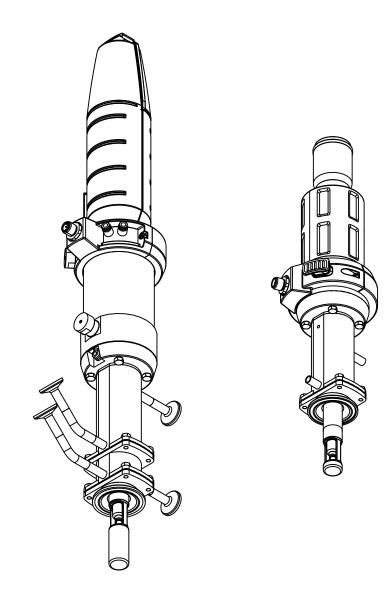
# Operating Instructions Cleanfit CPA875

Retractable process assembly for sterile and hygienic applications





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# 1 Document information

# 1.1 Warnings

Structure of information	Meaning
▲ DANGER Causes (/consequences) Consequences of non-compliance (if applicable) ► Corrective action	This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid the dangerous situation <b>will</b> result in a fatal or serious injury.
<ul> <li>▲ WARNING</li> <li>Causes (/consequences)</li> <li>Consequences of non-compliance (if applicable)</li> <li>▶ Corrective action</li> </ul>	This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid the dangerous situation <b>can</b> result in a fatal or serious injury.
<ul> <li>▲ CAUTION</li> <li>Causes (/consequences)</li> <li>Consequences of non-compliance (if applicable)</li> <li>▶ Corrective action</li> </ul>	This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or more serious injuries.
NOTICE Cause/situation Consequences of non-compliance (if applicable) ► Action/note	This symbol alerts you to situations which may result in damage to property.

# 1.2 Symbols used

Symbol	Meaning
i	Additional information, tips
	Permitted or recommended
	Not permitted or not recommended
Ĩ.	Reference to device documentation
<b>B</b>	Reference to page
	Reference to graphic
لـ►	Result of a step

# 1.3 Symbols on the device

Symbol	Meaning
	Reference to device documentation

# 2 Basic safety instructions

### 2.1 Requirements for the personnel

- Installation, commissioning, operation and maintenance of the measuring system may be carried out only by specially trained technical personnel.
- The technical personnel must be authorized by the plant operator to carry out the specified activities.
- The electrical connection may be performed only by an electrical technician.
- The technical personnel must have read and understood these Operating Instructions and must follow the instructions contained therein.
- Measuring point faults may be repaired only by authorized and specially trained personnel.

Repairs not described in the Operating Instructions provided may only be carried out directly by the manufacturer or by the service organization.

# 2.2 Designated use

The Cleanfit CPA875 retractable assembly, which can be manually or pneumatically operated, is designed for the installation of sensors in vessels and pipes.

Thanks to its design, it can be used in pressurized systems (see "Technical data").

Use of the device for any purpose other than that described, poses a threat to the safety of people and of the entire measuring system and is therefore not permitted.

The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or non-designated use.

# 2.3 Occupational safety

As the user, you are responsible for complying with the following safety conditions:

- Installation guidelines
- Local standards and regulations
- Regulations for explosion protection

# 2.4 Operational safety

- **1.** Before commissioning the entire measuring point, verify that all connections are correct. Ensure that electrical cables and hose connections are undamaged.
- 2. Do not operate damaged products, and safeguard them to ensure that they are not operated inadvertently. Label the damaged product as defective.
- If faults cannot be rectified: Take the products out of operation and safeguard them to ensure that they are not operated inadvertently.

# 2.5 Product safety

### 2.5.1 State of the art

The product is designed to meet state-of-the-art safety requirements, has been tested, and left the factory in a condition in which it is safe to operate. The relevant regulations and European standards have been observed.

# 3 Incoming acceptance and product identification

### 3.1 Incoming acceptance

- 1. Verify that the packaging is undamaged.
  - Notify your supplier of any damage to the packaging.
     Keep the damaged packaging until the matter has been settled.
- 2. Verify that the contents are undamaged.
  - ► Notify your supplier of any damage to the delivery contents.
     Keep the damaged products until the matter has been settled.
- 3. Check the delivery for completeness.
  - └ Check it against the delivery papers and your order.
- 4. Pack the product for storage and transportation in such a way that it is protected against impact and moisture.
  - └ The original packaging offers the best protection. The permitted ambient conditions must be observed (see "Technical data").

If you have any questions, please contact your supplier or your local sales center.

## 3.2 Scope of delivery

The scope of delivery comprises:

- Assembly in the version ordered
- Operating Instructions

# 3.3 Product identification

#### 3.3.1 Nameplate

The nameplate provides you with the following information on your device:

- Manufacturer identification
- Order code
- Extended order code
- Serial number
- Ambient and process conditions
- Safety information and warnings

Compare the data on the nameplate with your order.

#### 3.3.2 Product identification

The order code and serial number of your product can be found in the following locations:

- On the nameplate
- In the delivery papers

#### Obtaining information on the product

1. Go to the product page for your product on the Internet.

- 2. At the bottom of the page, select the "Online Tools" link followed by "Check your device features".
  - └ An additional window opens.
- 3. Enter the order code from the nameplate into the search field, and then select "Show details".
  - └ You will receive information on each feature (selected option) of the order code.

## 3.4 Certificates and approvals

#### Pharma CoC

No materials or ingredients derived from animals are used during the entire production of all the parts in contact with the process.

#### Biological reactivity (USP Class VI) (optional)

The plastic and elastomer product components that are in contact with the medium have passed the biological reactivity tests as per USP <87> and <88> Class VI.

#### EHEDG

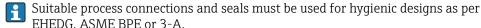
The assembly was certified in accordance with the requirements of EHEDG TYP EL Class I (cleanability). The double-chamber version with sensor cleaning in the "inner" service chamber is certified in accordance with EHEDG type EL aseptic class I (cleanability and sterility).

#### ASME BPE

The Cleanfit CPA875 retractable assembly has been developed following ASME BPE Standard 2012 and meets the relevant requirements of sections GR, SD, DT, MJ, SF, SG, PM, MM and PI which are significant for a retractable assembly.

#### FDA

All materials in contact with the product are listed by the FDA.



# EHEDG, ASME BPE or 3-A.

**RL 94/9/EC (ATEX)** The assembly does not fall within the scope of the directive. However, if conditions for safe use are adhered to, it may be deployed in the hazardous area.

#### CE/PED

The CPA875 assembly has been manufactured according to good engineering practice in accordance with Article 3, Paragraph 3 of the Pressure Equipment Directive 97/23/EC and therefore is not required to bear the CE label.

#### EC VO 1935/2004

The assembly meets the requirements for materials that come into contact with food.

# 4 Installation

## 4.1 Installation conditions

### 4.1.1 Orientation

The assembly is designed for installation on tanks and pipes. Suitable process connections must be available for this.

### NOTICE

#### Frost damage to the assembly

▶ If used outdoors, ensure that water cannot penetrate the drive.

For 3-A-compliant installation, please observe the following:

After the device has been mounted, hygienic integrity must be guaranteed. To do so, the leakage hole must be located at the lowest point on the device. In addition, 3-A-compliant process connections must be used.

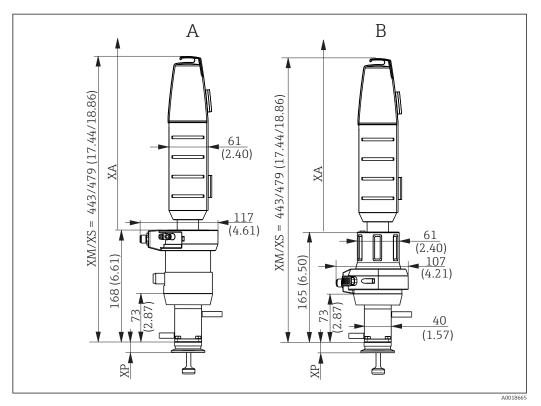
The assembly is designed in such a way that there are no restrictions with regard to the orientation.

The sensor that is used can restrict the orientation.

The "inner" service chamber and "front" service chamber can drain on their own with an installation position of between  $0^{\circ}$  and  $15^{\circ}$  to the horizontal.

