPROM and received wave (nothing, unstable) are abnormal.
HARDWARE FAULT : Select a contact output when EEPROM is abnormal.	
PROCESS ERR	OR : Select a contact output when received wave is abnormal.

Typical operation	Set the DO1 output to "PROCESS ERROR". Also set the	contact to Normally OFF.
Keying order	Description	Indication
	Pressed twice to select the OUTPUT SETUP mode.	OUTPUT SETUP
ENT	Pressed to indicate ZERO ADJUST.	ZERO ADJUST CLEAR
	Pressed 5 times to indicate "DO1 OUT". * Pressing A key again will select "DO2".	DO1 OUT NOT USED
ENT V	Pressed to blink the cursor.	DO1 OUT NOT USED
\bigtriangleup	Pressed 4 times to indicate "ALARM" on 2nd line.	DO1 OUT ALARM
ENT V	Pressed to indicate the ALARM selection screen.	ALARM
	Pressed twice to indicate "PROCESS ERROR".	ALARM PROCESS ERROR
ENT V V	Pressed to register it.	ALARM ** COMPLETE ** ↓
•	"PROCESS ERROR" registered	STATUS OUT CONTACT ACTION
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "CONTACT ACTION".	CONTACT ACTION
ENT V	 Pressed to register "ACTIVE ON" (normally OFF). * If it is desired to select Normally ON, press key. 	CONTACT ACTION <u>**</u> COMPLETE ** ↓
•	"ACTIVE ON" registered	STATUS OUT CONTACT ACTION
ESC	Press \boxed{ESC} key twice, and $\boxed{\bigtriangleup}$ key 3 times to resume the measurement mode.	0.000 m/s 0.000 m3/h

4.5.7.5. How to validate the flow switch



T ' 1 ('		
Typical operation	Set the DO1 output to "UPPER SWITCH", and upper limit contact to Normally OFF.	flow rate to 12 [m ² /n]. Also, set the
Keying order	Description	Indication
\bigtriangleup	Pressed twice to select the "OUTPUT SETUP" mode.	OUTPUT SETUP
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "ZERO ADJUST".	ZERO ADJUST CLEAR
\frown	Pressed 5 times to indicate "DO1 OUT". * Pressing A key again will select "DO2".	DO1 OUT NOT USED
ENT V	Pressed to blink the cursor.	DO1 OUT NOT USED
\bigtriangleup	Pressed 5 times to select "FLOW SWITCH" on 2nd line.	DO1 OUT FLOW SWITCH
ENT V	 Pressed to indicate the flow rate setting screen for the "UPPER SWITCH". * Pressing key will select the flow rate setting screen for the "LOWER SWITCH". 	UPPER SWITCH 10.0000 m3/h
ENT V	Pressed to blink the cursor.	UPPER SWITCH 010.0000 m3/h
	Pressed 3 times to move the cursor.	UPPER SWITCH 001 <mark>0</mark> .0000 m3/h

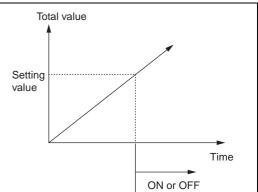
\bigcirc	Pressed twice to select "2".	UPPER SWITCH 001 <mark>2</mark> .0000 m3/h
ENT V	Pressed to register it.	UPPER SWITCH ★★ COMPLETE ★★ ↓
*	"UPPER SWITCH" registered	STATUS OUT CONTACT ACTION
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "CONTACT ACTION".	CONTACT ACTION ACTIVE ON
ENT V	 Pressed to register "ACTIVE ON" (normally OFF). * If it is desired to select Normally ON, press key. 	CONTACT ACTION <u>**</u> COMPLETE ** ↓
* *	"ACTIVE ON" registered	STATUS OUT CONTACT ACTION
ESC	Press \boxed{ESC} key twice, and $\boxed{\bigtriangleup}$ key 3 times to resume the measurement mode.	0.000 m/s 0.000 m3/h

4.5.7.6. How to validate the total switch

Description

Select a contact output as DO1 and/or DO2 when the total value exceeds a setting.
 Settable range: 0.000001 to 999999999
 Contact action:

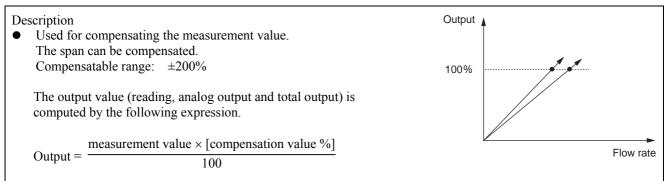
 ACTIVE ON ... DO1 normally OFF, DO2 normally open.
 ACTIVE OFF ... DO1 normally ON, DO2 normally closed.
 Note: Different values can be assigned to DO1 and DO2.



Typical operation	Set the DO1 output to "TOTAL SWITCH", and change the	setting from 10000 [m ³] to 100 [m ³].
	Also, set the contact to Normally OFF.	
Keying order	Description	Indication
	Pressed twice to select the OUTPUT SETUP mode.	OUTPUT SETUP
ENT V	Pressed to indicate ZERO ADJUST.	ZERO ADJUST CLEAR
\bigcirc	 Pressed 5 times to indicate "DO1 OUT". * Pressing key again will select "DO2". 	DO1 OUT NOT USED
ENT V	Pressed to blink the cursor.	DO1 OUT NOT USED
\bigtriangleup	Pressed 6 times to select "TOTAL SWITCH" on 2nd line.	DO1_OUT TOTAL_SWITCH
ENT V	Pressed to indicate the setting screen for "TOTAL SWITCH".	TOTAL SWITCH 10000 m3
ENT V	Pressed to blink the cursor.	TOTAL SWITCH 00010000 m3
\triangleright	Pressed 3 times to move the cursor.	TOTAL SWITCH 000 <mark>1</mark> 0000 m3
	Pressed 10 times to select "0".	TOTAL SWITCH 00000000 m3
\triangleright	Pressed twice to move the cursor	TOTAL SWITCH 000000000000000000000000000000000000
\frown	Pressed to select "1".	TOTAL SWITCH
ENT V	Pressed to register it.	TOTAL SWITCH ** COMPLETE **
v v v	"TOTAL SWITCH" registered	STATUS OUT CONTACT ACTION

ENT V	Pressed to indicate "CONTACT ACTION".	CONTACT ACTION ACTIVE ON
ENT V	 Pressed to register "ACTIVE ON" (normally OFF). * If it is desired to select Normally ON, press key. 	CONTACT ACTION <u>**</u> COMPLETE ** ↓
*	"ACTIVE ON" registered	STATUS OUT CONTACT ACTION
	Press \boxed{ESC} key twice, and $\boxed{\bigtriangleup}$ key 3 times to resume the measurement mode.	0.000 m/s 0.000 m3/h

4.5.8. How to compensate the measurement value



Compensate the measurement value by 1 %.	
\mathbf{D}	т 1' /'
Description	Indication
Pressed twice to select the OUTPUT SETUP mode.	OUTPUT SETUP
Pressed to indicate ZERO ADJUST.	ZERO ADJUST CLEAR
Pressed 7 times to indicate "CALIBRATION SPAN".	CALIBRATION SPAN 100.0 %
Pressed to blink the cursor.	CALIBRATION SPAN
Pressed twice to move the cursor.	CALIBRATION SPAN 10 <mark>0</mark> .0 %
Pressed to select "1".	CALIBRATION SPAN 10 <mark>1</mark> .0 %
Pressed to register it.	CALIBRATION SPAN ★★ COMPLETE ★★
Compensation value registered	CALIBRATION SPAN 101.0 %
Press \bigcirc key once, and \bigcirc key 3 times to resume the measurement mode.	0.000 m/s 0.000 m3/h
	Pressed 7 times to indicate "CALIBRATION SPAN". Pressed to blink the cursor. Pressed twice to move the cursor. Pressed to select "1". Pressed to register it. Compensation value registered Press ESC key once, and △ key 3 times to resume

4.6. Measure setup mode

4.6.1. How to set the unit system

Description

• Select a measurement unit system.
• Metric system (factory set)
Length mm
Flow velocity m/s
Flow rate
MBBL/d
Total······ mL, L, m ³ , km ³ , Mm ³ , mBBL, BBL, kBBL
• Inch system
Length inch
Flow velocity ft/s
Flow rate gal/s, gal/min, gal/h, Mgal/d, ft ³ /s, ft ³ /min, ft ³ /h, Mft ³ /d, BBL/s, BBL/min, BBL/h, MBBL/d
Total······· gal, kgal, ft ³ , kft ³ , Mft ³ , mBBL, BBL, kBBL, ACRE-in, ACRE-ft

Typical operation	Change the unit system from inch system to metric system.	
Keying order	Description	Indication
\frown	Pressed 3 times to indicate "MEASURE SETUP".	MEASURE SETUP
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "SYSTEM UNIT".	SYSTEM UNIT ENGLISH
ENT V	Pressed to blink the cursor.	SYSTEM UNIT ENGLISH
\bigcirc	Pressed to indicate "METRIC".	SYSTEM UNIT METRIC
ENT V	Pressed to register it.	SYSTEM UNIT ** COMPLETE ** ↓
v v v	"METRIC" registered	SYSTEM UNIT METRIC
ESC	Press \boxed{ESC} key once, and $\boxed{\bigtriangleup}$ key twice to resume the measurement mode.	0.000 m/s 0.000 m3/h

4.6.2. How to set the flow rate unit

Description

- Select the unit of flow rate.
- Metric system Flow rate L/s (factory set), L/min, L/h, ML/d, m³/s, m³/min, m³/h, Mm³/d, BBL/s, BBL/min, BBL/h, MBBL/d
- Inch system
 Flow rate ------ gal/s, gal/min, gal/h, Mgal/d, ft³/s, ft³/min, ft³/h, Mft³/d, BBL/s, BBL/min, BBL/h, MBBL/d

<Caution> First, set the unit system (metric or inch) according to Section 4.6.1.

Typical operation	Set the flow rate unit to $[m^3/h]$.	
Keying order	Description	Indication
	Pressed 3 times to indicate "MEASURE SETUP".	MEASURE SETUP
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "SYSTEM UNIT".	SYSTEM UNIT METRIC
	Pressed to indicate "FLOW UNIT".	FLOW UNIT
ENT V	Pressed to blink.	FLOW UNIT
	Pressed 6 times to select "m ³ /h".	FLOW UNIT m3/h
ENT V	Pressed to register it.	FLOW UNIT ★* COMPLETE **
v v	"m ³ /h" registered	FLOW UNIT m3/h
ESC	Press ESC key once, and \bigtriangleup key twice to resume the measurement mode.	0.000 m/s 0.000 m3/h

4.6.3. How to set the total unit

Description

- Select the unit of total volume.
- Metric system Total······ mL (factory set), L, m³, km³, Mm³, mBBL, BBL, kBBL
- Inch system Total······ gal, kgal, ft³, kft³, Mft³, mBBL, BBL, kBBL, ACRE-in, ACRE-ft

<Caution> First, set the unit system (metric or inch) according to Section 4.6.1.

