Rosemount 2160 Wireless

Vibrating Fork Liquid Level Switch







www.rosemount.com



Rosemount 2160 Wireless Vibrating Fork Liquid Level Switch

Rosemount 2160 Hardware Revision HART[®] Device Revision Field Communicator Field Device 2 2 Dev v1, DD v2

NOTICE		
Read this manual before working with the product. For personal and system safety, and for optimum product performance, make sure you thoroughly understand the contents before installing, using, or maintaining this product.		
For technical assistance, contacts are listed below:		
Customer Central		
Technical support, quoting, and order-related questions.		
United States: 1 800 999 9307 (7:00 am to 7:00 pm CST)		
Asia Pacific: 65 777 8211		
Europe/ Middle East/ Africa: 49 (8153) 9390		
North American Response Center		
Equipment service needs.		
1 800 654 7768 (24 hours—includes Canada)		
Outside of these areas, contact your local Emerson Process Management representative.		

The products described in this document are NOT designed for nuclear-qualified applications.

Using non-nuclear qualified products in applications that require nuclear-qualified hardware or products may cause inaccurate readings.

For information on Rosemount nuclear-qualified products, contact an Emerson Process Management Sales Representative.

AWARNING

Replacement equipment or spare parts not approved by Emerson for use as spare parts could reduce the capabilities of the *2160*, and may render the instrument dangerous.

Use spare parts supplied or sold by Emerson



ROSEMOUNT[®]

AWARNING

Failure to follow these installation guidelines could result in death or serious injury

- The Rosemount 2160 is a *wireless liquid level switch*. It must be installed, connected, commissioned, operated, and maintained by suitably qualified personnel only, observing any national and local requirements that may apply
- Use the equipment only as specified in this manual. Failure to do so may impair the protection provided by the equipment

Explosions could result in death or serious injury

- Installation of the 2160 in a hazardous environment must be in accordance with the appropriate local, national, and international standards, codes, and practices.
 Please review the approvals section of the 2160 Reference Manual for any restrictions associated with an installation
- Before connecting a Field Communicator in an explosive atmosphere, ensure the installation is in accordance with intrinsically safe or non-incendive field wiring practices
- Verify that the operating atmosphere of the level switch is consistent with the appropriate hazardous locations certifications

External Surface may be hot

· Care must be taken to avoid possible burns

Process leaks could result in death or serious injury

- Install and tighten process connectors before applying pressure
- · Do not attempt to loosen or remove process connectors while the 2160 is in service

Electrical shock could cause death or serious injury

- If the liquid level switch is installed in a high voltage environment and a fault condition or installation error occurs, high voltage may be present on leads and terminals
- · Use extreme caution when making contact with the leads and terminals
- Make sure that power to the 2160 is off while making connections

Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

NOTICE

Shipping considerations for wireless products:

The unit was shipped to you without the Black Power Module installed. Please remove the power module prior to shipping.

Each power module contains two "C" size primary lithium batteries. These batteries are regulated in transportation by the U. S. Department of Transportation, and are also covered by IATA (International Air Transport Association), ICAO (International Civil Aviation Organization), and ARD (European Ground Transportation of Dangerous Goods). It is the responsibility of the shipper to ensure compliance with these or any other local requirements. Please consult current regulations and requirements before shipping.

The power module with the wireless unit contains two "C" size primary lithium/thionyl chloride batteries. Each battery contains approximately 2.5 grams of lithium, for a total of 5 grams in each pack. Under normal conditions, the battery materials are self-contained and are not reactive as long as the batteries and the pack integrity are maintained. Care should be taken to prevent thermal, electrical or mechanical damage. Contacts should be protected to prevent premature discharge.

Battery hazards remain when cells are discharged.

Batteries should be stored in a clean and dry area. For maximum battery life, storage temperature should not exceed 86 °F (30 °C).

Reference Manual 00809-0100-4160, Rev AD January 2013

Table Of Contents

SECTION 1 OVERVIEW	Safety Messages . Warnings . Using This Manual . Definitions And Abbreviations . Models Covered . About the 2160 . Switch Overview . Measurement Principle . Short Fork Technology . Special Features . Rosemount 2160 Application Examples . Extended Fork Supports . Switchpoint . Service Support .	1-1 1-2 1-2 1-3 1-3 1-4 1-4 1-4 1-5 1-6 1-7 1-9
	Product Recycling/Disposal	1-9
SECTION 2 CONFIGURATION	Safety Messages Warnings Overview Required Bench Top Configuration Squawk Feature AMS Wireless Configurator. Field Communicator Field Communicator Field Communicator. Menu Tree. Device Network Configuration Join to Network . Configure Update Rate Operation Mode Remove Black Power Module. Review Configuration Data Review Radio Information Review Radio Information Variables Basic Setup Temperature Units Operation Mode Sensor Output Delay 2 Media Density	2-1 2-2 2-2 2-2 2-2 2-2 2-2 2-2 2-2 2-2
	Data Logging	-10 -10
	LCD Display Configuration	-11
	Configure Alerts	-12
	Sensor Stabilization Time	-13
	Measurement Time	-13
	Allowable Change In Dry Fork Frequency	-13

ш

Sensor Fault Delay	. 2-14
Power Mode	. 2-14
Power Source	. 2-14
Diagnostics and Service	. 2-15
Load User Defaults	. 2-15
Join Status	. 2-16
Communication Status	. 2-16
Join Mode	. 2-16
Available Neighbors	. 2-17
Advertisements	. 2-17
Join Attempts	. 2-17
Sensor Frequency	. 2-17
Temperature Compensation	. 2-18
Uncompensated Frequency	. 2-18
Sensor State	. 2-18
Dry Fork Frequency / Switch Points	. 2-19
Sensor State	. 2-19
Counters	. 2-20
Timers	. 2-21
Calibration	. 2-21
Dry Fork Frequency.	. 2-21
Sensor Frequency.	. 2-21
Calibrate Dry Fork	. 2-22
Sensor Calibration Status	. 2-22
Calibration Count	. 2-22
Reset Calibration	. 2-22
Simulation	. 2-23
Sensor Output	. 2-23
Fork Frequency	. 2-23
Advanced Functions for HART Protocol	. 2-24
Saving, Recalling, and Cloning Configuration Data	. 2-24
Safety Messages	
Warnings	
Considerations.	
General Considerations	
Wireless Considerations	
Environmental Considerations	
Installation Considerations	3-3
Installation Procedures	3-6
Battery Installation	3-6
Installing the LCD Display	3-7
Mechanical	3-8
Correct Fork Alignment	3-9
Tightening the 2160	. 3-11
Insulation (2160***E Only)	. 3-12
Operations.	. 3-12
•	

SECTION 3 INSTALLATION

Reference Manual

00809-0100-4160, Rev AD January 2013

SECTION 4 COMMISSIONING	Safety Messages4-1Warnings4-1Verify Operation4-2Troubleshooting4-2Local Display4-2Field Communicator4-2Smart Wireless Gateway4-3AMS Wireless Configurator4-4How to Use Squawk4-4
SECTION 5 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE	Safety Messages5-1Warnings5-1Inspection5-2Maintenance5-2LCD Screen Messages5-3Startup Screen Sequence5-3Diagnostic Button Screen Sequence5-4Network Diagnostic Status Screens5-5Device Diagnostic Screens5-7Troubleshooting5-10Power Module Replacement5-10
APPENDIX A SPECIFICATIONS AND REFERENCE DATA	Specifications.A-1Physical.A-1MechanicalA-1ElectricalA-3PerformanceA-3FunctionalA-3Dimensional DrawingsA-62160 Thread Mounting (Standard Length)A-62160 Thread Mounting (Extended Length)A-72160 Flange Mounting (Standard Length)A-82160 Flange Mounting (Standard Length)A-92160 Flange Mounting (Extended Length)A-92160 Hygienic Fitting (Standard Length)A-102160 Hygienic Fitting (Standard Length)A-102160 Hygienic Fitting (Standard Length)A-12Ordering InformationA-13Spare Parts and AccessoriesA-15
APPENDIX B PRODUCT CERTIFICATIONS	European Directive InformationB-1Telecommunication ComplianceB-1FCC and IC ApprovalsB-1Canadian Registration NumberB-2Hazardous Locations CertificationsB-2American and Canadian ApprovalsB-2European ApprovalsB-2Rest Of The World ApprovalsB-3

Reference Manual

00809-0100-4160, Rev AD January 2013

Section 1	Overview	
	Safety Messagespage 1-1Using This Manualpage 1-2Definitions And Abbreviationspage 1-2Models Coveredpage 1-2About the 2160page 1-3Service Supportpage 1-9Product Recycling/Disposalpage 1-9	
SAFETY MESSAGES	Procedures and instructions in this manual may require special precautions to ensure the safety of the personnel performing the operations. Information that raises potential safety issues is indicated by a caution symbol (\triangle). The external hot surface symbol (\triangle) is used when a surface is hot and care must be taken to avoid possible burns. If there is a risk of an electrical shock the (\triangle) symbol is used. Refer to the safety messages listed at the beginning of each section before performing an operation preceded by this symbol.	
Warnings		
	△WARNING	
	Failure to follow these installation guidelines could result in death or serious injury	
	 The Rosemount 2160 is a <i>wireless liquid level switch</i>. It must be installed, connected, commissioned, operated, and maintained by suitably qualified personnel only, observing any national and local requirements that may apply 	
	 Use the equipment only as specified in this manual. Failure to do so may impair the protection provided by the equipment 	
	Explosions could result in death or serious injury	
	 Installation of the 2160 in a hazardous environment must be in accordance with the appropriate local, national, and international standards, codes, and practices. Please review the approvals section of the 2160 Reference Manual for any restrictions associated with an installation 	
	 Before connecting a Field Communicator in an explosive atmosphere, ensure the installation is in accordance with intrinsically safe or non-incendive field wiring practices 	
	 Verify that the operating atmosphere of the level switch is consistent with the appropriate hazardous locations certifications 	
	External Surface may be hot	
	Care must be taken to avoid possible burns	
	Install and tighten process connectors before applying pressure	
	Do not attempt to loosen or remove process connectors while the 2160 is in service	
	Electrical shock could cause death or serious injury	
	 If the liquid level switch is installed in a high voltage environment and a fault condition or installation error occurs, high voltage may be present on leads and terminals 	
	Use extreme caution when making contact with the leads and terminals	
	Make sure that power to the 2160 is off while making connections	





USING THIS MANUAL

DEFINITIONS AND

ABBREVIATIONS

This manual provides information on installing, operating, and maintaining the Rosemount 2160 Wireless liquid level switch.

- Section 2: Configuration provides instruction on commissioning and operating the Rosemount 2160. Information on software functions, configuration parameters, and online variables is also included.
- Section 3: Installation contains mechanical and electrical installation instructions.
- Section 4: Commissioning contains techniques for properly commissioning the device.
- Section 5: Operation and Maintenance contains operation and maintenance techniques.
- Appendix A: Specifications and Reference Data supplies reference and specification data, as well as ordering information.
- Appendix B: Product Certifications contains approval information.

The following definitions are used in this manual:

Dry	The 2160 fork (sensor) is submerged to a depth of less than 0.5 in. (13 mm)
Wet	The 2160 fork (sensor) is submerged to a depth of greater than 0.5 in. (13 mm)
Fault	The fork frequency is outside the normal frequency band
Normal Mode	The operating mode in which the 2160 considers a 0 Hz fork frequency to represent a Wet condition (and not a Fault)
Enhanced Mode	The operating mode in which the 2160 considers a 0 Hz fork frequency to represent a fault condition

The following abbreviations are used in this manual:

DD	Device Description
IS	Intrinsically Safe
PV	Primary Value or Process Value
SV	Secondary Value
TV	Tertiary Value (Third Value)
QV	Quaternary Value (Fourth Value)

MODELS COVERED

The following models of the Rosemount 2160 Wireless liquid level switch are covered in this manual:

- The standard temperature 2160***S
- The extreme temperature 2160***E

ABOUT THE 2160

Switch Overview

The Rosemount 2160 Wireless is a wireless liquid point level switch.

Based on vibrating short fork technology, the 2160 is suitable for virtually all liquid applications:

- Virtually unaffected by flow, bubbles, turbulence, foam, vibration, solids content, coating, properties of the liquid, and product variations
- Operation in extreme temperatures of -94 to 500 °F (-70 to 260 °C)
- · No need for calibration and requires minimum installation procedures
- · No moving parts or crevices means virtually no maintenance
- Electronic self-checking and condition monitoring
- Programmable switching delay for turbulent or splashing applications
- Short fork length with extensions up to 118 in. (3 m)
- "Fast Drip" fork design gives quick response time
- General area and Intrinsically Safe options

This combination of features makes the 2160 an ideal choice for a wide variety of challenging applications in the chemical, power generation, and oil and gas industries.