### 4.1.2 Dimensions

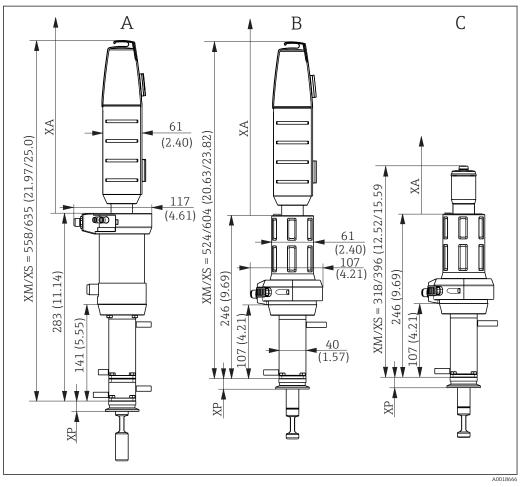
#### Short version



I Dimensions for short version (36 mm stroke)

- A Pneumatic drive
- B Manual drive
- XM Assembly in measuring position
- XS Assembly in service position
- *XP* Height of particular process connection (see table below)
- XA Necessary mounting distance for sensor replacement = 425 mm (16.73")

#### Long version



Dimensions for long version (78 mm stroke)

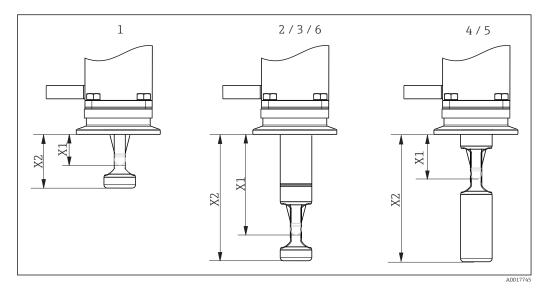
- A Pneumatic drive
- B Manual drive
- *C* Manual drive with small protection cap
- XM Assembly in measuring position
- XS Assembly in service position
- *XP* Height of particular process connection (see table below)
- XA Necessary mounting distance for sensor replacement

The mounting distance XA is 440 mm (17.32") for 225 mm sensors The mounting distance XA is 610 mm (24.02") for 360 mm sensors

### Process connection height

Process connection		Height XP in mm (inch)
<b>CA</b> Clamp ISO 2852, ASME BPE-2012, 1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	A0021866	14.9 (0.59)
<b>CB</b> Clamp ISO 2852, ASME BPE-2012, 2"	A0021867	19.5 (0.77)
<b>CC</b> Clamp ISO 2852, ASME BPE-2012, 2½"	A0021869	13.0 (0.51)
<b>DA</b> Aseptic DN 25 clampable DIN 11864-3 A	A0021871	16.0 (0.63)
DC Aseptic DN 50 screw-in DIN 11864-1 A	A0021872	16.0 (0.63)
<b>DF</b> Aseptic DN 50 grooved flange DIN 11864-2 A	A0021874	14.2 (0.56)
EA Neumo BioControl D 65	A0021875	25.0 (0.98)
EB Neumo BioConnect D 50	A0021877	10.5 (0.41)
EF Neumo BioConnect D 65	A0021876	10.5 (0.41)
<b>MA</b> Dairy fitting DN 50 DIN 11851 (EHEDG approval only with seal from Siersema)	A0021879	14.5 (0.57)
<b>MB</b> Dairy fitting DN 65 DIN 11851 (EHEDG approval only with seal from Siersema)	A0021878	13.8 (0.54)
<b>VA</b> Varivent flange N (DN 40 to 100)	A0021873	19.0 (0.75)

#### 4.1.3 **Immersion depths**



🛃 3 Immersion depths for different service chambers

1

Single chamber / 36 mm stroke / sensor 225 mm incl. KCl Single chamber / 78 mm stroke / sensor 225 mm excl. KCl Single chamber / 78 mm stroke / sensor 360 mm incl. KCl 2

3

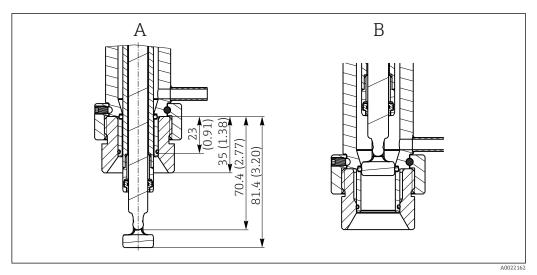
Double chamber / 78 mm stroke / sensor 225 mm excl. KCl / service position, "inner" service chamber Double chamber / 78 mm stroke / sensor 360 mm incl. KCl / service position, "inner" service chamber 4

5 Double chamber / 78 mm stroke / sensor 360 mm incl. KCl / service position, "front" service chamber

6 Immersion depths in mm (inch)

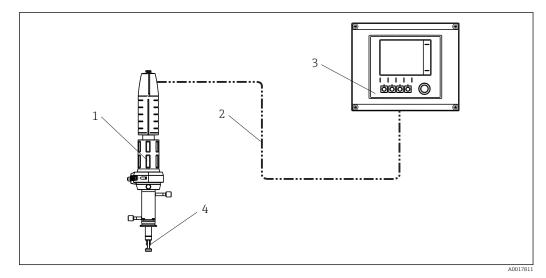
				Service of	chamber		
Process connection		1	2	3	4	5	6
<b>CA</b> Clamp ISO2852	X1	20.6 (0.81)	62.1 (2.44)	62.1 (2.44)	28.1 (1.11)	28.1 (1.11)	62.1 (2.44)
ASME BPE-2012 1½"	X2	31.6 (1.24)	73.1 (2.88)	73.1 (2.88)	73.1 (2.88)	73.1 (2.88)	73.1 (2.88)
<b>CB</b> Clamp ISO2852	X1	16.1 (0.63)	57.6 (2.27)	57.6 (2.27)	23.6 (0.93)	23.6 (0.93)	57.6 (2.27)
ASME BPE-2012 2"	X2	27.1 (1.07)	68.6 (2.70)	68.6 (2.70)	68.6 (2.70)	68.6 (2.70)	68.6 (2.70)
<b>CC</b> Clamp ISO2852	X1	22.6 (0.89)	64.1 (2.52)	64.1 (2.52)	30.1 (1.19)	30.1 (1.19)	64.1 (2.52)
ASME BPE-2012 2½"	X2	33.6 (1.32)	75.1 (2.96)	75.1 (2.96)	75.1 (2.96)	75.1 (2.96)	75.1 (2.96)
<b>DA</b> Aseptic DN 25 clampable DIN11864-3 A	X1 X2	19.6 (0.77) 30.6 (1.20)	61.1 (2.41) 72.1 (2.84)	61.1 (2.41) 72.1 (2.84)	27.1 (1.07) 72.1 (2.84)	27.1 (1.07) 72.1 (2.84)	61.1 (2.41) 72.1 (2.84)
<b>DC</b> Aseptic DN 50	X1	27.1 (1.07)	68.6 (2.70)	68.6 (2.70)	34.6 (1.36)	34.6 (1.36)	68.6 (2.70)
screw-in DIN11864-1 A	X2	38.1 (1.50)	79.6 (3.13)	79.6 (3.13)	79.6 (3.13)	79.6 (3.13)	79.6 (3.13)
<b>DF</b> Aseptic DN 50 Grooved flange DIN11864-2 A	X1 X2	21.4 (0.84) 32.4 (1.28)	62.9 (2.48) 73.9 (2.91)	62.9 (2.48) 73.9 (2.91)	28.9 (1.14) 73.9 (2.91)	28.9 (1.14) 73.9 (2.91)	62.9 (2.48) 73.9 (2.91)
<b>EA</b> Neumo Biocontrol	X1	27.6 (1.09)	69.1 (2.72)	69.1 (2.72)	35.1 (1.38)	35.1 (1.38)	69.1 (2.72)
D65	X2	38.6 (1.52)	80.1 (3.15)	80.1 (3.15)	80.1 (3.15)	80.1 (3.15)	80.1 (3.15)
<b>EB</b> Neumo Bioconnect	X1	22.6 (0.89)	64.1 (2.52)	64.1 (2.52)	30.1 (1.19)	30.1 (1.19)	64.1 (2.52)
D50	X2	33.6 (1.32)	75.1 (2.96)	75.1 (2.96)	75.1 (2.96)	75.1 (2.96)	75.1 (2.96)
<b>EF</b> Neumo Bioconnect	X1	20.6 (0.81)	62.1 (2.44)	62.1 (2.44)	28.1 (1.11)	28.1 (1.11)	62.1 (2.44)
D65	X2	31.6 (1.24)	73.1 (2.88)	73.1 (2.88)	73.1 (2.88)	73.1 (2.88)	73.1 (2.88)
<b>MA</b> Dairy fitting	X1	21.1 (0.83)	62.6 (2.46)	62.6 (2.46)	28.6 (1.13)	28.6 (1.13)	62.6 (2.46)
DN 50 DIN11851	X2	32.1 (1.26)	73.6 (2.90)	73.6 (2.90)	73.6 (2.90)	73.6 (2.90)	73.6 (2.90)
<b>MB</b> Dairy fitting	X1	21.8 (0.86)	63.3 (2.49)	63.3 (2.49)	29.3 (1.16)	29.3 (1.16)	63.3 (2.49)
DN 65 DIN11851	X2	32.8 (1.29)	74.3 (2.93)	74.3 (2.93)	74.3 (2.93)	74.3 (2.93)	74.3 (2.93)