Typical operation	Set the total unit to [m ³].	
Keying order	Description	Indication
	Pressed 3 times to indicate "MEASURE SETUP".	MEASURE SETUP
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "SYSTEM UNIT".	SYSTEM UNIT METRIC
	Pressed twice to indicate "TOTAL UNIT".	TOTAL UNIT mL
ENT V	Pressed to blink.	TOTAL UNIT
\frown	Pressed twice to select "m ³ ".	TOTAL UNIT m3
ENT	Pressed to register it.	TOTAL UNIT <u>** COMPLETE **</u> ↓
•	"m ³ " registered	TOTAL UNIT m3
ESC	Press \boxed{ESC} key once, and \bigtriangleup key twice to resume the measurement mode.	0.00 m3/h + 0.00 m3

4.6.4. How to set the piping parameters

Description

• Set the parameters of piping and fluid to be measured to determine the sensor unit spacing.

Set the following parameters, calculate the sensor unit spacing value and then, to match the result, install the sensor units into the frame. Unless the sensor units are spaced accurately, the measurement error will be excessive. And the received wave may be abnormal. Setting item 1. Pipe outer diameter : 10 to 300 [mm] (factory set at 60.00 [mm]). 2. Pipe material : PVC (factory set), PVDF, PEEK, PP, CARBON STEEL, STAINLESS STEEL, COPPER, others (sound velocity 1000 to 3700 m/s). 3. Wall thickness : 0.1 to 50.00 [mm] (factory set at 4.50 [mm]). : NO LINING (factory set), TAR EPOXY, MORTAL, RUBBER, TEFLON, 4. Lining material PYREXGLASS, others (sound velocity: 1000 to 3700 [m/s]). 5. Lining material thickness : 0.01 to 50.00 [mm]. 6. Fluid to be measured : WATER, SEA WATER, others (sound velocity: 500 to 2500 [m/s]) : 0.0001 to 999.9999×10^{-6} [m²/s] (factory set at 1.0038×10^{-6} [m²/s]) 7. Kinematic viscosity 8. Sensor mounting method : V method (factory set), Z method (Note: V method only is valid. Select the V method.) 9. Sensor type : FLS 12 (factory set), FLS 22.

Typical operation	Carry out setting for measuring the flow rate of water flowing through PVC pipe (for tap water) having 100 mm of nominal diameter.	
Keying order	Description	Indication
	Pressed 3 times to indicate "MEASURE SETUP".	MEASURE SETUP
	Pressed to indicate "SYSTEM UNIT".	SYSTEM UNIT METRIC
	Pressed 3 times to indicate "PIPE PARAMETER".	PIPE PARAMETER S= 16 (48mm)
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "OUTER DIAMETER".	OUTER DIAMETER 60.00 mm
ENT V	Pressed to blink the cursor.	OUTER DIAMETER 060.00 mm
	Operated to compose "114" because, from piping data in Section 6.6., the outer diameter of polyvinyl chloride pipe (tap water size) is 114 mm.	OUTER DIAMETER 114.00 mm
ENT V	Pressed to register the outer diameter.	OUTER DIAMETER ** COMPLETE **
V V V	"OUTER DIAMETER" registered	OUTER DIAMETER 114.00 mm

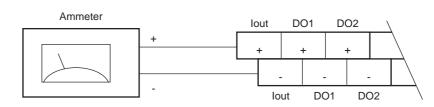
\bigtriangleup	Pressed to indicate "PIPE MATERIAL". Because PVC (factory set) is already registered, go to the next step.	PIPE MATERIAL PVC
▼	Note: If the pipe is made of another material, press ENT	<u>_</u>
	key, and select a corresponding menu.	
\bigtriangleup	Pressed to indicate "WALL THICKNESS".	WALL THICKNESS 4.50 mm
	Pressed to blink the cursor.	WALL THICKNESS 004.50 mm
${\bigtriangleup}{\vartriangleright}$	Operated to compose "7.0" because, from piping data in Section 6.6., the wall thickness of polyvinyl chloride pipe (tap water size) is 7.0 mm.	WALL THICKNESS 007. <mark>0</mark> 0 mm
ENT V	Pressed to register the wall thickness.	WALL THICKNESS ★★ COMPLETE ★★
v v v	"WALL THICKNESS" registered	WALL THICKNESS 7.00 mm
\bigcirc	Pressed to indicate "LINING MATERIAL". "NO LINING" (factory set) is already registered. Because there is no lining, go to the next step.	LINING MATERIAL NO LINING
	Note: If lining is provided, press (ENT) key, and select a	
	corresponding menu. Or, input a sound velocity. Further, go to "LINING THICKNESS", and input a lining thickness. Nothing is indicated in case of "NO LINING".	
	Pressed to indicate "KIND OF FLUID". Because, likewise, "WATER" (factory set) is already registered, go to the next step. Note: If fluid to be measured is other than water, press ENT key, and input the sea water or measurement fluid's sound velocity.	KIND OF FLUID WATER
	Pressed to indicate "KINEMATIC VISCO". Input the kinematic viscosity of the fluid to be measured. Because the kinematic viscosity $1.0038E-6$ [m ² /s] of water at 20°C is already registered, go to the next step. In case of fluid other than water, input the kinematic viscosity at a measurement status of fluid to be measured referring to data in Section 6.6., etc.	KINEMATIC VISCO 1.0038 E-6m2/s
ESC V	Pressed to indicate "PIPE PARAMETER". "S= 31" is indicated on 2nd line. After mounting the frames on piping, insert into it 2 sensor units spaced at 31 divisions.	PIPE PARAMETER S= 31 (93mm)
	Press ESC key once, and \bigtriangleup key twice to resume the measurement mode.	0.00 m3/h + 0.00 m3

4.7. Maintenance mode

4.7.1. How to calibrate the analog output

Description

- The calibration is performed so as to obtain 4 mA and 20 mA when the analog signal (4-20 mA DC) output is 0% and 100%, respectively.
- Connect an ammeter to lout terminals as shown below. In the CURRENT CALIBRATION mode, select 4 mA or 20 mA, and operate \bigtriangleup key (UP) or \bigotimes key (Down).



Typical operation	Calibrate the output of 4 mA and 20 mA.	
Keying order	Description	Indication
\bigcirc	Pressed 4 times to indicate "MAINTENANCE MODE".	MAINTENANCE MODE
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "CURRENT CALIBRATION".	CURRENT CALIBRATION
ENT V	Pressed twice to select the calibration mode for 4 mA. (When the cursor blinks, 4 mA of current is outputted.) Then, press \bigtriangleup (UP) or \bigcirc (Down) key so as to obtain 4 mA, watching the reading on ammeter or other calibration instruments.	CURRENT 4 mA
ENT T	Pressed to register the calibration result.	CURRENT ** COMPLETE ** ↓
*	4 mA calibration registered	CURRENT 4 mA
\bigcirc	Pressed to select 20 mA.	CURRENT 20 mA
ENT V	Pressed to select the calibration mode for 20 mA. (When the cursor blinks, 20 mA of current is outputted.) Then, press \bigtriangleup (UP) or \bigcirc (Down) key so as to obtain 20 mA.	CURRENT 20 mA
ENT	Pressed to register the calibration result.	CURRENT <u>**</u> COMPLETE ** ↓
* * *	20 mA calibration registered	CURRENT 20 mA
ESC	Press \boxed{ESC} key twice, and $\boxed{\bigtriangleup}$ key once to resume the measurement mode.	0.000 m/s 0.000 m3/h

4.7.2. How to set the constant current output

Description

- Generates a fixed value output of analog signal.
- Application example: The operation of a connected receiver is checked by generating a fixed value output of analog signal.
- In the constant current setting mode (CURRENT OUTPUT SETTING), set the constant current output value. Settable range: -20% (0.8 mA) to +120% (23.2 mA).

Typical operation	Set the constant current output of 50% (12 mA).	
Keying order	Description	Indication
	Pressed 4 times to indicate "MAINTENANCE MODE".	MAINTENANCE MODE
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "CURRENT CALIBRATION".	CURRENT CALIBRATION
	Pressed to indicate "CURRENT OUTPUT SETTING".	CURRENT OUTPUT SETTING
ENT V	Pressed to select the setting screen.	CURRENT SETTING 4.0 mA
ENT	Pressed to blink the cursor. Note: A constant current output starts.	CURRENT SETTING 4.0 mA
\bigtriangleup	Operated to compose [12].	CURRENT SETTING 12.0 mA
	Pressed to output 12 mA.	CURRENT SETTING ** COMPLETE **
v v	12 mA is being outputted	CURRENT SETTING 12.0 mA
ESC V	Pressed to stop the constant current output. Note: The current output at a measurement status is resumed.	CURRENT OUTPUT SETTING
ESC	Press ESC key and \bigtriangleup key to resume the measurement mode.	0.000 m/s 0.000 m3/h

4.7.3. How to check the action of total pulses

Description

 Checks the action of total pulse output. The output action can be checked upon designating the number of pulses to be outputted per second. Settable range: 1 to 100 pulses/s. (DO1 only) Note: 1. The output pulse width is as selected currently (see Section 4.5.6.1.) Set the frequency taking the pulse width into account referring to the following expression. Pulse count setting ≤ 1000/(pulse width [ms] ×2) Example: If the pulse width is set at 50 ms, select 10 pulses/s or less. Note: 2. DO1 (transistor open collector) and DO2 (relay contact) operate simultaneously. Before checking the action, confirm whether proceeding to an action is all right or not. Note: 3. DO2 (relay contact) always operates at the rate of 1 pulse/sec.

Typical operation	Output 5 pulses/s.	
Keying order	Description	Indication
	Pressed 4 times to indicate "MAINTENANCE MODE".	MAINTENANCE MODE
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "CURRENT CALIBRATION".	CURRENT
	Pressed twice to indicate "TOTAL PULSE".	TOTAL PULSE 1 PULSE/s
ENT V	Pressed to blink the cursor. Note: Outputting simulated pulses starts.	TOTAL PULSE 01 PULSE/s
	Pressed twice to move the cursor.	TOTAL PULSE 001 PULSE/s
	Pressed 4 times to select "5".	TOTAL PULSE 00 5 PULSE/s
ENT	Pressed to register it.	TOTAL PULSE ** COMPLETE ** ↓
•	5 pulses/s registered 5 simulated pulses/s are outputted.	TOTAL PULSE 00 <mark>5</mark> PULSE/s
ESC V	Pressed to stop the simulated output after the end of checking the output.	TOTAL PULSE 005 PULSE/s
ESC	Press ESC key once, and \bigtriangleup key once to resume the measurement mode.	0.000 m/s 0.000 m3/h

4.7.4. How to check the status output

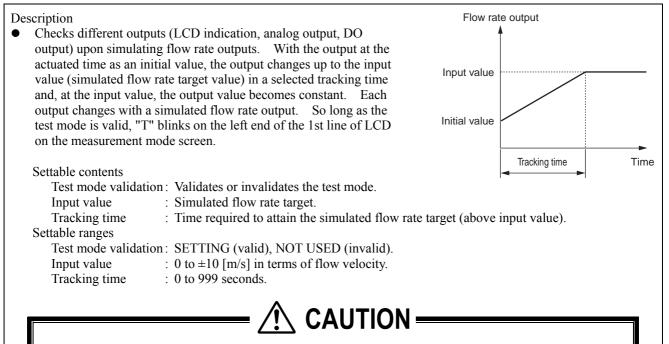
Description

- Check the status output.
 - Settable range: ON ... Short-circuits the contact. OFF ... Open-circuits the contact.