Wetted Materials in 316/316L SST (1.4401/1.4404), or Alloy C (UNS N10002) and Alloy C-276 (UNS N10276)

Figure 1-1. Features of the 2160

Measurement Principle	The Rosemount 2160 is designed using the principle of a tuning fork. A piezo-electric crystal oscillates the forks at their natural frequency. Changes to this frequency are continuously monitored.
	The frequency of the vibrating fork sensor changes depending on the medium in which it is immersed. The denser the liquid, the lower the frequency.
	When used as a low level alarm , the liquid in the tank or pipe drains down past the fork, causing a change of natural frequency that is detected by the electronics and <i>switches</i> the output state to a Dry condition .
	When the 2160 switch is used as a high level alarm , the liquid rises in the tank or pipe making contact with the fork, causing the output state to <i>switch</i> to a Wet condition .
	The output state, along with other parameters, are regularly transmitted over a secure wireless connection to a Smart Wireless Gateway.
Short Fork Technology	The natural frequency (~1400Hz) of the fork avoids interference from plant vibration that may cause false switching. This allows for minimum intrusion into the tank or pipe through the use of a short fork.
	Using Short Fork Technology, the Rosemount 2160 can be used in almost all liquid applications. Extensive research has maximized the operational effectiveness of the fork design, making it suitable for most liquids including coating liquids, aerated liquids, and slurries.
Special Features	Instrument Health Monitor and Continuous Self-Check
	The 2160 continuously performs instrument health diagnostics to self-check the condition of the fork and sensor. These diagnostics can detect damage to the forks including corrosion, internal or external damage to the forks, and breakages to the internal wiring.
	See "Operation Mode" on page 2-9 for further information.
	Fork Design
	The "fast drip" fork design draws liquid away from the fork tips, and together with a short switching delay, allows the 2160 to react quickly and with greater sensitivity to density variations.
	Battery Powered
	The 2160 is powered by an integral battery. The fork sensor requires very little power and the battery life remains long even with fast update rates.
	See "Battery Installation" on page 3-6 for further information.
	Adjustable Time Delay
	There is also a user-selectable time delay to virtually eliminate the risk of false switching in turbulent or splashing applications.
	See "Sensor Output Delay" on page 2-10 for further information.

January 2013

Rosemount 2160 Application Examples

For most liquids, including coating, aerated liquids and slurries, the function is virtually unaffected by flow, turbulence, bubbles, foam, vibration, solid particles, build-up, or properties of the liquid.

See Figure 1-5 on page 1-8 for application examples.

The 2160 switch can be used in hazardous (IS) or non-hazardous (safe) areas but supports higher process temperatures up to 500 °F (260 °C).

The switch can be mounted in almost any position in an open or closed tank or pipe. There is a wide range of threaded, flanged, or hygienic connections.

Application Considerations:

- Ensure the process is operating within the instrument operating temperature and pressure ranges (see "Specifications" on page A-1)
- Ensure the liquid viscosity is within the recommended viscosity range (see "Specifications" on page A-1)
- Check that the liquid density is higher than 31.2 lb/ft³ (500 kg/m³) (see "Specifications" on page A-1)
- Check for risk of build-up on the forks

Avoid situations where drying and coating products may create excessive build-up (see Figure 1-2)

· Ensure there is no risk of 'bridging' the forks

Examples of products that can create bridging of forks are dense paper slurries and bitumen

· Check the solids content in the liquid

As a guideline, the maximum solid particle diameter in the liquid is 0.2 in. (5 mm). Extra consideration is needed when dealing with particles bigger than 0.2 in. (5 mm). Consult the factory for advice.

- Problems may occur if product coats and dries causing caking.
- In almost all cases, the 2160 is insensitive to foams (i.e. does not see the foam).

However in rare occasions, some very dense foams may be seen as liquid; a known example of this is found in ice-cream and orange juice manufacturing.



Figure 1-2. Avoid Product Build-up

Extended Fork Supports

Figure 1-3. Supports Needed for Extended Forks



Reference Manual 00809-0100-4160, Rev AD January 2013

Switchpoint

Figure 1-4. Switchpoint



NOTE:

A lower density media will give a switchpoint closer to the connection. A higher density media will give a switchpoint closer to the fork tip.

Figure 1-5. Rosemount 2160 Application Examples



Overfill Protection

Spillage caused by overfilling can be hazardous to people and the environment, resulting in lost product and potentially high clean up costs.

High and Low Level Alarm



Maximum and minimum level detection in tanks containing different types of liquids are ideal applications. The Rosemount 2160 is robust and operates continuously across the temperature range of –94 to 500 °F (–70 to 260 °C) and operating pressures of up to 1450 psig (100 barg), making it perfect for use as a high or low level alarm. It is common practice to have an independent high level alarm switch as a backup to an installed level device in case of primary failure.



Pump Control (Limit Detection)

Batch processing tanks often contain stirrers and agitators to ensure mixing and product 'fluidity'. The standard user-selectable time delay, from 0 to 3600 seconds, virtually eliminates the risk of false switching from splashing.



Pump Protection or Empty Pipe Detection

With the fork projecting only 2 in. (50 mm) (dependant on connection type), the 2160 can be installed in small diameter pipes. Short forks mean minimum intrusion on the wetside and allow for simple, low cost installation at any angle into pipes or tanks. The 2160 is ideal for reliable pump control and can be used to protect against pumps running dry.



Extreme Temperature Applications

The 2160***E is designed for extreme temperatures and is suitable for continuous operation within the temperature range of -94 to 500 °F (-70 to 260 °C).



Hygienic Applications

With the highly polished forks option providing a surface finish (Ra) better than 0.4 μ m, the 2160 meets the most stringent hygienic requirements used in food and beverage, and pharmaceutical applications.

SERVICE SUPPORT

To expedite the return process outside of North America, contact the nearest Emerson Process Management representative.

Within the United States, call the Emerson Process Management Response Center toll-free number 1 800 654 7768. This center, available 24 hours a day, will assist you with any needed information or materials.

The center will ask for product model and serial numbers, and will provide a Return Material Authorization (RMA) number. The center will also ask for the process material to which the product was last exposed.

Individuals who handle products exposed to a hazardous substance can avoid injury if they are informed of, and understand, the hazard. If the product being returned was exposed to a hazardous substance as defined by OSHA, a copy of the required Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for each hazardous substance identified must be included with the returned goods.

NOTICE

Shipping considerations for wireless products (lithium batteries):

The unit was shipped to you without the power module installed. Please remove the power module prior to shipping.

Primary lithium batteries (charged or discharged) are regulated in transportation by the U. S. Department of Transportation. They are also covered by IATA (International Air Transport Association), ICAO (International Civil Aviation Organization), and ARD (European Ground Transportation of Dangerous Goods). It is the responsibility of the shipper to ensure compliance with these or any other local requirements. Please consult current regulations and requirements before shipping.

PRODUCT RECYCLING/DISPOSAL

Recycling of equipment and packaging should be taken into consideration and disposed of in accordance with local and national legislation/regulations.

Reference Manual

00809-0100-4160, Rev AD January 2013

Section 2 Configuration

Safety Messagespage 2-1
Overview
Required Bench Top Configuration
Device Network Configuration
Field Communicatorpage 2-4
Review Configuration Datapage 2-8
Check Output
Basic Setuppage 2-9
LCD Displaypage 2-11
Detailed Setuppage 2-12
Diagnostics and Servicepage 2-15
Calibration
Simulationpage 2-23
Advanced Functions for HART Protocolpage 2-24

SAFETY MESSAGES

Warnings

Procedures and instructions in this section may require special precautions to ensure the safety of the personnel performing the operations. Information that raises potential safety issues is indicated by a warning symbol (\triangle). Refer to the following safety messages before performing an operation preceded by this symbol.

AWARNING

Failure to follow these installation guidelines could result in death or serious injury

- The Rosemount 2160 is a *wireless liquid level switch*. It must be installed, connected, commissioned, operated, and maintained by suitably qualified personnel only, observing any national and local requirements that may apply
- Use the equipment only as specified in this manual. Failure to do so may impair the protection provided by the equipment

Explosions could result in death or serious injury

- Installation of the 2160 in a hazardous environment must be in accordance with the appropriate local, national, and international standards, codes, and practices.
 Please review the approvals section of the 2160 Reference Manual for any restrictions associated with an installation
- Before connecting a Field Communicator in an explosive atmosphere, ensure the installation is in accordance with intrinsically safe or non-incendive field wiring practices
- Verify that the operating atmosphere of the level switch is consistent with the appropriate hazardous locations certifications

External Surface may be hot

• Care must be taken to avoid possible burns

- Process leaks could result in death or serious injury
- · Install and tighten process connectors before applying pressure
- · Do not attempt to loosen or remove process connectors while the 2160 is in service





Rosemount 2160

January 2013

	企WARNING
	 Electrical shock could cause death or serious injury If the liquid level switch is installed in a high voltage environment and a fault condition or installation error occurs, high voltage may be present on leads and terminals Use extreme caution when making contact with the leads and terminals Make sure that power to the 2160 is off while making connections
OVERVIEW	This section contains information on commissioning and verification that should be performed prior to installation.
	Field Communicator and AMS [®] instructions are given to perform configuration functions. For convenience, Field Communicator fast key sequences are labeled "Fast Keys" for each software function below the appropriate headings.
	Example Software Function
	Fast Keys 1, 2, 3, etc.
REQUIRED BENCH TOP CONFIGURATION	Bench top configuration requires a Field Communicator, AMS, or any Wireless Communicator.
	Bench top configuration consists of testing the transmitter and verifying transmitter configuration data. The 2160 can be configured before or after installation (field hook-up). However, configuring the 2160 on the bench before installation ensures that all network settings are working correctly.
	When using a Field Communicator, any configuration changes made must be sent to the 2160 by using the "Send" key (F2). AMS configuration changes are implemented when the "Apply" button is clicked.
Squawk Feature	The 2160 feature called "Squawk" can be used to visually identify an individual 2160 in a wireless network. This can be a useful check during the configuration and commissioning of multiple 2160 transmitters.
	To find out more about this feature, see "How to Use Squawk" on page 4-4.
AMS Wireless Configurator	AMS is capable of connecting to devices either directly using a HART [®] modem or wirelessly via the Smart Wireless Gateway.
	When configuring on the bench with a HART modem, double click the device icon, then choose the Configure/Setup tab (or right click and select Configure/Setup).
	When configuring with the Gateway, double click the device icon and then choose the Configure/Setup tab (or right click and select Configure/Setup).
Field Communicator	Remove the power module-side housing cover to expose the terminal block and HART communication terminals, then connect the Black Power Module to power the unit for configuration. Connect the Field Communicator leads to the terminals labeled "COMM" on the terminal block. See Figure 2-1 on page 2-3. Turn on the Field Communicator by pressing the ON/OFF key.

The Field Communicator will search for a HART-compatible device and indicate when the connection is made. If the Field Communicator fails to connect, it indicates that no device was found and you should re-check the connections.

NOTE

Before connecting a Field Communicator in an explosive atmosphere, make sure the instruments are installed in accordance with intrinsically safe or non-incendive field wiring practices.

Figure 2-1. Field Communicator Connection



A 2160 DD (Device Description) is required for HART communication. To obtain the latest DD, visit the Emerson Process Management Easy Upgrade Site at:

http://www2.emersonprocess.com/en-US/documentation/deviceinstallkits

FIELD COMMUNICATOR

Field Communicator Menu Tree



Field communicator menu tree continued...



(*3) Only visible if Message Content is "Selectable Process Variables/Status" or "Selectable Process Variables".

(*4) Only visible if Message Content is "Selectable Process Variables/Status".

(*2)

2. Temperature Compensation 3. Process Temperature

1. Overview See Page 2-5 See Page 2-5 2. Configure 1. Clear Alert History 3. Service Tools 1. Alerts 1. Refresh Alerts 2. View Alert History (*1) 2. No Active Alerts 3. History 1. PV - 1.0=Wet/0.0=Dry 2. Variables 2. PV Status 3. Sensor Frequency 4. Sensor Frequency Status 5. Electronics Temp 6. Electronics Temp Status 7. Supply Voltage 8. Supply Voltage Status 9. Last Update Time 1. Output State 1. Device Variable 3. Trends 2. Sensor Frequency 2. Variable Units 3. Electronics Temp 3. Sample Inteval 4. Time of First Value 5. Date of First Value 4. Supply Voltage 5. Data History 1. Sensor Frequency 6. View Data History (*3) 2. Temperature Compensation 7. Refresh (*3) 3. Uncompensated Frequency 1. Join Status 4. Communications 2. Comm Status 4. Sensor State 5. Sensor Status 3. Join Mode 4. Available Neighbors 5. Advertisements 1. Dry Fork Frequency 6. Join Attempts 2. Dry to Too Dry 3. Dry to Indeterminate 1. Sensor 4 Wet to Indeterminate 2. Dry Fork Frequency / Switch Points 5. Maintenance 1. Diagnostics 5. Wet to Too Wet 2. Counters / Timers 6. Zero 3. Calibrate 4. Routine Maintenance 1. Sensor Wet Count 1. Counters 5. Reset / Restore 2. Reset/Preset Wet Count 2. Timers 3. Calibration Count 6. Simulate 1. Output State 4. Fault Control 2. Sensor Frequency 5. Reset Fault Count 3. Electronics Temperature 4. Supply Voltage 1. Time Since Output Change 2. Total Time Dry 3. Total Time Wet 1. Sensor Calibration 1. Dry Fork Frequency (*1) Only visible when there is a history. 2. Reset Sensor Calibration 2. Sensor Frequency 3. Calibrate Dry Fork (*2) Only one option is visible and it is dependent on whether 3. Sensor Compensation Factory Calibration or Site Calibration has been selected 4. Sensor Calibration Status 1. Locate Device 2. Install New Power Module 5. Calibration Count (*3) Only visible when data logging is enabled. 1. Restore Factory Calibration 1. Device Reset 2. Restore Site Calibration 2. Load User Defaults 1. Calibration Temperature

Field communicator menu tree continued...