		Service chamber					
Process connection		1	2	3	4	5	6
NA Thread ISO228 G1¼	X1 X2			70.4 (2.77) 81.4 (3.20)			
<b>VA</b> Varivent flange N (DN 40 to DN 100)			,	58.1 (2.29) 69.1 (2.72)			



Immersion depth in mm (inch) for process connection NA thread ISO228 G1¼ (service chamber 2 and 3) in measurement and service position

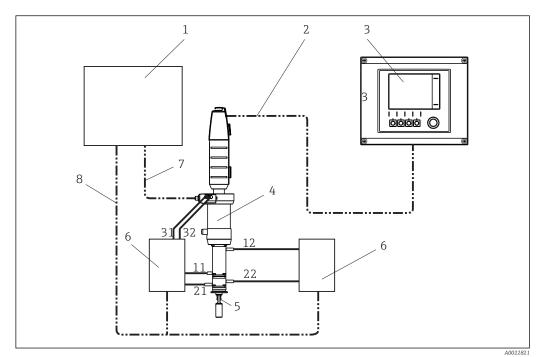
#### 4.2 Installation



#### 4.2.1 Measuring system with single chamber

🖻 5 Measuring system (example)

- Cleanfit assembly CPA875 1
- 2 3
- Measuring cable Liquiline CM44x transmitter
- 4 . Sensor



#### 4.2.2 Measuring system with double chamber

- 6 Measuring system with pneumatic drive and double chamber (example)
- 1 Control unit
- 2 Measuring cable
- *3 Liquiline CM44x transmitter*
- 4 Cleanfit assembly CPA875
- 5 Sensor
- 6 Valve block

- 7 Limit position switch relay signal
- 8 Control signals (electric/pneumatic)
- 11/12Inlet/outlet of "inner" service chamber 21/22Inlet/outlet of "front" service chamber 31/32Drive control

#### 4.2.3 Installing the assembly in the process

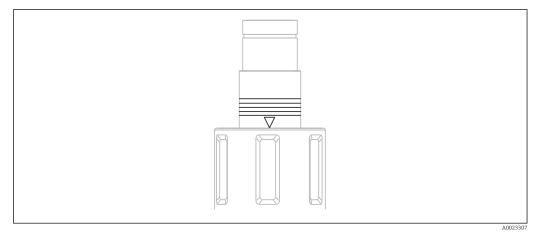
#### **WARNING**

Risk of injury from high pressure, high temperature or chemical hazards if process medium escapes.

- Wear protective gloves, protective goggles and protective clothing.
- Only mount the assembly if the containers or pipes are empty and unpressurized.

Prior to installation, check the flange seal between the flanges.

- 1. Move the assembly to the service position (the triangle position marking is visible  $(\rightarrow \blacksquare 7)$ .
- 2. Secure the assembly to the tank or piping using the process connection.
- **3.** Follow the instructions in the next section to connect pipes for compressed air and rinse water (for the relevant assembly version).



Position markings (service position)

#### 4.2.4 Pneumatic connection for automatic operation

**Prerequisites:** 

- Air pressure 4 to 7 bar (58 to 102 psi)
- Compressed air quality in accordance with ISO 8573-1:2001 Quality class 3.3.3 or 3.4.3
- Solids class 3 (max. 5 µm, max. 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, contamination with particles)
- Water content for temperatures  $\geq$  15 °C: class 4 pressure condensation point 3 °C or lower
- Water content for temperatures of 5 to 15 °C: class 3 pressure condensation point -20 °C or lower
- Oil content class 3 (max. 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>)
- Air temperature: 5 °C or higher
- No continuous air consumption
- Minimum nominal diameter of air pipes: 2 mm (0.08 ")

Connection: Push-in fitting M5, hose 4/2 mm OD/ID (adapter for 6/4 mm OD/ID enclosed)

Damage to seals due to excessive air pressure!

If the air pressure can increase to more than 7 bar (102 psi) (even short pressure surges), a pressure-reducing valve must be installed upstream.

1

7

9

Rinse connection

Sensor head

position)

measuring position)

Rinse connection

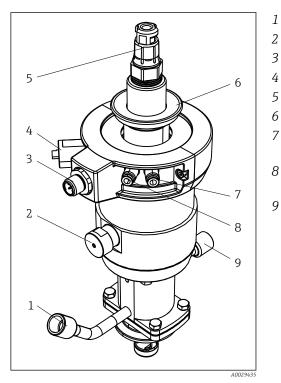
Automatic limit position lock, process

Connection for limit position switch

Automatic limit position lock, service

Pneumatic connection (move to service

Fastening ring for protection cap Pneumatic connection (move to



• 8 Assembly with pneumatic drive (without protection cap)

Use a pneumatic change-over valve (4/2-way valve) to move the assembly. Connect both inputs. If you connect only one input (e.g. for test purposes), the piston will be blocked, as the sensor guide moves before the limit position lock is deactivated.

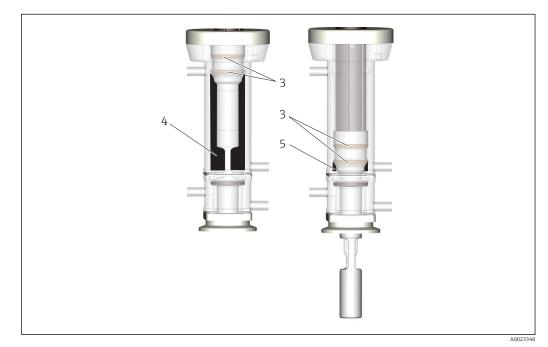
#### 4.2.5 Rinse connections

The service chamber connections of the sterile CPA875 retractable assembly make it possible to clean the chamber and the sensor with water or a cleaning solution at a pressure of 6 bar (87 psi) max. or to sterilize it with steam (SIP).

The retractable assembly can be selected with a single- or double-chamber system. If the double-chamber system is used, all four connections must be connected to inlet and outlet pipes.

Seals can be damaged if the water pressure is too high.

Install an pressure-reducing valve upstream if there is a possibility that the water pressure will increase to more than 6 bar (87 psi) (including any short pressure surges).



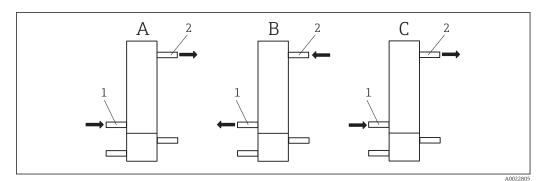
#### 4.2.6 Assignment of rinse connections for double chamber

9 Changing the chamber volume

3 "Moving" seals in the double chamber

4 Chamber volume in service position

5 Chamber volume in measuring position



■ 10 Assignment of rinse inlet and outlet

- A "Cleaning" state
- *B* "Move from service position to measuring position" state
- C "Move from measuring position to service position" state
- 1 Service chamber inlet
- 2 Service chamber outlet

In the "Cleaning" state (A), the inlet and outlet of the "inner" service chamber are used as follows (the internal volume of the "front" service chamber does not change, and so no pressure compensation measures are required here):

- Depending on the cleaning method, cleaning agent and purge gas are supplied via the inlet (1).
- These media are removed via the outlet (2).

In the "Move from service position to measuring position" state (B), the pressure conditions in the service chamber must be balanced when moving. The inlet and outlet of the service chamber are assigned as follows:

- The air is removed via the inlet (1) (inlet is open).
- The air is supplied via the outlet (2).

In the "Move from measuring position to service position" state (C), the pressure conditions in the service chamber must be balanced when moving. The inlet and outlet of the service chamber are assigned as follows:

- The air is supplied via the inlet (1).
- The air is removed via the outlet (2) (outlet is open).

The drive must be controlled simultaneously with the control of the inlets and outlets of the "inner service chamber".

The controller for the inlets, outlets and the drive is installed at the place of installation. It is not included in the delivery for the assembly.

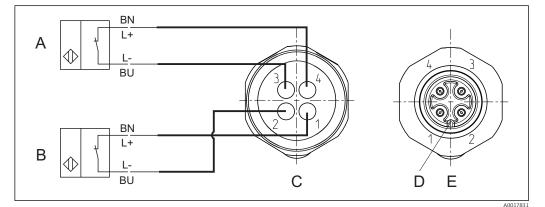
#### 4.2.7 Connecting the limit position switches

With limit position detection, you can notify a system located downstream (transmitter, switching amplifier, output interface terminal) whether the assembly is in the measurement or service position(in the case of a manual drive, only the measurement position is queried).

The assembly can be ordered directly with limit position detection, or it can be retrofitted at a later stage.