- This operation sets DO1 and DO2 the same contact action.
- Before operation, check whether DO output can be changed or not.

Typical operation	Check the contact action.		
Keying order	Description	Indication	
	Pressed 4 times to indicate "MAINTENANCE MODE".	MAINTENANCE MODE	
ENT	Pressed to indicate "CURRENT CALIBRATION".	CURRENT CALIBRATION	
	Pressed 3 times to indicate "STATUS OUTPUT".	STATUS OUTPUT ON	
ENT V	Pressed to blink the cursor. Note: At this time, the contact output is set as indicated. In the example shown on the right, the contact output is set as "ON".	STATUS OUTPUT	
	Pressed to select "OFF".	STATUS OUTPUT OFF	
ENT V	Pressed to register "OFF".	STATUS OUTPUT ** COMPLETE **	
	"OFF" registered * Make sure the contact output is "OFF".	STATUS OUTPUT OFF	
	Pressed to select "ON".	STATUS OUTPUT	
ENT T	Pressed to register "ON".	STATUS OUTPUT ** COMPLETE ** ↓	
V V V	"ON" registered * Make sure the contact output is "ON".	STATUS OUTPUT	
ESC V	 Pressed once to stop the blinking of the cursor. * At this time, the contact output is set at normal measurement status. 	STATUS OUTPUT ON	
ESC	Press \boxed{ESC} key once, and \bigtriangleup key once to resume the measurement mode.	0.000 m/s 0.000 m3/h	

4.7.5. How to validate the test mode (simulated flow rate output)



- In this mode, the analog output, and DO1 and DO2 outputs change with settings. Check beforehand whether each output can be changed or not.
- Be sure to resume "NOT USED" after the end of test. Otherwise, the input value output status will be held until power is turned off.
- If the TOTAL MODE is set at "START", the total value also changes. If it is desired not to change the total value, select "STOP".

Typical operation	Set the simulated flow rate target to $10 \text{ [m}^3/\text{h]}$, and the tracking time to 100 [s] .	
Keying order	Description	Indication
	Pressed 4 times to indicate "MAINTENANCE MODE".	MAINTENANCE MODE
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "CURRENT CALIBRATION".	CURRENT
	Pressed 4 times to indicate "TEST MODE".	TEST MODE NOT USED
ENT V	Pressed to blink the cursor.	TEST MODE NOT USED
	Pressed to select "SETTING".	TEST MODE SETTING
ENT V	Pressed to register "SETTING".	INPUT DATA 0 m3/h
ENT V	Pressed to blink the cursor on 2nd line.	INPUT DATA 000000000 m3/h

\bigtriangleup	Using \bigtriangleup key and \bigotimes key, compose "10".	INPUT DATA 000000010 M3/h
ENT V	Pressed to register it.	INPUT DATA <u>** COMPLETE **</u> ↓
* * *	Simulated flow rate target registered	INPUT DATA 10 m3/h
\bigtriangleup	Pressed to indicate "TRACKING TIME".	TRACKING TIME
ENT	Pressed to blink the cursor on 2nd line.	TRACKING TIME 00 s
\bigtriangleup	Pressed to select "100".	TRACKING TIME 100 s
ENT	Pressed to register it.	TRACKING TIME ** COMPLETE **
¥ ¥ ¥	"TRACKING TIME" registered * At this time, the simulated output action starts.	↓ TRACKING TIME 100 s
	Press ESC key and \bigtriangleup key to resume the measurement mode. "T" blinks on the left end of 1st line of LCD, and the output changes. In 100 seconds (at which tracking time is set), the output becomes stable at	T 0.068 m/s 0.500 m3/h ↓ T 1.359 m/s 10.000 m3/h
	 10 [m³/h] (simulated flow rate target). Note: Be sure to return the TEST MODE to "NOT USED" after checking the output. 	

4.7.6. How to validate a serial transmission (RS-232C/RS-485)

Description

Validates a transmissior	n before using the transmission function.		
Settable contents			
Transmission type, t	Transmission type, transmission rate, parity, stop bits and slave No.		
Settable ranges			
Transmission type	: RS-232C (factory set) or RS-485.		
Transmission rate (b	aud rate) : 2400 BPS, 4800 BPS, 9600 BPS (factory set), 19200 BPS.		
Parity	: NON (factory set), ODD, EVEN.		
Stop bits	: 1 BIT (factory set), 2 BITS.		
Slave No.	: 0 (factory set) to 63.		

Note: For the transmission specifications, refer to "External communication specifications" in Section 6.1.

Typical operation	Select the RS-485, and set the baud rate to 9600 BPS, the part and the slave No. to "5".	arity to "ODD", the stop bits to "1 BIT",
Keying order	Description	Indication
\square	Pressed 4 times to indicate "MAINTENANCE MODE".	MAINTENANCE MODE
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "CURRENT CALIBRATION".	CURRENT CALIBRATION
\bigcirc	Pressed 5 times to indicate "COMMUNICATION".	COMMUNICATION
ENT V	Pressed to select, and pressed again to blink the 2nd line.	COM. MODE RS-232C
\bigcirc	Pressed to indicate "RS-485".	COM. MODE RS-485
ENT V V	Pressed to register it.	COM. MODE ** COMPLETE **
* * *	RS-485 registered	COM. MODE RS-485
\bigtriangleup	Pressed to indicate "COM. BAUD RATE". Because "9600 BPS" is already selected, go to the next step. If it	COM. BAUD RATE 9600 BPS
•	is desired to select another baud rate, press ENT key,	
	operate \bigtriangleup key for selecting it, and press ENT key to register.	
\bigcirc	Pressed to indicate "COM. PARITY".	COM. PARITY NON
ENT V	Pressed to blink the 2nd line.	COM. PARITY NON
\bigcirc	Pressed to indicate "ODD".	COM. PARITY

ENT	Pressed to register it.	COM. PARITY ** COMPLETE **
* * *	ODD registered	↓ COM. PARITY ODD
\bigcirc	Pressed to indicate "COM. STOP BIT". Because "1 BIT" is already selected, go to the next step. If it is desired to select "2 BITS", press ENT key, operate	COM. STOP BIT 1BIT
	\bigtriangleup key for selecting it, and press ENT key to register it.	
\bigtriangleup	Pressed to indicate "COM. SLAVE NO."	COM. SLAVE NO. 00
ENT V	Pressed to blink the cursor.	COM. SLAVE NO.
\bigtriangleup	Using \bigwedge key and \bigotimes key, compose "5".	COM. SLAVE NO.
ENT T	Pressed to register it.	COM. SLAVE NO. ** COMPLETE **
V V V	"SLAVE NO." registered	↓ COM. SLAVE_NO. 05
ESC	Press ESC key and \bigtriangleup key to resume the measurement mode.	0.000 m/s 0.000 m3/h

4.7.7. How to validate the synchronization

Description

- Transmits ultrasonic waves according to synchronizing signals from the master flow transmitter.
- Used to avoid the influence by mutual interference between several flow meters located near each other. Used, for example, when they are installed near the same pipe, signal cables pass through the same conduit or there may otherwise be signal interference or crosstalk.
- A reception of synchronizing signal is checked (on slave flow transmitter).

Settable contents MASTER,SLAVE

Typical operation	Select a SLAVE.	
Keying order	Description	Indication
\bigcirc	Pressed 4 times to indicate "MAINTENANCE MODE".	MAINTENANCE MODE
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "CURRENT CALIBRATION".	CURRENT CALIBRATION
\bigtriangleup	Pressed 6 times to indicate "SYNCHRONIZATION".	SYNCHRONIZATION MASTER
ENT V	Pressed to blink the 2nd line.	SYNCHRONIZATION MASTER
\bigcirc	Pressed to indicate "SLAVE".	SYNCHRONIZATION SLAVE
ENT V	Pressed to register it.	SYNCHRONIZATION ** COMPLETE ** ↓
* * * *	SLAVE registered * The reception of synchronizing signal is checked by the SLAVE, if registered. "NORMAL" appears if the synchronizing signal has been received, or "ERROR" if not received properly. Note: Nothing appears if "MASTER" was registered.	SLAVE CHECK NORMAL
ESC V	Pressed to indicate "SLAVE".	SYNCHRONIZATION SLAVE
	Using \boxed{ESC} key and \bigtriangleup key, resume the measurement mode.	0.000 m/s 0.000 m3/h

4.7.8. How to select the language

Description
Can select an indication language (English, Japanese, German, French, Spanish).

Settable contents

ENGLISH (factory set), JAPANESE, GERMAN, FRENCH, SPANISH.

Typical operation	Select German as an indication language.		
Keying order	Description	Indication	
\frown	Pressed 4 times to indicate "MAINTENANCE MODE".	MAINTENANCE MODE	
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "CURRENT CALIBRATION".	CURRENT CALIBRATION	
\bigcirc	Pressed 7 times to indicate "LANGUAGE".	LANGUAGE ENGLISH	
ENT V	Pressed to blink the 2nd line.	LANGUAGE ENGLISH	
	Pressed twice to indicate "GERMAN".	LANGUAGE GERMAN	
ENT V	Pressed to register it.	LANGUAGE ** COMPLETE ** ↓	
*	"GERMAN" registered	SPRACHE DEUTSCH	
ESC	Using \boxed{ESC} key and \bigtriangleup key, resume the measurement mode.	0.000 m/s 0.000 m3/h	

4.7.9. How to set the ID No.

Description

- Set the ID No. for protection of parameters (Section 4.4.1.).
 - If ID No. is set, the number must be inputted before canceling the parameter protection.
- To validate the parameter protection, set the parameter protection to "PROTECTION ON" (see Section 4.4.1.).

ID No. settable range: 0000 to 9999 (4 digits).

Typical operation	Set the ID No. to "1106".	
Keying order	Description	Indication
	Pressed 4 times to indicate "MAINTENANCE MODE".	MAINTENANCE MODE
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "CURRENT CALIBRATION".	CURRENT
	Pressed 8 times to indicate "ID NO."	REGISTER ID NO.
ENT V	Pressed 2 times to blink the 2nd line.	REGISTER ID NO.
\bigtriangleup	Press \bigtriangleup key and \bigotimes key for composing "1106".	REGISTER ID NO. 110 <mark>6</mark>
ENT V	Pressed to register it.	REGISTER ID NO. <u>** COMPLETE **</u> ↓
v	ID No. registered	REGISTER ID NO. ****
	Using \boxed{ESC} key and \bigtriangleup key, resume the	0.000 m/s 0.000 m3/h
	measurement mode. Note: To validate the parameter protection, set the parameter protection to "PROTECTION ON".	