DEVICE NETWORK CONFIGURATION

Join to Network	To communicate with the Smart Wireless Gateway, and ultimately the
Fast Keys 2,	Information System, the 2160 must be configured to communicate with the wireless network. This step is the wireless equivalent of connecting wires from
	a transmitter to the host system.
	1. From the Home screen, select 2: Configure.
	2. Select 1: Guided Setup.
	3. Select 1: Join to Network.
	Using AMS or a Field Communicator, enter the Network ID and Join Key so they match the Network ID and Join Key of the Gateway and the other devices in the network. If the Network ID and Join Key are not identical, the 2160 will not communicate with the network.
	When using a Field Communicator, the Network ID can be configured by entering Fast Key sequence: 2, 2, 1, 1. The Join Key can also be configured using a Field Communicator with the Fast Key sequence: 2, 2, 1, 2.
	NOTE The Network ID and Join Key may be obtained from the Setup>Network>Settings page on the Gateway's web server.
Configure Undete D	
Fast Keys 2,	default, is 1 minute. It can be changed at commissioning, or at any time, by using AMS or the Gateway's web server. The Update Rate should be between 1 second and 60 minutes
	1 From the Home screen select 2: Configure
	2 Select 1: Guided Setup
	3. Select 3: Configure Update Rate .
Operation Mode	To view or change the operation mode:
Fast Keys 2, 2,	^{2, 1, 1} 1 From the <i>Home</i> screen select 2: Configure
	2. Select 2: Manual Setup.
	3. Select 2: Operation .
	4. Select 1: Application.
	5. Select 1: Operation Mode.
	The default operating mode is Normal Mode. Other options are Enhanced Operation Mode (Fault=Wet) or Enhanced Operation Mode (Fault=Dry).
Remove Black Powe Module	er After the bench top and network device configuration is completed, you can remove the Black Power Module and replace the housing cover. The Black Power Module should be inserted only when the device is ready to be installed.
	Use caution when handling the Black Power Module. The Black Power Module may be damaged if dropped from heights in excess of 20 ft. (6,1 m).
	When the device is installed, re-insert the Black Power Module and close the housing cover securely. Always ensure a proper seal but do not over tighten.

REVIEW CONFIGURATION DATA

The following is a list of factory default configurations that can be viewed by using the Field Communicator or AMS. Follow the steps below to review the level switch configuration information.

NOTE

Information and procedures in this section that make use of Field Communicator fast key sequences and AMS assume that the 2160 and communication equipment are connected, powered, and operating correctly.

Review Device Identification Information

 Fast Keys
 1, 6, 1, 3

To view device identification information:

- 1. From the Home screen, select 1: Overview.
- 2. Select 6: Device Information.
- 3. Select 1: Identification.
- 4. Select 3: Device.
- 5. Select from the corresponding number to view each field:

1	Device Image
2	Тад
3	Long Tag
4	Model
5	Serial Number
6	Device ID
7	Date
8	Descriptor
9	Message
10	Model Number I
11	Model Number II

NOTE

Other device information can also be found at Fast Key sequence 2, 2, 7.

Review Radio

Info	rmation

To view radio information:

- 1. From the *Home* screen, select 1: Overview.
- 2. Select 6: Device Information.
- 3. Select 3: Radio.
- 4. Select from the corresponding number to view each field:

1	Manufacturer
2	Device Type
3	Device Revision
4	Software Revision
5	Hardware Revision
6	Transmit Power Level
7	Minimum Broadcast Update Rate

January 2013

Variables

Fast Keys

CHECK OUTPUT

3, 2

Before performing other level switch operations, ensure the 2160 is operating properly by checking the process variables.

To view the Variables menu:

- 1. From the Home screen, select 3: Service Tools.
- 2. Select 2: Variables.

The variable menu displays the following process variables:

- PV level switch output state of 0.0 (Dry) or 1.0 (Wet)
- PV Status valid or fault status (see "Troubleshooting" on page 6-2)
- Sensor Frequency the frequency of the vibrating fork
- Sensor Frequency Status valid or fault status
- Electronics Temp the temperature inside the 2160 housing
- Electronics Temp Status valid or fault status
- Supply Voltage the input voltage to the level switch
- Supply Volt Status valid or fault status
- Last Update Time elapsed time since the last data update

BASIC SETUP

Temperature Units

Fast Keys	2, 2, 6

The **Unit** setting allows the **Electronics Temperature** process variable to be displayed in Farenheit (°F) or Celsius (°C).

To view the electronics temperature menu:

- 1. From the Home screen, select 2: Configure.
- 2. Select 2: Manual Setup.
- 3. Select 6: Device Temperature.

The electronics temperature menu displays the following:

- Electronics Temp the live electronics temperature measurement
- Electronics Temp Status valid or fault status
- Unit change/view measurement units for Electronics Temperature
- Maximum view the highest measured electronics temperature
- Minimum view the lowest measured electronics temperature

The 2160 has three operation modes (see Table A-2 on page A-3):

- Standard Default operation mode for no sensor fault detection
- Enhanced (Fault=WET) Output is forced to Wet when fault detected
- Enhanced (Fault=DRY) Output is forced to Dry when fault detected

To change or view the operation mode:

- 1. From the Home screen, select 2: Configure.
- 2. Select 2: Manual Setup.
- 3. Select 2: Operation.
- 4. Select 1: Application.
- 5. Select 1: Operation Mode.

Operation Mode

Fast Keys	2, 2, 2, 1, 1

Soncor Output	Dolov	When the 24CO detects a change is pressed and time from wat to dry or
Fast Keys	2, 2, 2, 1, 2	dry-to-wet, the Sensor Output Delay parameter causes a delay of up to 3600 seconds before a new process condition is indicated in the process variables.
		If, for example, there are waves in a tank, then the 2160 may intermittently detect a change in process conditions. The sensor output delay ensures that the 2160 fork is dry or wet for a period before switching.
		Depending on the application, a suitable delay can prevent constant switching of the output state.
		NOTE
		The delay re-starts each time a change in process conditions is detected.
		To change or view the sensor output delay:
		1. From the Home screen, select 2: Configure.
		2. Select 2: Manual Setup .
		3. Select 2: Operation .
		4. Select 1: Application.
		5. Select 2: Sensor Output Delay.
Media Density Fast Keys	2, 2, 2, 1, 3	The frequency of the vibrating fork sensor can be affected by the process liquid density. Use Media Density to select one of the following options:
	, , , , -	 Normal – Select when the liquid specific gravity is between 0.7 and 2.0
		 Low – Select when the liquid specific gravity is less than 0.7
		• High – Select when the liquid specific gravity is greater than 2.0
		NOTE
		If the liquid specific gravity is unknown, keep the default setting of Normal.
Write Protect		The 2160 has a software write protect security feature.
Fast Keys	2, 2, 5, 1	The change or view write protect security settings:
		1. From the Home screen, select 2: Configure.
		2. Select 2: Manual Setup.
		3. Select 5: Security .
		4. Select 1: Write Protect.
Data Logging		Data logging records previous measurement values.
Fast Keys	2, 2, 4, 6	To enable or disable the logging:
		1. From the Home screen, select 2: Configure .
		2. Select 2: Manual Setup .
		3. Select 4: Data Logging.
		4. Select 6: Configure Data Hist.
		Follow on-screen instructions to enable or disable the logging.

LCD DISPLAY

LCD Display Configuration		The LCD display indicates output and abbreviated diagnostic messages.
Fast Keys	2, 1, 4	NOTE Use Rosemount Wireless LCD Part Number: 00753-9004-0002.
		The LCD display features a four-line display and a bar graph. The first line of five characters displays the output description, the second line of seven digits displays the actual value, the third line of six characters displays engineering units, and the fourth line displays "Error" when there is an alarm condition. The LCD display can also display diagnostic messages. The bar graph represents the network connectivity status.
		See "LCD Screen Messages" on page 5-3 for more information on LCD messages.
		To change or view LCD display options:
		1. From the Home screen, select 2: Configure.
		2. Select 1: Guided Setup.
		3. Select 4: Configure Device Display.
		Alternatively, to manually change or view LCD display options:
		1. From the Home screen, select 2: Configure.
		2. Select 2: Manual Setup .
		3. Select 3: Display .
		 Follow the on-screen instructions to configure Display Mode and Display Item parameters.

DETAILED SETUP

Configure Alerts Fast Keys 2, 1, 5

Alerts can be configured to output a HART message when a configured data point is exceeded. A process alert is transmitted continuously if a set point for a process variable is exceeded and the alert mode is enabled.

An alert is displayed on a Field Communicator, AMS status screen, or in the error section of the optional LCD display. The alert is reset when the assigned value (process variable) returns within its normal range.

Example 1: Rising Alert



Example 2: Falling Alert



To change or view the process alerts:

- 1. From the *Home* screen, select 2: Configure.
- 2. Select 1: Guided Setup.
- 3. Select 5: Configure Alerts.
- 4. Follow the on-screen instructions to configure up to four alerts (Alert 1, Alert 2, Alert 3, and Alert 4).

Each alert requires the following information:

- Mode Disabled (default) or enabled alert
 - Variable Select Output State, Sensor Frequency, Electronics Temperature, or Supply Voltage
 - Direction Rising or falling alert
 - Limit
 - Alert set point (in same units as the variable)
 - Dead Band Hysteresis data point (in same units as the variable) for transition from deadband zone to new alert state

To view active or previous alerts:

- 1. From the *Home* screen, select **3: Service Tools**.
- 2. Select 1: Alerts.
- 3. Select **Refresh Alerts** to report new alerts since the last update, **Active Alerts** to view *active alerts*, or **History** to view *previous alerts*.

00809-0100-4160, Rev AD January 2013

Sensor Stabilization

Fast Keys 2, 2, 2, 2, 1

The time needed for the fork sensor to reach a *stable vibration* may vary depending on the process conditions. **Sensor Stabilization Time** sets a delay before taking a frequency measurement.

The default setting is 60 ms. It can be set to a time in the range 20 to 1000 ms and is adjustable in 20 ms steps. Alternatively, the setting AUTO is for the Rosemount 2160 to automatically calculate a delay.

To change or view the sensor stabilization time:

- 1. From the Home screen, select 2: Configure.
- 2. Select 2: Manual Setup.
- 3. Select 2: Operation.
- 4. Select 2: Sensor.
- 5. Select 1: Sensor Stabilization Time.
- 6. Follow the on-screen instructions to configure a delay.

Measurement	Time

Fast Keys	2, 2, 2, 2, 2
-----------	---------------

The time needed for the fork sensor to take an accurate measurement *after reaching a stable vibration* may vary depending on the process conditions. **Measurement Time** sets a delay before taking a frequency measurement.

The default setting is 60 ms. It can be set to a time in the range 20 to 1000 ms and is adjustable in 20 ms steps. Alternatively, the setting AUTO is for the Rosemount 2160 to automatically calculate a delay.

To change or view the measurement time:

- 1. From the *Home* screen, select **2: Configure**.
- 2. Select 2: Manual Setup.
- 3. Select 2: Operation.
- 4. Select 2: Sensor.
- 5. Select 2: Measurement Time.
- 6. Follow the on-screen instructions to configure a delay.

Allowable Change In Dry Fork Frequency Fast Keys 2, 2, 2, 3

When the 2160 is re-calibrated in the field, a comparison is made between the new dry fork frequency and original factory-set **Dry Fork Frequency** value. If the difference is greater than the allowable change value, the re-calibration is rejected. Check the fork for damage, corrosion, or coating, and clean the fork if necessary before re-trying.

The default setting is 100 Hz. It can be set to a value in the range 1 to 254 Hz.

NOTE

Fast Key sequence is 3, 5, 1, 2 for the original factory-set Dry Fork Frequency.

To change or view the allowable change:

- 1. From the Home screen, select 2: Configure.
- 2. Select 2: Manual Setup.
- 3. Select 2: Operation.
- 4. Select 2: Sensor.
- 5. Select 3: Allowable Change In Dry Fork Frequency.
- 6. Follow the on-screen instructions to configure the allowable change.