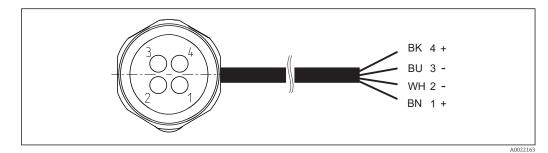
Switching element function: Switching distance: Nominal voltage: Switching frequency: Housing material:

NAMUR NC contact (inductive) 1.5 mm (0.06 ") 8 V 0 to 5000 Hz Stainless steel



*11* Inductive limit position switches

- Α Limit position switch, service position
- R Limit position switch, measuring position
- Connector, M12, solder side (inside of assembly) С
- D Codina
- Ε Connector, Pin side (outside of assembly)
- Endress+Hauser



*12* Connecting cable for limit position switch on transmitter, switching amplifier, output interface terminal etc.

- "Measuring" position 1
- "Measuring" position "Service" position 2
- 3
- "Service" position 4

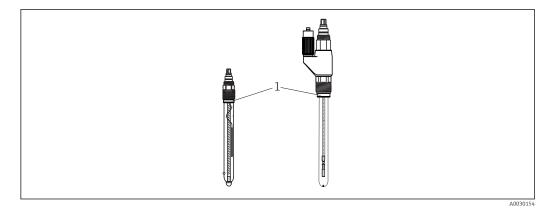
Only pins 1 and 2 are assigned for manually activated assemblies with one switch i (measuring position).

Signal table for limit position switches

Position of assembly Limit position switch for "measuring" position		Limit position switch for "service" position		
Measurement	Active LOW ( $\geq$ 3 mA)	Active LOW ( $\geq$ 3 mA)		
Service	Active HIGH (≤ 1 mA)	Active HIGH (≤ 1 mA)		

### 4.3 Installing the sensor

### 4.3.1 Preparing the sensor and assembly

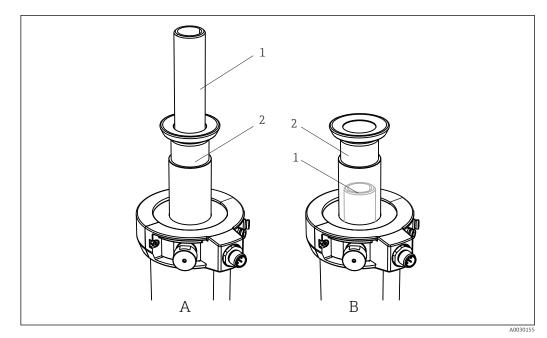


13 Installing the sensor

1 Thrust collar with O-ring

- 1. Remove the protection cap from the sensor. Ensure that the O-ring and thrust collar  $(\rightarrow \blacksquare 13, \text{ item 1})$  are present.
- 2. Immerse the sensor shaft in water. This makes for easier installation.
- 3. Move the assembly to the service position.

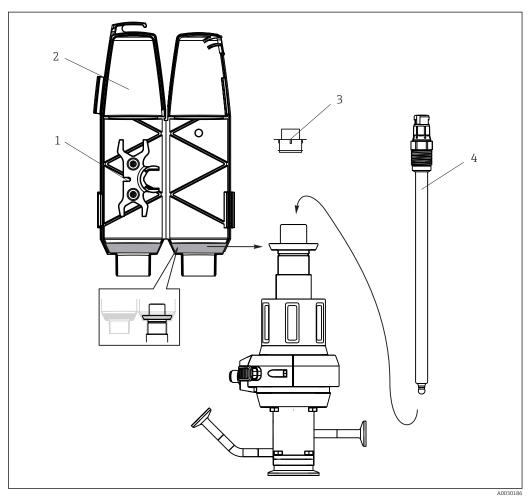
#### 4.3.2 Installing and removing sensors



I4 Sensor installation options

- 1 Sensor adapter
- 2 Retraction pipe
- A Sensor adapter is on top of the retraction pipe
- *B* Sensor adapter is below the retraction pipe (not visible)

Depending on the assembly version, the sensor adapter is either visible ( $\rightarrow \blacksquare 14$ , A) or installed inside the retraction pipe where it is not visible (B). As a result, the procedures for installing and removing the sensors differ as follows:



Installing and removing sensors if the sensor adapter is visible (pos. A)

■ 15 Installing the sensor

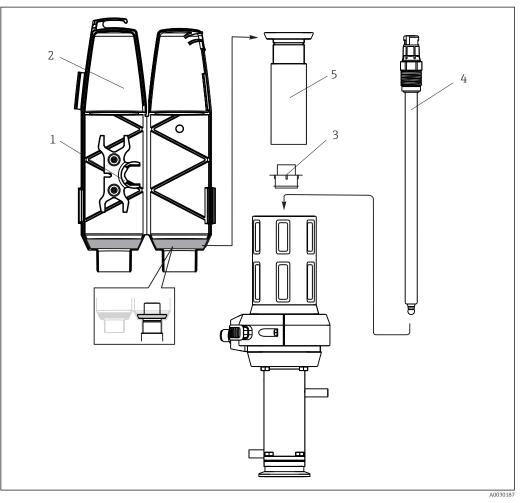
- 1 Open-ended wrench (AF 17/19 mm)
- 2 Protection cover
- 3 Dummy plug
- 4 Sensor

Gel and KCl sensors can be installed in this version.

Install the sensor as follows:

- 1. Remove the protection cap ( $\rightarrow \blacksquare$  15, item 2) (this is possible only if the assembly is in the service position).
- 2. Remove the yellow dummy plug (pos. 3).
- 3. Using the open-ended wrench (item 1), screw in the sensor (item 4) in the place of the dummy plug and hand-tighten (3 Nm (2.2 lbf ft)).
- 4. Attach the open-ended wrench back into the protection cap.
- 5. Put the protection cap on the assembly. When doing so, guide the measuring cable through the cable run (top of protection cap).

Always install the protection cap before moving the assembly to the measuring position. The protection cap cannot be removed in the measuring position. This prevents the sensor from being removed.



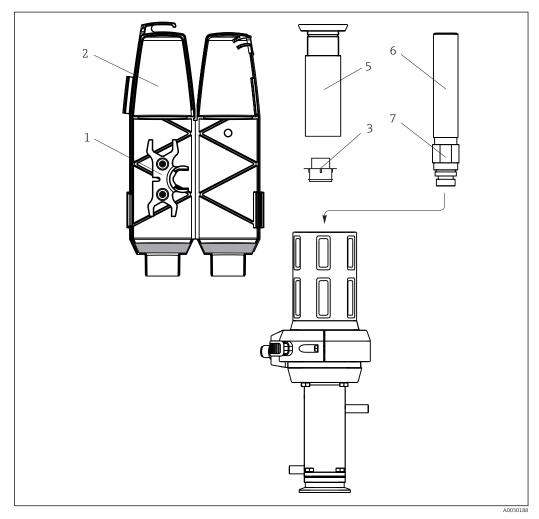
#### Installing and removing sensors if the sensor adapter is not visible (pos. B)

- 🖻 16 Installing the sensor
- 1 Socket wrench (AF 17/19 mm)
- 2 Protection cover
- 3 Dummy plug (protection cap)
- 4 Sensor 5 Retraction nine
- 5 Retraction pipe

Gel sensors can be installed in this version. To install KCl sensors, you will need a "Gel - KCl adapter".

Install the sensor as follows:

- **1.** Remove the protection cap ( $\rightarrow \blacksquare$  16, item 2) (this is possible only if the assembly is in the service position).
- 2. Unscrew and remove the retraction pipe (pos. 5) (in an anticlockwise direction).
- 3. Remove the yellow dummy plug (pos. 3).
- 4. Using the open-ended wrench (item 1), screw in the sensor (item 4) in the place of the dummy plug and hand-tighten (3 Nm (2.2 lbf ft)).
- 5. Screw the retraction pipe back in.
- 6. Attach the open-ended wrench back into the protection cap.
- 7. Put the protection cap on the assembly. When doing so, guide the measuring cable through the cable run (top of protection cap).
- Always install the protection cap before moving the assembly to the measuring position. The protection cap cannot be removed in the measuring position. This prevents the sensor from being removed.



Installation of 360 mm gel and KCL sensors with "Gel - KCl adapter"

17 Sensor installation, Part 1

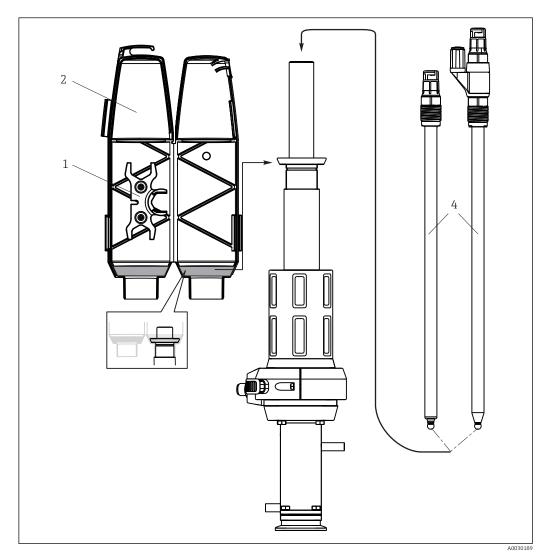
- 1 Open-ended wrench (AF 17/19 mm)
- 2 Protection cover
- 3 Dummy plug (protection cap)
- 5 Retraction pipe
- 6 Gel KCl adapter
- 7 Lock nut

Gel sensors can be installed in this version. To install KCl sensors, you will need a "Gel - KCl adapter".