4.7.10. How to confirm the software version

DescriptionIndicates the software version.

For concrete keying, refer to the typical operation indicated below.

Typical operation	Inquire the software version.		
Keying order	Description	Indication	
	Pressed 4 times to indicate "MAINTENANCE MODE".	MAINTENANCE MODE	
ENT V	Pressed to indicate "CURRENT CALIBRATION".	CURRENT	
\bigcirc	Pressed 9 times to indicate "Ver. No."	VER. NO FLR 00A	
ESC	Using \boxed{ESC} key and $\boxed{\bigtriangleup}$ key, resume the measurement mode.	0.000 m/s 0.000 m3/h	

5. MAINTENANCE AND CHECKUP

5.1. Routine checkup

Visually check the following items.

- Whether flow transmitter cover screws are loose.
- Whether cable glands are loose.
- Whether detecter mounting band is loose.
- Whether received wave is abnormal (LED lit red).
- \rightarrow Retighten.
- \rightarrow Retighten.
- \rightarrow Tighten.
- → Check whether piping is filled or not. Remove bubbles or foreign matters, if mixed in measurement pipe. Also check if detecter mounting and wiring are normal.

5.2. Periodic checkup

5.2.1. Checking the zero point

Stop the fluid flow, fill the measurement pipe fully, and check the zero point.

5.2.2. Reapplying silicon-free grease

When using silicon-free grease for the acoustic coupler, reapply it on the transmission surface of the sensor unit approximately once every 6 months.

- How to remove the sensor unit Refer to 3.5.5.
- How to mount the sensor unit Refer to 3.5.4.

Note: Silicon rubber need not be reapplied.

5.2.3. How to measure the insulation resistance



- Turn off power before opening the flow transmitter cover.
- Arresters are connected to each of power terminals (N, L) in standard, and arresters can be connected to each of output terminals (Iout, DO1, DO2) optionally. Before measuring the insulation resistance between a power terminal and grounding terminal, remove the grounding plate from inside the terminal box as illustrated below. Before measuring the insulation resistance between each of the said output terminals and grounding terminal (GND), remove an arrester board, if provided optionally.
- The insulation resistance performance is $100 \text{ M}\Omega/500 \text{ V} \text{ DC}$.
- After the end of test, return the grounding plate and arrester board in place.



5.3. How to replace the fuse



- Turn off power before replacing the fuse.
 - Fuse specifications
 - AC power source (100 or 200 V): 5.2 mm (diameter) × 20 mm (long), 250 V, 0.5 A. As represented by Fuji Terminal Industry Co., Ltd. FGMB: 250 V, 0.5 A.
 - (2) DC power source: 5.2 mm (diameter) × 20 mm (long), 250 V, 1 A. As represented by Fuji Terminal Industry Co., Ltd.FGMB: 250 V, 1 A.
- (1) Opening the cover after turning off power

Loosen 4 screws from the flow transmitter front, and open the cover.

(2) Replacing the fuse

Detach the fuse holder from the power supply board, and replace the fuse. Then, return the fuse holder in place. (3) Closing the cover

Close the cover, and tighten 4 screws.





5.4. How to replace the relay

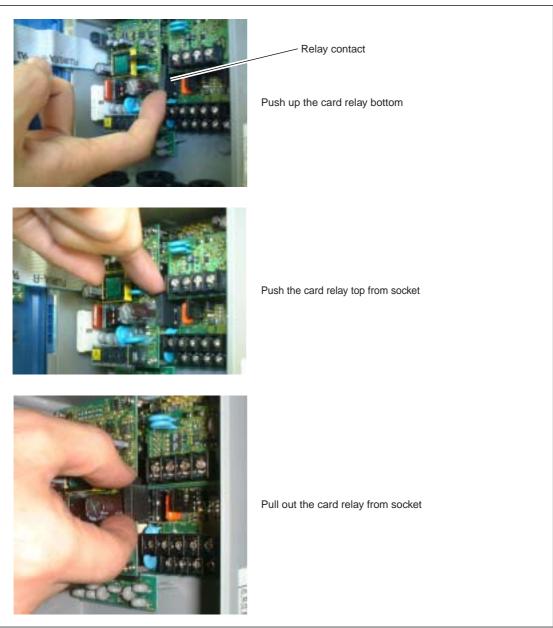
DO2 is a relay contact, whose life is 200,000 operations (rated load). Replace it before the end of its life estimating the number of contact operations. Card relay type: RB104-DY (made by Fuji Electric)

[Replacing method]

- (1) Turn off power, and open the cover.
- (2) From the socket, pull out the card relay shown below.
- (3) Position a new card relay into the socket. Push it enough to engage the card relay claws.
- (4) Close the cover, and turn on power.
- (5) Set the maintenance mode to "STATUS OUTPUT", and check the relay ON and OFF actions.



Relay dismounting procedure



5.5. How to replace the LCD

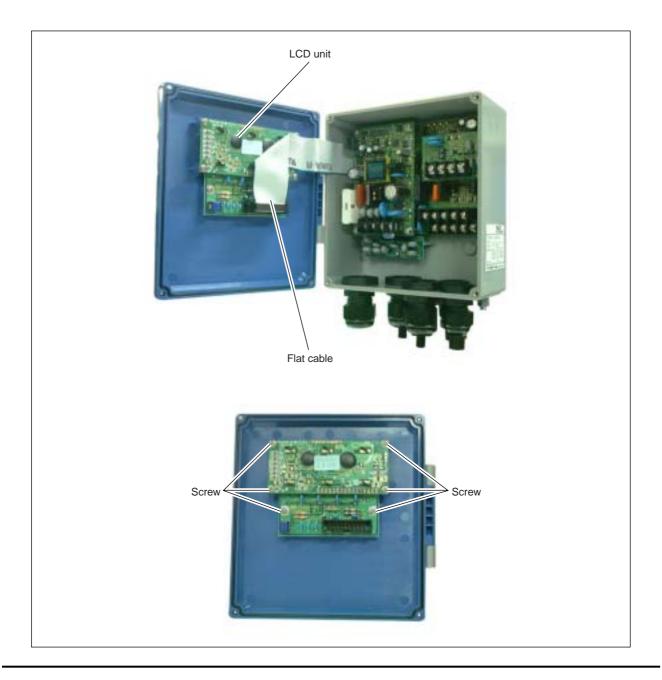
The nominal life of the LCD is 7 years. Its contrast deteriorates gradually. Replace it about 5 years after starting its use.

[How to replace]

- (1) Turn off power, and open the cover.
- (2) Disengage the flat cable connector.
- (3) Loosen 6 screws from the LCD unit.
- (4) Mount a new LCD unit (see parts list), inserting the operation keys and LED properly into the cover holes so as not to be pushed nor pinched by the cover.
- (5) Engage the flat cable connector (securely all the way).
- (6) Close the cover, and turn on power.
- (7) Make sure the LCD indication is normal, and that keying can be conducted properly.



• Turn off power before opening the cover. A high voltage is inside.



5.6. Troubleshooting

5.6.1. If indication is abnormal

Symptom	Cause
Noting is indicated	 Power is not turned on. Source voltage is too low. Fuse is blown. LCD is defective. To "Section 5.6.6. Remedying a hardware fault". DC power polarity is inverted.
1st line is indicated black	 Source voltage is too low. DC power polarity is inverted. LCD is defective.
Indication is undefined	 Hardware error.
Indication is dim	 Ambient temperature is too low (below -20°C). → Raise the temperature. End of LCD unit life. → Replace the LCD unit.
Entirely black	 Ambient temperature is too high (50°C or higher). → Lower the temperature.
LED is lit red	 Received wave is abnormal. → Check the following points. (1) Whether pipe is filled completely. (2) Ingress of bubbles. (3) Sensor cable connection. (4) Sensor unit mounting as to sensor unit spacing, orientation and positions. (5) Coating of silicone rubber or silicone-free bonding agent. (6) Piping status (whether scales are present or lining material is peeled).

5.6.2. If keying is abnormal

Symptom	Cause
Keying is not responded	• Hardware error. \longrightarrow To "Section 5.6.6. Remedying a hardware fault".
Certain key is not responded. Action is not as defined.	

5.6.3. If measurement value is abnormal

Symptom	Cause	Remedy
Minus (–) symbol indicated on measurement value.	• Connection between main unit and sensor units (upstream, downstream) are inverted.	→ Connect correctly.
	• So is actual flow.	
Measurement value fluctuates excessively while flow rate is	• Straight part of pipe is not enough.	Select where 10D upstream and 5D downstream can be secured.
constant.	• Pump, valve or others which disturb the flow are located nearby.	\longrightarrow Separate them at least 30D.
	• Pulsation exists actually.	Set the damping to longer response time.
Measurement value does not change while flow rate does (LED lit red).	Ultrasonic wave is not propagated into p 1. Installation is poor.	
	 Pipe specifications are wrong. Sensor is mounted on welding. Sensor mounting dimensions are wrong. Silicone filler is not applied properly when mounting the sensor Sensor cable connection is poor. 	→ Upon checking, remove the sensor, apply silicone filler, and slightly off- position the sensor.
	 Sensor mounting is poor Mounting dimensions. There is a gap between sensor and piping. 	 Mount the sensor in parallel with pipe, allowing correct sensor unit spacing. Mount the sensor properly so that it is kept in close contact with the pipe.
	2. Pipe or fluid is problematic.	
	◎ Not completely filled.	 Locate a place which is completely filled on the same piping line, and shift the sensor there. Mount the sensor at lowermost position on piping line.
	 Ingress of bubbles Bubbles are introduced if reading is normal when flow is stopped. If mounted immediately downstream a valve, a cavitation causes the same phenomenon as when bubbles are introduced. 	 Eliminate ingress of bubbles. Raise the pumping well level. Check the pump shaft seal. Retighten the negative pressure piping flange. Avoid a flow as cascade to pumping well. Shift the sensor where bubbles are not introduced. Upstream the pump. Upstream the valve.

Symptom	Cause	Remedy
(Continued from preceding page)	© Excessively turbid.	
	 More turbid than inflow sewage water or return sludge. Scales are on inside wall of old pipe. Lining is thick. Mortar lining or the like is several ten mm thick. Lining is peeled. 	 Move the sensor to smaller pipe diameter on the same line. Move the sensor to another place or pipe.
	There is a gap between lining and pipe. Sensor is mounted on bend pipe or tapered pipe	→ Mount the sensor on straight pipe.
	 3. Influence by external noise. There is radio broadcasting station nearby. There is heavy traffic of automobiles, trains, etc. near the measurement site. 	 Reduce the length of main unit- sensor cable to a minimum. Connect the main unit and pipe to ground.
	4. Hardware error.	See "Section 5.6.6. Remedying a hardware fault. "
Measurement value is not zero while water is at standstill.	Water convection in pipe. After zero adjustment.	 Normal. Recommence zero adjustment at a status where water is completely at a standstill.
	• Pipe is not completely filled or is empty when water is at a standstill (LED lit red).	→ Normal.