Sensor Fault DelayFast Keys2, 2, 2, 2, 4	When the 2160 is operating in Enhanced Mode and detects a fork sensor fault, Sensor State (page 2-18) indicates a Fault state after a delay set by Sensor Fault Delay .	
	The default setting is 600 seconds. It can be a maximum of 3600 seconds.	
	NOTE When the 2160 is operating in Normal Mode, a fork sensor fault is not detected and Sensor State (page 2-18) continues to indicate a Valid state.	
	To change or view the sensor fault delay:	
	1. From the Home screen, select 2: Configure.	
	2. Select 2: Manual Setup.	
	3. Select 2: Operation .	
	4. Select 2: Sensor .	
	5. Select 4: Sensor Fault Delay.	
	6. Follow the on-screen instructions to configure the sensor fault delay.	
Power ModeFast Keys2, 2, 8, 1	For configuration and diagnostic purposes, the 2160 can be put into an Always On power mode. The fork sensor is energized continuously and a new	
	The Always On power mode causes a much higher drain on the battery, and so the 2160 reverts to the default Normal power mode after a settable period of up to 10 minutes.	
	In Normal power mode, the fork sensor is energized for the period set by the update rate (see "Configure Update Rate" on page 2-7).	
	To view or change Power Mode :	
	1. From the Home screen, select 2: Configure.	
	2. Select 2: Manual Setup.	
	3. Select 8: Power.	
	4. Select 1: Power Mode.	
	5. Follow the on-screen instructions to configure the power mode.	
Power Source	A wireless device may be attached to a source of continuous power or to a	
Fast Keys 2, 2, 8, 2	power source that drains over time (e.g. a battery). The 2160 is always powered by Battery Power.	
	To view the Power Source :	
	1. From the Home screen, select 2: Configure.	
	2. Select 2: Manual Setup .	

- 3. Select 8: Power.
- 4. Select 2: Power Source.

DIAGNOSTICS AND SERVICE

Fast Keys	3, 5, 2
-----------	---------

Diagnostics and service functions listed below are primarily for use after field installation.

The master reset function is used to reset the electronics and **reset** parameters to their factory-set defaults (see Table 2-1).

To perform a master reset:

- 1. From the *Home* screen, select **3: Service Tools**.
- 2. Select 5: Maintenance
- 3. Select 2: Load User Defaults.
- 4. Follow on-screen instructions to perform the reset.

Table 2-1. User Defaults

Parameter Names		Defaults
Operation Mode		Normal ⁽¹⁾
Media Density		Normal ⁽¹⁾
Sensor Output Delay		
Sensor Stabilisation Time		<u> </u>
Sensor Frequency Measureme	ant Time	60 ms
Sensor Fault Delay		600 mg
Process Temperature		20 °C ⁽¹⁾
Burst Message 0:	Burst Mode Control	20 C C
Durst message 0.	Burst Variable Slot 0	2
	Burst Variable Slot 1	2
	Burst Variable Slot 2	0
	Burst Variable Slot 3	1
	Burst Variable Slot 3	346
	Burst Variable Slot 4	240
	Burst Variable Slot 5	247
	Buist Variable Slot 6	248
	Burst Variable Slot 7	249
	Burst Ext. Cmd Number	178
	Triggered Update Rate	60 s ⁽¹⁾
	Default Update Rate	60 s (1)
	Trigger Mode	Continuous
	Trigger Variable Classification	0
	Trigger Units	251
	Trigger Level	0.5
Alerts:	Alert Variable Assignment	2 (1)
	Alert Mode	Off ⁽¹⁾
	Alert Direction	Rising ⁽¹⁾
	Alert Set Point	0.0 (1)
	Alert Dead Band	0.0 (1)
	Alert Units	251 ⁽¹⁾
	Alert Name	ALERT X ⁽¹⁾
Data Trending:	Trend Number	0
	Trend Control	Off
	Device Variable Code	Not Used
	Sample Period	60 s
Sensor Wet Count		0
Fault Count		0
Total Time Wet		00, 00:00:00
Total Time Dry		00, 00:00:00
Time Since Output Change		00, 00:00:00
Sensor Calibration Status		Factory Calibrated
Allowable Dry Fork Frequency Shift		100 Hz
Temperature Coefficient		-0.019 %/°C

Rosemount 2160

	(1) Where this parameter was factory-configured with a user-defined value, that same value is re-loaded when using the Load User Defaults function. Parameters without a user-defined value are restored to the default value shown in this table.
Join Status	Wireless devices join the secure network through a four step process:
Fast Keys 3, 4, 1	Step 1. Network Found
	Step 2. Network Security Clearance Granted
	Step 3. Network Bandwidth Allocated
	Step 4. Network Join Complete
	To view the join status of the Rosemount 2160:
	1. From the Home screen, select 3: Service Tools.
	2. Select 4: Communications.
	3. Select 1: Join Status.
Communication Status	_ This indicates whether or not the 2160 is connected to the secure network.
Fast Keys 3, 4, 2	To view the communication status of the 2160:
	1. From the Home screen, select 3: Service Tools.
	2. Select 4: Communications.
	3. Select 2: Comm Status.
Join Mode Fast Keys 3, 4, 3	This mode configures how the device attempts to join the secure network. Settable options are:
	Do Not Attempt to Join
	Join Now
	 Attempt to Join immediately on Power Up or Reset
	To change or view the join mode:
	1. From the Home screen, select 3: Service Tools.
	2. Select 4: Communications.
	3. Select 3: Join Mode .

Ī

Available Neighbors		In a self-organizing network, the more neighbors a device has, the more
Fast Keys	3, 4, 4	robust the network will be.
		To view the number of available neighbors:
		1. From the Home screen, select 3: Service Tools.
		2. Select 4: Communications.
		3. Select 4: Available Neighbors.
Advertisemen	nts	To view the number of advertising packets heard from other wireless devices
Fast Keys	3, 4, 5	1. From the <i>Home</i> screen, select 3: Service Tools .
		2. Select 4: Communications.
		3. Select 5: Advertisements .
Join Attempts	3	Too many join attempts result in the device considering the join attempt as failed. If this happens, re-check the Join Key and Network ID
Fast Keys	3, 4, 6	To view the number of ettempte mode to join a secure network:
		to view the number of attempts made to join a secure network.
		1. From the <i>Home</i> screen, select 3: Service Tools .
		2. Select 4: Communications.
		3. Select 6: Join Attempts
Sensor Frequency		The vibrating fork frequency is indicated in Sensor Frequency after process
Fast Keys	3, 5, 1, 1, 1	condition adjustments.
		NOTE
		See "Sensor Stabilization Time" on page 2-13 and "Measurement Time" on page 2-13 for process condition adjustments.

Sensor Frequency is the HART dynamic variable SV (Secondary Variable) and can be indicated instead of the variable PV on the optional LCD display.

To view the vibrating fork frequency (sensor frequency):

- 1. From the *Home* screen, select 3: Service Tools.
- 2. Select 5: Maintenance.
- 3. Select 1: Diagnostics.
- 4. Select 1: Sensor.
- 5. Select 1: Sensor Frequency.

NOTE

The Fast Key sequence 3, 2, 3 also indicates Sensor Frequency.

2-17

Temperature CompensationFast Keys3, 5, 3, 3, 2	The frequency of the vibrating fork sensor may be affected by a varying process temperature. If the 2160 knows the process temperature, it can compensate accordingly and provide an improved frequency switching point (page 2-19) and trend calculation.		
	Use Temperature Compensation to set the temperature coefficient of the vibrating fork sensor in units of %/°F (%/°C).		
	To change or view the temperature coefficient:		
	1. From the Home screen, select 3: Service Tools.		
	2. Select 5: Maintenance .		
	3. Select 3: Calibrate .		
	4. Select 3: Sensor Compensation.		
	5. Select 2: Temperature Compensation.		
Uncompensated Frequency	Uncompensated Frequency indicates the vibrating fork frequency before compensating for a varying process temperature.		
Fast Keys 3, 5, 1, 1, 3	To view the uncompensated frequency:		
	1. From the Home screen, select 3: Service Tools.		
	2. Select 5: Maintenance.		
	3. Select 1: Diagnostics.		
	4. Select 1: Sensor.		
	5. Select 3: Uncompensated Frequency.		
Sensor State	Sensor State indicates the present state of the vibrating fork.		
Fast Keys 3, 5, 1, 1, 4	As the vibrating fork sensor becomes immersed in the process liquid, the vibration frequency changes and the sensor state changes to Wet .		
	When the process liquid falls away from the fork, the vibration frequency changes and the sensor state changes to Dry .		
	If the vibrating fork sensor is damaged, the frequency moves outside normal operating limits and the sensor state changes to Too Dry , Too Wet , or Zero . (See "Dry Fork Frequency / Switch Points" on page 2-19 for band limits.)		
	To view the sensor state:		
	1. From the Home screen, select 3: Service Tools.		
	2. Select 5: Maintenance .		
	3. Select 1: Diagnostics.		
	4. Select 1: Sensor.		
	5. Select 4: Sensor State.		
Dry Fork Frequency / Switch Points	The hysteresis for Sensor State transitions can be viewed in the dry fork frequency and switch points menu:		
---------------------------------------	--	--	--
Fast Keys 3, 5, 1, 2	Dry Fork Frequency	 The frequency reco dry conditions, and 	orded when calibrated in I is typically 1.2 to 1.5 KHz
	Dry to Too Dry	 The frequency abo frequency is consid normal Dry range. Enhanced Mode of 	ve which the sensor dered to be outside of the (Fault indicated when in nly).
	Dry to Indeterminate	 The frequency below frequency is consident normal Dry range. see "Switchpoint" of 	ow which the sensor dered to be outside of the (Normal hysteresis – on page 1-7).
	Wet to Indeterminate	 The frequency abo frequency is consid normal Wet range. see "Switchpoint" of 	ve which the sensor dered to be outside of the (Normal hysteresis – on page 1-7).
	Wet to Too Wet	 The frequency belows frequency is considered to the construction of the c	ow which the sensor dered to be outside of the (Fault indicated when in nly).
	• Zero	 The frequency below frequency is considered when in language 	ow which the sensor dered to be 0 Hz. (Fault Enhanced Mode only).
	NOTE When the 2160 is operating represents a Wet condition (Mode, a 0 Hz sensor frequen	in Normal Mode, a 0 H: and not a Fault). When ncy represents a fault c	z sensor frequency operating in Enhanced condition.
Sensor State	The 2160 indicates here if it	is operating in a Valid of	or Fault state.
Fast Keys 3, 5, 1, 2, 4	Sensor State is dependent of the Operation Mode configu	on the Sensor State dia uration (page 2-9).	agnostic (page 2-18) and
	To view the sensor status:		
	1. From the Home screen	, select 3: Service Too	ls.
	2. Select 5: Maintenance		
	3. Select 1: Diagnostics,	and then select 2: Sen	sor
	4. Select 4: Sensor State		
Table 2-2. Sensor Status Logic			
(Normal Mode)	Sensor Status	Sensor State ⁽¹⁾	PV (Output Status)
	Valid	Dry	0.0 (Dry)
		Wet	1.0 (Wet)
	is Normal.	ues not delay the update of Sens	or state when the operation mode

NOTE:

If the operation mode is Normal, **Sensor State** cannot indicate Too Dry, Too Wet, or Zero, and the **Sensor Status** always indicates a Valid state.

Table 2-3. Sensor Status Logic (Enhanced Mode, Fault=Wet)

Sensor Status	Sensor State ⁽¹⁾	PV (Output Status)
Valid	Dry	0.0 (Dry) ⁽²⁾
Fault	Too Dry (Fault)	1.0 (Wet) ⁽³⁾
Valid	Wet	1.0 (Wet) ⁽²⁾
Fault	Too Wet (Fault)	1.0 (Wet) ⁽³⁾
Fault	Zero	1.0 (Wet) ⁽³⁾

(1) Sensor Fault Delay (page 2-14) delays the update of Sensor State when the operation mode is Enhanced.

(2) PV is not changed.

(3) PV is automatically changed to 1.0 (Wet process condition).

Table 2-4. Sensor Status Logic (Enhanced Mode, Fault=Dry)

Sensor Status	Sensor State (1)	Output Status
Valid	Dry	0.0 (Dry) ⁽²⁾
Fault	Too Dry (Fault)	0.0 (Dry) ⁽³⁾
Valid	Wet	1.0 (Wet) ⁽²⁾
Fault	Too Wet (Fault)	0.0 (Dry) ⁽³⁾
Fault	Zero	0.0 (Dry) ⁽³⁾

(1) Sensor Fault Delay (page 2-14) delays the update of Sensor State when the operation mode is Enhanced.

(2) PV is not changed.

(3) PV is automatically changed to 0.0 (Dry process condition).

Counters

To view the Counters menu:

- 1. From the Home screen, select 3: Service Tools.
- 2. Select 5: Maintenance.
- 3. Select 2: Counters / Timers.
- 4. Select 1: Counters.

The Counters / Timers menu displays the following counters:

- Sensor Wet Count This counter increments each time the PV (Output State) changes from Dry to Wet. This counter can be reset or preset by setting a new value using 2: Reset/Preset Wet Count.
 - **Calibration Count** The 2160 is calibrated under reference conditions at the factory. In special circumstances, it may be re-calibrated in the field and this increments the counter.
 - Fault Count This counter increments each time there is a Fault condition (see "Sensor State" on page 2-19). This counter can be reset to zero using 5: Reset Fault Count.