Install the sensor as follows:

- 1. Remove the protection cap ( $\rightarrow \blacksquare$  17, item 2) (this is possible only if the assembly is in the service position).
- 2. Unscrew and remove the retraction pipe (pos. 5) (in an anticlockwise direction).
- 3. Turn the lock nut (pos. 7) on the "Gel KCl adapter" (pos. 6) as far as it will go in an upward direction.
- 4. Remove the yellow dummy plug (pos. 3).
- 5. Screw in the "Gel KCl adapter" (item 6) in the place of the dummy plug and handtighten (3 NM (2.2 lbf ft)).
- 6. Hand-tighten the lock nut in a clockwise direction, and then use an open-ended wrench (AF 24 mm) to tighten it by ¼ turn.
- 7. Screw the retraction pipe back in.

- 8. Use the open-ended wrench (item 1) to screw in the sensor (→ 🖻 18, item 4) and hand-tighten (3 Nm (2.2 lbf ft)).
- 9. Attach the open-ended wrench back into the protection cap.
- 10. Put the protection cap on the assembly. When doing so, guide the measuring cable through the cable run (top of protection cap).



- 🖻 18 Sensor installation, Part 2
- 1 Open-ended wrench
- 2 Protection cover
- 4 360 mm gel or KCl sensor
- Always install the protection cap before moving the assembly to the measuring position. The protection cap cannot be removed in the measuring position. This prevents the sensor from being removed.

### 4.4 Post-installation check

- After installation, check the transmitter for damage.
- Check whether the transmitter is protected against moisture and direct sunlight (e.g. by the weather protection cover).

# 5 Operation options

### 5.1 Commissioning

Prior to initial commissioning, ensure that:

- all seals are correctly seated (on the assembly and on the process connection)
- the sensor is correctly installed and connected
- the water connection at the rinse connections is correct (if present).

#### **WARNING**

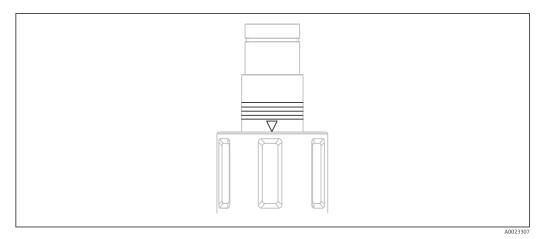
Risk of injury from high pressure, high temperature or chemical hazards if process medium escapes.

 Before subjecting the assembly to process pressure, verify that all connections are sealed!

Note that when moving the assembly, an open connection exists for a short period between the process and service chamber. This intermediate position can be used for what is known as "sealing water" or for the third rest position (see "Optional cleaning / sterilization of process seal").

Install the service chamber connections accordingly.

# 5.2 **Operating elements**

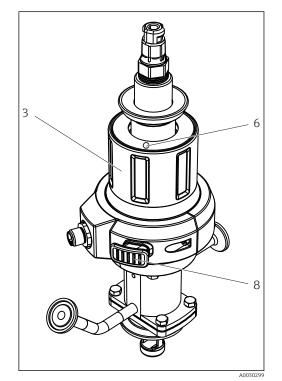


■ 19 Position markings (service position)

#### Assembly with pneumatic drive

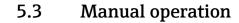
The assembly with pneumatic drive does not have any operating elements.

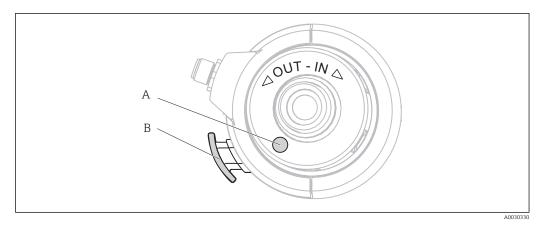
Assembly with manual drive



☑ 20 Operating elements

- 3 Manual drive
- 6 Unlocking button (service position)
- 8 Unlocking button (measuring position)





#### ☑ 21 Direction of rotation

A Unlocking button (service position)

B Unlocking button (measuring position)

#### Moving the assembly from the service position to the measuring position

- 1. Press the unlocking button (A).
- 2. Rotate the drive in a clockwise direction, so that the sensor holder enters the process (this is possible only if a sensor is installed).
- 3. Rotate the drive until the lock engages.

#### Moving the assembly from the measuring position to the service position

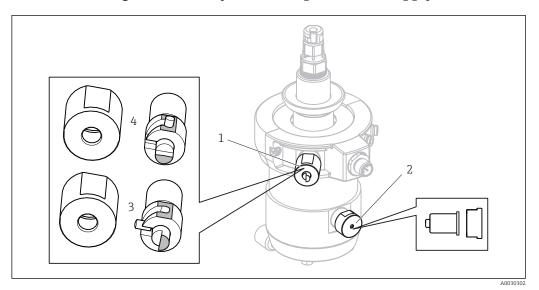
- 1. Press the unlocking button (B).
- 2. Rotate the drive in an anti-clockwise direction as far as it will go (service position).
- 3. Perform the required service activities.

### 5.4 Pneumatic operation

The assembly can be moved only if a sensor is installed.

The operation of the pneumatic version depends on the controller in question. The Operating Instructions can be found in the manual for the controller.

Use a pneumatic change-over valve (4/2-way valve) to move the assembly. Connect both inputs. If you connect only one input (e.g. for test purposes), the piston will be blocked, as the sensor guide moves before the limit position lock is deactivated.



#### 5.4.1 Moving the assembly if the compressed air supply fails

■ 22 Failure of compressed air supply

- 1 Limit position lock for service position
- 2 Limit position lock for measuring position
- 3 Normal position (flat side is on left)
- 4 Position for optional sterilization of seal (flat side is on top)

### 

#### Risk of injury due to high medium pressure

► Depressurize the system

If the compressed air supply fails, you can still move the assembly manually. Proceed as follows here:

- 1. Use an open-ended wrench (AF 17 mm) to unscrew and remove both limit position locks (items 1 and 2), and also remove the internal component. If the internal component is stuck (if an attempt was made to move the assembly without deactivating the limit position lock), move the assembly manually to the respective limit position.
- 2. Move the assembly to the desired position.
- 3. Screw the limit position lock back in. (Only in the case of optional sterilization of the process seal: Re-install the lock in the normal position (pos. 3)).

#### 5.4.2 Optional cleaning/sterilization of process seal

With this version you can clean/sterilize the process seal (third rest position). Proceed as follows here:

- 1. Move the assembly to the service position.
- 2. Use the open-ended wrench to rotate the pin for the limit position lock ( $\rightarrow \blacksquare 22$ , item 1) from pos. 3 to pos. 4.
- 3. Move the assembly to the measuring position. The assembly now moves in the direction of the measuring position and remains in the "third rest position". When cleaning/sterilizing the service chamber, the process seal is now also cleaned/ sterilized.
- 4. Following cleaning/sterilization, move the assembly to the service position.
- 5. Use the open-ended wrench to rotate the pin for the limit position lock from pos. 4 to pos. 3.

You can now move the assembly to the measuring position and continue measuring.

# 6 Maintenance

### **WARNING**

#### Risk of injury if medium escapes

- ▶ Before each maintenance task, ensure that the process pipe is empty and rinsed.
- Move the assembly to the "Service" position.

The assembly drive is maintenance-free. It is not possible to carry out maintenance or repair work on the drive.

### 6.1 Maintenance intervals

The specified intervals serve as a guide. For harsh process or ambient conditions, it is recommended that the intervals be reduced accordingly. Cleaning intervals for the sensor and assembly are dependent on the medium.

Interval	Maintenance measures					
Monthly or after 500 strokes (whatever comes first)	Check the following for leaks: • rinse lines • process connection • compressed air hoses (pneumatic version).					
	Does medium escape from the leakage hole when the assembly is moving? This may indicate that the internal O-rings in the service chamber are defective or that the immersion tube O-rings in the double-chamber assembly are defective.					
	• Check the leakage hole in the service chamber.					
	1. Remove the sensor and check the sensor for deposits.					
	2. If deposits are present, check the cleaning cycle (cleaning agents, temperature, duration, flow volume).					
	When process pressure is applied and the rinse lines are detached, there should be no discharge of medium from the assembly's rinse connections.					
	<ul> <li>Check for defective process seal(s).</li> </ul>					
Biannually or after 5000 strokes (whichever comes first)	<ul><li>In addition:</li><li>Replace the seals that are in contact with medium.</li></ul>					
Biannually or after 5000 strokes (whichever comes first)	<ol> <li>Check the locking mechanism is not blocked.</li> <li>Remove the sensor.</li> <li>The contact surface of the sensor in the assembly is spring-loaded and must be free to move.</li> <li>Possible cause of failure: Contamination inside the drive, e.g. caused by a broken sensor.</li> </ol>					

### 6.2 Cleaning the assembly

To ensure stable and reliable measurements, the assembly and the sensor must be cleaned regularly. The frequency and intensity of the cleaning process depend on the medium.