Symptom	Cause	Remedy
Measurement value contains an error.	 Inputted pipe specifications are different from actual values. Scales exist on wall of old pipe. 	 Difference in inner diameter of 1% produces about 3% of error. Input correctly. When inputting, regard the scales as lining.
	• Straight part of pipe is not enough (10D upstream and 5D downstream cannot be secured).	→ Find a better place for mounting the sensor (upstream the disturbance).
		There must be no disturbance within 30D upstream. Pump, valve, joint pipe, etc. are not allowed.
		 Mount the sensor at different angles with respect to pipe cross- section until an average is obtained.
	• Pipe is not filled with water or is loaded with mud and sand.	 Reading rises as cross-sectional area reduces. Move to vertical pipe.

5.6.4. If analog output is abnormal

Symptom	Cause	Remedy
Current output is erroneous.	Range setting is wrong.	\longrightarrow • Set the range correctly.
Not 4 mA when measurement value is 0.	Analog output is maladjusted.	\longrightarrow • Calibrate the analog output.
Output is 0 mA.	Cable is open-circuited.	
Output is over 20 mA.	"OVERFLOW" is indicated on LCD.	 Range over. Recommence setting of range data of analog output.
Output is below 4 mA.	"UNDERFLOW" is indicated on LCD.	 Back flow Set the upstream and downstream properly.
Measurement value varies but analog output is constant.	Output load is above 600Ω .	• Lower the load below 600Ω .
Analog output does not match the measurement value.	Analog output is maladjusted.	\longrightarrow • Calibrate the analog output.
Output remains unchanged even after analog output calibration.	Hardware error.	\longrightarrow • Contact us.

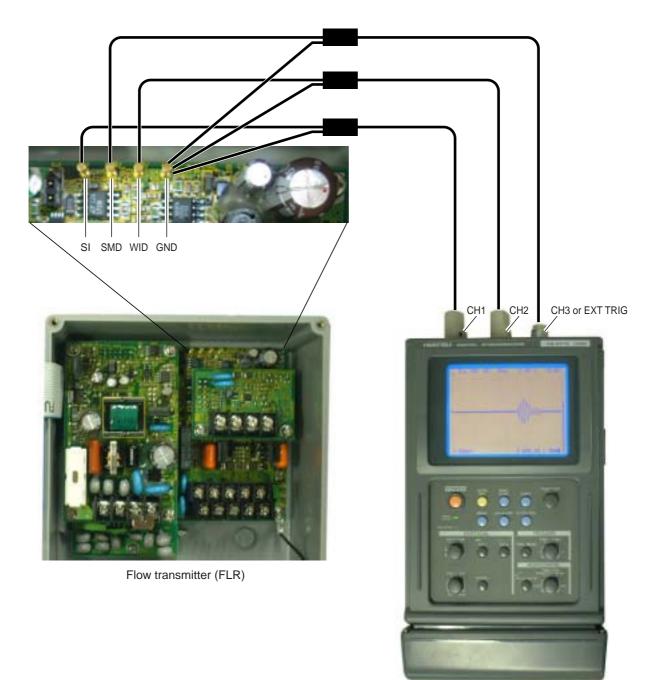
5.6.5. How to check the received waveform



5.6.5.1. How to connect the oscilloscope

Open the cover and, according to the following diagram, connect the oscilloscope to check pins on the printed circuit board.

A high voltage is applied. Do not touch other than so allowed points given below.

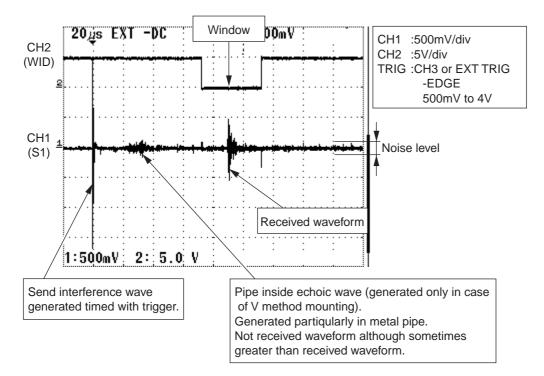


Oscilloscope

5.6.5.2. Checking the received waveform

Monitor the waveform, and check the status of received waveform.

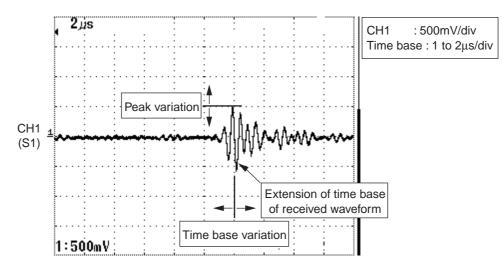
Window and received signal



Points

- 1. The received waveform must exist in LOW zone (window) at WID level of CH2 (WID). If off-positioned, check the piping parameters.
- 2. The magnitude of received waveform must be about 1 Vpp.
 - (1) If lower than 1 Vpp: The reception sensitivity is too low. Take an action referring to the item of "Measurement value does not change while flow rate does (LED lit red)" in "Section 5.6.3 If measurement value is abnormal".
- (2) If higher than 1 Vpp: The flow transmitter may be faulty. Specify details of anomaly to us.
- 3. The overall noise level must be lower than 0.2 Vpp. Excessive noise may be caused by the following.

Cause	Check
Special cable is faulty.	Check the continuity, and measure the insulation resistance.
Polarity of connected terminals is inverted.	Check the connection.
Detector is mounted erroneously	Take action referring to item "Measurement value does not
(S/N deteriorated).	change while flow rate does (LED lit red)" in "Section 5.6.3
Influence by external noise.	If measurement value is abnormal".
Detector bonding surface is peeling.	Peel off the detector and recommence the mounting.
Wiring is poor.	Whether special signal cable is passed through metal
	conduit or wired together with power cable or heavy duty
	line.
Poor contact.	



Points

- 1. Before reaching the maximum amplified signal wave, the number of waves must be 3 to 5. If the startup of received waveform is not sharp enough, then the piping parameter input may be wrong or the detector mounting may be not proper. Check the piping parameters, and how the detector is mounted referring to "Measurement value does not change while flow rate does (LED lit red)" in "Section 5.6.3 If measurement value is abnormal".
- 2. Peak (amplitude) variations are not allowed. If peaks fluctuate up and down, bubbles are mixed. Take an action referring to the item of "Ingress of bubbles" of "Measurement value does not change while flow rate does (LED lit red)" in "Section 5.6.3 If measurement value is abnormal".
- 3. The time base must not fluctuate. If it does, there may be influence by turbulent flow or drift current. Take an action referring to the item of "Measurement value fluctuates excessively while flow rate is constant." in "Section 5.6.3 If measurement value is abnormal".

5.6.6. Remedying a hardware fault

If the hardware is found faulty upon interventions in Section 5.6.1 to Section 5.6.5 above, specify details of anomaly to us.

6.1. External communication specifications

6.1.1. Communication specifications

Item		Description		
Communication inter	face		RS-232C	RS-485
Communication dista	ince		15m	1km
Communication meth	nod		Half duplex start-st	op synchronization
Communication proc	edure		Message method	
Baud rate		2400, 4800, 9600, 19200bps		
Communication mode		ASCII mode		
	Start		11	oit
Data format		Hexadecimal ASCII expression (8 bits)		
Data Ionnat Parity			None, odd, even	
	Stop		1, 2 bits	
Error check		LRC (logical redundancy check)		

6.1.2. Message configuration

6.1.2.1. Reception

Description	Bytes	Remarks
Start mark	1	: (3Ah)
Slave address (SLV)	2	01 to 31
Function code (F_CD)	4	See function code table.
Error check	2	LRC
End mark	1	CR (ODh)
	1	LF (0Ah)

6.1.2.2. Acknowledge

Description	Bytes	Remarks
Start mark	1	: (3Ah)
Slave address (SLV)	2	01 to 31
Function code (F_CD)	4	See function code table.
Data length (L)	2	
Data	2L	
Error check	2	LRC
End mark	1	CR (0Dh)
	1	LF (0Ah)

6.1.2.3. Error acknowledge

Description	Bytes	Remarks
Start mark	1	: (3Ah)
Slave address (SLV)	2	01 to 31
Function code (F_CD)	4	See function code table.
Error data	2	See error data table.
Error check	2	LRC
End mark	1	CR (0Dh)
Eng mark	1	LF (0Ah)

Receive format	:	SLV	F_CD	LRC	CR	LF		
Acknowledge format	:	SLV	F_CD	Data length	Data	LRC	CR	LF
Error acknowledge format	:	SLV	F_CD	Error data	LRC	CR	LF	

6.1.3. Error check

Arrange the LRC so that the sum (carry not included) of all ASCII data excluding ":", "CR" and "LF" will be 00h.

[LRC creation procedure]

- (1) Add the data headed by the start mark (:) excluding the carry.
- (2) Obtain 2's complement for the sum.
 (3) Convert the 2's complement into ASCII (= LRC).