00809-0100-4160, Rev AD January 2013

Timers

Fast Keys	3, 5, 2, 2

To view the Timers menu:

- 1. From the *Home* screen, select **3: Service Tools**.
- 2. Select 5: Maintenance.
- 3. Select 2: Counters / Timers.
- 4. Select 2: Timers.

The Timers menu displays the following timers:

•	Time Since Output Change	 The time elapsed since the PV (Output State) last changed from Wet to Dry or Dry to Wet. This timer can be reset to zero.
•	Total Time Dry	 The total time that the PV (Output State) has been Dry. This timer can be reset to zero.
•	Total Time Wet	 The total time that the PV (Output State) has been Wet. This timer can be reset to zero.

NOTE

Units for the timers are days, hours, minutes, and seconds. Seconds are not shown for long times.

CALIBRATION

Dry Fork Frequency		The 2160 detects the process is Wet or Dry by monitoring the vibrating fork	
Fast Keys 3, 5, 3, 1, 1	3, 5, 3, 1, 1	process conditions at the factory.	
		See also "Dry Fork Frequency / Switch Points" on page 2-19 for associated parameters.	
		To view the dry fork frequency:	
		1. From the Home screen, select 3: Service Tools.	
		2. Select 5: Maintenance.	
		3. Select 3: Calibrate .	
		4. Select 1: Sensor Calibration.	
		5. Select 1: Dry Fork Frequency.	
		NOTE	
		The Fast Key sequence 3, 5, 1, 2, 1 also indicates Dry Fork Frequency.	

Sensor Frequ	ency	See "Sensor Frequency" on page 2-17 for a description of this parameter.
Fast Keys	3, 5, 3, 1, 2	

Calibrate Dry Fork Fast Keys 3, 5, 3, 1, 3	This command starts the <i>on-site re-calibration</i> of the vibrating fork sensor in Dry process conditions . It should only be performed by authorized persons. A comparison is made between the <i>new dry fork frequency</i> and original factory-set Dry Fork Frequency value (page 2-21). If the difference is greater than Allowable Change In Dry Fork Frequency (page 2-13), the re-calibration is rejected. Check the fork for damage, corrosion, or coating, and clean the fork if necessary before re-trying. When the re-calibration is successful, Dry Fork Frequency is set to the <i>new dry frequency</i> . To start the on-site re-calibration:	
Sensor Calibration Status	 From the Home screen, select 3: Service Tools. Select 5: Maintenance. Select 3: Calibrate. Select 1: Sensor Calibration. Select 3: Calibrate Dry Fork Frequency. Input the process temperature when prompted. The 2160 is supplied with a factory calibration but can be re-calibrated on-site using the Calibrate Dry Fork command (page 2-22).	
Fast Keys 3, 5, 3, 1, 4 Calibration Count Fast Keys 3, 5, 3, 1, 5	Sensor Calibration Status indicates the 2160 is: • Factory Calibrated - No further calibration is normally required. • Site Calibrated - Calibration successfully performed on-site. • Un-calibrated - Calibration is required. Contact the factory. See "Counters" on page 2-20 for a description of this parameter.	
Reset CalibrationFast Keys3, 5, 3, 2	 To reset the calibration: 1. From the <i>Home</i> screen, select 3: Service Tools. 2. Select 5: Maintenance. 3. Select 3: Calibrate. 	

- 4. Select 2: Reset Calibration.
- 5. Select Restore Factory Calibration or Restore Site Calibration.

SIMULATION

Sensor Output		The 2160 output state can be overridden by Sensor Output. The output state	
Fast Keys	3, 6, 1	can be fixed to Wet or Dry .	
		To start the output state simulation:	
		1. From the Home screen, select 3: Service Tools.	
		2. Select 6: Simulate.	
		3. Select 1: Sensor Output Mode.	
		4. Select 0.0 (for Dry) or 1.0 (for Wet).	
		This mode is cancelled by setting the mode to "Normal", and is cleared by a power loss or reset.	
Fork Frequency	3, 6, 2	The 2160 fork frequency can be overridden by Fork Frequency. The frequency can be set to a value in the range 0 to 3000 Hz.	
		To start the output state simulation:	
		 From the <i>Home</i> screen, select 3: Service Tools. Select 6: Simulate. Select 2: Fork Frequency. Set the fork frequency. 	

This override is cancelled by setting the frequency to "Normal", and is cleared by a power loss or reset.

ADVANCED FUNCTIONS FOR HART PROTOCOL

Saving, Recalling, and Cloning Configuration Data

Fast Keys

left arrow, 1, 2

Use the cloning feature of the Field Communicator or the AMS "User Configuration" feature to configure several wireless liquid level switches similarly. Cloning involves configuring a transmitter, saving the configuration data, then sending a copy of the data to a separate transmitter. Several possible procedures exist when saving, recalling, and cloning configuration data. For complete instructions refer to the Field Communicator manual (publication no. 00809-0100-4276) or AMS on-line guides. One common method is as follows:

Field Communicator

- 1. Completely configure the first transmitter.
- 2. Save the configuration data:
 - a. Select **F2 SAVE** from the Field Communicator **HOME/ONLINE** screen.
 - Ensure that the location to which the data will be saved is set to MODULE. If it is not, select 1: Location to set the save location to MODULE.
 - c. Select **2**: **Name**, to name the configuration data. The default is the transmitter tag number.
 - d. Ensure that the data type is set to STANDARD. If the data type is <u>NOT</u> STANDARD, select 3: Data Type to set the data type to STANDARD.
 - e. Select F2 SAVE.
- 3. Connect and power the receiving transmitter and Field Communicator.
- 4. Select the back arrow from the **HOME/ONLINE** screen. The Field Communicator menu appears.
- 5. Select 1: Offline, 2: Saved Configuration, 1: Module Contents to reach the MODULE CONTENTS menu.
- 6. Use the **DOWN ARROW** to scroll through the list of configurations in the memory module, and use the **RIGHT ARROW** to select and retrieve the required configuration.
- 7. Select 1: Edit.
- 8. Select 1: Mark All.
- 9. Select F2 SAVE.
- 10. Use the **DOWN ARROW** to scroll through the list of configurations in the memory module, and use the **RIGHT ARROW** to select the configuration again.
- 11. Select 3: Send to download the configuration to the transmitter.
- 12. Select **OK** after the control loop is set to manual.
- 13. After the configuration has been sent, select **OK** to acknowledge that the loop can be returned to automatic control.

When finished, the Field Communicator informs you of the status. Repeat Steps 3 through 13 to configure another transmitter.

NOTE

The transmitter receiving cloned data must have the same software version (or later) as the original transmitter.

AMS creating a Reusable Copy

To create a reusable copy of a configuration perform the following procedure:

- 1. Completely configure the first transmitter.
- 2. Select **View** then **User Configuration View** from the menu bar (or click the toolbar button).
- 3. In the *User Configuration* window, right click and select **New** from the context menu.
- 4. In the New window, select a device from the list of templates shown, and click **OK**.
- 5. The template is copied into the *User Configurations* window, with the tag name highlighted; rename it as appropriate and press **Enter**.

NOTE

A device icon can also be copied by dragging and dropping a device template or any other device icon from AMS Explorer or Device Connection View into the User Configurations window.

The "Compare Configurations" window appears, showing the Current values of the copied device on one side and mostly blank fields on the other (User Configuration) side.

- 6. Transfer values from the current configuration to the user configuration as appropriate or enter values by typing them into the available fields.
- 7. Click **Apply** to apply the values, or click **OK** to apply the values and close the window.

AMS Applying a User Configuration

Any amount of user configurations can be created for the application. They can also be saved, and applied to connected devices or to devices in the Device List or Plant Database.

To apply a user configuration perform the following procedure:

- 1. Select the desired user configuration in the User Configurations window.
- 2. Drag the icon onto a like device in AMS Explorer or Device Connection View. The *Compare Configurations* window opens, showing the parameters of the target device on one side and the parameters of the user configuration on the other.
- 3. Transfer parameters from the user configuration to the target device as desired, Click **OK** to apply the configuration and close the window.

Reference Manual

00809-0100-4160, Rev AD January 2013

Section 3

SAFETY MESSAGES

Warnings

Installation

Safety Messages	page 3-1
Considerations	page 3-2
Installation Procedures	page 3-6

Procedures and instructions in this section may require special precautions to ensure the safety of the personnel performing the operation. Information that raises potential safety issues is indicated with a warning symbol (\triangle). Refer to the following safety messages before performing an operation preceded by this symbol.

AWARNING

Failure to follow these installation guidelines could result in death or serious injury

- The Rosemount 2160 is a wireless liquid level switch. It must be installed, connected, commissioned, operated, and maintained by suitably qualified personnel only, observing any national and local requirements that may apply
- Use the equipment only as specified in this manual. Failure to do so may impair the protection provided by the equipment

Explosions could result in death or serious injury

- Installation of the 2160 in a hazardous environment must be in accordance with the appropriate local, national, and international standards, codes, and practices.
 Please review the approvals section of the 2160 Reference Manual for any restrictions associated with an installation
- Before connecting a Field Communicator in an explosive atmosphere, ensure the installation is in accordance with intrinsically safe or non-incendive field wiring practices
- Verify that the operating atmosphere of the level switch is consistent with the appropriate hazardous locations certifications

External Surface may be hot

· Care must be taken to avoid possible burns

Process leaks could result in death or serious injury

- Install and tighten process connectors before applying pressure
- Do not attempt to loosen or remove process connectors while the 2160 is in service
- Electrical shock could cause death or serious injury
- If the liquid level switch is installed in a high voltage environment and a fault condition or installation error occurs, high voltage may be present on leads and terminals
- Use extreme caution when making contact with the leads and terminals
- Make sure that power to the 2160 is off while making connections





CONSIDERATIONS

General	IMPORTANT
Considerations	For material compatibility considerations, see document number 00816-0100-3045 on www.rosemount.com.
Wireless	Power Up Sequence
Considerations	The power module should not be installed on any wireless device until the Smart Wireless Gateway ("Gateway") is installed and is functioning properly. Wireless devices should also be powered up in order of proximity to the Gateway, beginning with the closest. This will result in a simpler and faster network installation. Enable Active Advertising on the Gateway to ensure that new devices join the network faster. For more information, see the Smart Wireless Gateway Manual (Document Number 00809-0200-4420).
	Antenna Position
	The antenna should be positioned vertically, either straight up or straight down, and it should be approximately 3 ft. (1 m) from any large structure, building, or conductive surface to allow for clear communication to other devices.
Environmental Considerations	The Rosemount 2160 is a wireless liquid level switch, and is Intrinsically Safe (IS) approved for hazardous area installations.
	NOTE: Approvals are listed in Section B of this reference manual.

This *wireless liquid level switch* is designed for open or closed tanks, and pipe installation. It is weatherproof and protected against the ingress of dust, but must be protected from flooding. Avoid installing the 2160 near heat sources.

Figure 3-1. Environmental Considerations





Installation Considerations

For dimensional drawings, see "Dimensional Drawings" on page A-6.

Battery Side of Electronics Housing

Mount the switch so that the battery side is accessible. Clearance of $2^{3}/_{8}$ in. (60 mm) is required for cover removal.

Circuit Side of Electronics Housing

Provide 0.75 in. (19 mm) of clearance for units without an LCD display. Three inches of clearance is required for cover removal if an LCD display is installed.

Cover Installation

Always ensure a proper seal by installing the electronics housing cover(s) so that metal contacts metal. Use Rosemount O-rings.

LCD Rotation

In addition to housing rotation, the optional LCD display can be rotated in 90° increments by squeezing the two tabs, pulling out, rotating and snapping back into place.

NOTE

If LCD pins are inadvertently removed from the interface board, carefully re-insert the pins before snapping the LCD display back into place.

Grounding

Always ground the housing in accordance with national and local electrical codes. The most effective grounding method for the housing is a direct connection to earth ground with minimal impedance.

Housing Rotation

The housing can be rotated for optimal viewing of the optional LCD display and to get the best antenna position. Perform the following procedure:

- 1. Loosen the housing rotation set screw (Figure 3-2).
- 2. First rotate the housing clockwise to the desired location. If the desired location cannot be achieved due to thread limit (up to 360°), rotate the housing counter-clockwise to the desired location. **Do not over twist**.
- 3. Re-tighten the housing rotation set screw.

Figure 3-2. Housing Rotation Screw

Wireless PlantWeb Housing



Housing Rotation Set Screw (Use ³/32-in. Allen Key)

Handling The 2160

Use both hands to carry the 2160***E and do not hold using the forks.

Figure 3-3. Handling The 2160



Figure 3-4. Do Not Alter The 2160 Do not alter the 2160 in any way.



Device Identification

See Appendix B: Product Certifications for device approvals.

Figure 3-5. Device Identification



Recommendations

- Avoid installing near to liquid entering the tank at the fill point
- Avoid heavy splashing on the forks

Increasing the sensor output delay reduces accidental switching caused by splashing (see "Sensor Output Delay" on page 2-10).