### 6.2.1 Manually operated assembly

All parts in contact with the medium, such as the sensor and the sensor guide, must be cleaned regularly. To do so, remove the sensor  $^{1)}$ .

- Remove light dirt and fouling with suitable cleaning solutions. ( $\rightarrow \square 34$ )
- High levels of contamination are removed using a soft brush and a suitable cleaning agent.
- For very persistent dirt, soak the parts in a cleaning solution. Then clean the parts with a brush.

A typical example of a cleaning interval would be 6 months in the case of drinking water.

### 6.2.2 Pneumatically controlled assembly

Regular, pneumatically controlled cleaning is possible using the rinse water connection and the appropriate equipment.

## 6.3 Cleaning the sensor

- Clean the ORP electrodes mechanically only and always use water. Never clean with chemical cleaning agents. Such cleaning agents cause a potential to build up at the electrode which takes a few hours to dissipate. The potential causes errors in the measurement.
- Do not use abrasive cleaners. These can cause irreparable damage to the sensor.
- Where necessary, perform a new calibration following the cleaning process.

You must clean the sensor:

- Before every calibration
- Regularly during operation
- Before returning it for repairs

You can remove the sensor and clean it manually, or you can clean it in automatic mode <sup>2)</sup> using the rinse water connection.

<sup>1)</sup> same as sensor installation, but in reverse order

<sup>2)</sup> only if the assembly is fitted out accordingly

# 6.4 Cleaning agent

The choice of cleaning agent depends on the degree and type of contamination. The most common types of contamination and the appropriate cleaning agents can be found in the following table.

Type of soiling	Cleaning agent
Greases and oils	Hot water or tempered, surfactant-containing (alkaline) media <sup>1)</sup> or water-soluble, organic solvents (e.g. ethanol)
Limescale deposits, metal hydroxide buildup, lyophobic biological buildup	Approx. 3% hydrochloric acid
Sulfide deposits	Mixture of 3% hydrochloric acid and thiocarbamide (commercially available)
Protein buildup	Mixture of 3% hydrochloric acid and pepsin (commercially available)
Fibers, suspended substances	Pressurized water, possibly surface-active agents
Light biological buildup	Pressurized water

1) Do not use with the Tophit ISFET sensor! Instead, use commercially available acid cleaners for the food industry (e.g. P3-horolith CIP, P3-horolith FL, P3-oxonia active).

#### NOTICE

#### Health hazard due to solvents

 Do not use any halogen-containing, organic solvents or acetone. These solvents may destroy plastic components of the sensor and are also suspected carcinogens (e.g. chloroform).

# 6.5 Replacing seals

To replace the seals in the assembly, you must interrupt the process and remove the assembly completely.

#### **A**CAUTION

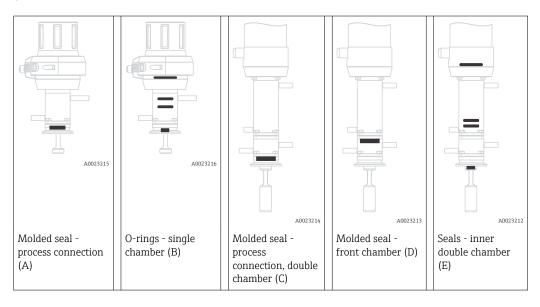
#### Risk of injury due to residual medium and elevated temperatures

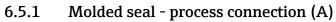
- When handling parts that are in contact with the medium, protect yourself from residual medium and elevated temperatures. Wear protective goggles and safety gloves.
- Clean the assembly before replacing the seals. ( $\Rightarrow \square 33$ )

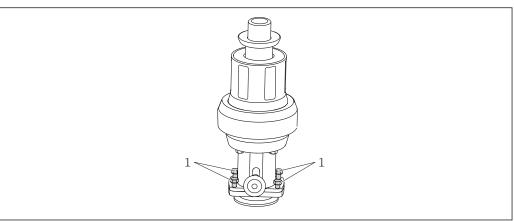
#### **Preparation:**

- 1. Interrupt the process. Pay attention to residual medium, residual pressure as well as elevated temperatures.
- 2. Move the assembly to the service position.
- 3. Completely detach the assembly from the process connection.
- 4. Clean the assembly. ( $\rightarrow \cong 33$ )

The following sections describe how to replace the seals. The following table serves as a guide to the relevant sections.



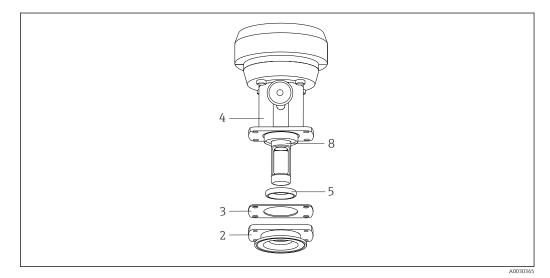




#### ■ 23 Replacing seals, Part 1

1 Fixing screws

1. Release the four securing screws (, pos. 1).



🖻 24 Replacing seals, Part 2

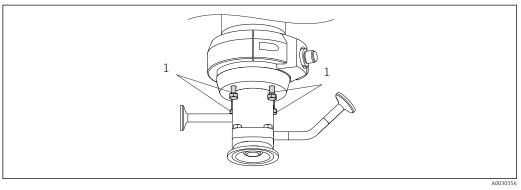
- 2 Process connection
- 3 Sealing disk
- 4 Service chamber
- 5 Molded seal
- 6 Immersion tube

2. Remove the process connection (pos. 2).

- 3. Remove the molded seal (item 5) from the process connection.
- 4. Apply a thin layer of grease to the new molded seal (e.g. Klüber Paraliq GTE 703).
- 5. Slide the molded seal over the immersion tube (pos. 8) and into the guide groove of the service chamber. Ensure that the molded seal is seated correctly.
- 6. Position the gasket (pos. 3) on the service chamber.
- 7. Place the process connection on the service chamber.
- 8. Tighten the four securing screws with a torque of 4 Nm.

### 6.5.2 O-rings - single chamber (B)

#### **O**-rings

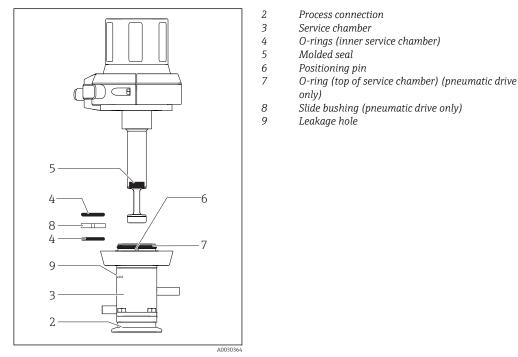


■ 25 Replacing seals, Part 1

1 Fixing screws

1. Release the four securing screws.

2. Remove the service chamber (pos. 3) together with the process connection (pos. 2).



🖻 26

6 Replacing seals, Part 2

- 3. Use a tweezers to remove both o-rings (pos. 4) from the service chamber.
- 4. Pneumatic drive only: Use a thin screwdriver to push through the leakage hole (item 9). This pushes the slide bushing (item 8) out of the guide groove. You can now remove the slide bushing using a tweezers.
- 5. Apply a thin layer of grease (e.g. Klüber Paraliq GTE 703) to the new O-rings and the new slide bushing.
- 6. Pneumatic drive only: Insert the slide bushing into the middle guide groove.
- 7. Place both O-rings into the appropriate grooves in the service chamber.

#### Molded seal

1. Remove the molded seal (→ 🖻 26, 🖺 37 item 5) using a tweezers or long-nosed pliers.

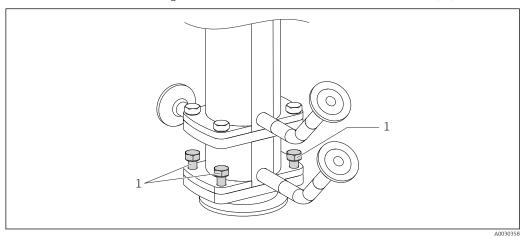
2. Apply a thin layer of grease to the molded seal and press the molded seal into the guide groove of the immersion tube. Ensure that the molded seal is seated correctly.

If you insert a dummy sensor or circular rod (Ø 12 mm) until it protrudes just above the seal, the molded seal cannot move upwards while it is being inserted.