6.1.4. Function code table

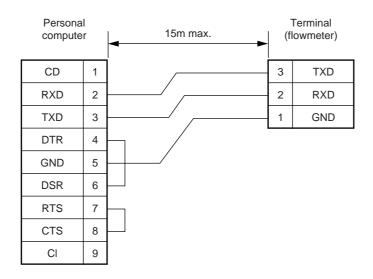
Description	F_CD	Remarks
Flow velocity (data 1: measuring path 1)	0300	
Flow rate (Data 1: measuring path 1)	0310	
Forward integrated value (data 1: measuring path 1)	0320	
Reverse integrated value (data 1: measuring path 1)	0330	
Current output % (data 1: measuring path 1)	0340	
Status (data 1: measuring path 1)	0100	

Note: If an error has occurred, the error acknowledge function code is as follows. Function code: $\underline{0}300 \rightarrow \underline{8}300$

6.1.5. Error code table

Error data	Remarks
01	Function code error (function code undefined)
02	LRC error
03	Reserve
04	Reserve
05	Reserve

6.1.6. Cable connection specifications (RS-232C)



6.2. Specifications

Operational s			Permissible	air volume rate:	
System configu					(inversely proportional to
Application	FLS1) and realizing sing	s composed of a detector (Model a flow transmitter (Model FLR1), le-path system. ithout aeration that ultrasonic wave	Short-term	velocity) thermal stability: 140deg.C, 30min	
Application:		e (purified water, cooling water,	Functiona	I specifications	
		ids, cooling/heating medium, etc.)	Analog out		hint)
		10000deg (mg/L) or less	Analog out	Max. load resistance	
		ature: -20 to +100deg.C	Digital outp		, acting range, flow switch
		(With silicon rubber for	•	or total switch arbitra	
		acoustic couplant)		Transistor open colle	
		0 to +60deg.C			t (DO1)
		(With silicon-free grease for acoustic couplant)			Il off/on selectable ity: 30V DC, 0.1A
	Type of flow:	Well-developed turbulent or			ulse: 1pulse/day to 100pps
		laminar flow in a full-filled pipe			width: 5, 10, 50, 100 or
Applicable flow				200ms	
		25 to 100mm (FLSE1) or 50 to		Mechanical relay co	ntact: 1point (DO2), with
		225mm(FLSE2) for plastic pipes		socket (exchangeab	
		50 to 100mm (FLSE1) or 50 to 225mm (FLSE2) for metal pipes			I close/open selectable ity: 220V AC /30V DC, 1A
	Material:	Plastics (PVC, PVDF*, PEEK,			ive load)
		PP*, FRP, etc.) or Metals (Carbon			inical expected life:
		steel, SS, copper, aluminum, etc.)			han 2 x 10^7 operations
	Note)	*Measurement may noy be made			ulse: 1pulse/day to 1pps
		depending on diameter and	Communio	•	width: 50, 100 or 200ms)
		thickness of the pipe. Contact us for details.	Communica	ation interface (option): RS-232C equivalent	/ RS-485
	Liner:	Tar epoxy, mortar, rubber, and		Number of connecta	
		others		one (R	S-232C)/ up to 31 (RS-485)
	Fundamental	straight pipe:			1800/9600/19200 bps
		10D for upstream and 5D for		selecta	
		downstream (D: pipe diameter) Refer to "Conditions on straight		,	Odd/Even selectable bits selectable
		pipe" for details.		•	5m (RS-232C)/up to 1km
Velocity:	0 to ±0.3 ±			(RS-48	
Power supply:		AC ±10%, 50/60Hz or 200 to 240V			y, flow rate, +total, -total,
		/60Hz or 20 to 30V DC	Diseiter de	status,	
Signal cable:		able up to 30m with water-proof	Display dev		I: green, Extraordinary: red) I6 characters and back light
	deg.C	end and thermal stability of 100	Display lan		to characters and back light
Environment:		e environment without direct	2.00.00		rman or Spanish selectable
		osive gas and heat radiation	Velocity/Flo	ow rate display:	
Ambient tempe					nd/or flow rate with flow
		g.C for flow transmitter		direction	cimal point be counted as 1
Ambient humid		g.C for detector		digit)	
	90%RH or les	SS			n system selectable
Grounding:		than 100 ohm)			
Synchronizatio				Metric system	Inch system
		nen located closely or acoustic	Velocity	m/s	ft/s
		when installed on the same pipe le by simultaneous transmission of	Flow rate	L/s, L/min, L/h, ML/d, m³/s, m³/min, m³/h,	gal/s, gal/min, gal/h, Mgal/d, ft³/s, ft³/min,
	ultrasonic wa			Mm ³ /d, BBL/s, BBL/min,	ft ³ /h, Mft ³ /d, BBL/s,
		onnectable units: up to 31		BBL/h, MBBL/d	BBL/min, BBL/h,
	Cable length:				MBBL/d
	Master/Slave		Note: The "g	al" means USgal.	
Arrester (option		for outputs available (while arrester	Total diards		r rovoroo totol
		for outputs available (while arrester oply incorporated as standard)	Total displa		cimal point be counted as
	ioi power sup			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	onnai point de counteu de
Performance	enecification	e			n system selectable
i chormanice	specification				

Zero adjustment: Set zero/Clear available

Total

Configuration:

Metric system mL, L, m³, km³, Mm³, mBBL, BBL, kBBL

Performance specifications

Accuracy:	
-----------	--

INF-TN1FLRS-E

Pipe size (inside dia.)	2m/s or more	Less than 2m/s
25 to less than 50mm	±3% of rate	±0.06m/s
50 to 225mm	±2% of rate	±0.04m/s

Response time: System cycle: 0.2s

Dead time: less than 0.2s, Time constant: 0.1s Power consumption:

15VA or less for AC power supply 5W or less for DC power supply

Inch system gal, kgal, ft³, kft³, Mft³, mBBL, BBL, kBBL,

ACRE-in, ACRE-ft

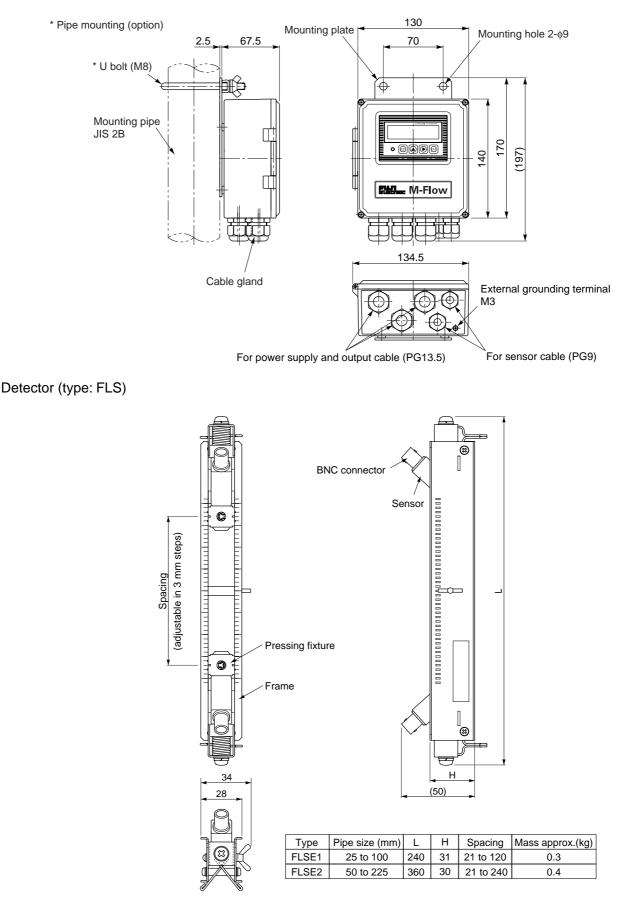
Fully configurable from the 4-key pad (ESC, \bigtriangledown ,

 \triangleright , ENT) on the surface of flow transmitter's housing case by menu-driven software

Damping:	0 to 100s (every 1s) configurable for analog output and display					
Low flow cut off						
	0 to 5m/s configurable					
Alarm:	Hardware fault/Process fault applicable to digital					
Burnout:	output Analog output : Hold/Over-scale/Under- scale /Zero selectable					
	Total: Hold/Count selectable Working timer : 0 to 100s (every 1s) config- urable					
Bi-directional ra						
	Forward and reverse ranges configurable independently					
	Hysteresis: 0 to 10% of acting range config- urable					
	Acting range applicable to digital output					
Auto-2 ranges:	Forward 2 ranges configurable independently Hysteresis: 0 to 10% of acting range config- urable					
	Acting range applicable to digital output					
Flow switch:	Lower and upper switching points configurable independently					
	Acting point applicable to digital output					
Total switch:	+total switching point configurable Acting point applicable to digital output					
Physical spec	ifications					
Enclosure prote						
•	IP65 for both flow transmitter and detector					
Maxim	(When water-proof BNC is applied) Flow transmitter: Wall/2B pipe mount					
Mounting:	Detector: Clamped on pipe surface					
Acoustic couple						
	Silicon rubber or silicon-free grease					
Material:	Flow transmitter: Plastic ABS Detector: Plastic PBT for sensor housing, 304SS for frame					
Sensor cable:	3D2V with outside diameter 5mm					
Dimensions:	Flow transmitter: H140 \times W139 \times D68mm					
	Detector: H28 × W240 × D50mm for FLSE1 H28 × W360 × D50mm for FLSE2					
Mass:	Flow transmitter: 0.8kg					
	Detector: 0.3kg (FLSE1) / 0.4kg (FLSE2)					

6.3. Dimension diagram

Flow transmitter (type: FLR)



6.4. Scope of delivery

6.5. Items to be specified at order

- Detector type
 Flow transmitter type
 Signal cable type
 Tag No. (if tag is provided)

6.6. Piping data

Non	ninal			Normal thickness						
	neter m)	Outer diameter	Schedule 5S	Schedule 10S	Schedule 20S	Schedule 40	Schedule 80	Schedule 120	Schedule 160	
Α	В	(mm)	Thickness (mm)							
15	1/2	21.7	1.65	2.1	2.5	2.9	3.9	_	5.5	
20	3/4	27.2	1.65	2.1	2.5	2.9	3.9	_	5.5	
25	1	34.0	1.65	2.8	3.0	3.4	4.5	_	6.4	
32	$1\frac{1}{4}$	42.7	1.65	2.8	3.0	3.6	4.9	_	6.4	
40	$1\frac{1}{2}$	48.6	1.65	2.8	3.0	3.7	5.1	_	7.1	
50	2	60.5	1.65	2.8	3.5	3.9	5.5	_	8.7	
65	$2\frac{1}{2}$	76.3	2.1	3.0	3.5	5.2	7.0		9.5	
80	3	89.1	2.1	3.0	4.0	5.5	7.6		11.1	
90	31/2	101.6	2.1	3.0	4.0	5.7	8.1		12.7	
100	4	114.3	2.1	3.0	4.0	6.0	8.6	11.1	13.5	
125	5	139.8	2.8	3.4	5.0	6.6	9.5	12.7	15.9	
150	6	165.2	2.8	3.4	5.0	7.1	11.0	14.3	18.2	
200	8	216.3	2.8	4.0	6.5	8.2	12.7	18.2	23.0	
250	10	267.4	3.4	4.0	6.5	9.3	15.1	21.4	28.6	
300	12	318.5	4.0	4.5	6.5	10.3	17.4	25.4	33.3	
350	14	355.6	_	—	_	11.1	19.0	27.8	35.7	
400	16	406.4	_	—		12.7	21.4	30.9	40.5	
450	18	457.2	_			14.3	23.8	34.9	45.2	
500	20	508.0	_	—		15.1	26.2	38.1	50.0	
550	22	558.8	_	—		15.9	28.6	41.3	54.0	
600	24	609.6	_	—		17.5	34.0	46.0	59.5	
650	26	660.4	_			18.9	34.0	49.1	64.2	

Stainless steel pipe for pipe arrangement (JIS G3459-1988)

Polyethylene pipe for city water (JIS K6762-1982)

Nominal	Outer	1st type ((Soft pipe)	2nd type (Hard pipe)		
diameter	diameter	Thickness	Weight	Thickness	Weight	
(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(kg/m)	(mm)	(kg/m)	
13	21.5	3.5	0.184	2.5	0.143	
20	27.0	4.0	0.269	3.0	0.217	
25	34.0	5.0	0.423	3.5	0.322	
30	42.0	5.5	0.586	4.0	0.458	
40	48.0	6.5	0.788	4.5	0.590	
50	60.0	8.0	1.210	5.0	0.829	