- Ensure that the forks do not come into contact with the tank wall, any internal fittings, or obstructions
- Ensure there is sufficient distance between build-up on the tank wall and the fork (see Figure 1-2 on page 1-5)
- Ensure the installation does not create tank crevices around the forks where liquid may collect. This can happen with high-viscosity and high-density liquids
- Extra consideration is needed if the plant vibration is close to the 1400 Hz operating frequency of the 2160
- Supporting the fork avoids long fork length vibration

INSTALLATION PROCEDURES

Battery Installation

Figure 3-6. Wireless Battery Installation



To install the battery, perform the following procedure:

- 1. Remove the housing cover on the battery compartment side (Figure 3-6.) The battery supplies all power to the 2160.
 - 2. Connect the battery.
 - 3. Replace the battery cover and tighten to safety specification (metal-to-metal.)

Installing the LCD Display	Switches ordered with the LCD display are shipped with the display installed.
	NOTE An LCD from a <i>wired device</i> will not function in a <i>wireless device</i> . Only use Rosemount Wireless LCD Part Number: 00753-9004-0002
	In addition to housing rotation, the optional LCD display can be rotated in 90° increments by squeezing the two tabs, pulling out, rotating and snapping back into place.
	If LCD pins are inadvertently removed from the interface board, carefully re-insert the pins before snapping the LCD display back into place.
	Use the following procedure and Figure 3-7 to install the LCD display:
	1. Remove the battery cover and battery (Figure 3-6.)
	 Remove the cover opposite the field terminal side. Do not remove the covers in hazardous environments when the circuit is live.
	3. Engage the four-pin connector into the LCD display and snap into place.
	Note the following LCD temperature limits:
	 Operating: -40 to 175 °F (-20 to 80 °C)
	 Storage: -40 to 185 °F (-40 to 85 °C)

Figure 3-7. Optional LCD Display



Rosemount 2160

Mechanical

Sealing

Figure 3-8. Sealing



Correct Fork Alignment

Figure 3-9. Correct Fork Alignment



Ensure the fork is correctly aligned by using the notches and grooves as

Pipe Installation

Figure 3-10. Pipe Installation

NOTE

The housing and antenna have been rotated for an optimal viewing position and strongest wireless signal. See "Housing Rotation" on page 3-3.



Tank Installation

Figure 3-11. Tank Installation

NOTE

The housing and antenna have been rotated for an optimal viewing position and strongest wireless signal. See "Housing Rotation" on page 3-3.



Figure 3-12. Minimum Nozzle Diameter

NOTE

The housing and antenna have been rotated for an optimal viewing position and strongest wireless signal. See "Housing Rotation" on page 3-3.



Tightening the 2160

Figure 3-13. Tightening the 2160



Insulation (2160***E Only)

Figure 3-14. Insulation



Operations

Figure 3-15. High Level Alarm



Figure 3-16. Low Level Alarm



Reference Manual 00809-0100-4160, Rev AD January 2013



Reference Manual

00809-0100-4160, Rev AD January 2013

SAFETY MESSAGES

Section 4 Commi

Commissioning

Safety Messages	age 4-1
Verify Operation	age 4-2
How to Use Squawkp	age 4-4

Instructions and procedures in this section may require special precautions to ensure the safety of the personnel performing the operations. Information that potentially raises safety issues is indicated by a warning symbol (\triangle). Please refer to the following safety messages before performing an operation preceded by this symbol.

Warnings

AWARNING

Failure to follow these installation guidelines could result in death or serious injury

- The Rosemount 2160 is a *wireless liquid level switch*. It must be installed, connected, commissioned, operated, and maintained by suitably qualified personnel only, observing any national and local requirements that may apply
- Use the equipment only as specified in this manual. Failure to do so may impair the
 protection provided by the equipment

Explosions could result in death or serious injury

- Installation of the 2160 in a hazardous environment must be in accordance with the appropriate local, national, and international standards, codes, and practices.
 Please review the approvals section of the 2160 Reference Manual for any restrictions associated with an installation
- Before connecting a Field Communicator in an explosive atmosphere, ensure the installation is in accordance with intrinsically safe or non-incendive field wiring practices
- Verify that the operating atmosphere of the level switch is consistent with the appropriate hazardous locations certifications

External Surface may be hot

Care must be taken to avoid possible burns

Process leaks could result in death or serious injury

- · Install and tighten process connectors before applying pressure
- Do not attempt to loosen or remove process connectors while the 2160 is in service

Electrical shock could cause death or serious injury

- If the liquid level switch is installed in a high voltage environment and a fault condition or installation error occurs, high voltage may be present on leads and terminals
- · Use extreme caution when making contact with the leads and terminals
- Make sure that power to the 2160 is off while making connections





NOTE

The Rosemount 2160 and all other wireless devices should be installed only after the Smart Wireless Gateway has been installed and is functioning properly. Wireless devices should also be powered up in order of proximity from the Gateway, beginning with the closest device to the Gateway. This will result in a simpler and faster network installation.

VERIFY OPERATION Operation can be verified in four locations: at the device via the LCD, by using the Field Communicator, at the Smart Wireless Gateway's integrated web interface, or via AMS Wireless Configurator.

Troubleshooting If the device is not joined to the network after power up, verify the correct configuration of the Network ID and Join Key, and verify the Active Advertising has been enabled on the Gateway. The Network ID and Join Key in the device must match the Network ID and Join Key of the Gateway.

The Network ID and Join Key may be obtained from the Gateway on the **Setup>Network>Settings** page on the web interface (see Figure 4-1 on page 4-3). The Network ID and Join Key may be changed in the wireless device by using the following Fast Key sequence.

Function	Key Sequence	Menu Items
Wireless	2, 1, 1	Join Device to Network

Local Display

The LCD displays the Primary Variable (PV) value at the configured update rate, but no faster than once very 60 seconds. See Network Diagnostic Status Screens on page 5-5 for error codes and other LCD messages. Press the **Diagnostic** button to display the **TAG**, **Device ID**, **Network ID**, **Network Status**, and **Device Status** screens.

Searching for	Joining	Connected with	Connected
Network	Network	Limited Bandwidth	
NE TWK	NE TWK	NETWK	ПЕТШК
SRCHNG	NEGOT	LIM_OP	ОК

Field Communicator

A 2160 DD (Device Descriptor) is required for HART communication. For connecting with a Field Communicator, see Figure 2-1 on page 2-3.

Function	Key Sequence	Menu Items
Communications	3, 4	Join Status, Wireless Mode, Join
		Neighbors, Number of
		Advertisements Heard, and Number
		of Join Attempts

Reference Manual

00809-0100-4160, Rev AD January 2013

Smart Wireless Gateway

In the integrated web interface from the Gateway, navigate to the **Explorer>Status** page. This page will show whether the device has joined the network and if it is communicating properly.

NOTE

The time to join the new device(s) to the network is dependent upon the number of devices being joined and the number of devices in the current network. For one device joining an existing network with multiple devices, it may take up to five minutes. It may take up to 60 minutes for multiple new devices to join the existing network.

NOTE

If the device joins the network and immediately has an alarm present, it is likely due to the 2160 configuration. Re-check the 2160 configuration (see Section 2: Configuration).

EMERSON. Process Management	Smart W	ireless Gateway
	Network Settings	🔶 🕘 💼 develop
₩129.76.73.48 ₽ 🔐 Diagnostics	Network name	WiHART6-HTest
Monitor Setup	Network ID	6656
P AnNetwork	Security mode Join key	Common join key C Access control list 2160A03F 46210A9E 28890E10 8C914557
Speed	Show join key Generate random join key	C Yes C No Generate
Channels Ethernet	Rotate network key?	C Yes @ No
Security	Change network key now?	C Yes C No
System Backup	Frame size Max device count	1024
Clear Logs	Requested base period (ms) Min services period (ms)	100000
Firmware Upgrade Firmware Options	Submit	
Changes Properties Modbus		

Figure 4-1. Smart Wireless Gateway Network Settings

AMS Wireless Configurator

Figure 4-2. AMS Wireless Configurator When the device has joined the network, it will appear in the Device Manager as illustrated in Figure 4-2.

🖗 AMS Wireless Configurator - [Device Explorer]					
َالِيَّا File View Tools Window Help					
<u>°</u>					
Current Device					
E AMS Device Manager	Tag	Manufacturer	Device Type	Device Rev	Protocol
Physical Networks USRTC-BRIASAM HART Modem 1 192.168.1.10 Unknown Device Withown Device Withown Device	\$07/23/2008 09:02:09.903	Rosemount	2160	1	HART

HOW TO USE SQUAWK



A feature called "Squawk" is available to **visually locate** an individual 2160 transmitter amongst multiple networked 2160 transmitters.

NOTE

The "Squawk" feature requires the 2160 to have the optional LCD meter fitted.

AMS Instructions

- 1. From the AMS Device Manager, select the Tag of a 2160 to be located.
- 2. Select **Service Tools** (on the left side of the Overview screen).
- 3. Select Maintenance (on the left side of the Service Tools screen).
- 4. Select Routine Maintenance.
- 5. Select Locate Device and then Next to activate Squawk.
- 6. Look for the pattern **0-0-0-0** on the LCD of the located 'squawking' 2160.
- 7. To de-activate Squawk, select Next, Cancel, Next, and finally Finish.

Field Communicator Instructions

- 1. From the *Home* screen, select **3: Service Tools**.
- 2. Select 5: Maintenance.
- 3. Select 4: Routine Maintenance.
- 4. Select 1: Locate Device.
- 5. Follow on-screen instructions to activate Squawk.
- 6. Look for the pattern **0-0-0-0** on the LCD of the located 'squawking' 2160.
- 7. To de-activate Squawk, exit the feature.

NOTE

It can take up to 60 seconds for the 2160 to return to normal operations.

Reference Manual

00809-0100-4160, Rev AD January 2013

Operation and Maintenance Section 5 Maintenancepage 5-2 LCD Screen Messagespage 5-3 Troubleshootingpage 5-10 Power Module Replacementpage 5-10 SAFETY MESSAGES Instructions and procedures in this section may require special precautions to ensure the safety of the personnel performing the operations. Information that potentially raises safety issues is indicated by a warning symbol (Λ). Please refer to the following safety messages before performing an operation preceded by this symbol. Warnings **AWARNING** Failure to follow these installation guidelines could result in death or serious injury The Rosemount 2160 is a wireless liquid level switch. It must be installed, connected, commissioned, operated, and maintained by suitably qualified personnel only, observing any national and local requirements that may apply Use the equipment only as specified in this manual. Failure to do so may impair the protection provided by the equipment Explosions could result in death or serious injury • Installation of the 2160 in a hazardous environment must be in accordance with the appropriate local, national, and international standards, codes, and practices. Please review the approvals section of the 2160 Reference Manual for any restrictions associated with an installation Before connecting a Field Communicator in an explosive atmosphere, ensure the installation is in accordance with intrinsically safe or non-incendive field wiring practices Verify that the operating atmosphere of the level switch is consistent with the appropriate hazardous locations certifications External Surface may be hot · Care must be taken to avoid possible burns Process leaks could result in death or serious injury Install and tighten process connectors before applying pressure Do not attempt to loosen or remove process connectors while the 2160 is in service Electrical shock could cause death or serious injury If the liquid level switch is installed in a high voltage environment and a fault condition or installation error occurs, high voltage may be present on leads and terminals

- Use extreme caution when making contact with the leads and terminals
- Make sure that power to the 2160 is off while making connections



ROSEMOUNT[®]

Rosemount 2160

INSPECTION

- Visually examine the 2160 for damage. If it is damaged, do not use. •
- Ensure the covers, blanking plugs, and antenna are fitted securely ٠

Figure 5-1. Inspect the 2160 for Damage



MAINTENANCE

NOTE:

Only use a soft brush to clean the 2160. Use great care when cleaning the

Figure 5-2. Maintenance of the 2160 forks.



Reference Manual 00809-0100-4160, Rev AD

January 2013

LCD SCREEN MESSAGES

Startup Screen Sequence

The following screens will display when the battery is first connected to the Rosemount 2160.









Device Diagnostic

Screens









TROUBLESHOOTING

See Table 5-1 for the Rosemount 2160 troubleshooting table.

Table 5-1	Rosemount 2160) troubleshooting	table
		, noubleonooning	lubic

Symptom	Corrective Actions	
LCD is not functioning	Re-seat the LCD according to Installing the LCD Display on page 3-7	
	 Verify that the LCD is a wireless LCD (Rosemount part number: 00753-9004-0002). An LCD from a wired device will not function in a wireless device 	
	• Verify that the LCD display mode is not disabled (Fast Key sequence 2, 2, 5, 1)	
Does not switch output state	 There is no power – check the battery is installed correctly. Try another battery. Fork is damaged – replace the 2160 	
	• Thick encrustation on the forks – clean the fork with care	
Incorrect switching of output state	 Check the configuration of frequency bands (See Dry Fork Frequency / Switch Points on page 2-19) 	
Faulty switching of output state	 Turbulence – set a longer switching time delay (See Sensor Output Delay on page 2-10) Excessive electrical poise – suppress the cause of the interference 	
	· Excessive electrical holds - suppress the cause of the interference	

POWER MODULE REPLACEMENT

Expected power module life is ten years at reference conditions.⁽¹⁾

When the power module needs to be replaced, remove the power module cover and the power module (Part Number 00753-9220-001), and then replace the cover. Tighten to safety specification and verify operation.