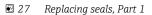
#### Pneumatic drive

Pneumatic drive only:

- 1. Remove the O-ring (→ 🖻 26, 🗎 37 item 7). Apply a thin layer of grease to the new o-ring, and position the o-ring in the guide groove.
- 2. Apply a thin layer of grease to the molded seal and press the molded seal into the guide groove of the immersion tube. Ensure that the molded seal is seated correctly.
- 3. Mount the service chamber together with the process connection onto the assembly. Pay attention to the positioning pin (item 6).
- 4. Tighten the four securing screws with a torque of 4 Nm.

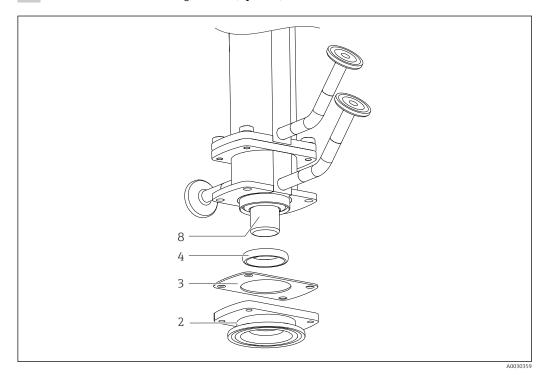


#### 6.5.3 Molded seal - process connection, double chamber (C)



#### 1 Fixing screws

1. Release the four securing screws (, pos. 1).



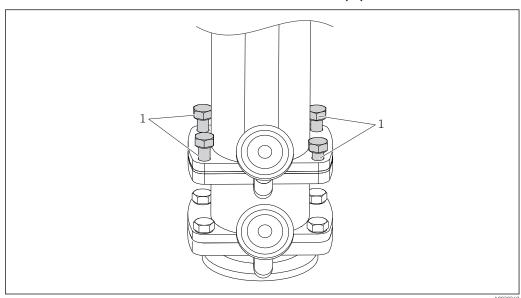
#### 🖻 28 Replacing seals, Part 2

- 2 Process connection
- 3 Sealing disk
- 4 Molded seal8 Immersion tu
- 8 Immersion tube

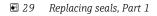
2. Remove the process connection (pos. 2).

3. Remove the molded seal (pos. 4) from the process connection

- 4. Apply a thin layer of grease to the new molded seal (e.g. Klüber Paraliq GTE 703).
- 5. Slide the molded seal over the immersion tube (pos. 8) and into the guide groove of the service chamber. Ensure that the molded seal is seated correctly.
- 6. Position the gasket (pos. 3) on the rinse chamber.
- 7. Place the process connection on the "inner" service chamber.
- 8. Tighten the four securing screws with a torque of 4 Nm.

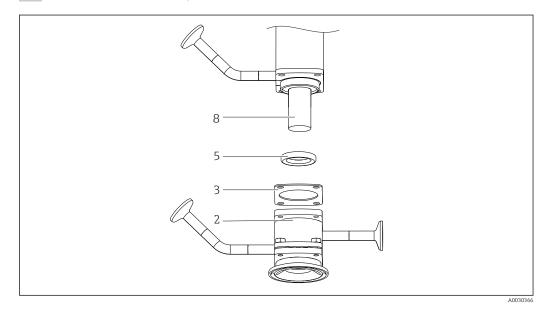


6.5.4 Molded seal - "front" service chamber (D)



1 Fixing screws

1. Release the four securing screws (item 1).



☑ 30 Replacing seals, Part 2

- 2 "Front" service chamber with process connection
- 3 Sealing disk
- 5 Molded seal
- 8 Immersion tube

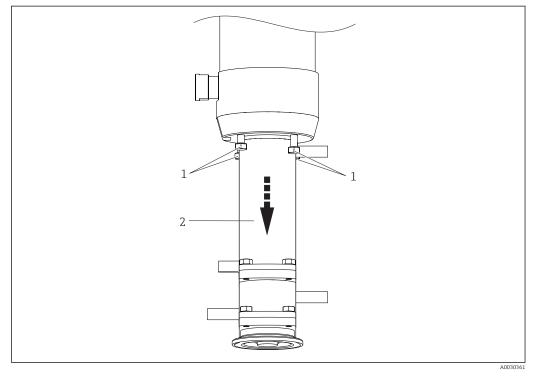
2. Remove the "front" service chamber together with the process connection (item 2).

- 3. Remove the molded seal (item 5) from the "front" chamber.
- 4. Apply a thin layer of grease to the new molded seal (e.g. Klüber Paraliq GTE 703).
- 5. Slide the molded seal over the immersion tube (pos. 8) and into the guide groove of the service chamber. Ensure that the molded seal is seated correctly.
- 6. Position the gasket (pos. 3) on the front chamber.
- 7. Place the front chamber together with the process connection on the "inner" service chamber.

8. Tighten the four securing screws with a torque of 4 Nm.

#### 6.5.5 Seals - inner double chamber (E)

#### O-ring in process connection



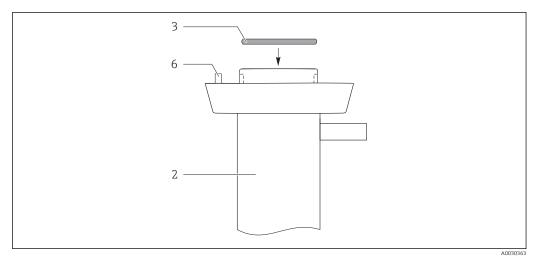
#### ☑ 31 Replacing seals, Part 1

1 Fixing screws

2 Service chamber with front chamber and process connection

1. Release the four securing screws (item 1).

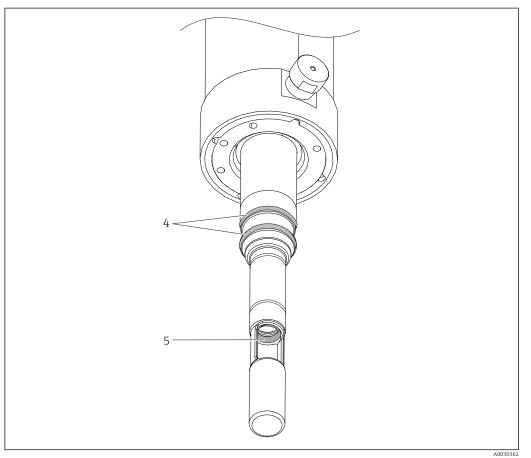
2. Remove the service chamber with front chamber and process connection (pos. 2).



🖻 32 Replacing seals, Part 2

- 2 "Inner" service chamber with "front" service chamber and process connection
- O-ring
   Positioning pin
- 3. Remove the O-ring (item 3).
- 4. Apply a thin layer of grease to the new o-ring (e.g Klüber Paraliq GTE 703) and position the o-ring in the groove.

#### Molded seal



- 33 Replacing seals, Part 3
- 4 O-rings
- 5 Molded seal
- 1. Remove the molded seal (pos. 5) using a tweezers or long-nose pliers.
- 2. Apply a thin layer of grease to the new molded seal (e.g. Klüber Paraliq GTE 703).
- 3. Press the molded seal into the guide groove of the immersion tube. Ensure that the molded seal is seated correctly.

If you insert a dummy sensor or circular rod (Ø 12 mm) until it protrudes just above the seal, the molded seal cannot move upwards while it is being inserted.

#### O-rings in the immersion tube

- 1. Remove both O-rings ( $\rightarrow \blacksquare 33$ ,  $\blacksquare 43$  item 4).
- 2. Apply a thin layer of grease to the new o-rings, and position the o-rings in both grooves.
- 3. Place the "inner" service chamber together with the "front" service chamber and process connection on the assembly (pay attention to the positioning pin (item 6).
- 4. Tighten the four securing screws with a torque of 4 Nm.

## 7 Repairs

#### **WARNING**

#### Danger resulting from improper repair

- Damage to the assembly, which compromises pressure safety, must be repaired only by authorized and qualified personnel.
- Damage to the drive can be repaired only at the place of manufacture. Repairs cannot be carried out onsite.
- ► Following each repair and maintenance task, the assembly must be checked for leaks using appropriate procedures. Following this, the assembly must again comply with the specifications in the technical data.

Replace all other damaged components immediately.

## 7.1 Spare parts

For more detailed information on spare parts kits, please refer to the "Spare Part Finding Tool" on the Internet:

www.endress.com/spareparts\_consumables

## 7.2 Return

The product must be returned if repairs or a factory calibration are required, or if the wrong product was ordered or delivered. As an ISO-certified company and also due to legal regulations, Endress+Hauser is obliged to follow certain procedures when handling any returned products that have been in contact with medium.

To ensure swift, safe and professional device returns, please read the return procedures and conditions at www.endress.com/support/return-material.

## 7.3 Disposal

The device contains electronic components and must therefore be disposed of in accordance with regulations on the disposal of electronic waste.

Observe the local regulations.