Galvanized st	teel pipe for	city water SGPW	(JIS G3442-1988)

Nomin	Nominal pipe		Thickness
(A)	(B)	(mm)	(mm)
15	1/2	21.7	2.8
20	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{3}{4}$	27.2	2.8
25	1	34.0	3.2
32	$1\frac{1}{4}$ $1\frac{1}{2}$	42.7	3.5
40	$1\frac{1}{2}$	48.6	3.5
50	2	60.5	3.8
65	$2\frac{1}{2}$	76.3	4.2
80	3	89.1	4.2
90	$3\frac{1}{2}$	101.6	4.2
100	4	114.3	4.5
125	5	139.8	4.5
150	6	165.2	5.0
200	8	216.3	5.8
250	10	267.4	6.6
300	12	318.5	6.9

Nominal	1st type		2nd type		3rd t	type	4th t	type
diameter (mm)	Thickness of connected portion (mm)	Outer diameter of connected portion (mm)	Thickness of connected portion (mm)	Outer diameter of connected portion (mm)	Thickness of connected portion (mm)	Outer diameter of connected portion (mm)	Thickness of connected portion (mm)	Outer diameter of connected portion (mm)
50	10	70	_				_	
75	10	95	_				_	_
100	12	124	10	120	9	118		—
125	14	153	11	147	9.5	144		—
150	16	182	12	174	10	170		_
200	21	242	15	230	13	226	11	222
250	23	296	19	288	15.5	281	12	274
300	26	352	22	344	18	336	14	328
350	30	410	25	400	20.5	391	16	382
400	35	470	29	458	23	446	18	436
450	39	528	32	514	26	502	20	490
500	43	586	35	570	28.5	557	22	544
600	52	704	42	684	34	668	26	652
700	—	_	49	798	39	778	30	760
800	—	_	56	912	44	888	34	868
900	_	—	—	—	49	998	38	976
1000	_	—	_	_	54	1108	42	1084
1100					59	1218	46	1192
1200	_	_	_	_	65	1330	50	1300
1300		_			73	1496	57	1464
1500					81	1662	63	1626

Asbestos cement pipe for city water (JIS A5301-1971)

Polyethlene pipe for general use (JIS K6761-1979)

Nominal	Outer	1st type	2nd type
diameter (mm)	diameter (mm)	Thickness (mm)	Thickness (mm)
13	21.5	2.7	2.4
20	27.0	3.0	2.4
25	34.0	3.0	2.6
30	42.0	3.5	2.8
40	48.0	3.5	3.0
50	60.0	4.0	3.5
65	76.0	5.0	4.0
75	89.0	5.5	5.0
100	114	6.0	5.5
125	140	6.5	6.5
150	165	7.0	7.0
200	216	8.0	8.0
250	267	9.0	9.0
300	318	10.0	10.0

Hi vinyl chloride pipe (city water pipe size)

Nominal diameter	Outer diameter	Thickness of pipe
Nominal diameter	Outer diameter	Thickness of pipe
13	18.0	2.5
20	26.0	3.0
25	32.0	3.5
30	38.0	3.5
40	48.0	4.0
50	60.0	4.5
75	89.0	5.8
100	114.0	7.0
125	140.0	7.5
150	165.0	8.5

Hi vinyl chloride pipe (conduit size)

nickness of pipe
3.0
3.5
3.5
4.0
4.5
5.5

	Thick	Actual outer		
Nominal pipe	Т		diameter D1	
D	Normal pressure pipe	Low pressure pipe		
75	9.0		93.0	
100	9.0	_	118.0	
150	9.5	9.0	169.0	
200	10.0	9.4	220.0	
250	10.8	9.8	271.6	
300	11.4	10.2	322.8	
350	12.0	10.6	374.0	
400	12.8	11.0	425.6	
450	13.4	11.5	476.8	
500	14.0	12.0	528.0	
600	15.4	13.0	630.8	
700	16.5	13.8	733.0	
800	18.0	14.8	836.0	
900	19.5	15.5	939.0	
1000	22.0		1041.0	
1100	23.5		1144.0	
1200	25.0		1246.0	
1350	27.5		1400.0	
1500	30.0		1554.0	

Carbon steel pipe for pipe arrangement (JIS G3452-1988)

Nom	Nominal pipe		Thickness	
(A)	(B)	Outer diameter (mm)	(mm)	
15	1/2	21.7	2.8	
20	3/4	27.2	2.8	
25	1	34.0	3.2	
32	1 1/4	42.7	3.5	
40	1 1/2	48.6	3.5	
50	2	60.5	3.8	
65	$2\frac{1}{2}$	76.3	4.2	
80	3	89.1	4.2	
90	3 1/2	101.6	4.2	
100	4	114.3	4.5	
125	5	139.8	4.5	
150	6	165.2	5.0	
175	7	190.7	5.3	
200	8	216.3	5.8	
225	9	241.8	6.2	
250	10	267.4	6.6	
300	12	318.5	6.9	
350	14	355.6	7.9	
400	16	406.4	7.9	
450	18	457.2	7.9	
500	20	508.0	7.9	

Hard vinyl chloride pipe (JIS K6741-1984)

Section	V	P	V	U
Nominal pipe (mm)	Outer diameter	Thickness	Outer diameter	Thickness
13	18	2.2		
16	22	2.7		
20	26	2.7	_	_
25	32	3.1	_	_
30	38	3.1		
40	48	3.6	48	1.8
50	60	4.1	60	1.8
65	76	4.1	76	2.2
75	89	5.5	89	2.7
100	114	6.6	114	3.1
125	140	7.0	140	4.1
150	165	8.9	165	5.1
200	216	10.3	216	6.5
250	267	12.7	267	7.8
300	318	15.1	318	9.2
350	_		370	10.5
400	_		420	11.8
450	_	_	470	13.2
500	_		520	14.6
600	_		630	17.8
700	_		732	21.0
800			835	23.9

Steel pipe coated for city water STPW (JIS G3443-1968)

Nominal diameter (A)	Outer diameter (mm)	Thickness (mm)
80	89.1	4.2
100	114.3	4.5
125	139.8	4.5
150	165.2	5.0
200	216.3	5.8
250	267.4	6.6
300	318.5	6.9
350	355.6	6.0
400	406.4	6.0
450	457.2	6.0
500	508.0	6.0
600	609.6	6.0
700	711.2	6.0
800	812.8	7.1
900	914.4	7.9
1000	1016.0	8.7
1100	1117.6	10.3
1200	1219.2	11.1
1350	1371.6	11.9
1500	1524.0	12.7

			Kinds of symbol				Kinds of symbol			
				STW	/ 41			STW	400	
Nominal diameter	Outer diameter	STW 30	STW 38	Nominal	thickness	STW 290	STW 370	Nominal	thickness	
A	mm			А	В			А	В	
		Thickness	Thickness	Thickness	Thickness	Thickness	Thickness	Thickness	Thickness	
		(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	
80	89.1	4.2	4.5			4.2	4.5			
100	114.3	4.5	4.9	—	_	4.5	4.9	_	—	
125	139.8	4.5	5.1	—	_	4.5	5.1	_	—	
150	165.2	5.0	5.5	—	—	5.0	5.5	—	—	
200	216.3	5.8	6.4	—	—	5.8	6.4	—	—	
250	267.4	6.6	6.4		—	6.6	6.4	—	—	
300	318.5	6.9	6.4	—	—	6.9	6.4	—	—	
350	355.6	—	—	6.0	—	—	—	6.0	—	
400	406.4	—	—	6.0	—	—	—	6.0	—	
450	457.2		—	6.0	—	—	—	6.0	—	
500	508.0		—	6.0	—	—	—	6.0	—	
600	609.6		—	6.0	—	—	—	6.0	—	
700	711.2	—	—	7.0	6.0	—	—	7.0	6.0	
800	812.8	—	—	8.0	7.0	—	—	8.0	7.0	
900	914.4	_	—	8.0	7.0	—	—	8.0	7.0	
1000	1016.0		—	9.0	8.0	—	—	9.0	8.0	
1100	1117.6	—	—	10.0	8.0	—	—	10.0	8.0	
1200	1219.2	—	—	11.0	9.0	—	—	11.0	9.0	
1350	1371.6	—	—	12.0	10.0	—	—	12.0	10.0	
1500	1524.0	—	—	14.0	11.0	_	—	14.0	11.0	
1600	1625.6	—	—	15.0	12.0	—	—	15.0	12.0	
1650	1676.4	—	—	15.0	12.0	_	—	15.0	12.0	
1800	1828.8	—	—	16.0	13.0	—	—	16.0	13.0	
1900	1930.4	—	—	17.0	14.0	—	—	17.0	14.0	
2000	2032.0	—	—	18.0	15.0	—	—	18.0	15.0	
2100	2133.6	—	—	19.0	16.0	—	—	19.0	16.0	
2200	2235.2	—	—	20.0	16.0	—	—	20.0	16.0	
2300	2336.8	_	—	21.0	17.0	—	—	21.0	17.0	
2400	2438.4	—	—	22.0	18.0	—	—	22.0	18.0	
2500	2540.0	—	—	23.0	18.0	—	—	23.0	18.0	
2600	2641.6	_	—	24.0	19.0	—	—	24.0	19.0	
2700	2743.2	—	—	25.0	20.0		-	25.0	20.0	
2800	2844.8	—	—	26.0	21.0	—	—	26.0	21.0	
2900	2946.4	—	—	27.0	21.0		-	27.0	21.0	
3000	3048.0	—	—	29.0	22.0	—	—	29.0	22.0	

Steel pipe coated for city water STW (JIS G3443 1987)

Centrifugal nodular graphite cas	st iron pipe for city water	(A type) (JWWA G-105 1971)
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Nominal diameter		Actual outer diameter		
D		Т		D1
D	1st type pipe	2nd type pipe	3rd type pipe	– D1
75	7.5	_	6.0	93.0
100	7.5	_	6.0	118.0
150	9.5		6.0	169.0
200	7.5		6.0	220.0
250	7.5		6.0	271.6
300	7.5		6.5	332.8
350	7.5		6.5	374.0
400	8.5	7.5	7.0	425.6
450	9.0	8.0	7.5	476.8
500	9.5	8.5	7.0	528.0

Centrifugal nodular graphite cast iron pipe for city water (K type) (JWWA G-105 1971)

Nominal diameter		Thickness of pipe			
D	1st type pipe	2nd type pipe	3rd type pipe	D1	
400	8.5	7.5	7.0	425.6	
450	9.0	8.0	7.5	476.8	
500	9.5	8.5	8.0	528.0	
600	11.0	10.0	9.0	630.8	
700	12.0	11.0	10.0	733.0	
800	13.5	12.0	11.0	836.0	
900	15.0	13.0	12.0	939.0	
1000	16.5	14.5	13.0	1041.0	
1100	18.0	15.5	14.0	1144.0	
1200	19.5	17.0	15.0	1246.0	
1350	21.5	18.5	16.5	1400.0	
1500	23.5	20.5	18.0	1554.0	