Handling Considerations

The power module with the wireless unit contains two "C" size primary lithium/thionyl chloride batteries. Each battery contains approximately 2.5 grams of lithium, for a total of 5 grams in each back. Under normal conditions, the battery materials are self-contained and are not reactive as long as the batteries and the battery pack integrity are maintained. Care should be taken to prevent thermal, electrical, or mechanical damage. Contacts should be protected to prevent premature discharge.

Use caution when handling the power module. It may be damaged if dropped from heights in excess of 20 ft.

ABattery hazards remain when cells are discharged.

Environmental Considerations

As with any battery, local environmental rules and regulations should be consulted for proper management of spent batteries. If no specific requirements exist, recycling through a qualified recycler is encouraged. Consult the materials safety data sheet for battery specific information.

Shipping Considerations

The unit was shipped to you without the power module installed. Please remove the power module prior to shipping.

Reference conditions are 70 °F (21 °C), transit rate of once per minute, and routing data for three additional network devices.
Each power module contains two "C" size primary lithium batteries. These batteries are regulated in transportation by the U. S. Department of Transportation, and are also covered by IATA (International Air Transport Association), ICAO (International Civil Aviation Organization), and ARD (European Ground Transportation of Dangerous Goods). It is the responsibility of the shipper to ensure compliance with these or any other local requirements. Please consult current regulations and requirements before shipping.

Reference Manual

00809-0100-4160, Rev AD January 2013

Rosemount 2160

Appendix A	Specifications and Reference Data
	Specificationspage A-1 Dimensional Drawingspage A-6 Ordering Informationpage A-13
SPECIFICATIONS	
Physical	Product The Rosemount 2160 Wireless Vibrating Fork Liquid Level Switch
	Measuring Principle Vibrating Fork
	Applications Most liquids including coating liquids, aerated liquids, and slurries.
Mechanical	EnclosureHousing:Low-copper aluminumPaint:PolyurethaneCover O-ring:Nitrile butadiene
	Terminal Block and Power Module Pack PBT
	Antenna PBT/PC integrated omnidirectional antenna
	 Process Connection Threaded Connection: R ³/₄ in. and 1 in. (BSPT); G ³/₄ in. and 1 in. (BSPP); ³/₄ in. and 1 in. NPT. Material: 316/316L SST (1.4401/1.4404) dual certified, or Alloy C and Alloy C-276. Accessories: A stainless steel adjustable clamp gland is available for use with the extended length 2160 (1-in. models only). This clamp gland has a 1¹/₂-in. BSPP or NPT thread to connect to the tank or pine, and allows a 1-in, extended length 2160 to be raised or
	lowered, and clamped into position. See "Spare Parts and Accessories" on page A-15. Flanged Connection: ASME B16.5 (1-in. or larger) or EN 1092-1 (DN25 or larger) Material: 316/316L SST (1.4401/1.4404) dual certified, or Alloy C and Alloy C-276





Hygienic Connection (Fitting):

11/2-in. (38 mm) or 2-in. (51 mm) Tri-Clamp, or 1-in. BSPP (G) O-ring seal.

Material:

316/316L SST (1.4401/1.4404) dual certified.

Gasket material for ³/₄-in. and 1-in. BSPP (G) O-ring seal is non-asbestos BS7531 Grade X carbon fiber with rubber binder.

Options:

Hand polished wetside to a finish better than 0.4 μ m.

Accessories:

A mounting kit comprising a fitting, Nitrile seal and clamp ring is available for use with the 2-in. (51 mm) Tri-Clamp version of the 2160.

A fitting boss with Fluorocarbon (FPM/FKM) O-ring is available for use with the O-ring seal version of the 2160.

See "Spare Parts and Accessories" on page 15.

Fork Length

Short fork for minimum intrusion installation. The minimum length is 2 in.

Extended Lengths

Table A-1. Minimum Extended Lengths

Process Connection	Minimum Extended Length
³ /4–in. Threaded	3.8 in. (95 mm)
1-in. Threaded	3.7 in. (94 mm)
Flanged	3.5 in. (89 mm)
Tri-Clamp	4.1 in. (105 mm)

The maximum extended length is 118.1 in. (3000 mm) except for:

Hand-polished process (maximum length is 39.4 in. / 1000 mm)

Dimensional Drawings

See "Dimensional Drawings" on page A-6.

Mounting

Suitable for horizontal and vertical installations.

Rotatable housing allows correct alignment of both the forks and the omnidirectional antenna for optimal signal and best viewing position of the LCD integral display.

Enclosure Ratings

Housing is NEMA 4X and IP66 compliant.

00809-0100-4160, Rev AD January 2013

Electrical	Wireless Power Module				
	Replaceable, Intrinsically Safe Lithium-Thionyl Chloride power module with PBT enclosure.				
	Ten year life at one minute transmi	t rate ⁽¹⁾			
	 Reference conditions are 70 °F (21 devices. NOTE: Continuous expose (-40 °C or 85 °C) may reduce spece 	°C), and rou ure to ambien cified power n	ting data for th t temperature nodule life by 2	nree additional network limits (–40 °F or 185 °F) 20 percent.	
	HART Communicator Connect Clips permanently fixed to terminal	ctions block			
Performance	Electromagnetic Compatibilit All models meet all relevant require	e y (EMC) Ements of El	N 61326.		
	Hysteresis (Water) ±0.039 in. (±1 mm) nominal				
	Switching Point (Water) 0.5 in. (13 mm) from fork tip if mou 0.5 in. (13 mm) from the fork edge The switch point varies with differe	nted vertical if mounted I nt liquid den	lly. norizontally. isities.		
Functional	Output IEC 62591 (WirelessHART) 2.4 GHz DSSS				
	Radio Frequency Power Output from Antenna Maximum of 10 mW (10 dBm) EIRP				
	Local Display The optional five-digit integral LCD display can indicate the switch state (Dry or Wet) and diagnostic information.				
	Humidity Limits 0 to 100% relative humidity				
	Wireless Update Rate User-selectable: from 1 second up to 60 minutes.				
	The optional integral LCD display updates at the wireless update rate.				
	Operating Modes				
	Fault Conditions Detected	Normal Mode	Enhanced Mode		
	PCB Control Circuit Corruption	Yes	Yes		
	External Damage to Fork	No	Yes	,	
	Internal Damage to Sensor	No	Yes		
	Excessive Corrosion	No	Yes		
	Over-temperature	No	Yes	J	

Maximum Operating Pressure

Threaded connection: See Figure A-1

Hygienic connection: 435 psig (30 bar g)

Flanged connection: The maximum operating pressure is the lower of the process pressure (Figure A-1) and flange pressure rating (Table A-3).

NOTE

The final maximum operating pressure rating depends on the process (tank) connection. Clamp glands (order #02120-2000-0001 or 02120-2000-0002) limit the maximum operating pressure to 18.85 psig (1.3 bar g).





Table A-3. Maximum Flange Pressure Rating

Flange Standard	SST Flanges ⁽¹⁾
ASME B16.5 Class 150	275 psig ⁽²⁾
ASME B16.5 Class 300	720 psig ⁽²⁾
ASME B16.5 Class 600	1,440 psig ⁽²⁾
EN1092-1 PN 10	10 bar g ⁽³⁾
EN1092-1 PN 16	16 bar g ⁽³⁾
EN1092-1 PN 25	25 bar g ⁽³⁾
EN1092-1 PN 40	40 bar g ⁽³⁾
EN1092-1 PN 63	63 bar g ⁽³⁾
EN1092-1 PN 100	100 bar g ⁽³⁾

(1) ASTM stainless steel.

- (2) At 100 °F (38 °C), the pressure rating decreases with an increasing process temperature.
- (3) At 122 °F (50 °C), the pressure rating decreases with an increasing process temperature.

Temperature

See Figure A-2 for the maximum and minimum operating temperatures. Figure A-2. Temperature





Process Temperature °F (°C)

Liquid Density Range

Minimum liquid density is 31.2 lb/ft³ (500 kg/m³).

Liquid Viscosity Range

0.2 to 10000 cP (centiPoise).

Solids Content and Coating

The maximum recommended diameter of solid particles in the liquid is 0.2 in. (5 mm). For coating products, avoid bridging of forks (fork-to-fork).

CIP (Clean In Place) Cleaning

The Rosemount 2160 withstands steam cleaning.

DIMENSIONAL	2160 Thread Mounting (Standard Length)page A-6
DRAWINGS	2160 Thread Mounting (Extended Length)page A-7
	2160 Flange Mounting (Standard Length) page A-8
	2160 Flange Mounting (Extended Length)page A-9
	2160 Hygienic Fitting (Standard Length)
	2160 Hygienic Fitting (Extended Length).

2160 Thread Mounting (Standard Length)





2160 Thread Mounting (Extended Length)

Note: Dimensions are in inches (millimeters)

Table A-4.	Thread	Mounting	Fork Length
------------	--------	----------	-------------

Process Connection	Standard Length Model Code A	Minimum Length Model Code E (M)	Maximum Length Model Code E (M) ⁽¹⁾
³ /4-in. Thread	1.73 in. (44 mm)	3.75 in. (95 mm)	118.1 in. (3000 mm)
1-in. Thread	1.73 in. (44 mm)	3.74 in. (94 mm)	118.1 in. (3000 mm)

(1) Maximum extended length of fork with hand-polished option is 39.4 in. (1000 mm).





2160 Flange Mounting (Extended Length)

Table A-5	Flange	Mounting	Fork	l enath
	riange	wounting	I UIK	Lengui

Process	Standard Length	Minimum Length	Maximum Length
Connection	Fork Length Code H	Fork Length Code E(M)	Fork Length Code E(M)
³ /4-in, 1-in. or larger flange	4.0 in. (102 mm)	3.5 in. (89 mm)	118.1 in. (3000 mm)



2160 Hygienic Fitting (Standard Length)

2160 Hygienic Fitting (Standard Length) Continued





2160 Hygienic Fitting (Extended Length)

Note: Dimensions are in inches (millimeters)

Table A-6.	Hygienic	Fitting	Fork	Length
------------	----------	---------	------	--------

Process Connection	Standard Length Fork Length Code H	Minimum Length Fork Length Code E(M)	Maximum Length Fork Length Code E(M) ⁽¹⁾
Tri-Clamp	1.73 in. (44 mm)	4.13 in. (105 mm)	118.1 in. (3000 mm)
1-in. Threaded	1.73 in. (44 mm)	(No Extended Length Version)	(No Extended Length Version)

(1) Maximum extended length of fork with hand-polished option is 39.4 in. (1000 mm).

ORDERING INFORMATION

Table A-7. 2160 Ordering Information

★ The Standard offering represents the most common options. The starred options (★) should be selected for best delivery. The Expanded offering is subject to additional delivery lead time.

Model	Product Description	
2160	Wireless Vibrating Fork Liquid Level Switch	
Output		
Standard		Standard
Х	Wireless	*
Housing Ma	terial	
Standard		Standard
D	Dual Compartment Housing - Aluminum (Aluminium)	*
Conduit Ent	ry / Cable Threads	
Standard		Standard
8	¹ /2-in. NPT thread	*
Operating T	emperature	
Standard		Standard
S	Standard: -40 °F (-40 °C)302 °F (150 °C)	*
E	Extreme: -94 °F (-70 °C)500 °F (260 °C)	*
Material of 0	Construction: Process Connection / Fork	
Standard		Standard
S ⁽¹⁾	316/316L Stainless Steel (1.4401/1.4404)	*
Expanded		
H ⁽²⁾	Alloy C (UNS N10002), Alloy C-276 (UNS N10276), solid	
Process Co	nnection Size	
Standard		Standard
9	³ /4 in.	*
1	1 in. / 25 mm (DN25)	*
2	2 in. / 50 mm (DN50)	*
5	1 ¹ /2 in. / 40 mm (DN40)	*
3	3 in. / 80 mm (DN80)	*
4	4 in. / 100 mm (DN100)	*
6	6 in. / 150 mm (DN150)	*
8	8 in. / 200 mm (DN200)	*
7	2 ¹ /2-in. / 65 mm (DN65)	*
Expanded		
X ⁽³⁾	Customer specific	
Process Co	nnection Rating	
Standard		Standard
AA	ASME B16.5 Class 150 flange	*
AB	ASME B16.5 Class 300 flange	*
DB	EN1092-1 PN25/40 flange	*
NN	For use with non-flange process connection type	*
Expanded		
AC	ASME B16.5 Class 600 flange	
DA	EN1092-1 PN10/16 flange	
DC	EN1092-1 PN63 flange	
DD	EN1092-1 PN100 flange	
XX ⁽³⁾	Customer specific	
Process Co	nnection Type	
Standard		Standard
R	Raised Face (RF) flange	*
В	BSPT (R) thread	*
G	BSPP (G) thread	*
Ν	NPT thread	*

Table A-7. 2160 Ordering Information

* The Standard offering represents the most common options. The starred options (*) should be selected for best delivery. The Expanded offering is subject to additional delivery lead time.