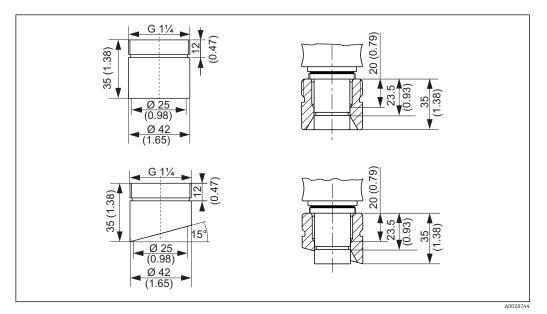
## Accessories

8

The following are the most important accessories available at the time this documentation was issued. For accessories not listed here, please contact your service or sales office.

The following accessories can be ordered via the product structure (see ordering information):

- Weld-in adapter G1¼, straight, 35 mm, 1.4435 (AISI 316 L), safety nozzle
- Weld-in adapter G1¼, angled, 35 mm, 1.4435 (AISI 316 L), safety nozzle



34 Weld-in adapter (safety nozzle), dimensions in mm (inch)

- Dummy plug G1¼, 1.4435 (AISI 316 L), FPM FDA
- Sensor dummy 225 mm, 1.4435 (AISI 316 L), Ra = 0.38 μm
- Sensor dummy 360 mm, 1.4435 (AISI 316 L), Ra = 0.38 μm
- Kit, EPDM FDA seals only for process connection G1¼, wetted parts, single chamber
- Kit, FKM FDA seals only for process connection G1¼, wetted parts, single chamber
- Kit, FFKM FDA seals only for process connection G1¼, wetted parts, single chamber
- Kit, EPDM FDA seals, wetted parts, single chamber, not for process connection G1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>
- Kit, FKM FDA seals, wetted parts, single chamber, not for process connection G1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>
- Kit, FFKM FDA seals, wetted parts, single chamber, not for process connection G1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>
- Kit, EPDM FDA seals, wetted parts, double chamber, all process connections
- Kit, FKM FDA seals, wetted parts, double chamber, all process connections
- Kit, FFKM FDA seals, wetted parts, double chamber, all process connections
- Kit, seals not in contact with the medium
- Cable, plug-in, limit switch, M12, 5 m
- Cable, plug-in, limit switch, M12, 10 m
- Tool in case for installation/removal

## 8.1 Installation material for rinse connections

#### Filter set CPC310, CVC400

- Water filter (dirt trap) 100 µm, complete, incl. angle bracket
- Order No. 71031661

#### Pressure reducer kit

- Complete, incl. manometer and angle bracket
- Order No. 51505755

#### Hose connection set $G^{1/4}$ , DN 12

- 1.4404 (AISI 316L) 2 x
- Order No. 51502808

#### Hose connection set G<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>, DN 12

- PVDF (2 x)
- Order No. 50090491

## 8.2 Sensors

#### 8.2.1 pH sensors

Orbisint CPS11D / CPS11

- pH electrode for process technology
- Optional SIL version for connecting to SIL transmitter
- With dirt-repellent PTFE diaphragm
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps11d or www.endress.com/cps11

Technical Information TI00028C

#### Memosens CPS31D

- pH electrode with gel-filled reference system with ceramic diaphragm
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps31d

Technical Information TI00030C

#### Ceraliquid CPS41D / CPS41

- pH electrode with ceramic junction and KCl liquid electrolyte
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps41d or www.endress.com/cps41

Technical Information TI00079C

#### Ceragel CPS71D / CPS71

- pH electrode with reference system including ion trap
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps71d or www.endress.com/cps71

Technical Information TI00245C

#### Orbipore CPS91D / CPS91

- pH electrode with open aperture for media with high dirt load
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps91d or www.endress.com/cps91

Technical Information TI00375C

#### 8.2.2 ORP sensors

#### Orbisint CPS12D / CPS12

- ORP sensor for process technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps12d or www.endress.com/cps12

Technical Information TI00367C

#### Ceraliquid CPS42D / CPS42

- ORP electrode with ceramic junction and KCl liquid electrolyte
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps42d or www.endress.com/cps42

Technical Information TI00373C

#### Ceragel CPS72D / CPS72

- ORP electrode with reference system including ion trap
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps72d or www.endress.com/cps72



Technical Information TI00374C

#### 8.2.3 pH ISFET sensors

#### Tophit CPS441D / CPS441

- Sterilizable ISFET sensor for low-conductivity media
- Liquid KCl electrolyte
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps441d or www.endress.com/cps441

Technical Information TI00352C

#### Tophit CPS471D / CPS471

- Sterilizable and autoclavable ISFET sensor for food and pharmaceutics, process engineering
- Water treatment and biotechnology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps471d or www.endress.com/cps471

Technical Information TI00283C

#### Tophit CPS491D / CPS491

- ISFET sensor with open aperture for media with high dirt load
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps491d or www.endress.com/cps491

Technical Information TI00377C

#### 8.2.4 pH and ORP combined sensors

#### Memosens CPS16D

- Combined pH/ORP sensor for process technology
- With dirt-repellent PTFE diaphragm
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps16D

Technical Information TI00503C

#### Memosens CPS76D

- Combined pH/ORP sensor for process technology
- Hygienic and sterile applications
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps76d

Technical Information TI00506C

#### Memosens CPS96D

- Combined pH/ORP sensor for chemical processes
- With poison-resistant reference with ion trap
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps96d

Technical Information TI00507C

### 8.2.5 Conductivity sensors

#### Memosens CLS82D

- Four-electrode sensor
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cls82d

Technical Information TI01188C

### 8.2.6 Oxygen sensors

#### Oxymax COS22D / COS22

- Sterilizable sensor for dissolved oxygen
- With Memosens technology or as an analog sensor
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cos22d or www.endress.com/cos22

Technical Information TI00446C

#### Technical data 9

#### 9.1 Environment

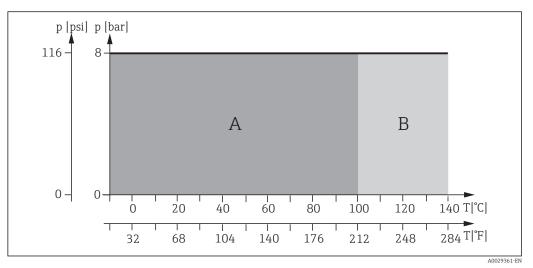
Ambient temperature range	-10 to +70 °C (+10	to +160 °F)			
Storage temperature	-10 to +70 °C (+10 to +160 °F)				
	9.2 Proce	SS			
Process temperature	-10 to 140 °C (14 to 284 °F)				
Process pressure	Pneumatic drive Manual drive The service life SIP is used. Th	8 bar (116 psi) up to 1 e of the seals is reduced if process to	16 bar (232 psi) up to 140 °C (284 °F) 8 bar (116 psi) up to 140 °C (284 °F) Is is reduced if process temperatures are constantly high or if process conditions may also reduce the service life of the seals.		
Pressure-temperature ratings	p [psi] p [bi 232 – 16–	ar]			
		А	В		
	0- 0- T		30 100 120 140 T[℃] 76 212 248 284 T[℉]		

■ 35 Pressure-temperature ratings for pneumatic drive

Dynamic range Static range Α

В

A0029360-EN



B 36 Pressure-temperature ratings for manual drive

Dynamic range Static range A B

Design, dimensions	$\rightarrow$ Section "Installation"					
Weight	Depends on version: Pneumatic drive: 3.8 to 6 kg (8.4 to 13.2 lbs) depending on version					
			3 to 4.5 kg (6.6 to 9.9 lbs) depending on version			
Materials	In contact with medium					
	Seals:		EPDM-FDA (USP Class VI) / FKM-FDA (USP Class VI) / FFKM-FDA (USP Class VI)			
	Immersion tube:		Stainless steel 1.4435 (AISI 316L) Ra < 0.76 / Ra < 0.38			
	Process connection, service chamber		Stainless steel 1.4435 (AISI 316L) Ra < 0.76			
	Rinse connections:		Stainless steel 1.4435 (AISI 316L)			
	Not in contact with medium					
	Manual drive:	Stainless steel 1.4301 (AISI 304) or 1.4404 (AISI 316L), plastics PPS CF15, PBT, PP				
	Pneumatic drive:	atic drive: Stainless steel 1.4301 (AISI 304) or 1.4404 (AISI 316L), plastics I PP		4404 (AISI 316L), plastics PBT,		
Sensors			Gel sensors, ISFET	225 mm		
	_		KCl sensors	225 mm		
	Long version		Gel sensors, ISFET	225 mm		
			Gel sensors, ISFET KCl sensors	360 mm 360 mm		
			KCI Serisors	360 mm		
Limit position switches	Switching element function:		NAMUR NC contact (inductive)			
	Switching distance:		1,5 mm (0.06 ")			
	Nominal voltage:		8 V			
	Switching frequency:		0 to 5000 Hz			
	Housing material:		Stainless steel			

# 9.3 Mechanical construction

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