Ductile iron specials

Nominal diameter (mm)	Thickness of pipe (mm)
75	8.5
100	8.5
150	9.0
200	11.0
250	12.0
300	12.5
350	13.0
400	14.0
450	14.5
500	15.0
600	16.0
700	17.0
800	18.0
900	19.0
1000	20.0
1100	21.0
1200	22.0
1350	24.0
1500	26.0
1600	27.5
1650	28.0
1800	30.0
2000	32.0
2100	33.0
2200	34.0
2400	36.0

Dimensions of centrifugal sand mold cast iron pipe (JIS G5522)

Nominal	Thic	Actual		
diameter D	High pressure pipe	Normal pressure pipe	Low pressure pipe	outer diameter D1
75	9.0	7.5		93.0
100	9.0	7.5	—	118.0
125	9.0	7.8	_	143.0
150	9.5	8.0	7.5	169.0
200	10.0	8.8	8.0	220.0
250	10.8	9.5	8.4	271.6
300	11.4	10.0	9.0	322.8
350	12.0	10.8	9.4	374.0
400	12.8	11.5	10.0	425.6
450	13.4	12.0	10.4	476.8
500	14.0	12.8	11.0	528.0
600	—	14.2	11.8	630.8
700	—	15.5	12.8	733.0
800	—	16.8	13.8	836.0
900	—	18.2	14.8	939.0

Arc welded big diameter stainless steel pipe for pipe arrangement (JIS G3468-1988)

<u> </u>		1700)	Nominal thickness				
	ninal neter	Outer diameter	Schedule 5S	Schedule 10S	Schedule 20S	Schedule 40S	
Α	В	(mm)	Thickness (mm)	Thickness (mm)	Thickness (mm)	Thickness (mm)	
150	6	165.2	2.8	3.4	5.0	7.1	
200	8	216.3	3.4	4.0	6.5	9.3	
250	10	267.4	4.0	4.5	6.5	10.3	
350	14	355.6	4.0	5.0	8.0	11.1	
400	16	406.4	4.5	5.0	8.0	12.7	
450	18	457.2	4.5	5.0	8.0	14.3	
500	20	508.0	5.0	5.5	9.5	15.1	
550	22	558.8	5.0	5.5	9.5	15.1	
600	24	609.6	5.5	6.5	9.5	17.5	
650	26	660.4	5.5	8.0	12.7	17.5	
700	28	711.2	5.5	8.0	12.7	17.5	
750	30	762.0	6.5	8.0	12.7	17.5	
800	32	812.8	_	8.0	12.7	17.5	
850	34	863.6	—	8.0	12.7	17.5	
900	36	914.1	—	8.0	12.7	19.1	
1000	40	1016.0		9.5	14.3	26.2	

Arc welded carbon steel pipe (JIS G3457-1976)

n	nit	ka/m
U	nit:	Kg/III

Nominal	diameter	Thickness (mm)													
(A)	(B)	Outer diameter (mm)	6.0	6.4	7.1	7.9	8.7	9.5	10.3	11.1	11.9	12.7	13.1	15.1	15.9
350	14	355.6	51.7	55.1	61.0	67.7									
400	16	406.4	59.2	63.1	66.9	77.6									
450	18	457.2	66.8	71.1	78.8	87.5									
500	20	508.0	74.3	79.2	87.7	97.4	107	117							
550	22	558.8	81.8	87.2	96.6	107	118	129	139	150	160	171			
600	24	609.6	89.0	95.2	105	117	127	141	152	164	175	187			
650	26	660.4	96.8	103	114	127	140	152	165	178	190	203			
700	28	711.2	104	111	123	137	151	164	178	192	205	219			
750	30	762.0		119	132	147	162	176	191	206	220	235			
800	32	812.8		127	141	157	173	188	204	219	235	251	258	297	312
850	34	863.6		135		167	183	200	219	233	250	266	275	315	332
900	36	914.4		143		177	194	212	230	247	265	282	291	335	352
1000	40	1016.0				196	216	236	255	275	295	314	324	373	392
1100	44	1117.6						260	281	303	324	346	357	411	432
1200	48	1219.2						283	307	331	354	378	390	448	472
1350	54	1371.6									399	426	439	505	532
1500	60	1524.0									444	473	488	562	591
1600	64	1625.6											521	600	631
1800	72	1828.8											587	675	711
2000	80	2032.0												751	799

Dimensions of centrifugal mold cast iron pipe (JIS G5523 1977)

Nominal	Thickness	Actual outer	
diameter (mm)	High pressure pipe	Normal pressure pipe	diameter D1
75	9.0	7.5	93.0
100	9.0	7.5	118.0
125	9.0	7.8	143.0
150	9.5	8.0	169.0
200	10.0	8.8	220.0
250	10.8	9.5	271.6
300	11.4	10.0	322.8

Hard vinyl chloride pipe for city water (JIS K6742-1975)

Nominal diameter	Outer diameter	Thickness
13	18	2.5
20	26	3.0
25	32	3.5
30	38	3.5
40	48	4.0
50	60	4.5
75	89	5.9
100	114	7.1
150	165	9.6

PVDF-HP

Cast iron pipe for waste water (JIS G5525)

Nominal diameter	Thickness of pipe	Actual inner diameter	Actual outer diameter
diameter	Т	D 1	D_2
50	6.0	50	62
65	6.0	65	77
75	6.0	74	87
100	6.0	100	112
125	6.0	125	137
150	6.0	150	162
200	7.0	200	214

(a) Velocity of sound subject to chan	ige of temperature
in water (0 to 100 °C)	

in water (0 to 100 C)							
Τ°C	V m/s	Т°С	V m/s	Т°С	V m/s	Т°С	V m/s
0	1402.74						
1	1407.71	26	1499.64	51	1543.93	76	1555.40
2	1412.57	27	1502.20	52	1544.95	77	1555.31
3	1417.32	28	1504.68	53	1545.92	78	1555.18
4	1421.98	29	1507.10	54	1546.83	79	1555.02
5	1426.50	30	1509.44	55	1547.70	80	1554.81
6	1430.92	31	1511.71	56	1548.51	81	1554.57
7	1435.24	32	1513.91	57	1549.28	82	1554.30
8	1439.46	33	1516.05	58	1550.00	83	1553.98
9	1443.58	34	1518.12	59	1550.68	84	1553.63
10	1447.59	35	1520.12	60	1551.30	85	1553.25
11	1451.51	36	1522.06	61	1551.88	86	1552.82
12	1455.34	37	1523.93	62	1552.42	87	1552.37
13	1459.07	38	1525.74	63	1552.91	88	1551.88
14	1462.70	39	1527.49	64	1553.35	89	1551.35
15	1466.25	40	1529.18	65	1553.76	90	1550.79
16	1469.70	41	1530.80	66	1554.11	91	1550.20
17	1473.07	42	1532.37	67	1554.43	92	1549.58
18	1476.35	43	1533.88	68	1554.70	93	1548.92
19	1479.55	44	1535.33	69	1554.93	94	1548.23
20	1482.66	45	1536.72	70	1555.12	95	1547.50
21	1485.69	46	1538.06	71	1555.27	96	1546.75
22	1488.63	47	1539.34	72	1555.37	97	1545.96
23	1491.50	48	1540.57	73	1555.44	98	1545.14
24	1494.29	49	1541.74	74	1555.47	99	1544.29
25	1497.00	50	1542.87	75	1555.45	100	1543.41

(b) Velocity of sound and density of various liquids

Name of liquid	Т°С	ρ g/cm ³	V m/s
Acetone	20	0.7905	1190
Aniline	20	1.0216	1659
Alcohol	20	0.7893	1168
Ether	20	0.7135	1006
Ethylene glycol	20	1.1131	1666
n-octane	20	0.7021	1192
o-xylene	20	0.871	1360
Chloroform	20	1.4870	1001
Chlorobenzene	20	1.1042	1289
Glycerin	20	1.2613	1923
Acetic acid	20	1.0495	1159
Methyl acetate	20	0.928	1181
Ethyl acetate	20	0.900	1164
Cyclohexane	20	0.779	1284
Dithionic acid	20	1.033	1389
Heavy water	20	1.1053	1388
Carbon tetrachloride	20	1.5942	938
Mercury	20	13.5955	1451
Nitrobenzene	20	1.207	1473
Carbon disulfide	20	1.2634	1158
Chloroform	20	2.8904	931
n-propyl alcohol	20	0.8045	1225
n-pentane	20	0.6260	1032
n-hexane	20	0.654	1083
Light oil	25	0.81	1324
Transformer oil	32.5	0.859	1425
Spindle oil	32	0.905	1342
Petroleum	34	0.825	1295
Gasoline	34	0.803	1250
Water	13.5	1.	1460
Sea water (salinity: 3.5%)	16	1.	1510

Note) T: temperature, V: velocity of sound

(c)Velocity of sound per piping material

Note) T: temperature, ρ : density, V: velocity of sound

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(d) I)vnamic	VISCOSITV	coefficient	of 1	various	lianide
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Material	V m/s
Iron	3230
Steel	3206
Ductile cast iron	3000
Cast iron	2460
Stainless steel	3206
Copper	2260
Lead	2170
Aluminum	3080
Brass	2050
Vinylchloride	2640
Acrylics	2644
FRP	2505
Mortar	2500
Tar epoxy	2505
Polyethylene	1900
Teflon	1240

Note) V: velocity of sound

(d) Dynamic viscosity coefficient of various inquids					
Name of liquid	Т°С	$\rho \ g/cm^3$	V m/s	$\nu (\times 10^{-6} \text{m}^2/\text{s})$	
Acetone	20	0.7905	1190	0.407	
Aniline	20	1.0216	1659	1.762	
Ether	20	0.7135	1006	0.336	
Ethylene glycol	20	1.1131	1666	21.112	
Chloroform	20	1.4870	1001	0.383	
Glycerin	20	1.2613	1923	11.885	
Acetic acid	20	1.0495	1159	1.162	
Methyl acetate	20	0.928	1181	0.411	
Ethyl acetate	20	0.900	1164	0.499	
Heavy water	20	1.1053	1388	1.129	
Carbon tetrachloride	20	1.5942	938	0.608	
Mercury	20	13.5955	1451	0.114	
Nitrobenzene	20	1.207	1473	1.665	
Carbon disulfide	20	1.2634	1158	0.290	
n-pentane	20	0.6260	1032	0.366	
n-hexane	20	0.654	1083	0.489	
Spindle oil	32	0.905	1324	15.7	
Gasoline	34	0.803	1250	0.4 to 0.5	
Water	13.5	1.	1460	1.004(20°C)	

Note) T: temperature, ρ : density, V: velocity of sound v: kinematic viscosity