Р	BSPP (G) O-ring	*		
С	Tri-Clover Clamp	*		
Expanded				
X ⁽³⁾	Customer specific			
Fork Length	1			
Standard		Standard		
А	Standard length 1.7-in. (44 mm)	*		
H ⁽⁴⁾	Standard length flange 4.0-in. (102 mm)	*		
E ⁽⁵⁾	Extended, customer specified length in tenths of Inches	*		
M ⁽⁵⁾	Extended, customer specified length in millimeters	*		
Specific Ext	tended Fork Length	•		
Standard		Standard		
0000	Factory default length (only if fork length A or H is selected)	*		
xxxx ⁽⁵⁾	Specific customer specified length in tenths of inches, or millimeters (xxxx mm or xxx.x inches)	*		
Surface Fin	ish	1		
Standard		Standard		
1	Standard surface finish	*		
2	Hand polished (Ra < 0.4 µm)	*		
Product Ce	rtifications	1		
Standard		Standard		
NA	No hazardous locations certifications	*		
10.0	ATEX Intrinsic Safety	*		
13	NEPSI Intrinsic Safety	*		
15	FM Intrinsic Safety	*		
10 16 ⁽⁶⁾	CSA Intrinsic Safety	*		
17		*		
Wireless IIr	Index Intrinsic Safety			
Standard		Standard		
	User configurable undate rate 2.4 GHz DSSS JEC 62501 (MirelessHAPT)	•		
Omnidiracti	User configurable update rate, 2.4 GHz DSSS, IEC 02391 (Wirelessi IART)	^		
Standard		Standard		
	External antennal adapter for black newer module (LS, newer module cold concretely)	•		
OPTIONS	External antenna, adapter for black power module (1.5. power module sold separately)	^		
Standard		Standard		
Stanuaru				
		^		
Factory Col	Inguration	Standard		
Standard	Factor of the Data Data Manager Fields and Wheelers Descention	Stanuaru		
	Pactory configure Date, Descriptor, Message Fields and Wireless Parameters	*		
Calibration Data Certification				
Standard		Stanuaru		
Q4		*		
Material Traceability Certification				
Standard		Standard		
Q8	Material traceability certification per EN 10204 3.1	*		
Special Procedures				
Standard		Standard		
P1 ⁽⁹⁾	Hydrostatic testing with certificate	*		
Typical Mod	Typical Model Number: 2160 X D 8 S S 1 NN N A0000 1 I5 WA3 WK1 M5 Q8			

(1) Flanges are dual certified 316 and 316L Stainless Steel (1.4401 and 1.4404).

(2) Only available of BSPT and NPT threaded process connection types as standard, other upon request.

(3) Other process connections available upon request.

(4) Not available for hand polished wet side.

- (5) Example: Code E1181 is 118.1 inches. Code M3000 is 3000 millimeters. See Extended Lengths on page A-2 for minimum and maximum extended lengths.
- (7) Black power module must be shipped separately, order Model 701PBKKF or part number 00753-9220-0001.
- (8) A Configuration Data Sheet (CDS) can be downloaded from the "Documentation and Drawings" area or 2160 product page on www.rosemount.com. Submit a completed CDS with the order if the C1 option code is selected
- (9) Option limited to units of no more then 59.1-in. (1500 mm) extended lengths.

Spare Parts and Accessories

Table A-8. Spare Parts and Accessories

★ The Standard offering represents the most common options. The starred options (★) should be selected for best delivery.

The Expanded offering is subject to additional delivery lead time.

Spares and Accessories			
Standard		Standard	
02100-1000-0001	Seal for 1-in. BSPP (G1A). Material: Non-asbestos BS7531 grade X carbon fiber with rubber binder	*	
02100-1040-0001	Seal for ³ /4-in. BSPP (G3/4A). Material: Non-asbestos BS7531 grade X carbon fiber with rubber binder	*	
02100-1010-0001	Hygienic adaptor boss 1-in. BSPP. Material: 316 SS fitting. FPM/FKM o-ring	*	
02100-1020-0001	2-in. (51 mm) Tri-clamp kit (vessel fitting, clamp ring, and seal). Material: 316 St. steel, NBR Nitrile	*	
02120-2000-0001 ⁽¹⁾	1 ¹ /2-in. BSPP adjustable clamp gland for 1-in. extended lengths.	*	
	Material: 316 St. steel, (Si) Silicone rubber seal		
02120-2000-0002 ⁽¹⁾	1 ¹ /2-in. NPT adjustable clamp gland for 1-in. extended lengths.	*	
	Material: 316 St. steel, (Si) Silicone rubber seal		

(1) The adjustable clamp gland is not explosion-proof.

Reference Manual

00809-0100-4160, Rev AD January 2013

Appendix B	Product Certifications		
	European Directive Informationpage B-1Telecommunication Compliancepage B-1FCC and IC Approvalspage B-1Canadian Registration Numberpage B-2Hazardous Locations Certificationspage B-2		
EUROPEAN DIRECTIVE	The EC declaration of conformity for all applicable European directives for this product can be found at www.rosemount.com. A hard copy may be obtained by contacting an Emerson Process Management representative.		
	ATEX Directive (94/9/EC)		
	Emerson Process Management complies with the ATEX Directive		
	European Pressure Equipment Directive (PED) (97/23/EC)		
	The 2160 is outside the scope of PED Directive		
	L.V. Directive		
	EN61010-1 Pollution degree 2, Category II (264 V max.), Pollution degree 2, Category III (150 V max.)		
	Electro Magnetic Compatibility (EMC) (2004/108/EC)		
	EN 61326-1:2006		
	Radio and Telecommunications Terminal Equipment Directive (R&TTE)(1999/5/EC)		
	Emerson Process Management complies with the R&TTE Directive		
TELECOMMUNICATION COMPLIANCE	All wireless devices require certification to ensure that they adhere to regulations regarding the use of the RF spectrum. Nearly every country requires this type of product certification. Emerson is working with governmental agencies around the world to supply fully compliant products and remove the risk of violating country directives or laws governing wireless device usage. To see which countries our devices have received certification for use in, see www.rosemount.com/smartwireless.		
FCC AND IC APPROVALS	This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.		
	FCC ID: LW2RM2510 IC ID: 2731A-RM2510		





CANADIAN REGISTRATION	CRN 0F04227.2C NOTE: Rosemount 2160 CSA-approved vibrating fork level switch model 2160****S******I6***** when configured with 316/316L stainless steel (1.4401/1.4404) wetted parts and either NPT threaded process or 2 in. to 8 in. ASME B16.5 flanged process connections meets the requirements of CRN.		
NUMBER			
HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS CERTIFICATIONS			
American and Canadian	Factory Mutual (FM) Approvals		
Approvals	I5 Project ID: 3036541		
	FM Intrinsic Safety, Non-incendive, and Dust Ignition-proof		
	Intrinsically Safe for Class I/II/III, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, D, E, F, G.		
	Zone Marking: Class I, Zone 0, AEx ia IIC		
	Temperature Codes T4 ($T_a = -50$ to 70 °C)		
	Non-incendive for Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C, and D.		
	Dust Ignition-proof for Class II/III, Division I, Groups E, F, and G.		
	Ambient temperature limits: -50 to 70 °C		
	For use with Rosemount SmartPower [®] options P/N 753-9220-0001 only		
	Enclosure Type 4X / IP66		
	Specific condition of safe use		
	 Warning – Potential Electrostatic Charging Hazard – The enclosure is partially constructed from plastic. To prevent the risk of electrostatic sparking, use only a damp cloth to clean the plastic surfaces. 		
	Canadian Standards Association (CSA) Approvals		
	I6 Certificate Number: 06 CSA 1786345		
	CSA Intrinsically Safe		
	Intrinsically Safe for Class I, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, and D.		
	Temperature Code T3C		
	Enclosure Type 4X / IP66		
	Intrinsically Safe when installed in accordance with Rosemount drawing 71097/1271 (see Figure B-1 on page B-5)		
	For use with Rosemount SmartPower options P/N 753-9220-0001 only		
	Single Seal		
European Approvals	ATEX Approvals		
	II ATEX Intrinsic Safety		
	Certificate Number: Baseefa 09ATEX0253X		
	II 1 G, Ex ia IIC T5-T2 (T _a = –40 to 70 °C)		
	IP66		

Special conditions for safe use:

- 1. The surface resistivity of the antenna is greater than 1 gigaohm. To avoid electrostatic charge build-up, it must not be rubbed or cleaned with solvents or a dry cloth.
- 2. The Rosemount 2160 enclosure is made of aluminum alloy and given a protective epoxy coating; however, care should be taken to protect it from impact or abrasion if located in a Zone 0.

IECEx Approvals

I7 IECEx Intrinsic Safety

Certificate Number: IECEx BAS 09.0123X

Ex ia IIC T5-T2 ($T_a = -40$ to 70 °C)

IP66

For use with Rosemount SmartPower options P/N 753-9220-0001 only **Special conditions for safe use:**

- 1. The surface resistivity of the antenna is greater than 1 gigaohm. To avoid electrostatic charge build-up, it must not be rubbed or cleaned with solvents or a dry cloth.
- 2. The Rosemount 2160 enclosure is made of aluminum alloy and given a protective epoxy coating; however, care should be taken to protect it from impact or abrasion if located in a Zone 0.

Rest Of The World Approvals

National Supervision and Inspection Centre (NEPSI) Approvals

I3 NEPSI Intrinsic Safety

Certificate: GYJ101138X Ex ia IIC T5-T2

Ex la IIC 15-12

Description:

The 2160 Wireless Vibrating Fork Liquid Level Switch (hereinafter Wireless Level Switch), manufactured by Mobrey Limited, has been certified by the National Supervision and Inspection Center for Explosion Protection and Safety of Instrumentation (NEPSI).

The Wireless Level Switch accords with **GB 3836.1-2000** and **GB 3836.4-2000** standards.

The Wireless Level Switch has protection type of Ex ia IIC T5~T2.

Special Conditions For Safe Use:

- 1. Symbol "X" is used to denote specific conditions of use:
 - a. Model 648 WTT or Model 3051S WPT type battery pack provided by the manufacturer should be used
 - b. The surface resistivity of the antenna is greater than 1 gigaohm. To avoid electrostatic charge build-up, it must not be rubbed or cleaned with solvents or a dry cloth
 - c. The Rosemount 2160 enclosure is made of aluminum alloy and given a protective epoxy coating. However, care should be taken to protect it from impact or abrasion if located in a Zone 0.
- 2. The relationship between temperature class, ambient temperature range, and maximum temperature of process medium is as follows:

Temperature Class	Ambient Temperature Range	Maximum Temperature of Process Medium
T5	–50 to 40 °C	–70 to 80 °C
T4	–50 to 80 °C	–70 to 115 °C
T3	–50 to 80 °C	–70 to 185 °C
T2	–50 to 80 °C	–70 to 260 °C

- 3. End users are not permitted to change any components inside. (See "Service Support" on page 1-9 for contact information)
- 4. During installation, use and maintenance of the Wireless Level Switch, the following standards are to be observed:
 - GB3836.13-1997

"Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmosphere Part 13: Repair and overhaul for apparatus used in explosive gas atmosphere".

- **GB3836.15-2000** "Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmosphere Part 15: Electrical installations in hazardous area (other than mines)".
- GB3836.16-2006 "Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmosphere Part 16: Inspection and maintenance of electrical installation (other than mines)".
- GB50257-1996

"Code for construction and acceptance of electric device for explosive atmospheres and fire hazard electrical equipment installation engineering".

Reference Manual

00809-0100-4160, Rev AD January 2013

Rosemount 2160

Figure B-1. CSA Control Drawing



Standard Terms and Conditions of Sale can be found at www.rosemount.com\terms_of_sale

The Emerson logo is a trade mark and service mark of Emerson Electric Co. Rosemount and the Rosemount logotype are registered trademarks of Rosemount Inc. PlantWeb is a mark of one of the Emerson Process Management companies. HART is a registered trademark of the HART Communications Foundation. All other marks are the property of their respective owners.

© 2013 Rosemount, Inc. All rights reserved.

Emerson Process Management Rosemount Measurement 8200 Market Boulevard Chanhassen MN 55317 USA Tel (USA) 1 800 999 9307 Tel (International) +1 952 906 8888 Fax +1 952 906 8889

Emerson Process Management GmbH & Co. Argelsrieder Feld 3 82234 Wessling Germany Tel 49 (8153) 9390 Fax 49 (8153) 939172 Emerson Process Management Asia Pacific Pte Ltd 1 Pandan Crescent Singapore 128461 T (65) 6777 8211 F (65) 6777 0947 Enquiries@AP.EmersonProcess.com Beijing Rosemount Far East Instrument Co., Limited No. 6 North Street, Hepingli, Dong Cheng District Beijing 100013, China T (86) (10) 6428 2233 F (86) (10) 6422 8586

